(51) International Patent Classification 6: C12N 15/13, C07K 19/00, A61K 47/48, C07K 16/24, C12N 15/85, 5/10

(11) International Publication Number: A₂

WO 98/37200

(43) International Publication Date:

27 August 1998 (27.08.98)

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/US98/03337

(22) International Filing Date:

20 February 1998 (20.02.98)

(30) Priority Data:

08/804,444

21 February 1997 (21.02.97) US US

09/012,116

22 January 1998 (22.01.98)

09/012,116 (CIP)

(63) Related by Continuation (CON) or Continuation-in-Part (CIP) to Earlier Application US

Filed on

22 January 1998 (22.01.98)

(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): GENENTECH, INC. [US/US]; 1 DNA Way, South San Francisco, CA 94080-4990 (US).

(72) Inventors; and

(75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): HSEI, Vanessa [US/US]; 5047 Capistrano Avenue, San Jose, CA 95129 (US). KOUMENIS, Iphigenia [CY/US]; Apartment 6, 3820 Park Boulevard, Palo Alto, CA 94306 (US). LEONG, Steven, R. [US/US]; 1914 Eldorado Avenue, Berkeley, CA 94707 (US). PRESTA, Leonard, R. [US/US]; 1900 Gough Street #206, San Francisco, CA 94109 (US). SHAHROKH, Zahra

[US/US]; 24 Sotelo Avenue, San Francisco, CA 94116 (US). ZAPATA, Gerardo, A. [US/US]; 785 Widgeon Street, Foster City, CA 94404 (US).

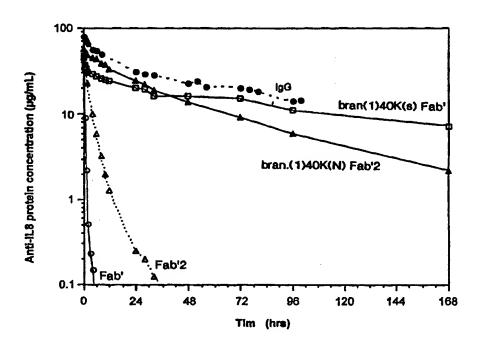
(74) Agents: LOVE, Richard, B. et al.; Genentech, Inc., 1 DNA Way, South San Francisco, CA 94080-4990 (US).

(81) Designated States: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published

Without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report.

(54) Title: ANTIBODY FRAGMENT-POLYMER CONJUGATES AND HUMANIZED ANTI-IL-8 MONOCLONAL ANTIBODIES



(57) Abstract

Humanized anti-IL-8 monoclonal antibodies and variants thereof are described for use in diagnostic applications and in the treatment of inflammatory disorders. Also described is a conjugate formed by an antibody fragment covalently attached to a non-proteinaceous polymer, wherein the apparent size of the conjugate is at least about 500 kD. The conjugate exhibits substantially improved half-life, mean residence time, and/or clearance rate in circulation as compared to the underivatized parental antibody fragment.

FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AI	, Albania	ES	Spain	LS	Lesotho	SI	Slovenia
AN		FI	Finland	LT	Lithuania	SK	Slovakia
A1		FR	France	LU	Luxembourg	SN	Senegal
AU		GA	Gabon	LV	Latvia	SZ	Swaziland
A		GB	United Kingdom	MC	Monaco	TD	Chad
B/	•	GE	Georgia	MD	Republic of Moldova	TG	Togo
BE	_	GH	Ghana	MG	Madagascar	TJ	Tajikistan
В		GN	Guinea	MK	The former Yugoslav	TM	Turkmenistan
BI		GR	Greece		Republic of Macedonia	TR	Turkey
В		HU	Hungary	ML	Mali	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
B.		IE	Ireland	MN	Mongolia	UA	Ukraine
BI		IL	Israel	MR	Mauritania	UG	Uganda
B		IS	Iceland	MW	Malawi	US	United States of America
C		IT	Italy	MX	Mexico	UZ	Uzbekistan
CI		JP	Japan	NE	Niger	VN	Viet Nam
C		KE	Kenya	NL	Netherlands	YU	Yugoslavia
C		KG	Kyrgyzstan	NO	Norway	zw	Zimbabwe
C		KP	Democratic People's	NZ	New Zealand		
C			Republic of Korea	PL	Poland		
C		KR	Republic of Korea	PT	Portugal		
C		KZ	Kazakstan	RO	Romania		
C		LC	Saint Lucia	RU	Russian Federation		
D	•	L	Liechtenstein	SD	Sudan		
D	• • • • • •	LK	Sri Lanka	SE	Sweden		
E		LR	Liberia	SG	Singapore		

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

ANTIBODY FRAGMENT-POLYMER CONJUGATES AND HUMANIZED ANTI-IL-8 MONOCLONAL ANTIBODIES

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This application relates to the field of antibody fragments derivatized with polymers, and in particular to the use of such derivatization to increase the circulation half-lives of antibody fragment-polymer conjugates. This application also relates to humanized anti-interleukin-8 (IL-8) antibodies and to high affinity variants of such antibodies.

BACKGROUND

Modification of proteins with polyethylene glycol ("PEGylation") has the potential to increase residence time and reduce immunogenicity in vivo. For example, Knauf et al., J. Biol. Chem., 263: 15064-15070 (1988) reported a study of the pharmacodynamic behavior in rats of various polyoxylated glycerol and polyethylene glycol modified species of interleukin-2. Despite the known advantage of PEGylation, PEGylated proteins have not been widely exploited for clinical applications. In the case of antibody fragments, PEGylation has not been shown to extend serum half-life to useful levels. Delgado et al., Br. J. Cancer, 73: 175-182 (1996), Kitamura et al., Cancer Res., 51: 4310-4315 (1991), Kitamura et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Comm., 171: 1387-1394 (1990), and Pedley et al., Br. J. Cancer, 70: 1126-1130 (1994) reported studies characterizing blood clearance and tissue uptake of certain anti-tumor antigen antibodies or antibody fragments derivatized with low molecular weight (5 kD) PEG. Zapata et al., FASEB J., 9: A1479 (1995) reported that low molecular weight (5 or 10 kD) PEG attached to a sulfhydryl group in the hinge region of a Fab' fragment reduced clearance compared to the parental Fab' molecule.

Interleukin-8 (IL-8) is neutrophil chemotactic peptide secreted by a variety of cells in response to inflammatory mediators (for a review see Hebert et al. <u>Cancer Investigation</u> 11(6):743 (1993)). IL-8 can play an important role in the pathogenesis of inflammatory disorders, such as adult respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS), septic shock, and multiple organ failure. Immune therapy for such inflammatory disorders can include treatment of an affected patient with anti-IL-8 antibodies.

Sticherling et al. (J. Immunol. 143:1628 (1989)) disclose the production and characterization of four monoclonal antibodies against IL-8. WO 92/04372, published March 19, 1992, discloses polyclonal antibodies which react with the receptor-interacting site of IL-8 and peptide analogs of IL-8, along with the use of such antibodies to prevent an inflammatory response in patients. St. John et al. (Chest 103:932 (1993)) review immune therapy for ARDS, septic shock, and multiple organ failure, including the potential therapeutic use of anti-IL-8 antibodies. Sekido et al. (Nature 365:654 (1993)) disclose the prevention of lung reperfusion injury in rabbits by a monoclonal antibody against IL-8. Mulligan et al. (J. Immunol. 150:5585 (1993)), disclose protective effects of a murine monoclonal antibody to human IL-8 in inflammatory lung injury in rats.

WO 95/23865 (International Application No. PCT/US95/02589 published September 8, 1995) demonstrates that anti-IL-8 monoclonal antibodies can be used therapeutically in the treatment of other inflammatory disorders, such as bacterial pneumonias and inflammatory bowel disease.

5

10

15

25

30

35

Anti-IL-8 antibodies are additionally useful as reagents for assaying IL-8. For example, Sticherling et al. (Arch. Dermatol. Res. 284:82 (1992)), disclose the use of anti-IL-8 monoclonal antibodies as reagents in immunohistochemical studies. Ko et al. (J. Immunol. Methods 149:227 (1992)) disclose the use of anti-IL-8 monoclonal antibodies as reagents in an enzyme-linked immunoabsorbent assay (ELISA) for IL-8.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

One aspect of the invention is a conjugate consisting essentially of one or more antibody fragments covalently attached to one or more polymer molecules, wherein the apparent size of the conjugate is at least about 500 kD.

Another aspect of the invention is an anti-IL-8 monoclonal antibody or antibody fragment comprising the complementarity determining regions of the 6G4.2.5LV11N35E light chain polypeptide amino acid sequence of Fig. 45 (SEQ ID NO:).

Further aspects of the invention are a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding the above-described anti-IL-8 monoclonal antibody or antibody fragment; an expression vector comprising the nucleic acid molecule operably linked to control sequences recognized by a host cell transfected with the vector; and a method of producing the antibody fragment comprising culturing the host cell under conditions wherein the nucleic acid encoding the antibody fragment is expressed, thereby producing the antibody fragment, and recovering the antibody fragment from the host cell.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

Figure 1 is a graph depicting the blocking of IL-8 mediated elastase release from neutrophils by anti-IL-8 monoclonal antibody 5.12.14.

Figure 2 is a graph depicting the inhibition of ¹²⁵I-IL-8 binding to neutrophils by unlabeled IL-8.

Figure 3 demonstrates that a isotype matched negative control Fab (denoted as "4D5 Fab") does not inhibit the binding of ¹²⁵I-IL-8 to human neutrophils.

Figure 4 is a graph depicting the inhibition of binding of 125 I-IL-8 to human neutrophils by chimeric 5.12.14 Fab with an average IC₅₀ of 1.6 nM.

Figure 5 is a graph depicting the inhibition of binding of 125 I-IL-8 to human neutrophils by chimeric 6G.4.25 Fab with an average IC₅₀ of 7.5 nM.

Figure 6 demonstrates the inhibition of human IL-8 mediated neutrophil chemotaxis by chimeric 6G4.2.5 Fab and chimeric 5.12.14 Fab.

Figure 7 demonstrates the relative abilities of chimeric 6G4.2.5 Fab and chimeric 5.12.14 Fab to inhibit rabbit IL-8 mediated neutrophil chemotaxis.

Figure 8 depicts the stimulation of elastase release from human neutrophils by various concentrations of human and rabbit IL-8. The relative extent of elastase release was quantitated by measurement of absorbance at 405 nm. The data represent mean ± SEM of triplicate samples.

Figure 9 is a graph depicting the ability of chimeric 6G4.2.5 Fab and chimeric 5.12.14 Fab to inhibit elastase release from human neutrophils stimulated by human IL-8. The results were normalized to reflect the percentage of elastase release elicited by 100 nM IL-8 alone. The data represent the mean \pm SEM of three separate experiments performed on different days with different blood donors. IC₅₀ values were calculated by four parameter fit.

Figure 10 is a graph depicting the relative abilities of chimeric 6G4.2.5 Fab and chimeric 5.12.14 Fab to inhibit elastase release from human neutrophils stimulated by rabbit IL-8. The results were normalized to reflect the percentage of elastase release elicited by 100 nM IL-8 alone. The data represent the mean \pm SEM of three separate experiments performed on different days with different blood donors. IC₅₀ values were calculated by four parameter fit.

10

15

20

25

30

35

Figures 11A-11J are a set of graphs depicting the following parameters in a rabbit ulcerative colitis model: Figure 11A depicts myeloperoxidase levels in tissue; Figure 11B depicts IL-8 levels in tissue; Figure 11C depicts colon weight; Figure 11D depicts gross inflammation; Figure 11E depicts edema; Figure 11F depicts extent of necrosis; Figure 11G depicts severity of necrosis; Figure 11H depicts neutrophil margination; Figure 11I depicts neutrophil infiltration; and Figure 11J depicts mononuclear infiltration.

Figure 12 is a graph depicting the effect of anti-IL-8 monoclonal antibody treatment on the number of neutrophils in bronchoalveolar lavage (BAL) fluid in animals infected with <u>Streptococcus pneumoniae</u>, <u>Escherichia coli</u>, or <u>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</u>. Treatment with 6G4.2.5 significantly reduced the number of neutrophils present in the BAL fluid compared to animals treated with isotype control mouse IgG (Figure 12).

Figure 13 depicts the DNA sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 1-6) of three primers designed for each of the light and heavy chains. Multiple primers were designed in order to increase the chances of primer hybridization and efficiency of first strand cDNA synthesis for cloning the variable light and heavy regions of monoclonal antibody 5.12.14.

Figure 14 depicts the DNA sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 7-10) of one forward primer and one reverse primer for the 5.12.14 light chain variable region amplification.

Figure 15 depicts the DNA sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 11-18) of one forward primer and one reverse primer for the 5.12.14 heavy chain variable region amplification.

Figure 16 depicts the DNA sequence (SEQ ID NO: 19) and the amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 20) of the 5.12.14 light chain variable region and partial murine constant light region. CDRs are indicated by either X-ray crystallography (underlined amino acids) or by Kabat sequence comparison (amino acids denoted with asterisk). Important restriction sites are indicated in italics. The signal peptide of STII is amino acids -23 to -1. The murine variable light region is amino acids 1 to 109. The partial murine constant light region is amino acids 110 to 123 (in italics).

Figure 17 depicts the DNA sequence (SEQ ID NO: 21) and the amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 22) of the 5.12.14 heavy chain variable region and partial murine constant heavy region. CDRs are indicated by either X-ray crystallography (underlined amino acids) or by Kabat sequence comparison

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

(amino acids denoted with asterisk). Important restriction sites are indicated in italics. The signal peptide of STII is amino acids -23 to -1. The murine variable heavy region is amino acids 1 to 120. The partial murine constant heavy region is amino acids 121 to 130.

Figure 18 depicts the DNA sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 23-26) of amplification primers used to convert murine light and heavy chain constant region residues to their human equivalents.

Figure 19 depicts the DNA sequence (SEQ ID NO: 27) and the amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 28) for the 5.12.14 light chain variable region and the human IgG1 light chain constant region. CDRs are indicated by either X-ray crystallography (underlined amino acids) or by Kabat sequence comparison (amino acids denoted with asterisk). The human constant region is denoted in italics. The signal peptide of STII is amino acids -23 to -1. The murine variable light region is amino acids 1 to 109. The human constant light region is amino acids 110 to 215.

Figures 20A-20B depict the DNA sequence (SEQ ID NO: 29) and the amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 30) for the 5.12.14 heavy chain variable region and the heavy chain constant region of human IgG1. CDRs are indicated by either X-ray crystallography (underlined amino acids) or by Kabat sequence comparison (amino acids denoted with asterisk). The human constant region is denoted in italics. The signal peptide of STII is amino acids -23 to -1. The murine variable heavy region is amino acids 1 to 120. The human constant heavy region is amino acids 121 to 229.

Figure 21 depicts the DNA sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 31-36) of three primers designed for each of the light and heavy chains. Multiple primers were designed in order to increase the chances of primer hybridization and efficiency of first strand cDNA synthesis for cloning the variable light and heavy regions of monoclonal antibody 6G4.2.5.

Figure 22 depicts the DNA sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 37-40) of one forward primer and one reverse primer for the 6G4.2.5 light chain variable region amplification.

Figure 23 depicts the DNA sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 41-46) of one forward primer and one reverse primer for the 6G4.2.5 heavy chain variable region amplification.

Figure 24 depicts the DNA sequence (SEQ ID NO: 47) and the amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 48) of the 6G4.2.5 light chain variable region and partial murine constant light region. CDRs are indicated by either X-ray crystallography (underlined amino acids) or by Kabat sequence comparison (amino acids denoted with asterisk). Useful cloning sites are in italics. The signal peptide of STII is amino acids -23 to -1. The murine variable light region is amino acids 1 to 114. The partial murine constant light region is amino acids 115 to 131.

Figure 25 depicts the DNA sequence (SEQ ID NO: 49) and the amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 50) of the 6G4.2.5 heavy chain variable region and partial murine constant heavy region. CDRs are indicated by either X-ray crystallography (underlined amino acids) or by Kabat sequence comparison (amino acids denoted with asterisk). Useful cloning sites are in italics. The signal peptide of STII is amino acids -23 to -1. The murine variable heavy region is amino acids 1 to 122. The partial murine constant heavy region is amino acids 123 to 135.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

Figure 26 depicts the DNA sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 51-54) of primers to convert the murine light chain and heavy chain constant regions to their human equivalents.

Figures 27A-27B depict the DNA sequence (SEQ ID NO: 55) and the amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 56) for the chimeric 6G4.2.5 light chain. CDRs are indicated by either X-ray crystallography (underlined amino acids) or by Kabat sequence comparison (amino acids denoted with asterisk). The human constant region is denoted in italics. The signal peptide of STII is amino acids -23 to -1. The murine variable heavy region is amino acids 1 to 114. The human constant heavy region is amino acids 115 to 220.

Figures 28A-28B depict the DNA sequence (SEQ ID NO: 57) and the amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 58) for the chimeric 6G4.2.5 heavy chain. CDRs are indicated by either X-ray crystallography (underlined amino acids) or by Kabat sequence comparison (amino acids denoted with asterisk). The human constant region is denoted in italics. The signal peptide of STII is amino acids -23 to -1. The murine variable heavy region is amino acids 1 to 122. The human constant heavy region is amino acids 123 to 231.

Fig. 29 depicts an amino acid sequence alignment of murine 6G425 light chain variable domain (SEQ ID NO: 59), humanized 6G425 F(ab)-1 light chain variable domain (SEQ ID NO: 60), and human light chain kI consensus framework (SEQ ID NO: 61) amino acid sequences, and an amino acid sequence alignment of murine 6G425 heavy chain variable domain (SEQ ID NO: 62), humanized 6G425 F(ab)-1 heavy chain variable domain (SEQ ID NO: 63), and human IgG1 subgroup III heavy chain variable domain (SEQ ID NO: 64) amino acid sequences, used in the humanization of 6G425. Light chain CDRs are labeled L1, L2, L3; heavy chain CDRs are labeled H1, H2, and H3. = and + indicate CDR sequences as defined by X-ray crystallographic contacts and sequence hypervariability, respectively. # indicates a difference between the aligned sequences. Residue numbering is according to Kabat *et al.* Lower case lettering denotes the insertion of an amino acid residue relative to the humIII consensus sequence numbering.

Fig. 30 is a graph with three panels (A, B and C) depicting the ability of F(ab)-9 (humanized 6G4V11 Fab) to inhibit human wild type IL-8, human monomeric IL-8, and rhesus IL-8 mediated neutrophil chemotaxis, respectively. Panel A presents inhibition data for F(ab)-9 samples at concentrations of 0.06 nM, 6.25 nM, 12.5 nM, 25 nM, 50 nM, and 100 nM, for an isotype control antibody (denoted "4D5") sample at a concentration of 100 nM, and for a no antibody control sample, in the presence of 2nM human wild type IL-8. Panel B presents inhibition data for F(ab)-9 samples at concentrations of 6.25 nM, 12.5 nM, 25 nM, and 50 nM, for an isotype control antibody (denoted "4D5") sample at a concentration of 100 nM, and for a no antibody control sample, in the presence of 4 nM human monomeric IL-8 (denoted as "BD59" and as "monomeric IL-8"). Panel C presents inhibition data for F(ab)-9 samples at concentrations of 1 nM, 12.5 nM, 25 nM, and 50 nM, for an isotype control antibody (denoted "4D5") sample at a concentration of 100 nM, and for a no antibody control sample, in the presence of 2 nM rhesus IL-8. In addition, all panels A, B an C each presents data for a no IL-8 buffer control sample (denoted as "Buffer") in the respective inhibition assay.

Fig. 31A depicts the amino acid sequences of the humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5V11 light chain in an N-terminal fusion with the STII leader peptide (SEQ ID NO: 65), the humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5V11

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

heavy chain in an N-terminal fusion with the STII leader peptide (SEQ ID NO: 66), and a peptide linker in a C-terminal fusion with M13 phage gene-III coat protein (SEQ ID NO: 67).

Fig. 31B depicts the nucleic acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 68) and the translated amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 65) of the humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5V11 light chain in an N-terminal fusion with the STII leader peptide.

Fig. 31C depicts the amino acid sequences of the humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5V19 light chain in an N-terminal fusion with the STII leader peptide (SEQ ID NO: 69), and the humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5V19 heavy chain in an N-terminal fusion with the STII leader peptide (SEQ ID NO: 70).

Fig. 32 is a three dimensional computer model of the humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5V11 antibody. Heavy chain CDR loops and variable domain regions appear in purple, and CDR-H3 side chain residues appear in yellow. Heavy chain constant domain regions appear in red. Light chain CDR loops and variable domain regions appear in off-white, and the Asn residue at amino acid position 35 (N35) in CDR L1 appears in green. Light chain constant domain regions appear in amber.

Fig. 33 is a Scatchard plot depicting the inhibition of ¹²⁵I-IL-8 binding to human neutrophils exhibited by intact murine 6G4.2.5 antibody (denoted 6G4 murine mAb), 6G4.2.5 murine-human chimera Fab (denoted 6G4 chimera), humanized 6G4.2.5 Fab versions 1 and 11 (denoted V1 and V11), and variant 6G4.2.5V11N35A Fab (denoted V11N35A).

Fig. 34 is a graph with four panels (A, B, C, and D) depicting the ability of 6G4.2.5V11N35A Fab to inhibit human wild type IL-8, human monomeric IL-8, rabbit IL-8, and rhesus IL-8 mediated neutrophil Panel A presents inhibition data for 6G4.2.5V11N35A Fab samples at chemotaxis, respectively. concentrations of 0.5, 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, and 33 nM, for an isotype control antibody (denoted "4D5") sample at a concentration of 33 nM, and for a no antibody control (denoted "HuIL-8") sample, in the presence of 2 nM human wild type IL-8. Panel B presents inhibition data for 6G4.2.5V11N35A Fab samples at concentrations of 0.5, 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, and 33 nM, for an intact 6G4.2.5 mAb sample at a concentration of 33 nM, for an isotype control antibody (denoted as "4D5") sample at a concentration of 33 nM, and for a no antibody control (denoted "BD59") sample, in the presence of 2 nM human monomeric IL-8. Panel C presents inhibition data for 6G4.2.5V11N35A Fab samples at concentrations of 0.5, 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, and 33 nM, for an intact 6G4.2.5 mAb sample at a concentration of 33 nM, for an isotype control antibody (denoted "4D5") sample at a concentration of 33 nM, and for a no antibody control (denoted "Rab IL-8") sample, in the presence of 2 nM rabbit IL-8. Panel D presents inhibition data for 6G4.2.5V11N35A Fab samples at concentrations of 0.5, 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, and 33 nM, for an intact 6G4.2.5 mAb sample at a concentration of 33 nM, for an isotype control antibody (denoted as "4D5") sample at a concentration of 33 nM, and for a no antibody control (denoted "Rhe IL-8") sample, in the presence of 2 nM rhesus IL-8. In addition, panels B, C and D each presents data for human wild type IL-8 control (denoted "HuIL-8") samples at a concentration of 2 nM in the respective assay, and panels A, B, C, and D each presents data for a no IL-8 buffer control (denoted "Buffer") sample in the respective assay.

Fig. 35 depicts the amino acid sequences of the humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5V11N35A light chain

5

10

15

20

25

30

in an N-terminal fusion with the STII leader peptide (SEQ ID NO: 71), the humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5V11N35A heavy chain in an N-terminal fusion with the STII leader peptide (SEQ ID NO: 66), and the GCN4 leucine zipper peptide (SEQ ID NO: 72). The Ala residue (substituted for the wild type Asn residue) at amino acid position 35 in the 6G4.2.5V11N35A light chain appears in bold case. A putative pepsin cleavage site in the GCN4 leucine zipper sequence is underlined.

Fig. 36 depicts the DNA sequence (SEQ ID NO: 73) and the amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 71) of the humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5V11N35A light chain in an N-terminal fusion with the STII leader peptide. Complementarity determining regions L1, L2, and L3 are underlined

Figs. 37A-37B depict the DNA sequence (SEQ ID NO: 74) and the amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 75) of the humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5V11N35A heavy chain in an N-terminal fusion with the STII leader peptide and in a C-terminal fusion with the GCN4 leucine zipper sequence. Complementarity determining regions H1, H2, and H3 are underlined.

Fig. 38 is a Scatchard plot depicting the inhibition of ¹²⁵I-IL-8 binding to human neutrophils exhibited by 6G4.2.5V11N35A Fab (denoted Fab), 6G4.2.5V11N35A F(ab')₂ (denoted F(ab')₂), and human wild type IL-8 control (denoted IL-8).

Fig. 39 is a graph depicting a comparison of the wild type human IL-8 mediated neutrophil chemotaxis inhibition activities of the 6G4.2.5V11N35A F(ab')₂ and 6G4.2.5V11N35A Fab. Inhibition data are presented for 6G4.2.5V11N35A Fab samples (denoted "N35A Fab") and 6G4.2.5V11N35A F(ab')₂ samples (denoted N35A F(ab')₂) at concentrations of 0.3, 1, 3, 10, 30, and 100 nM, for an isotype control antibody (denoted as "4D5") sample at a concentration of 100 nM, and for a no antibody control sample, in the presence of 2 nM human wild type IL-8. In addition, inhibition data are presented for no IL-8 buffer control samples (denoted "Buffer").

Fig. 40 is a graph depicting the ability of 6G4.2.5V11N35A F(ab')₂ to inhibit human monomeric IL-8, rhesus IL-8, and rabbit IL-8 mediated neutrophil chemotaxis. Human monomeric IL-8 mediated neutrophil chemotaxis data are presented for 6G4.2.5V11N35A F(ab')₂ samples at concentrations of 0.3, 1, 3, and 10 nM, for an isotype control antibody (denoted as "4D5") sample at a concentration of 100 nM, and for a no antibody control sample (denoted as "BD59"), in the presence of human monomeric IL-8 (denoted as "BD59") at a concentration of 0.5 nM. Rhesus IL-8 mediated neutrophil chemotaxis data are presented for 6G4.2.5V11N35A F(ab')₂ samples at concentrations of 0.3, 1, 3, and 10 nM, and for a no antibody control sample, in the presence of rhesus IL-8 at a concentration of 2 nM. Rabbit IL-8 mediated neutrophil chemotaxis data are presented for 6G4.2.5V11N35A F(ab')₂ samples at concentrations of 0.3, 1, 3, and 10 nM, and for a no antibody control sample, in the presence of rabbit IL-8 at a concentration of 2 nM. In addition, inhibition data are presented for a no IL-8 buffer control sample (denoted as "Buffer") and for a 2 nM human wild type IL-8 (denoted as "Hull-8").

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

Figs. 41A-41Q depict the nucleic acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 76) of the p6G4V11N35A.F(ab')₂ vector.

Fig. 42 depicts the nucleic acid sequences of the stop template primer (SEQ ID NO:) and the NNS randomization primer (SEQ ID NO:) used for random mutagenesis of amino acid position 35 in variable light chain CDR-L1 of humanized antibody 6G4V11.

Fig. 43A is a table of data describing the frequencies of different phage display clones obtained from the randomization of amino acid position 35 in variable light chain CDR-L1 of humanized antibody 6G4V11.

Fig. 43B contains graphs of displacement curves depicting the inhibition of ¹²⁵I-IL-8 binding to neutrophils exhibited by the 6G4V11N35A, 6G4V11N35D, 6G4V11N35E and 6G4V11N35G Fab's.

Fig. 44 contains a graph depicting the typical kinetics of an anti-IL-8 antibody fragment (6G4V11N35A F(ab')2) binding to IL-8. Fig. 44 also contains a table of data providing the equilibrium constant for 6G4V11N35A Fab binding to IL-8 (rate constants were not determined "ND"), and the equilibrium and rate constants for 6G4V11N35A F(ab')2 and 6G4V11N35E Fab binding to IL-8.

Fig. 45 depicts the DNA sequence (SEQ ID NO:) and amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO:) of the 6G4V11N35E light chain in an N-terminal fusion with the STII leader peptide. Complementarity determining regions L1, L2 and L3 are underlined.

Fig. 46 is a graph depicting the ability of 6G4V11N35E Fab to inhibit human IL-8 (dark columns) and rabbit IL-8 (light columns) mediated neutrophil chemotaxis. Data are presented for 6G4V11N35E Fab samples at concentrations of 0.4, 1.2, 3.7, 11 and 33 nM, and for an isotype control antibody (4D5) sample at a concentration of 100 nM, in the presence of 2 nM human IL-8 or 2 nM rabbit IL-8. In addition, inhibition data are presented for a no IL-8 buffer control sample (denoted "Buffer") and for human and rabbit IL-8 control samples (denoted "IL-8").

Fig. 47 depicts the DNA sequence of the sense (SEQ ID NO:) and anti-sense (SEQ ID NO:) strands of a PvuII-XhoI synthetic nucleotide encoding amino acids Leu4 to Phe29 of the 6G4V11N35A heavy chain.

Figs. 48A-48T depict the DNA sequence (SEQ ID NO:) of plasmid p6G4V11N35A.choSD9.

Fig. 49 contains graphs of displacement curves depicting the inhibition of ¹²⁵I-IL-8 binding to neutrophils exhibited by the full length IgG1 forms of variants 6G4V11N35A and 6G4V11N35E.

Figs. 50A-50B are graphs depicting the ability of full length 6G4V11N35A IgG1 and 6G4V11N35E IgG1 to inhibit human IL-8 (Fig. 50A) and rabbit IL-8 (Fig. 50B) mediated neutrophil chemotaxis.

Fig. 51 contains a graph depicting the typical kinetics of a full length anti-IL8 antibody (6G4V11N35A IgG1) binding to IL-8. Fig. 51 also contains a table of data providing the equilibrium and rate constants for full length murine 6G4.2.5 IgG2a, 6G4V11N35A IgG1 and 6G4V11N35E IgG1 binding to IL-8.

5

10

15

20

25

30

Fig. 52 contains graphs of displacement curves depicting the results of an unlabeled IL-8/¹²⁵I-IL-8 competition radioimmunoassay performed with full length 6G4V11N35A IgG1 and 6G4V11N35E IgG1.

Fig. 53 depicts the DNA sequence (SEQ ID NO:) and amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO:) of the 6G4V11N35A Fab' heavy chain (6G4V11N35A Fab heavy chain modified to contain a cysteine residue in the hinge region).

Figs. 54A-54C contain graphs of displacement curves depicting the IL-8 binding and IC $_{50}$'s for PEG-maleimide modified 6G4V11N35A Fab' molecules.

Figs. 55A-55C are graphs depicting the ability of PEG-maleimide modified 6G4V11N35A Fab' molecules to inhibit human IL-8 and rabbit IL-8 mediated neutrophil chemotaxis.

Figs. 56A-56C are graphs depicting the ability of PEG-maleimide modified 6G4V11N35A Fab' molecules to inhibit IL-8 mediated release of β -glucuronidase from neutrophils.

Figs. 57A-57B contain graphs of displacement curves depicting the inhibition of ¹²⁵I-IL-8 binding to neutrophils exhibited by PEG-succinimide modified 6G4V11N35A Fab'₂ molecules.

Figs. 58A-58B are graphs depicting the ability of PEG-succinimide modified 6G4V11N35A F(ab')₂ molecules to inhibit human IL-8 mediated neutrophil chemotaxis.

Figs. 59A-59B are graphs depicting the ability of PEG-succinimide modified 6G4V11N35A $F(ab')_2$ molecules to inhibit human IL-8 mediated release of β -glucuronidase from neutrophils.

Fig. 60 is a graph depicting the theoretical molecular weight (dotted bars) and effective size (solid bars) of PEG-maleimide modified 6G4V11N35A Fab' molecules as determined by SEC-HPLC.

Fig. 61 is an SDS-PAGE gel depicting the electrophoretic mobility of various PEG-maleimide modified 6G4V11N35A Fab' molecules.

Fig. 62 contains size exclusion chromatograms (SEC-HPLC) depicting the retention times and effective (hydrodynamic) sizes of various PEG-succinimide modified 6G4V11N35A F(ab')₂ molecules.

Fig. 63 is a graph depicting the theoretical molecular weight (open columns), effective size determined by SEC-HPLC (solid columns), and the actual molecular weight determined by SEC-light scattering (shaded columns) for various PEG-succinimide modified 6G4V11N35A F(ab')₂ molecules.

Fig. 64 is an SDS-PAGE gel depicting the electrophoretic mobility of various PEG-succinimide modified 6G4V11N35A F(ab')₂ molecules. From left to right, lane 1 contains unmodified F(ab')₂, lane 2 contains F(ab')₂ coupled to two 40 kD branched PEG-succinimide molecules (denoted "Br(2)-40kD(N)-F(ab')2"), lane 3 contains F(ab')₂ coupled to one 40 kD branched PEG-succinimide molecule (denoted "Br(1)-40kD-(N)-Fab'2"), lane 4 contains a mixture of F(ab')₂ coupled to four 20 kD linear PEG-succinimide molecules and F(ab')₂ coupled to five 20 kD linear PEG-succinimide molecules (denoted

"L(4+5)-20kD-(N)-Fab'2"), lane 5 contains F(ab')₂ coupled to one 20 kD linear PEG-succinimide molecule (denoted "L(1)-20kD-(N)-Fab'2"), and lane 6 contains molecular weight standards.

Fig. 65 contains graphs comparing the serum concentration vs. time profiles of various PEG-maleimide modified 6G4V11N35A Fab' molecules (upper graph) and various PEG-succinimide modified 6G4V11N35A F(ab')₂ molecules (lower graph) in rabbits. In the upper graph, "bran.(1)40K(s)Fab' "denotes 6G4V11N35A Fab' coupled to one 40 kD branched PEG-maleimide molecule, "lin.(1)40K(s)Fab' "denotes 6G4V11N35A Fab' coupled to one 40 kD linear PEG-maleimide molecule, "lin.(1)30K(s)Fab' "denotes 6G4V11N35A Fab' coupled to one 30 kD linear PEG-maleimide molecule, "lin.(1)20K(s)Fab'' denotes 6G4V11N35A Fab' coupled to one 20 kD linear PEG-maleimide molecule. In the lower graph, "bran.(2)40K(N)Fab'2" denotes 6G4V11N35A F(ab')₂ coupled to two 40 kD branched PEG-succinimide molecules, "bran.(1)40K(N)Fab'2" denotes 6G4V11N35A F(ab')₂ coupled to one 40 kD branched PEG-succinimide molecule, and "Fab'2" denotes unmodified 6G4V11N35A F(ab')₂. In both graphs, "IgG" denotes a full length IgG1 equivalent of the human-murine chimeric anti-rabbit IL-8 Fab described in Example F below.

10

15

20

25

30

Fig. 66 contains graphs comparing the serum concentration vs. time profiles of 6G4V11N35A Fab' coupled to one 40 kD branched PEG-maleimide molecule (denoted as "bran.(1)40K(s)Fab"), 6G4V11N35A F(ab')₂ coupled to one 40 kD branched PEG-succinimide molecule (denoted as "bran.(1)40K(N)Fab'2"), unmodified 6G4V11N35A F(ab')₂ (denoted as "Fab'2"), unmodified 6G4V11N35A Fab' (denoted as "Fab"), and a full length IgG1 (denoted as "IgG") equivalent of the human-murine chimeric anti-rabbit IL-8 Fab described in Example F below.

Fig. 67 is a graph depicting the effect of 6G4V11N35A Fab' coupled to one 40 kD branched PEG-maleimide molecule (denoted as "PEG 40 Kd") and murine anti-rabbit IL-8 monoclonal antibody 6G4.2.5 (full length IgG2a) (denoted as "6G4.2.5") on gross weight of entire lung in an ARDS rabbit model.

Fig. 68 is a graph depicting the effect of 6G4V11N35A Fab' coupled to one branched 40 kD PEG-maleimide molecule (denoted as "PEG 40 Kd") and murine anti-rabbit IL-8 monoclonal antibody 6G4.2.5 (full length IgG2a) (denoted as "6G4.2.5") on BAL total leukocyte (light columns) and polymorphonuclear cell (dark columns) counts in an ARDS rabbit model. Untreated (no therapeutics) control animal data is denoted as "Control".

Fig. 69 is a graph depicting the effect of 6G4V11N35A Fab' coupled to one branched 40 kD PEG-maleimide molecule (denoted as "PEG 40 Kd") and murine anti-rabbit 1L-8 monoclonal antibody 6G4.2.5 (full length IgG2a) (denoted as "6G4.2.5") on PaO2/FiO2 ratio at 24 hours-post treatment (light columns) and 48 hours post-treatment (dark columns) in an ARDS rabbit model. Untreated (no therapeutics) control animal data is denoted as "Control".

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

I. DEFINITIONS

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

In general, the following words or phrases have the indicated definition when used in the description, examples, and claims.

"Polymerase chain reaction" or "PCR" refers to a procedure or technique in which minute amounts of a specific piece of nucleic acid, RNA and/or DNA, are amplified as described in U.S. Patent No. 4,683,195 issued 28 July 1987. Generally, sequence information from the ends of the region of interest or beyond needs to be available, such that oligonucleotide primers can be designed; these primers will be identical or similar in sequence to opposite strands of the template to be amplified. The 5' terminal nucleotides of the two primers can coincide with the ends of the amplified material. PCR can be used to amplify specific RNA sequences, specific DNA sequences from total genomic DNA, and cDNA transcribed from total cellular RNA, bacteriophage or plasmid sequences, etc. See generally Mullis *et al.*, Cold Spring Harbor Symp. Quant. Biol. 51:263 (1987); Erlich, ed., PCR Technology (Stockton Press, NY, 1989). As used herein, PCR is considered to be one, but not the only, example of a nucleic acid polymerase reaction method for amplifying a nucleic acid test sample comprising the use of a known nucleic acid as a primer and a nucleic acid polymerase to amplify or generate a specific piece of nucleic acid.

"Antibodies" (Abs) and "immunoglobulins" (Igs) are glycoproteins having the same structural characteristics. While antibodies exhibit binding specificity to a specific antigen, immunoglobulins include both antibodies and other antibody-like molecules which lack antigen specificity. Polypeptides of the latter kind are, for example, produced at low levels by the lymph system and at increased levels by myelomas.

"Native antibodies and immunoglobulins" are usually heterotetrameric glycoproteins of about 150,000 daltons, composed of two identical light (L) chains and two identical heavy (H) chains. Each light chain is linked to a heavy chain by one covalent disulfide bond, while the number of disulfide linkages varies between the heavy chains of different immunoglobulin isotypes. Each heavy and light chain also has regularly spaced intrachain disulfide bridges. Each heavy chain has at one end a variable domain (V_H) followed by a number of constant domains. Each light chain has a variable domain at one end (V_L) and a constant domain at its other end; the constant domain of the light chain is aligned with the first constant domain of the heavy chain, and the light chain variable domain is aligned with the variable domain of the heavy chain. Particular amino acid residues are believed to form an interface between the light- and heavy-chain variable domains (Clothia et al., J. Mol. Biol. 186:651 (1985); Novotny and Haber, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 82:4592 (1985)).

The term "variable" refers to the fact that certain portions of the variable domains differ extensively in sequence among antibodies and are used in the binding and specificity of each particular antibody for its particular antigen. However, the variability is not evenly distributed throughout the variable domains of antibodies. It is concentrated in three segments called complementarity-determining regions (CDRs) or hypervariable regions both in the light-chain and the heavy-chain variable domains. The more highly

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

conserved portions of variable domains are called the framework (FR). The variable domains of native heavy and light chains each comprise four FR regions, largely adopting a β-sheet configuration, connected by three CDRs, which form loops connecting, and in some cases forming part of, the β-sheet structure. The CDRs in each chain are held together in close proximity by the FR regions and, with the CDRs from the other chain, contribute to the formation of the antigen-binding site of antibodies (see Kabat *et al.*, Sequences of Proteins of Immunological Interest, Fifth Edition, National Institute of Health, Bethesda, MD (1991)). The constant domains are not involved directly in binding an antibody to an antigen, but exhibit various effector functions, such as participation of the antibody in antibody-dependent cellular toxicity.

Papain digestion of antibodies produces two identical antigen-binding fragments, called "Fab" fragments, each with a single antigen-binding site, and a residual "Fc" fragment, whose name reflects its ability to crystallize readily. Pepsin treatment yields an F(ab')₂ fragment that has two antigen-combining sites and is still capable of cross-linking antigen.

"Fv" is the minimum antibody fragment which contains a complete antigen-recognition and binding site. In a two-chain Fv species, this region consists of a dimer of one heavy- and one light-chain variable domain in tight, non-covalent association. In a single-chain Fv species (scFv), one heavy- and one light-chain variable domain can be covalently linked by a flexible peptide linker such that the light and heavy chains can associate in a "dimeric" structure analogous to that in a two-chain Fv species It is in this configuration that the three CDRs of each variable domain interact to define an antigen-binding site on the surface of the VH-VL dimer. Collectively, the six CDRs confer antigen-binding specificity to the antibody. However, even a single variable domain (or half of an Fv comprising only three CDRs specific for an antigen) has the ability to recognize and bind antigen, although at a lower affinity than the entire binding site. For a review of scFv see Pluckthun, in *The Pharmacology of Monoclonal Antibodies*, vol. 113, Rosenburg and Moore eds., Springer-Verlag, New York, pp. 269-315 (1994).

The Fab fragment also contains the constant domain of the light chain and the first constant domain (CH1) of the heavy chain. Fab' fragments differ from Fab fragments by the addition of a few residues at the carboxy terminus of the heavy chain CH1 domain including one or more cysteines from the antibody hinge region. Fab'-SH is the designation herein for Fab' in which the cysteine residue(s) of the constant domains bear a free thiol group. F(ab')₂ antibody fragments originally were produced as pairs of Fab' fragments which have hinge cysteines between them. Other chemical couplings of antibody fragments are also known.

The "light chains" of antibodies (immunoglobulins) from any vertebrate species can be assigned to one of two clearly distinct types, called kappa (k) and lambda (l), based on the amino acid sequences of their constant domains.

Depending on the amino acid sequence of the constant domain of their heavy chains, immunoglobulins can be assigned to different classes. There are five major classes of immunoglobulins: IgA, IgD, IgE, IgG, and IgM, and several of these can be further divided into subclasses (isotypes), e.g., IgG₁, IgG₂, IgG₃, IgG₄, IgA₁, and IgA₂. The heavy-chain constant domains that correspond to the different

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

classes of immunoglobulins are called α , δ , ϵ , γ , and μ , respectively. The subunit structures and three-dimensional configurations of different classes of immunoglobulins are well known.

The term "antibody" is used in the broadest sense and specifically covers single monoclonal antibodies (including agonist and antagonist antibodies) and antibody compositions with polyepitopic specificity.

"Antibody fragment", and all grammatical variants thereof, as used herein are defined as a portion of an intact antibody comprising the antigen binding site or variable region of the intact antibody, wherein the portion is free of the constant heavy chain domains (i.e. CH2, CH3, and CH4, depending on antibody isotype) of the Fc region of the intact antibody. Examples of antibody fragments include Fab, Fab', Fab'-SH, F(ab')2, and Fv fragments; diabodies; any antibody fragment that is a polypeptide having a primary structure consisting of one uninterrupted sequence of contiguous amino acid residues (referred to herein as a "single-chain antibody fragment" or "single chain polypeptide"), including without limitation (1)single-chain Fv (scFv) molecules (2)single chain polypeptides containing only one light chain variable domain, or a fragment thereof that contains the three CDRs of the light chain variable domain, without an associated heavy chain moiety and (3)single chain polypeptides containing only one heavy chain variable region, or a fragment thereof containing the three CDRs of the heavy chain variable region, without an associated light chain moiety; and multispecific or multivalent structures formed from antibody fragments. In an antibody fragment comprising one or more heavy chains, the heavy chain(s) can contain any constant domain sequence (e.g. CH1 in the IgG isotype) found in a non-Fc region of an intact antibody, and/or can contain any hinge region sequence found in an intact antibody, and/or can contain a leucine zipper sequence fused to or situated in the hinge region sequence or the constant domain sequence of the heavy chain(s). Suitable leucine zipper sequences include the jun and fos leucine zippers taught by Kostelney et al., J. Immunol., 148: 1547-1553 (1992) and the GCN4 leucine zipper described in the Examples below.

Unless specifically indicated to the contrary, the term "conjugate" as described and claimed herein is defined as a heterogeneous molecule formed by the covalent attachment of one or more antibody fragment(s) to one or more polymer molecule(s), wherein the heterogeneous molecule is water soluble, i.e. soluble in physiological fluids such as blood, and wherein the heterogeneous molecule is free of any structured aggregate. In the context of the foregoing definition, the term "structured aggregate" refers to (1) any aggregate of molecules in aqueous solution having a spheroid or spheroid shell structure, such that the heterogeneous molecule is not in a micelle or other emulsion structure, and is not anchored to a lipid bilayer, vesicle or liposome; and (2) any aggregate of molecules in solid or insolubilized form, such as a chromatography bead matrix, that does not release the heterogeneous molecule into solution upon contact with an aqueous phase. Accordingly, the term "conjugate" as defined herein encompasses the aforementioned heterogeneous molecule in a precipitate, sediment, bioerodible matrix or other solid capable of releasing the heterogeneous molecule into aqueous solution upon hydration of the solid.

Unless specifically indicated to the contrary, the terms "polymer", "polymer molecule", "nonproteinaceous polymer", and "nonproteinaceous polymer molecule" are used interchangeably and are

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

defined as a molecule formed by covalent linkage of two or more monomers, wherein none of the monomers is contained in the group consisting of alanine (Ala), cysteine (Cys), aspartic acid (Asp), glutamic acid (Glu), phenylalanine (Phe), glycine (Gly), histidine (His), isoleucine (Ile), lysine (Lys), leucine (Leu), methionine (Met), asparagine (Asn), proline (Pro), glutamine (Gln), arginine (Arg), serine (Ser), threonine (Thr), valine (Val), tryptophan (Trp), and tyrosine (Tyr) residues.

The term "monoclonal antibody" (mAb) as used herein refers to an antibody obtained from a population of substantially homogeneous antibodies, i.e., the individual antibodies comprising the population are identical except for possible naturally occurring mutations that may be present in minor amounts. Monoclonal antibodies are highly specific, being directed against a single antigenic site. Furthermore, in contrast to conventional (polyclonal) antibody preparations which typically include different antibodies directed against different determinants (epitopes), each mAb is directed against a single determinant on the antigen. In addition to their specificity, the monoclonal antibodies are advantageous in that they can be synthesized by hybridoma culture, uncontaminated by other immunoglobulins. The modifier "monoclonal" indicates the character of the antibody as being obtained from a substantially homogeneous population of antibodies, and is not to be construed as requiring production of the antibody by any particular method. For example, the monoclonal antibodies to be used in accordance with the present invention may be made by the hybridoma method first described by Kohler et al., Nature, 256:495 (1975), or may be made by recombinant DNA methods (see, e.g., U.S. Patent No. 4,816,567 to Cabilly et al.). The "monoclonal antibodies" also include clones of antigen-recognition and binding-site containing antibody fragments (Fv clones) isolated from phage antibody libraries using the techniques described in Clackson et al., Nature, 352:624-628 (1991) and Marks et al., J. Mol. Biol., 222:581-597 (1991), for example.

The monoclonal antibodies herein include hybrid and recombinant antibodies produced by splicing a variable (including hypervariable) domain of an anti-IL-8 antibody with a constant domain (e.g. "humanized" antibodies), or a light chain with a heavy chain, or a chain from one species with a chain from another species, or fusions with heterologous proteins, regardless of species of origin or immunoglobulin class or subclass designation, as well as antibody fragments (e.g., Fab, F(ab')₂, and Fv), so long as they exhibit the desired biological activity. (See, e.g., U.S. Pat. No. 4,816,567 to Cabilly et al.; Mage and Lamoyi, in Monoclonal Antibody Production Techniques and Applications, pp. 79-97 (Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, 1987).)

The monoclonal antibodies herein specifically include "chimeric" antibodies (immunoglobulins) in which a portion of the heavy and/or light chain is identical with or homologous to corresponding sequences in antibodies derived from a particular species or belonging to a particular antibody class or subclass, while the remainder of the chain(s) is identical with or homologous to corresponding sequences in antib dies derived from another species or belonging to another antibody class or subclass, as well as fragments of such antibodies, so long as they exhibit the desired biological activity (Cabilly et al., supra; Morrison et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 81:6851 (1984)).

"Humanized" forms of non-human (e.g., murine) antibodies are specific chimeric

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

immunoglobulins, immunoglobulin chains or fragments thereof (such as Fv, Fab, Fab', F(ab')₂, or other antigen-binding subsequences of antibodies) which contain minimal sequence derived from non-human immunoglobulin. For the most part, humanized antibodies are human immunoglobulins (recipient antibody) in which residues from a complementary-determining region (CDR) of the recipient are replaced by residues from a CDR of a non-human species (donor antibody) such as mouse, rat, or rabbit having the desired specificity, affinity, and capacity. In some instances, Fv framework residues of the human immunoglobulin are replaced by corresponding non-human residues. Furthermore, humanized antibodies can comprise residues which are found neither in the recipient antibody nor in the imported CDR or framework sequences. These modifications are made to further refine and maximize antibody performance. In general, the humanized antibody will comprise substantially all of at least one, and typically two, variable domains, in which all or substantially all of the CDR regions correspond to those of a non-human immunoglobulin and all or substantially all of the FR regions are those of a human immunoglobulin consensus sequence. The humanized antibody optimally also will comprise at least a portion of an immunoglobulin constant region (Fc), typically that of a human immunoglobulin. For further details see Jones et al., Nature 321:522 (1986); Reichmann et al., Nature 332:323 (1988); and Presta. Curr. Op. Struct. Biol. 2:593 (1992).

"Treatment" refers to both therapeutic treatment and prophylactic or preventative measures. Those in need of treatment include those already with the disorder as well as those prone to have the disorder or those in which the disorder is to be prevented.

"Mammal" for purposes of treatment refers to any animal classified as a mammal, including humans, domestic and farm animals, and zoo, sports, or pet animals, such as dogs, horses, cats, cows, etc. Preferably, the mammal herein is human.

As used herein, protein, peptide and polypeptide are used interchangeably to denote an amino acid polymer or a set of two or more interacting or bound amino acid polymers.

As used herein, the term "inflammatory disorders" refers to pathological states resulting in inflammation, typically caused by neutrophil chemotaxis. Examples of such disorders include inflammatory skin diseases including psoriasis; responses associated with inflammatory bowel disease (such as Crohn's disease and ulcerative colitis); ischemic reperfusion: adult respiratory distress syndrome; dermatitis; meningitis; encephalitis; uveitis; autoimmune diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, Sjorgen's syndrome, vasculitis; diseases involving leukocyte diapedesis; central nervous system (CNS) inflammatory disorder, multiple organ injury syndrome secondary to septicaemia or trauma; alcoholic hepatitis, bacterial pneumonia, antigen-antibody complex mediated diseases; inflammations of the lung, including pleurisy, alveolitis, vasculitis, pneumonia, chronic bronchitis, bronchiectasis, and cystic fibrosis; etc. The preferred indications are bacterial pneumonia and inflammatory bowel disease such as ulcerative colitis.

The terms "hydrodynamic size", "apparent size", "apparent molecular weight", "effective size" and "effective molecular weight" of a molecule are used synonymously her in refer to the size of a molecule as determined by comparison to a standard curve produced with globular protein molecular weight standards in a size exclusion chromatography system, wherein the standard curve is created by mapping the actual

molecular weight of each standard against its elution time observed in the size exclusion chromatography system. Thus, the apparent size of a test molecule is derived by using the molecule's elution time to extrapolate a putative molecular weight from the standard curve. Preferably, the molecular weight standards used to create the standard curve are selected such that the apparent size of the test molecule falls within the linear portion of the standard curve.

II. MODES FOR CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

In one part, the invention arises from the surprising and unexpected discovery that antibody fragment-polymer conjugates having an effective or apparent size significantly greater than the antibody fragment-polymer conjugates described in the art confers an increase in serum half-life, an increase in mean residence time in circulation (MRT), and/or a decrease in serum clearance rate over underivatized antibody fragment which far exceed the modest changes in such biological property or properties obtained with the art-known antibody fragment-polymer conjugates. The present inventors have determined for the first time that increasing the effective size of an antibody fragment to at least about 500,000 D, or increasing the effective size of an antibody fragment by at least about 8 fold over the effective size of the parental antibody fragment, or derivatizing an antibody fragment with a polymer of at least about 20,000 D in molecular weight, yields a molecule with a commercially useful pharmacokinetic profile. The greatly extended serum half-life, extended MRT, and/or reduced serum clearance rate of the conjugates of the invention makes such conjugates viable alternatives to intact antibodies used for therapeutic treatment of many disease indications. Antibody fragments provide significant advantages over intact antibodies, notably the fact that recombinant antibody fragments can be made in bacterial cell expression systems. Bacterial cell expression systems provide several advantages over mammalian cell expression systems, including reduced time and cost at both the research and development and manufacturing stages of a product.

In another part, the present invention also arises from the humanization of the 6G4.2.5 murine antirabbit IL-8 monoclonal antibody ("6G4.2.5") described in WO 95/23865 (PCT/US95/02589 published
September 8, 1995), the entire disclosure of which is specifically incorporated herein by reference. The
hybridoma producing antibody 6G4.2.5 was deposited on September 28, 1994 with the American Type
Culture Collection and assigned ATCC Accession No. HB 11722 as described in the Examples below. In
one aspect, the invention provides a humanized derivative of the 6G4.2.5 antibody, variant 11 (referred to
herein as "6G4.2.5v11"), in which the murine CDRs of 6G4.2.5 are grafted onto a consensus framework for
human light chain k1 and human IgG1 heavy chain subgroup III, followed by importing three framework
residues from the murine 6G4.2.5 parent heavy chain variable domain sequence into analogous sites in the
heavy chain variable domain of the human template sequence, as described in the Examples below. In
another aspect, the invention provides variants of the 6G4.2.5v11 antibody with certain amino acid
substitution(s) yielding increased affinity for human IL-8 and/or promoting greater efficiency in
recombinant manufacturing processes.

It will be understood that in the context of this Section (II) and all subsections thereof, every reference to "an antibody fragment" or "the antibody fragment" contained in a conjugate shall be a reference

to one or more antibody fragment(s) in the conjugate (consistent with the definition of the term "conjugate" set forth in Section (I) above), except where the number of antibody fragment(s) in the conjugate is expressly indicated. It will be understood that in the context of this Section (II) and all subsections thereof, every reference to "a polymer", "a polymer molecule", "the polymer", or "the polymer molecule" contained in a conjugate shall be a reference to one or more polymer molecule(s) in the conjugate (consistent with the definition of the term "conjugate" set forth in Section (I) above), except where the number of polymer molecule(s) in the conjugate is expressly indicated.

1. LARGE EFFECTIVE SIZE ANTIBODY FRAGMENT-POLYMER CONJUGATES

10

15

20

25

30

35

In one aspect, the invention provides an antibody fragment covalently attached to a polymer to form a conjugate having an effective or apparent size of at least about 500,000 Daltons (D). In another aspect, the invention provides an antibody fragment covalently attached to a polymer to form a conjugate having an apparent size that is at least about 8 fold greater than the apparent size of the parental antibody fragment. In yet another aspect, the invention provides an antibody fragment covalently attached to a polymer of at least about 20,000 D in molecular weight (MW). It will be appreciated that the unexpectedly and surprisingly large increase in antibody fragment serum half-life, increase in MRT, and/or decrease in serum clearance rate can be achieved by using any type of polymer or number of polymer molecules which will provide the conjugate with an effective size of at least about 500,000 D, or by using any type of polymer or number of polymer molecules which will provide the conjugate with an effective size that is at least about 8 fold greater than the effective size of the parental antibody fragment, or by using any type or number of polymers wherein each polymer molecule is at least about 20,000 D in MW. Thus, the invention is not dependent on the use of any particular polymer or molar ratio of polymer to antibody fragment in the conjugate.

In addition, the beneficial aspects of the invention extend to antibody fragments without regard to antigen specificity. Although variations from antibody to antibody are to be expected, the antigen specificity of a given antibody will not substantially impair the extraordinary improvement in serum half-life, MRT, and/or serum clearance rate for antibody fragments thereof that can be obtained by derivatizing the antibody fragments as taught herein.

In one embodiment, the conjugate has an effective size of at least about 500,000 D, or at least about 800,000 D, or at least about 1,000,000 D, or at least about 1,200,000 D, or at least about 1,400,000 D, or at least about 1,500,000 D, or at least about 2,000,000 D, or at least about 2,500,000 D.

In another embodiment, the conjugate has an effective size of at or about 500,000 D to at or about 10,000,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 500,000 D to at or about 8,000,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 500,000 D to at or about 5,000,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 3,000,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 3,000,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 500,000 D to at or about 2,000,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 500,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 1,800,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 1,800,000 D, or an

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

effective size of at r about 500,000 D to at or about 1,600,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 500,000 D to at or about 1,500,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 500,000 D to at or about 1,000,000 D.

In another embodiment, the conjugate has an effective size of at or about 800,000 D to at or about 10,000,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 800,000 D to at or about 8,000,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 800,000 D to at or about 3,000,000 D to at or about 4,000,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 3,000,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 800,000 D to at or about 800,000 D to at or about 800,000 D to at or about 2,500,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 800,000 D to at or about 2,000,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 1,800,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 800,000 D to at or about 800,000 D to at or about 1,000,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 1,000,000 D.

In another embodiment, the conjugate has an effective size of at or about 900,000 D to at or about 10,000,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 900,000 D to at or about 8,000,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 900,000 D to at or about 900,000 D to at or about 4,000,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 3,000,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 900,000 D to at or about 900,000 D to at or about 900,000 D to at or about 900,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 900,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 1,800,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 900,000 D to at or about 900,000 D to at or about 1,500,000 D.

In another embodiment, the conjugate has an effective size of at or about 1,000,000 D to at or about 10,000,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 1,000,000 D to at or about 8,000,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 1,000,000 D to at or about 5,000,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 1,000,000 D to at or about 1,000,000 D to at or about 3,000,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 1,000,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 1,000,000 D to at or about 1,800,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 1,000,000 D, or an effective size of at or about 1,000,000 D to at or about 1,000,000 D.

In a further embodiment, the conjugate has an effective size that is at least about 8 fold greater, or at least about 10 fold greater, or at least about 12 fold greater, or at least about 15 fold greater, or at least about 28 fold greater, or at least about 20 fold greater, or at least about 25 fold greater, or at least about 28 fold greater, or at least about 30 fold greater, or at least about 40 fold greater, than the effective size of the parental antibody fragment.

In another embodiment, the conjugate has an effective size that is about 8 fold to about 100 fold greater, or is about 8 fold to about 80 fold greater, or is about 8 fold to about 50 fold greater, or is about 8 fold to about 40 fold greater, or is about 8 fold to about 30 fold greater, or is about 8 fold to about 28 fold greater, or is about 8 fold to about 25 fold greater, or is about 8 fold to about 20 fold greater, or is about 8 fold to about 18 fold greater, or is about 8 fold to about 18 fold greater, or is about 8 fold to about 15 fold greater, than the effective size of the parental antibody fragment.

In another embodiment, the conjugate has an effective size that is about 12 fold to about 100 fold greater, or is about 12 fold to about 80 fold greater, or is about 12 fold to about 50 fold greater, or is about 12 fold to about 40 fold greater, or is about 12 fold to about 30 fold greater, or is about 12 fold to about 28 fold greater, or is about 12 fold to about 25 fold greater, or is about 12 fold to about 20 fold greater, or is about 12 fold to about 18 fold greater, or is about 15 fold greater, than the effective size of the parental antibody fragment.

In another embodiment, the conjugate has an effective size that is about 15 fold to about 100 fold greater, or is about 15 fold to about 80 fold greater, or is about 15 fold to about 50 fold greater, or is about 15 fold to about 40 fold greater, or is about 15 fold to about 30 fold greater, or is about 15 fold to about 28 fold greater, or is about 15 fold to about 25 fold greater, or is about 15 fold to about 20 fold greater, or is about 15 fold to about 18 fold greater, than the effective size of the parental antibody fragment.

10

15

20

25

30

35

In another embodiment, the conjugate has an effective size that is about 18 fold to about 100 fold greater, or is about 18 fold to about 80 fold greater, or is about 18 fold to about 50 fold greater, or is about 18 fold to about 40 fold greater, or is about 18 fold to about 30 fold greater, or is about 18 fold to about 28 fold greater, or is about 18 fold to about 25 fold greater, or is about 18 fold to about 20 fold greater, than the effective size of the parental antibody fragment.

In another embodiment, the conjugate has an effective size that is about 20 fold to about 100 fold greater, or is about 20 fold to about 80 fold greater, or is about 20 fold to about 50 fold greater, or is about 20 fold to about 40 fold greater, or is about 20 fold to about 30 fold greater, or is about 20 fold to about 28 fold greater, or is about 20 fold to about 25 fold greater, than the effective size of the parental antibody fragment.

In another embodiment, the conjugate has an effective size that is about 25 fold to about 100 fold greater, or is about 25 fold to about 25 fold to about 50 fold greater, or is about 25 fold to about 40 fold greater, or is about 25 fold to about 30 fold greater, or is about 25 fold to about 25 fold to about 25 fold to about 25 fold to about 25 fold greater, than the effective size of the parental antibody fragment.

In another embodiment, the conjugate has an effective size that is about 28 fold to about 100 fold greater, or is about 28 fold to about 80 fold greater, or is about 28 fold to about 50 fold greater, or is about 28 fold to about 40 fold greater, or is about 28 fold to about 30 fold greater, than the effective size of the parental antibody fragment.

In another embodiment, the conjugate has an effective size that is about 30 fold to about 100 fold greater, or is about 30 fold to about 80 fold greater, or is about 30 fold to about 50 fold greater, or is about 30 fold to about 40 fold greater, than the effective size of the parental antibody fragment.

In another embodiment, the conjugate has an effective size that is about 40 fold to about 100 fold greater, or is about 40 fold to about 80 fold greater, or is about 40 fold to about 50 fold greater, than the effective size of the parental antibody fragment.

In still another embodiment, the conjugate is an antibody fragment covalently attached to at least one polymer having an actual MW of at least about 20,000 D.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

In a further embodiment, the conjugate is an antibody fragment covalently attached to at least one polymer having an actual MW of at least about 30,000 D.

In yet another embodiment, the conjugate is an antibody fragment covalently attached to at least one polymer having an actual MW of at least about 40,000 D.

In another embodiment, the conjugate is an antibody fragment covalently attached to at least one polymer having an actual MW that is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 300,000 D, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 300,000 D.

In another embodiment, the conjugate is an antibody fragment covalently attached to at least one polymer having an actual MW that is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 100,000 D, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 100,000 D.

In another embodiment, the conjugate is an antibody fragment covalently attached to at least one polymer having an actual MW that is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 70,000 D, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 70,000 D, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 70,000 D.

In another embodiment, the conjugate is an antibody fragment covalently attached to at least one polymer having an actual MW that is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 50,000 D, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 50,000 D, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 50,000 D.

In another embodiment, the conjugate is an antibody fragment covalently attached to at least one polymer having an actual MW that is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 40,000 D, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 40,000 D.

The conjugates of the invention can be made using any suitable technique now known or hereafter developed for derivatizing antibody fragments with polymers. It will be appreciated that the invention is not limited to conjugates utilizing any particular type of linkage between an antibody fragment and a polymer.

The conjugates of the invention include species wherein a polymer is covalently attached to a non-specific site or non-specific sites on the parental antibody fragment, i.e. polymer attachment is not targeted to a particular region or a particular amino acid residue in the parental antibody fragment. In such embodiments, the coupling chemistry can, for example, utilize the free epsilon amino groups of lysine residues in the parental antibody as attachment sites for the polymer, wherein such lysine residue amino groups are randomly derivatized with polymer.

In addition, the conjugates of the invention include species wherein a polymer is covalently attached to a specific site or specific sites on the parental antibody fragment, i.e. polymer attachment is targeted to a particular region or a particular amino acid residue or residues in the parental antibody fragment. In such embodiments, the coupling chemistry can, for example, utilize the free sulfhydryl group of a cysteine residue not in a disulfide bridge in the parental antibody fragment. In one embodiment, one or more cysteine residue(s) is (are) engineered into a selected site or sites in the parental antibody fragment f r the purpose of providing a specific attachment site or sites for polymer. The polymer can be activated with any functional group that is capable of reacting specifically with the free sulfhydryl r thiol group(s) on the parental antibody, such as maleimide, sulfhydryl, thiol, triflate, tesylate, aziridine, exirane, and 5-pyridyl

WO[.]98/37200 PCT/US98/03337

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

functional groups. The polymer can be coupled to the parental antibody fragment using any protocol suitable for the chemistry of the coupling system selected, such as the protocols and systems described in Section (II)(1)(b) or in Section (T) of the Examples below.

In another embodiment, polymer attachment is targeted to the hinge region of the parental antibody fragment. The location of the hinge region varies according to the isotype of the parental antibody. Typically, the hinge region of IgG, IgD and IgA isotype heavy chains is contained in a proline rich peptide sequence extending between the C_H1 and C_H2 domains. In a preferred embodiment, a cysteine residue or residues is (are) engineered into the hinge region of the parental antibody fragment in order to couple polymer specifically to a selected location in the hinge region.

In one aspect, the invention encompasses a conjugate having any molar ratio of polymer to antibody fragment that endows the conjugate with an apparent size in the desired range as taught herein. The apparent size of the conjugate will depend in part upon the size and shape of the polymer used, the size and shape of the antibody fragment used, the number of polymer molecules attached to the antibody fragment, and the location of such attachment site(s) on the antibody fragment. These parameters can easily be identified and maximized to obtain the a conjugate with the desired apparent size for any type of antibody fragment, polymer and linkage system.

In another aspect, the invention encompasses a conjugate with a polymer to antibody fragment molar ratio of no more than about 10:1, or no more than about 5:1, or no more than about 4:1, or no more than about 3:1, or no more than about 2:1, or no more than 1:1.

In yet another aspect, the invention encompasses a conjugate wherein the antibody fragment is attached to about 10 or fewer polymer molecules, each polymer molecule having a molecular weight of at least about 20,000 D, or at least about 30,000 D, or at least about 40,000 D. In another embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment attached to about 5 or fewer polymer molecules, each polymer molecule having a molecular weight of at least about 20,000 D, or at least about 30,000 D, or at least about 4 or fewer polymer molecules, each polymer molecule having a molecular weight of at least about 20,000 D, or at least about 30,000 D, or at least about 40,000 D. In a further embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment attached to about 3 or fewer polymer molecules, each polymer molecule having a molecular weight of at least about 40,000 D. In an additional embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment attached to about 20,000 D, or at least about 30,000 D, or at least about 20,000 D. In an additional embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment attached to about 2 or fewer polymer molecules, each polymer molecule having a molecular weight of at least about 20,000 D, or at least about 30,000 D, or at least about 40,000 D. Also provided herein is a conjugate containing an antibody fragment attached to a single polymer molecule having a molecular weight of at least about 20,000 D, or at least about 30,000 D, or at least about 40,000 D.

In still another aspect, the invention encompasses a conjugate wherein every polymer molecule in the conjugate has a molecular weight that is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 300,000 D, or is at or about 300,000 D to at or about 300,000 D, and wherein the

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

conjugate contains no more than about 10 polymer molecules, or no more than about 5 polymer molecules, or no more than about 4 polymer molecules, or no more than about 3 polymer molecules, or no more than about 2 polymer molecules, or no more than 1 polymer molecule.

In still another aspect, the invention encompasses a conjugate wherein every polymer molecule in the conjugate has a molecular weight that is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 100,000 D, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 100,000 D, and wherein the conjugate contains no more than about 10 polymer molecules, or no more than about 5 polymer molecules, or no more than about 4 polymer molecules, or no more than about 3 polymer molecules, or no more than about 2 polymer molecules, or no more than 1 polymer molecule.

In still another aspect, the invention encompasses a conjugate wherein every polymer molecule in the conjugate has a molecular weight that is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 70,000 D, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 70,000 D, and wherein the conjugate contains no more than about 10 polymer molecules, or no more than about 5 polymer molecules, or no more than about 4 polymer molecules, or no more than about 3 polymer molecules, or no more than about 2 polymer molecules, or no more than 1 polymer molecule.

In still another aspect, the invention encompasses a conjugate wherein every polymer molecule in the conjugate has a molecular weight that is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 50,000 D, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 50,000 D, and wherein the conjugate contains no more than about 10 polymer molecules, or no more than about 5 polymer molecules, or no more than about 4 polymer molecules, or no more than about 3 polymer molecules, or no more than about 2 polymer molecules, or no more than 1 polymer molecule.

In still another aspect, the invention encompasses a conjugate wherein every polymer molecule in the conjugate has a molecular weight that is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 40,000 D, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 40,000 D, and wherein the conjugate contains no more than about 10 polymer molecules, or no more than about 5 polymer molecules, or no more than about 4 polymer molecules, or no more than about 3 polymer molecules, or no more than about 2 polymer molecules, or no more than 1 polymer molecule.

It is believed that the serum half-life, MRT and/or serum clearance rate of any antibody fragment can be greatly improved by derivatizing the antibody fragment with polymer as taught herein. In one embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', Fab'-SH, Fv, scFv and F(ab')₂.

In a preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein every polymer molecule in the conjugate is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment.

In another preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, every polymer molecule in the conjugate molecule is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment, and the conjugate contains no more than about 10 polymer

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

molecules, or no more than about 5 polymer molecules, or no more than about 4 polymer molecules, or no more than about 3 polymer molecules, or no more than about 2 polymer molecules, or no more than 1 polymer molecule.

In yet another preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains a F(ab')₂ antibody fragment attached to no more than about 2 polymer molecules, wherein every polymer molecule is attached to a cysteine residue in the light or heavy chain of the antibody fragment that would ordinarily form the disulfide bridge linking the light and heavy chains, wherein the disulfide bridge is avoided by substituting another amino acid, such as serine, for the corresponding cysteine residue in the opposite chain.

In a further embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than 1 polymer molecule and the polymer is coupled to a cysteine residue in the light or heavy chain of the antibody fragment that would ordinarily form the disulfide bridge linking the light and heavy chains, wherein the disulfide bridge is avoided by substituting another amino acid, such as serine, for the corresponding cysteine residue in the opposite chain.

In an additional embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, every polymer molecule in the conjugate is at least about 20,000 D in molecular weight, or at least about 30,000 in molecular weight, or at least about 40,000 D in molecular weight, every polymer molecule in the conjugate is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment, and the conjugate contains no more than about 10 polymer molecules, or no more than about 5 polymer molecules, or no more than about 4 polymer molecules, or no more than about 3 polymer molecules, or no more than about 2 polymer molecules, or no more than 1 polymer molecule.

In another embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, every polymer molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 300,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 300,000 D to at or about 300,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 300,000 D in molecular weight, every polymer molecule in the conjugate is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment, and the conjugate contains no more than about 10 polymer molecules, or no more than about 5 polymer molecules, or no more than about 4 polymer molecules, or no more than about 3 polymer molecules, or no more than about 2 polymer molecules, or no more than 1 polymer molecule.

In another embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, every polymer molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 100,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 100,000 D in molecular weight, every polymer molecule in the conjugate is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment, and the conjugate contains no more than about 10 polymer molecules, or no more than about 5 polymer molecules, or no more than about 4 polymer molecules, or no more than about 3 polymer molecules, or no more than about 2 polymer molecules, or no more than 1 polymer molecule.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

In another embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, every polymer molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 70,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 70,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 70,000 D in molecular weight, every polymer molecule in the conjugate is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment, and the conjugate contains no more than about 10 polymer molecules, or no more than about 5 polymer molecules, or no more than about 4 polymer molecules, or no more than about 3 polymer molecules, or no more than about 2 polymer molecules, or no more than 1 polymer molecule.

In another embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, every polymer molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 50,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 50,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 50,000 D in molecular weight, every polymer molecule in the conjugate is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment, and the conjugate contains no more than about 10 polymer molecules, or no more than about 5 polymer molecules, or no more than about 4 polymer molecules, or no more than about 3 polymer molecules, or no more than about 2 polymer molecules, or no more than 1 polymer molecule.

In another embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, every polymer molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 40,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 40,000 D in molecular weight, every polymer molecule in the conjugate is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment, and the conjugate contains no more than about 10 polymer molecules, or no more than about 5 polymer molecules, or no more than about 3 polymer molecules, or no more than about 2 polymer molecules, or no more than 1 polymer molecule.

In a further embodiment, the conjugate contains a F(ab')₂ antibody fragment attached to no more than about 2 polymer molecules, wherein every polymer molecule in the conjugate is at least about 20,000 D in molecular weight, or at least about 40,000 D in molecular weight, and wherein every polymer molecule in the conjugate is attached to a cysteine residue in the light or heavy chain of the antibody fragment that would ordinarily form the disulfide bridge linking the light and heavy chains, wherein the disulfide bridge is avoided by substituting another amino acid, such as serine, for the corresponding cysteine residue in the opposite chain.

In another embodiment, the conjugate contains a F(ab')₂ antibody fragment attached to no more than about 2 polymer molecules, wherein every polymer molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 300,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 300,000 D to at or about 300,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 300,000 D in molecular weight, and wherein every polymer molecule in the conjugate is attached to a cysteine residue in the light or heavy chain of the antibody fragment that would ordinarily form the disulfide bridge linking the light and heavy chains, wherein the disulfide bridge is avoided by substituting another amino acid, such as serine, for the

corresponding cysteine residue in the opposite chain.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

In another embodiment, the conjugate contains a F(ab')₂ antibody fragment attached to no more than about 2 polymer molecules, wherein every polymer molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 100,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 100,000 D in molecular weight, and wherein every polymer molecule in the conjugate is attached to a cysteine residue in the light or heavy chain of the antibody fragment that would ordinarily form the disulfide bridge linking the light and heavy chains, wherein the disulfide bridge is avoided by substituting another amino acid, such as serine, for the corresponding cysteine residue in the opposite chain.

In another embodiment, the conjugate contains a F(ab')₂ antibody fragment attached to no more than about 2 polymer molecules, wherein every polymer molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 70,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 70,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 70,000 D in molecular weight, and wherein every polymer molecule in the conjugate is attached to a cysteine residue in the light or heavy chain of the antibody fragment that would ordinarily form the disulfide bridge linking the light and heavy chains, wherein the disulfide bridge is avoided by substituting another amino acid, such as serine, for the corresponding cysteine residue in the opposite chain.

In another embodiment, the conjugate contains a F(ab')₂ antibody fragment attached to no more than about 2 polymer molecules, wherein every polymer molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 50,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 50,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 50,000 D in molecular weight, and wherein every polymer molecule in the conjugate is attached to a cysteine residue in the light or heavy chain of the antibody fragment that would ordinarily form the disulfide bridge linking the light and heavy chains, wherein the disulfide bridge is avoided by substituting another amino acid, such as serine, for the corresponding cysteine residue in the opposite chain.

In another embodiment, the conjugate contains a F(ab')₂ antibody fragment attached to no more than about 2 polymer molecules, wherein every polymer molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 40,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 40,000 D in molecular weight, and wherein every polymer molecule in the conjugate is attached to a cysteine residue in the light or heavy chain of the antibody fragment that would ordinarily form the disulfide bridge linking the light and heavy chains, wherein the disulfide bridge is avoided by substituting another amino acid, such as serine, for the corresponding cysteine residue in the opposite chain.

In yet another embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than 1 polymer molecule, wherein the polymer molecule is at least about 20,000 D in molecular weight, or at least about 30,000 D in molecular weight, or at least about 40,000 D in molecular weight, wherein the polymer

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

molecule is attached to a cysteine residue in the light or heavy chain of the antibody fragment that would ordinarily form the disulfide bridge linking the light and heavy chains, wherein the disulfide bridge is avoided by substituting another amino acid, such as serine, for the corresponding cysteine residue in the opposite chain.

In another embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than 1 polymer molecule, wherein the polymer molecule is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 300,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 300,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 300,000 D in molecular weight, wherein the polymer molecule is attached to a cysteine residue in the light or heavy chain of the antibody fragment that would ordinarily form the disulfide bridge linking the light and heavy chains, wherein the disulfide bridge is avoided by substituting another amino acid, such as serine, for the corresponding cysteine residue in the opposite chain.

In another embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than I polymer molecule, wherein the polymer molecule is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 100,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 100,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 100,000 D in molecular weight, wherein the polymer molecule is attached to a cysteine residue in the light or heavy chain of the antibody fragment that would ordinarily form the disulfide bridge linking the light and heavy chains, wherein the disulfide bridge is avoided by substituting another amino acid, such as serine, for the corresponding cysteine residue in the opposite chain.

In another embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than 1 polymer molecule, wherein the polymer molecule is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 70,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 70,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 70,000 D in molecular weight, wherein the polymer molecule is attached to a cysteine residue in the light or heavy chain of the antibody fragment that would ordinarily form the disulfide bridge linking the light and heavy chains, wherein the disulfide bridge is avoided by substituting another amino acid, such as serine, for the corresponding cysteine residue in the opposite chain.

In another embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than 1 polymer molecule, wherein the polymer molecule is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 50,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 50,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 50,000 D in molecular weight, wherein the polymer molecule is attached to a cysteine residue in the light or heavy chain of the antibody fragment that would ordinarily form the disulfide bridge linking the light and heavy chains, wherein the disulfide bridge is avoided by substituting another amino acid, such as serine, for the corresponding cysteine residue in the opposite chain.

In another embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than I polymer molecule, wherein the polymer molecule is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 40,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 40,000 D in molecular weight, wherein the polymer molecule is attached to a cysteine residue in the light or heavy chain of the antibody fragment that would ordinarily form the disulfide bridge linking the light and heavy chains, wherein the disulfide bridge is avoided by substituting another amino acid, such as serine, for the corresponding cysteine residue in the opposite chain.

In still another embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than 1 polymer molecule, wherein the polymer molecule is at least about 20,000 D in molecular weight, or at least about 30,000 D in molecular weight, or at least about 40,000 D in molecular weight, and wherein the polymer molecule is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment.

In another embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than 1 polymer molecule, wherein the polymer molecule is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 300,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 300,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 300,000 D in molecular weight, and wherein the polymer molecule is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment.

In another embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than 1 polymer molecule, wherein the polymer molecule is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 100,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 100,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 100,000 D in molecular weight, and wherein the polymer molecule is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment.

In another embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than 1 polymer molecule, wherein the polymer molecule is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 70,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 70,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 70,000 D in molecular weight, and wherein the polymer molecule is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment.

In another embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than 1 polymer molecule, wherein the polymer molecule is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 50,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 50,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 50,000 D in molecular weight, and wherein the polymer molecule is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment.

In another embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than 1 polymer molecule, wherein the polymer molecule is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 40,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 40,000 D in molecular weight, and wherein the polymer molecule is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment.

Although any type of polymer is contemplated for use in constructing the conjugates of the invention, including the polymers and chemical linkage systems described in Section (II)(1)(b) below, polyethylene glycol (PEG) polymers are preferred for use herein.

In one embodiment, the conjugate is an antibody fragment covalently attached to at least one PEG having an actual MW of at least about 20,000 D.

In another embodiment, the conjugate is an antibody fragment covalently attached to at least one PEG having an actual MW of at least about 30,000 D.

In yet another embodiment, the conjugate is an antibody fragment covalently attached to at least one PEG having an actual MW of at least about 40,000 D.

In another embodiment, the conjugate is an antibody fragment covalently attached to at least one PEG having an actual MW that is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 300,000 D, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 300,000 D.

In another embodiment, the conjugate is an antibody fragment covalently attached to at least one PEG having an actual MW that is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 100,000 D, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 100,000 D, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 100,000 D.

In another embodiment, the conjugate is an antibody fragment covalently attached to at least one PEG having an actual MW that is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 70,000 D, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 70,000 D, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 70,000 D.

In another embodiment, the conjugate is an antibody fragment covalently attached to at least one PEG having an actual MW that is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 50,000 D, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 50,000 D.

In another embodiment, the conjugate is an antibody fragment covalently attached to at least one PEG having an actual MW that is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 40,000 D, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 40,000 D.

In another aspect, the invention encompasses a conjugate with a PEG to antibody fragment molar ratio of no more than about 10:1, or no more than about 5:1, or no more than about 4:1, or no more than about 3:1, or no more than about 2:1, or no more than 1:1.

In yet another aspect, the invention encompasses a conjugate wherein the antibody fragment is attached to about 10 or fewer PEG molecules, each PEG molecule having a molecular weight of at least about 20,000 D, or at least about 30,000 D, or at least about 40,000 D. In another embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment attached to about 5 or fewer PEG molecules, each PEG molecule having a molecular weight of at least about 20,000 D, or at least about 30,000 D, or at least about 40,000 D. In still another embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment attached to about 4 or fewer PEG

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

molecules, each PEG molecule having a molecular weight of at least about 20,000 D, or at least about 30,000 D, or at least about 40,000 D. In a further embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment attached to about 3 or fewer PEG molecules, each PEG molecule having a molecular weight of at least about 20,000 D, or at least about 30,000 D, or at least about 40,000 D. In an additional embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment attached to about 2 or fewer PEG molecules, each PEG molecule having a molecular weight of at least about 20,000 D, or at least about 30,000 D, or at least about 40,000 D. Also provided herein is a conjugate containing an antibody fragment attached to a single PEG molecule having a molecular weight of at least about 20,000 D, or at least about 30,000 D, or at least about 40,000 D.

In another aspect, the invention encompasses a conjugate wherein the antibody fragment is derivatized with PEG, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 300,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 300,000 D to at or about 300,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 300,000 D in molecular weight, and wherein the conjugate contains no more than about 10 PEG molecules, or no more than about 5 PEG molecules, or no more than about 4 PEG molecules, or no more than about 3 PEG molecules, or no more than about 2 PEG molecules, or no more than 1 PEG molecules.

In another aspect, the invention encompasses a conjugate wherein the antibody fragment is derivatized with PEG, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 100,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 100,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 100,000 D in molecular weight, and wherein the conjugate contains no more than about 10 PEG molecules, or no more than about 5 PEG molecules, or no more than about 4 PEG molecules, or no more than about 3 PEG molecules, or no more than about 2 PEG molecules, or no more than 1 PEG molecules.

In another aspect, the invention encompasses a conjugate wherein the antibody fragment is derivatized with PEG, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 70,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 70,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 70,000 D in molecular weight, and wherein the conjugate contains no more than about 10 PEG molecules, or no more than about 5 PEG molecules, or no more than about 4 PEG molecules, or no more than about 3 PEG molecules, or no more than about 2 PEG molecules, or no more than 1 PEG molecule.

In another aspect, the invention encompasses a conjugate wherein the antibody fragment is derivatized with PEG, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 50,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 50,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 50,000 D in molecular weight, and wherein the conjugate contains no more than about 10 PEG molecules, or no more than about 5 PEG molecules, or no more than about 4 PEG molecules, or no more than about 3 PEG molecules, or no more than about 2 PEG molecules, or no more than 1 PEG molecules.

In another aspect, the invention encompasses a conjugate wherein the antibody fragment is

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

derivatized with PEG, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 40,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 40,000 D in molecular weight, and wherein the conjugate contains no more than about 10 PEG molecules, or no more than about 5 PEG molecules, or no more than about 4 PEG molecules, or no more than about 3 PEG molecules, or no more than about 2 PEG molecules, or no more than 1 PEG molecule.

In still another aspect, the invention encompasses a conjugate containing an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', Fab'-SH and F(ab')2, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to about 10 or fewer PEG molecules, each PEG molecule having a molecular weight of at least about 20,000 D, or at least about 30,000 D, or at least about 40,000 D. In another embodiment, the foregoing conjugate contains an antibody fragment attached to about 5 or fewer PEG molecules, each PEG molecule having a molecular weight of at least about 20,000 D, or at least about 30,000 D, or at least about 40,000 D. In still another embodiment, the foregoing conjugate contains an antibody fragment attached to about 4 or fewer PEG molecules, each PEG molecule having a molecular weight of at least about 20,000 D. or at least about 30,000 D, or at least about 40,000 D. In a further embodiment, the foregoing conjugate contains an antibody fragment attached to about 3 or fewer PEG molecules, each PEG molecule having a molecular weight of at least about 20,000 D, or at least about 30,000 D, or at least about 40,000 D. In an additional embodiment, the foregoing conjugate contains an antibody fragment attached to about 2 or fewer PEG molecules, each PEG molecule having a molecular weight of at least about 20,000 D, or at least about 30,000 D, or at least about 40,000 D. Also provided herein is the foregoing conjugate that contains an antibody fragment attached to a single PEG molecule having a molecular weight of at least about 20,000 D, or at least about 30,000 D, or at least about 40,000 D.

In another aspect, the invention encompasses a conjugate containing an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', Fab'-SH and F(ab')₂, wherein the antibody fragment is derivatized with PEG, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 300,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 300,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 300,000 D in molecular weight, and wherein the conjugate contains no more than about 10 PEG molecules, or no more than about 5 PEG molecules, or no more than about 4 PEG molecules, or no more than about 3 PEG molecules, or no more than about 2 PEG molecules, or no more than 1 PEG molecule.

In another aspect, the invention encompasses a conjugate containing an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', Fab'-SH and F(ab')₂, wherein the antibody fragment is derivatized with PEG, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 100,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 100,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 100,000 D in molecular weight, and wherein the conjugate contains no more than about 10 PEG molecules, or no more than about 5 PEG molecules, or no more than about 4 PEG molecules, or no more than about 3 PEG molecules, or no more than about 2 PEG molecules, or no more than 1 PEG

molecule.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

In another aspect, the invention encompasses a conjugate containing an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', Fab'-SH and F(ab')₂, wherein the antibody fragment is derivatized with PEG, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 70,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 70,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 70,000 D in molecular weight, and wherein the conjugate contains no more than about 10 PEG molecules, or no more than about 5 PEG molecules, or no more than about 4 PEG molecules, or no more than about 3 PEG molecules, or no more than about 2 PEG molecules, or no more than 1 PEG molecule.

In another aspect, the invention encompasses a conjugate containing an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', Fab'-SH and F(ab')₂, wherein the antibody fragment is derivatized with PEG, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 50,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 50,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 50,000 D in molecular weight, and wherein the conjugate contains no more than about 10 PEG molecules, or no more than about 5 PEG molecules, or no more than about 4 PEG molecules, or no more than about 3 PEG molecules, or no more than about 2 PEG molecules, or no more than 1 PEG molecule.

In another aspect, the invention encompasses a conjugate containing an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', Fab'-SH and F(ab')₂, wherein the antibody fragment is derivatized with PEG, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 40,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 40,000 D in molecular weight, and wherein the conjugate contains no more than about 10 PEG molecules, or no more than about 5 PEG molecules, or no more than about 2 PEG molecules, or no more than about 2 PEG molecules, or no more than 1 PEG molecule.

In a preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is derivatized with PEG having a molecular weight of at least about 20,000D, or at least about 30,000D, or at least about 40,000D, and wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment.

In another preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is derivatized with PEG having a molecular weight that is at or about 20,000 D to about 300,000 D, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 300,000 D, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 300,000 D, and wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment.

In another preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is derivatized with PEG having a molecular weight that is at or about 20,000 D to about 100,000 D, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

100,000 D, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 100,000 D, and wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment.

In another preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is derivatized with PEG having a molecular weight that is at or about 20,000 D to about 70,000 D, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 70,000 D, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 70,000 D, and wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment.

In another preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is derivatized with PEG having a molecular weight that is at or about 20,000 D to about 50,000 D, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 50,000 D, and wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment.

In another preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is derivatized with PEG having a molecular weight that is at or about 20,000 D to about 40,000 D, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 40,000 D, and wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment.

In another preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is derivatized with PEG, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is at least about 20,000D in molecular weight, or at least about 30,000D in molecular weight, or at least about 40,000D in molecular weight, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate molecule is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment, and wherein the conjugate contains no more than about 10 PEG molecules, or no more than about 5 PEG molecules, or no more than about 2 PEG molecules, or no more than about 2 PEG molecules, or no more than 1 PEG molecule.

In another preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is derivatized with PEG, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 300,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 300,000 D in molecular weight, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate molecule is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment, and wherein the conjugate contains no more than about 10 PEG molecules, or no more than about 5 PEG molecules, or no more than about 4 PEG molecules, or no more than about 3 PEG molecules, or no more than about 2 PEG molecules, or no more than 1 PEG molecule.

In another preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is derivatized with PEG, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 100,000 D in molecular

-32-

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 100,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 100,000 D in molecular weight, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate molecule is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment, and wherein the conjugate contains no more than about 10 PEG molecules, or no more than about 5 PEG molecules, or no more than about 4 PEG molecules, or no more than about 3 PEG molecules, or no more than about 2 PEG molecules, or no more than 1 PEG molecule.

In another preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is derivatized with PEG, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 70,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 70,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 70,000 D in molecular weight, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate molecule is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment, and wherein the conjugate contains no more than about 10 PEG molecules, or no more than about 5 PEG molecules, or no more than about 4 PEG molecules, or no more than about 3 PEG molecules, or no more than about 2 PEG molecules, or no more than 1 PEG molecule.

In another preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is derivatized with PEG, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 50,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 50,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 50,000 D in molecular weight, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate molecule is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment, and wherein the conjugate contains no more than about 10 PEG molecules, or no more than about 5 PEG molecules, or no more than about 4 PEG molecules, or no more than about 3 PEG molecules, or no more than about 2 PEG molecules, or no more than 1 PEG molecule.

In another preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is derivatized with PEG, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 40,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 40,000 D in molecular weight, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate molecule is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment, and wherein the conjugate contains no more than about 10 PEG molecules, or no more than about 5 PEG molecules, or no more than about 2 PEG molecules, or no more than about 2 PEG molecules, or no more than 1 PEG molecule.

In yet another preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains a F(ab')₂ antibody fragment derivatized with PEG, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is at least about 20,000D in molecular weight, or at least about 30,000D in molecular weight, or at least about 40,000D in molecular weight, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than about 2 PEG molecules, and wherein every PEG molecule is attached to a cysteine residue in the light or heavy chain of the antibody fragment that would

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

ordinarily form the disulfide bridge linking the light and heavy chains, wherein the disulfide bridge is avoided by substituting another amino acid, such as serine, for the corresponding cysteine residue in the opposite chain.

In another preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains a F(ab')₂ antibody fragment derivatized with PEG, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 300,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 300,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 300,000 D in molecular weight, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than about 2 PEG molecules, and wherein every PEG molecule is attached to a cysteine residue in the light or heavy chain of the antibody fragment that would ordinarily form the disulfide bridge linking the light and heavy chains, wherein the disulfide bridge is avoided by substituting another amino acid, such as serine, for the corresponding cysteine residue in the opposite chain.

In another preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains a F(ab')₂ antibody fragment derivatized with PEG, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 100,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 100,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 100,000 D in molecular weight, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than about 2 PEG molecules, and wherein every PEG molecule is attached to a cysteine residue in the light or heavy chain of the antibody fragment that would ordinarily form the disulfide bridge linking the light and heavy chains, wherein the disulfide bridge is avoided by substituting another amino acid, such as serine, for the corresponding cysteine residue in the opposite chain.

In another preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains a F(ab')₂ antibody fragment derivatized with PEG, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 70,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 70,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 70,000 D in molecular weight, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than about 2 PEG molecules, and wherein every PEG molecule is attached to a cysteine residue in the light or heavy chain of the antibody fragment that would ordinarily form the disulfide bridge linking the light and heavy chains, wherein the disulfide bridge is avoided by substituting another amino acid, such as serine, for the corresponding cysteine residue in the opposite chain.

In another preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains a F(ab')₂ antibody fragment derivatized with PEG, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 50,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 50,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 50,000 D in molecular weight, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than about 2 PEG molecules, and wherein every PEG molecule is attached to a cysteine residue in the light or heavy chain of the antibody fragment that would ordinarily form the disulfide bridge linking the light and heavy chains, wherein the disulfide bridge is avoided by substituting another amino acid, such as serine, for the corresponding cysteine residue in the opposite chain.

In another preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains a F(ab')2 antibody fragment derivatized

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

with PEG, wh rein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 40,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 40,000 D in molecular weight, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than about 2 PEG molecules, and wherein every PEG molecule is attached to a cysteine residue in the light or heavy chain of the antibody fragment that would ordinarily form the disulfide bridge linking the light and heavy chains, wherein the disulfide bridge is avoided by substituting another amino acid, such as serine, for the corresponding cysteine residue in the opposite chain.

In still another preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is derivatized with PEG, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is at least about 20,000 D in molecular weight, or at least about 30,000 in molecular weight, or at least about 40,000 D in molecular weight, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than 1 PEG molecule, and wherein the PEG molecule is attached to a cysteine residue in the light or heavy chain of the antibody fragment that would ordinarily form the disulfide bridge linking the light and heavy chains, wherein the disulfide bridge is avoided by substituting another amino acid, such as serine, for the corresponding cysteine residue in the opposite chain.

In another preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is derivatized with PEG, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 300,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 300,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 300,000 D in molecular weight, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than 1 PEG molecule, and wherein the PEG molecule is attached to a cysteine residue in the light or heavy chain of the antibody fragment that would ordinarily form the disulfide bridge linking the light and heavy chains, wherein the disulfide bridge is avoided by substituting another amino acid, such as serine, for the corresponding cysteine residue in the opposite chain.

In another preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is derivatized with PEG, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 100,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 100,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 100,000 D in molecular weight, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than 1 PEG molecule, and wherein the PEG molecule is attached to a cysteine residue in the light or heavy chain of the antibody fragment that would ordinarily form the disulfide bridge linking the light and heavy chains, wherein the disulfide bridge is avoided by substituting another amino acid, such as serine, for the corresponding cysteine residue in the opposite chain.

In another preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is derivatized with PEG, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 70,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 70,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 70,000 D in molecular weight, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than 1 PEG

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

molecule, and wherein the PEG molecule is attached to a cysteine residue in the light or heavy chain of the antibody fragment that would ordinarily form the disulfide bridge linking the light and heavy chains, wherein the disulfide bridge is avoided by substituting another amino acid, such as serine, for the corresponding cysteine residue in the opposite chain.

In another preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is derivatized with PEG, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 50,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 50,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 50,000 D in molecular weight, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than 1 PEG molecule, and wherein the PEG molecule is attached to a cysteine residue in the light or heavy chain of the antibody fragment that would ordinarily form the disulfide bridge linking the light and heavy chains, wherein the disulfide bridge is avoided by substituting another amino acid, such as serine, for the corresponding cysteine residue in the opposite chain.

In another preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is derivatized with PEG, wherein every PEG molecule in the conjugate is at or about 20,000 D to at or about 40,000 D in molecular weight, or is at or about 30,000 D to at or about 40,000 D in molecular weight, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than 1 PEG molecule, and wherein the PEG molecule is attached to a cysteine residue in the light or heavy chain of the antibody fragment that would ordinarily form the disulfide bridge linking the light and heavy chains, wherein the disulfide bridge is avoided by substituting another amino acid, such as serine, for the corresponding cysteine residue in the opposite chain.

It will be appreciated that all of the above-described embodiments of the invention utilizing PEG polymers include conjugates wherein the PEG polymer(s) is (are) linear or branched. In a preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than 1 PEG molecule, and wherein the PEG molecule is branched and at least about 40,000 D in molecular weight. In a particularly surprising and unexpected finding, the inventors discovered that the foregoing conjugate exhibits a serum half-life, MRT and serum clearance rate approaching that of full length antibody as shown in Example X below.

In another preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than 1 PEG molecule, and wherein the PEG molecule is branched and has a molecular weight that is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 300,000 D.

In another preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than 1 PEG molecule, and wherein the PEG molecule is branched and has a molecular weight that is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 100,000 D.

In another preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than 1 PEG molecule, and wherein the PEG molecule is branched and has a molecular weight that is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 70,000 D.

In another preferred embodiment, the conjugate contains an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than 1 PEG molecule, and wherein the PEG molecule is branched and has a molecular weight that is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 50,000 D.

In another preferred embodiment, the invention provides a conjugate containing an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than 1 PEG molecule, wherein the PEG molecule is branched and at least 40,000D in molecular weight, and the PEG molecule is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment.

In another preferred embodiment, the invention provides a conjugate containing an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than 1 PEG molecule, wherein the PEG molecule is branched and has a molecular weight that is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 300,000 D, and the PEG molecule is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment.

In another preferred embodiment, the invention provides a conjugate containing an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than 1 PEG molecule, wherein the PEG molecule is branched and has a molecular weight that is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 100,000 D, and the PEG molecule is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment.

In another preferred embodiment, the invention provides a conjugate containing an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than I PEG molecule, wherein the PEG molecule is branched and has a molecular weight that is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 70,000 D, and the PEG molecule is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment.

In another preferred embodiment, the invention provides a conjugate containing an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than 1 PEG molecule, wherein the PEG molecule is branched and has a molecular weight that is at or about 40,000 D to at or about 50,000 D, and the PEG molecule is attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment.

In one aspect, the invention provides any of the above-described conjugates wherein the conjugate contains no more than one antibody fragment. Additionally provided herein is any of the above-described conjugates wherein the conjugate contains one or more antibody fragment(s) covalently linked to one or more polymer molecule(s), such as conjugates containing two or more antibody fragments covalently linked together by polymer molecule(s). In one embodiment, a polymer molecule is used to link together two antibody fragments to form a dumbbell-shaped structure. Also encompassed herein are conjugates formed

by more than two antibody fragments joined by polymer molecule(s) to form a rosette or other shapes. The antibody fragments in such structures can be of the same or different fragment type and can have the same antigen specificity or have different antigen specificities. Such structures can be made by using a polymer molecule derivatized with multiple functional groups permitting the direct attachment, or the attachment by means of bi- or multi-functional linkers, of two or more antibody fragments to the polymer backbone.

In another aspect, the invention encompasses any of the above-described conjugates utilizing an antibody fragment comprising an antigen recognition site that binds to rabbit IL-8 and/or human IL-8. In yet another aspect, the invention encompasses any of the above-described conjugates utilizing an antibody fragment comprising 6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A or 6G4.2.5LV/L1N35E as defined below. In still another aspect, the invention encompasses any of the above-described conjugates utilizing an antibody fragment comprising 6G4.5.2.5HV11 as defined below. In a further aspect, the invention encompasses any of the abovedescribed conjugates utilizing an antibody fragment comprising hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A or hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35E as defined below. In an additional aspect, the invention encompasses any of the above-described conjugates utilizing an antibody fragment comprising hu6G4.2.5HV. Further encompassed herein are any of the above-described conjugates utilizing an antibody fragment comprising 6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A or 6G4.2.5LV/L1N35E and further comprising the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV as defined below. Also encompassed herein are any of the above described conjugates utilizing an antibody fragment comprising hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A or hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35E and further comprising hu6G4.2.5HV as defined below. Additionally encompassed herein are any of the above-described conjugates utilizing an antibody fragment comprising 6G4.2.5LV11N35A or 6G4.2.5LV11N35E as defined below. Further provided herein are any of the above-described conjugates utilizing an antibody fragment comprising 6G4.2.5LV11N35A or 6G4.2.5LV11N35E and further comprising 6G4.2.5HV11 as defined below.

a. Production of Antibody Fragments

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

Antibody fragments can be produced by any method known in the art. Generally, an antibody fragment is derived from a parental intact antibody. The parental antibody can be generated by raising polyclonal sera against the desired antigen by multiple subcutaneous (sc) or intraperitoneal (ip) injections of antigen and an adjuvant, such as monophosphoryl lipid A (MPL)/trehalose dicrynomycolate (TDM) (Ribi Immunochem. Research, Inc., Hamilton, MT), at multiple sites. Two weeks later the animals are boosted. 7 to 14 days later animals are bled and the serum is assayed for anti-antigen titer. Animals are boosted until titer plateaus. Sera are harvested from animals, and polyclonal antibodies are isolated from sera by conventional immunoglobulin purification procedures, such as protein A-Sepharose chromatography, hydroxylapatite chromatography, gel filtration, dialysis, or antigen affinity chromatography. The desired antibody fragments can be generated from purified polyclonal antibody preparations by conventional enzymatic methods, e.g. F(ab')₂ fragments are produced by pepsin cleavage of intact antibody, and Fab fragments are produced by briefly digesting intact antibody with papain.

Alternatively, antibody fragments are derived from monoclonal antibodies generated against the desired antigen. Monoclonal antibodies may be made using the hybridoma method first described by Kohler

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

et al., Nature, 256:495 (1975), or may be made by recombinant DNA methods (U.S. Patent No. 4,816,567).

In the hybridoma method, a mouse or other appropriate host animal, such as a hamster or macaque monkey, is immunized as hereinabove described to elicit lymphocytes that produce or are capable of producing antibodies that will specifically bind to the protein used for immunization. Alternatively, lymphocytes may be immunized *in vitro*. Lymphocytes then are fused with myeloma cells using a suitable fusing agent, such as polyethylene glycol, to form a hybridoma cell (Goding, *Monoclonal Antibodies: Principles and Practice*, pp.59-103 (Academic Press, 1986)).

The hybridoma cells thus prepared are seeded and grown in a suitable culture medium that preferably contains one or more substances that inhibit the growth or survival of the unfused, parental myeloma cells. For example, if the parental myeloma cells lack the enzyme hypoxanthine guanine phosphoribosyl transferase (HGPRT or HPRT), the culture medium for the hybridomas typically will include hypoxanthine, aminopterin, and thymidine (HAT medium), which substances prevent the growth of HGPRT-deficient cells.

Preferred myeloma cells are those that fuse efficiently, support stable high-level production of antibody by the selected antibody-producing cells, and are sensitive to a medium such as HAT medium. Among these, preferred myeloma cell lines are murine myeloma lines, such as those derived from MOP-21 and M.C.-11 mouse tumors available from the Salk Institute Cell Distribution Center, San Diego, California USA, and SP-2 or X63-Ag8-653 cells available from the American Type Culture Collection, Rockville, Maryland USA. Human myeloma and mouse-human heteromyeloma cell lines also have been described for the production of human monoclonal antibodies (Kozbor, J. Immunol., 133:3001 (1984); Brodeur et al., Monoclonal Antibody Production Techniques and Applications, pp. 51-63 (Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, 1987)).

Culture medium in which hybridoma cells are growing is assayed for production of monoclonal antibodies directed against the antigen. Preferably, the binding specificity of monoclonal antibodies produced by hybridoma cells is determined by immunoprecipitation or by an *in vitro* binding assay, such as radioimmunoassay (RIA) or enzyme-linked immunoabsorbent assay (ELISA).

The binding affinity of the monoclonal antibody can, for example, be determined by the Scatchard analysis of Munson et al., Anal. Biochem., 107:220 (1980).

After hybridoma cells are identified that produce antibodies of the desired specificity, affinity, and/or activity, the clones may be subcloned by limiting dilution procedures and grown by standard methods (Goding, *Monoclonal Antibodies: Principles and Practice*, pp.59-103 (Academic Press, 1986)). Suitable culture media for this purpose include, for example, D-MEM or RPMI-1640 medium. In addition, the hybridoma cells may be grown *in vivo* as ascites tumors in an animal.

The monoclonal antibodies secreted by the subclones are suitably separated from the culture medium, ascites fluid, or serum by conventional immunoglobulin purification procedures such as, for example, protein A-Sepharose, hydroxylapatite chromatography, gel electrophoresis, dialysis, or affinity chromatography.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

DNA encoding the monoclonal antibodies is readily isolated and sequenced using conventional procedures (e.g., by using oligonucleotide probes that are capable of binding specifically to genes encoding the heavy and light chains of the monoclonal antibodies). The hybridoma cells serve as a preferred source of such DNA. Once isolated, the DNA may be placed into expression vectors, which are then transfected into host cells such as *E. coli* cells, simian COS cells, Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells, or myeloma cells that do not otherwise produce immunoglobulin protein, to obtain the synthesis of monoclonal antibodies in the recombinant host cells. Review articles on recombinant expression in bacteria of antibody-encoding DNA include Skerra et al., Curr. Opinion in Immunol., 5: 256 (1993) and Pluckthun, Immunol. Revs., 130: 151 (1992).

In a preferred embodiment, the antibody fragment is derived from a humanized antibody. Methods for humanizing non-human antibodies are well known in the art. Generally, a humanized antibody has one or more amino acid residues introduced into it from a source which is non-human. These non-human amino acid residues are often referred to as "import" residues, which are typically taken from an "import" variable domain. It will be appreciated that variable domain sequences obtained from any non-human animal phage display library-derived. Fv. clone or from any non-human animal hybridoma-derived antibody clone provided as described herein can serve as the "import" variable domain used in the construction of the humanized antibodies of the invention. Humanization can be essentially performed following the method of Winter and co-workers (Jones et al., Nature, 321: 522 (1986); Riechmann et al., Nature, 332: 323 (1988); Verhoeyen et al., Science, 239: 1534 (1988)), by substituting non-human animal, e.g. rodent, CDRs or CDR sequences for the corresponding sequences of a human antibody. Accordingly, such "humanized" antibodies are chimeric antibodies (Cabilly et al., supra), wherein substantially less than an intact human variable domain has been substituted by the corresponding sequence from a non-human species. In practice, humanized antibodies are typically human antibodies in which some CDR residues and possibly some FR residues are substituted by residues from analogous sites in non-human animal, e.g. rodent, antibodies.

The choice of human variable domains, both light and heavy, to be used in making the humanized antibodies is very important to reduce antigenicity. According to the so-called "best-fit" method, the sequence of the variable domain of a non-human animal, e.g. rodent, antibody is screened against the entire library of known human variable-domain sequences. The human sequence which is closest to that of the non-human animal is then accepted as the human framework (FR) for the humanized antibody (Sims et al., J. Immunol., 151: 2296 (1993); Chothia and Lesk, J. Mol. Biol., 196: 901 (1987)). Another method uses a particular framework derived from the consensus sequence of all human antibodies of a particular subgroup light or heavy chains. The same framework can be used for several different humanized antibodies (Carter et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci USA, 89: 4285 (1992); Presta et al., J. Immunol., 151: 2623 (1993)).

It is also important that antibodies be humanized with retention of high affinity for the antigen and other

favorable biological properties. To achieve this goal, according to a preferred method, humanized antibodies are prepared by a process of analysis of the parental sequences and various conceptual humanized products using three-dimensional models of the parental and humanized sequences. Three-dimensional

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

immunoglobulin models are commonly available and are familiar to those skilled in the art. Computer programs are available which illustrate and display probable three-dimensional conformational structures of selected candidate immunoglobulin sequences. Inspection of these displays permits analysis of the likely role of the residues in the functioning of the candidate immunoglobulin sequence, i.e., the analysis of residues that influence the ability of the candidate immunoglobulin to bind to its antigen. In this way, FR residues can be selected and combined from the consensus and import sequences so that the desired antibody characteristic, such as increased affinity for the target antigen(s), is achieved. In general, the CDR residues are directly and most substantially involved in influencing antigen binding.

In addition, antibody fragments for use herein can be derived from human monoclonal antibodies. Human monoclonal antibodies against the antigen of interest can be made by the hybridoma method. Human myeloma and mouse-human heteromyeloma cell lines for the production of human monoclonal antibodies have been described, for example, by Kozbor J. Immunol., 133: 3001 (1984); Brodeur et al., Monoclonal Antibody Production Techniques and Applications, pp. 51-63 (Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, 1987); and Boerner et al., J. Immunol., 147: 86 (1991).

It is now possible to produce transgenic animals (e.g. mice) that are capable, upon immunization, of producing a full repertoire of human antibodies in the absence of endogenous immunoglobulin production. For example, it has been described that the homozygous deletion of the antibody heavy-chain joining region (JH) gene in chimeric and germ-line mutant mice results in complete inhibition of endogenous antibody production. Transfer of the human germ-line immunoglobulin gene array in such germ-line mutant mice will result in the production of human antibodies upon antigen challenge. See, e.g., Jakobovits et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci USA, 90: 2551 (1993); Jakobovits et al., Nature, 362: 255 (1993); Bruggermann et al., Year in Immunol., 7: 33 (1993).

Alternatively, phage display technology (McCafferty et al., Nature 348:552 (1990)) can be used to produce human antibodies and antibody fragments in vitro, from immunoglobulin variable (V) domain gene repertoires from unimmunized donors. According to this technique, antibody V domain genes are cloned inframe into either a major or minor coat protein gene of a filamentous bacteriophage, such as M13 or fd, and displayed as functional antibody fragments on the surface of the phage particle. Because the filamentous particle contains a single-stranded DNA copy of the phage genome, selections based on the functional properties of the antibody also result in selection of the gene encoding the antibody exhibiting those properties. Thus, the phage mimics some of the properties of the B-cell. Phage display can be performed in a variety of formats; for their review see, e.g., Johnson et al., Current Opinion in Structural Biology 3:564 (1993). Several sources of V-gene segments can be used for phage display. Clackson et al., Nature 352:624 (1991) isolated a diverse array of anti-oxazolone antibodies from a small random combinatorial library of V genes derived from the spleens of immunized mice. A repertoire of V genes from unimmunized human donors can be constructed and antibodies to a diverse array of antigens (including self-antigens) can be isolated essentially following the techniques described by Marks et al., J. Mol. Biol. 222:581 (1991), or Griffith et al., EMBO J. 12:725 (1993).

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

In a natural immune response, antibody genes accumulate mutations at a high rate (somatic hypermutation). Some of the changes introduced will confer higher affinity, and B cells displaying high-affinity surface immunoglobulin are preferentially replicated and differentiated during subsequent antigen challenge. This natural process can be mimicked by employing the technique known as "chain shuffling" (Marks et al., Bio/Technol. 10:779 (1992)). In this method, the affinity of "primary" human antibodies obtained by phage display can be improved by sequentially replacing the heavy and light chain V region genes with repertoires of naturally occurring variants (repertoires) of V domain genes obtained from unimmunized donors. This technique allows the production of antibodies and antibody fragments with affinities in the nM range. A strategy for making very large phage antibody repertoires has been described by Waterhouse et al., Nucl. Acids Res. 21:2265 (1993).

Gene shuffling can also be used to derive human antibodies from non-human, e.g. rodent, antibodies, where the human antibody has similar affinities and specificities to the starting non-human antibody. According to this method, which is also called "epitope imprinting", either the heavy or light chain variable region of a non-human antibody fragment obtained by phage display techniques as described above is replaced with a repertoire of human V domain genes, creating a population of non-human chain/human chain scFv or Fab chimeras. Selection with antigen results in isolation of a non-human chain/human chain chimeric scFv or Fab wherein the human chain restores the antigen binding site destroyed upon removal of the corresponding non-human chain in the primary phage display clone, i.e. the epitope governs (imprints) the choice of the human chain partner. When the process is repeated in order to replace the remaining non-human chain, a human antibody is obtained (see PCT WO 93/06213 published April 1, 1993). Unlike traditional humanization of non-human antibodies by CDR grafting, this technique provides completely human antibodies, which have no FR or CDR residues of non-human origin.

The invention also encompasses the use of bispecific and heteroconjugate antibody fragments having specificities for at least two different antigens. Bispecific and heteroconjugate antibodies can be prepared as full length antibodies or as antibody fragments (e.g. F(ab')₂ bispecific antibody fragments). Antibody fragments having more than two valencies (e.g. trivalent or higher valency antibody fragments) are also contemplated for use herein. Bispecific antibodies, heteroconjugate antibodies, and multi-valent antibodies can be prepared as described in Section (II)(3)(C) below.

As described above, DNA encoding the monoclonal antibody or antibody fragment of interest can be isolated from its hybridoma or phage display clone of origin, and then manipulated to create humanized and/or affinity matured constructs. In addition, known techniques can be employed to introduce an amino acid residue or residues into any desired location on the polypeptide backbone of the antibody fragment, e.g. a cysteine residue placed in the hinge region of the heavy chain, thereby providing a site for specific attachment of polymer molecule(s). In one embodiment, the native cysteine residue in either the light or heavy chain of the antibody fragment that would ordinarily form the disulfide bridge linking the light and heavy chains is substituted with another amino acid, such as serine, in order to leave the partner cysteine residue in the opposite chain with a free suflhydryl for specific attachment of polymer molecule.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

Upon construction of the desired antibody or antibody fragment-encoding clone, the clone can be used for recombinant production of the antibody fragment as described in Section (II)(4) below. Finally, the antibody or antibody fragment product can be recovered from host cell culture and purified as described in Section (II)(4)(F) below. In the case of embodiments utilizing an antibody fragment engineered to lack a cysteine residue that ordinarily forms the disulfide bridge between the light and heavy chains as described above, preferred recombinant production systems include bacterial expression and product recovery procedures utilizing the low pH osmotic shock method described in the "Alternative Fab'-SH Purification" section of Example T below. If a full length antibody is produced, the desired antibody fragment can be obtained therefrom by subjecting the intact antibody to enzymatic digestion according to known methods, e.g. as described in Section (II)(4)(G) below.

b. Construction of Antibody Fragment-Polymer Conjugates

The antibody fragment-polymer conjugates of the invention can be made by derivatizing the desired antibody fragment with an inert polymer. It will be appreciated that any inert polymer which provides the conjugate with the desired apparent size or which has the selected actual MW as taught herein is suitable for use in constructing the antibody fragment-polymer conjugates of the invention.

Many inert polymers are suitable for use in pharmaceuticals. See, e.g., Davis et al., Biomedical Polymers: Polymeric Materials and Pharmaceuticals for Biomedical Use, pp.441-451 (1980). In all embodiments of the invention, a non-proteinaceous polymer is used. The nonproteinaceous polymer ordinarily is a hydrophilic synthetic polymer, i.e., a polymer not otherwise found in nature. However, polymers which exist in nature and are produced by recombinant or in vitro methods are also useful, as are polymers which are isolated from native sources. Hydrophilic polyvinyl polymers fall within the scope of this invention, e.g. polyvinylalcohol and polyvinylpyrrolidone. Particularly useful are polyalkylene ethers such as polyethylene glycol (PEG); polyoxyalkylenes such as polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene, and block copolymers of polyoxyethylene and polyoxypropylene (Pluronics); polymethacrylates; carbomers; branched or unbranched polysaccharides which comprise the saccharide monomers D-mannose, D- and Lgalactose, fucose, fructose, D-xylose, L-arabinose, D-glucuronic acid, sialic acid, D-galacturonic acid, Dmannuronic acid (e.g. polymannuronic acid, or alginic acid), D-glucosamine, D-galactosamine, D-glucose and neuraminic acid including homopolysaccharides and heteropolysaccharides such as lactose, amylopectin, starch, hydroxyethyl starch, amylose, dextrane sulfate, dextran, dextrins, glycogen, or the polysaccharide subunit of acid mucopolysaccharides, e.g. hyaluronic acid; polymers of sugar alcohols such as polysorbitol and polymannitol; heparin or heparon. The polymer prior to cross-linking need not be, but preferably is, water soluble, but the final conjugate must be water soluble. Preferably, the conjugate exhibits a water solubility of at least about 0.01 mg/ml, and more preferably at least about 0.1 mg/ml, and still more preferably at least about 1 mg/ml. In addition, the polymer should not be highly immunogenic in the conjugate form, nor should it possess viscosity that is incompatible with intravenous infusion or injection if the conjugate is intended to be administered by such routes.

In one embodiment, the polymer contains only a single group which is reactive. This helps to

avoid cross-linking of protein molecules. However, it is within the scope herein to maximize reaction conditions to reduce cross-linking, or to purify the reaction products through gel filtration or ion exchange chromatography to recover substantially homogenous derivatives. In other embodiments, the polymer contains two or more reactive groups for the purpose of linking multiple antibody fragments to the polymer backbone. Again, gel filtration or ion exchange chromatography can be used to recover the desired derivative in substantially homogeneous form.

The molecular weight of the polymer can range up to about 500,000 D, and preferably is at least about 20,000 D, or at least about 30,000 D, or at least about 40,000 D. The molecular weight chosen can depend upon the effective size of the conjugate to be achieved, the nature (e.g. structure, such as linear or branched) of the polymer, and the degree of derivatization, i.e. the number of polymer molecules per antibody fragment, and the polymer attachment site or sites on the antibody fragment.

10

15

20

25

30

35

The polymer can be covalently linked to the antibody fragment through a multifunctional crosslinking agent which reacts with the polymer and one or more amino acid residues of the antibody fragment to be linked. However, it is also within the scope of the invention to directly crosslink the polymer by reacting a derivatized polymer with the antibody fragment, or vice versa.

The covalent crosslinking site on the antibody fragment includes the N-terminal amino group and epsilon amino groups found on lysine residues, as well as other amino, imino, carboxyl, sulfhydryl, hydroxyl or other hydrophilic groups. The polymer may be covalently bonded directly to the antibody fragment without the use of a multifunctional (ordinarily bifunctional) crosslinking agent. Covalent binding to amino groups is accomplished by known chemistries based upon cyanuric chloride, carbonyl diimidazole, aldehyde reactive groups (PEG alkoxide plus diethyl acetal of bromoacetaldehyde; PEG plus DMSO and acetic anhydride, or PEG chloride plus the phenoxide of 4-hydroxybenzaldehyde, activated succinimidyl esters, activated dithiocarbonate PEG, 2,4,5-trichlorophenylcloroformate or P-nitrophenylcloroformate activated PEG.) Carboxyl groups are derivatized by coupling PEG-amine using carbodiimide. Sulfhydryl groups are derivatized by coupling to maleimido-substituted PEG (e.g. alkoxy-PEG amine plus sulfosuccinimidyl 4-(N-maleimidomethyl)cyclohexane-1-carboxylate) as described in WO 97/10847 published March 27, 1997, or PEG-maleimide commercially available from Shearwater Polymers, Inc., Huntsville, AL). Alternatively, free amino groups on the antibody fragment (e.g. epsilon amino groups on lysine residues) can be thiolated with 2-imino-thiolane (Traut's reagent) and then coupled to maleimide-containing derivatives of PEG as described in Pedley et al., Br. J. Cancer, 70: 1126-1130 (1994).

The polymer will bear a group which is directly reactive with an amino acid side chain, or the N- or C-terminus of the polypeptide linked, or which is reactive with the multifunctional cross-linking agent. In general, polymers bearing such reactive groups are known for the preparation of immobilized proteins. In order to use such chemistries here, one should employ a water soluble polymer otherwise derivatized in the same fashion as insoluble polymers heretofore employed for protein immobilization. Cyanogen bromide activation is a particularly useful procedure to employ in crosslinking polysaccharides.

"Water soluble" in reference to the starting polymer means that the polymer or its reactive

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

intermediate used for conjugation is sufficiently water soluble to participate in a derivatization reaction.

The degree of substitution with such a polymer will vary depending upon the number of reactive sites on the antibody fragment, the molecular weight, hydrophilicity and other characteristics of the polymer, and the particular antibody fragment derivatization sites chosen. In general, the conjugate contains from 1 to about 10 polymer molecules, but greater numbers of polymer molecules attached to the antibody fragments of the invention are also contemplated. The desired amount of derivatization is easily achieved by using an experimental matrix in which the time, temperature and other reaction conditions are varied to change the degree of substitution, after which the level of polymer substitution of the conjugates is determined by size exclusion chromatography or other means known in the art.

The polymer, e.g. PEG, is cross-linked to the antibody fragment by a wide variety of methods known per se for the covalent modification of proteins with nonproteinaceous polymers such as PEG. Certain of these methods, however, are not preferred for the purposes herein. Cyanuronic chloride chemistry leads to many side reactions, including protein cross-linking. In addition, it may be particularly likely to lead to inactivation of proteins containing sulfhydryl groups. Carbonyl diimidazole chemistry (Beauchamp et al., Anal Biochem. 131, 25-33 [1983]) requires high pH (>8.5), which can inactivate proteins. Moreover, since the "activated PEG" intermediate can react with water, a very large molar excess of "activated PEG" over protein is required. The high concentrations of PEG required for the carbonyl diimidazole chemistry also led to problems in purification, as both gel filtration chromatography and hydrophilic interaction chromatography are adversely affected. In addition, the high concentrations of "activated PEG" may precipitate protein, a problem that per se has been noted previously (Davis, U.S. Patent No. 4,179,337). On the other hand, aldehyde chemistry (Royer, U.S. Patent No. 4,002,531) is more efficient since it requires only a 40-fold molar excess of PEG and a 1-2 hr incubation. However, the manganese dioxide suggested by Royer for preparation of the PEG aldehyde is problematic "because of the pronounced tendency of PEG to form complexes with metal-based oxidizing agents" (Harris et al., J. Polym. Sci. Polym. Chem. Ed. 22, 341-52 [1984]). The use of a Moffatt oxidation, utilizing DMSO and acetic anhydride, obviates this problem. In addition, the sodium borohydride suggested by Royer must be used at high pH and has a significant tendency to reduce disulfide bonds. cyanoborohydride, which is effective at neutral pH and has very little tendency to reduce disulfide bonds is preferred. In another preferred embodiment, maleimido-activated PEG is used for coupling to free thiols on the antibody fragment.

Functionalized PEG polymers to modify the antibody fragments of the invention are available from Shearwater Polymers, Inc. (Huntsville, AL). Such commercially available PEG derivatives include, but are not limited to, amino-PEG, PEG amino acid esters, PEG-hydrazide, PEG-thiol, PEG-succinate, carboxymethylated PEG, PEG-propionic acid, PEG amino acids, PEG succinimidyl succinate, PEG succinimidyl propionate, succinimidyl ester of carboxymethylated PEG, succinimidyl carbonate of PEG, succinimidyl esters of amino acid PEGs, PEG-oxycarbonylimidaz le, PEG-nitrophenyl carbonate, PEG tresylate, PEG-glycidyl ether, PEG-aldehyde, PEG vinylsulfone, PEG-maleimide, PEG-orthopyridyl-

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

disulfide, heterofunctional PEGs, PEG vinyl derivatives, PEG silanes, and PEG phospholides. The reaction conditions for coupling these PEG derivatives will vary depending on the protein, the desired degree of PEGylation, and the PEG derivative utilized. Some factors involved in the choice of PEG derivatives include: the desired point of attachment (such as lysine or cysteine R-groups), hydrolytic stability and reactivity of the derivatives, stability, toxicity and antigenicity of the linkage, suitability for analysis, etc. Specific instructions for the use of any particular derivative are available from the manufacturer.

The conjugates of this invention are separated from the unreacted starting materials by gel filtratin or ion exchange HPLC. Heterologous species of the conjugates are purified from one another in the same fashion.

The conjugates may also be purified by ion-exchange chromatography. The chemistry of many of the electrophilically activated PEG's results in a reduction of amino group charge of the PEGylated product. Thus, high resolution ion exchange chromatography can be used to separate the free and conjugated proteins, and to resolve species with different levels of PEGylation. In fact, the resolution of different species (e.g. containing one or two PEG residues) is also possible due to the difference in the ionic properties of the unreacted amino acids. In one embodiment, species with difference levels of PEGylation are resolved according to the methods described in WO 96/34015 (International Application No. PCT/US96/05550 published October 31, 1996).

In a preferred embodiment, the conjugate is generated by utilizing the derivatization and purification methods described in Section (T) of the Examples below.

In one aspect, the invention provides any of the above-described conjugates formed by its component parts, i.e. one or more antibody fragment(s) covalently attached to one or more polymer molecule(s), without any extraneous matter in the covalent molecular structure of the conjugate.

c. Other Derivatives of Large Effective Size Conjugates

In another aspect, any of the above-described conjugates can be modified to contain one or more component(s) in addition to the antibody fragment component(s) and polymer component(s) that f rm the conjugate, wherein the modification does not alter the essential functional property of the conjugate, namely, the substantially improved serum half-life, MRT and/or serum clearance rate as compared to that of the parental antibody fragment from which the conjugate is derived. In one embodiment, the invention provides any of the above-described conjugates modified to incorporate one or more nonproteinaceous functional group(s). For example, the conjugate can be modified to incorporate nonproteinaceous labels or reporter molecules, such as radiolabels, including any radioactive substance used in medical treatment or imaging or used as an effector function or tracer in an animal model, such as radioisotopic labels ⁹⁹Tc, ⁹⁰Y, ¹¹¹In, ³²P, ¹⁴C, ¹²⁵I, ³H, ¹³¹I, ¹¹C, ¹⁵O, ¹³N, ¹⁸F, ³⁵S, ⁵¹Cr, ⁵⁷To, ²²⁶Ra, ⁶⁰Co, ⁵⁹Fe, ⁷⁵Se, ¹⁵²Eu, ⁶⁷Cu, ²¹⁷Ci, ²¹¹At, ²¹²Pb, ⁴⁷Sc, ¹⁰⁹Pd, ²³⁴Th, ⁴⁰K, and the like, non-radioisotopic labels such as ¹⁵⁷Gd, ⁵⁵Mn, ⁵²Tr, ⁵⁶Fe, etc., fluroescent or chemiluminescent labels, including fluorophores such as rare earth chelates, fluorescein and its derivatives, rhodamine and its derivatives, isothiocyanate, phycoerythrin, phycocyanin,

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

allophycocyanin, o-phthaladehyde, fluorescamine, ¹⁵²Eu, dansyl, umbelliferone, luciferin, luminal label, isoluminal label, an aromatic acridinium ester label, an imidazole label, an acridimium salt label, an oxalate ester label, an aequorin label, 2,3-dihydrophthalazinediones, biotin/avidin, spin labels, stable free radicals, and the like.

Conventional methods are available to bind these labels covalently to the polypeptide antibody fragment or polymer component of the conjugate. In one aspect, any conjugate of the invention is modified by derivatizing the antibody fragment component with any of the above-described non-proteinaceous labels, wherein the label is directly or indirectly (through a coupling agent) attached to the antibody fragment, and wherein such derivatization of the antibody fragment does not contribute or introduce any polymer moiety into the molecular structure of the conjugate. For instance, coupling agents such as dialdehydes, carbodilimides, dimaleimides, bis-imidates, bis-diazotized benzidine, and the like can be used to tag the antibody fragment with the above-described fluorescent or chemiluminescent labels. See, for example, U.S. Pat. No. 3,940,475 (fluorimetry), Morrison, Meth. Enzymol., 32b, 103 (1974), Svyanen et al., J. Biol. Chem., 284, 3762 (1973), and Bolton and Hunter, Biochem. J., 133, 529 (1973).

In the case of embodiments utilizing radiolabels, both direct and indirect labeling can be used to incorporate the selected radionuclide into the conjugate. As used herein in the context of radiolabeling, the phrases "indirect labeling" and "indirect labeling approach" both mean that a chelating agent is covalently attached to the antibody fragment moiety or polymer moiety of the conjugate and at least one raidonuclide is inserted into the chelating agent. Preferred chelating agents and radionuclides are set forth in Srivagtava, S.C. and Mease, R.C., "Progress in Research on Ligands, Nuclides and Techniques for Labeling Monoclonal Antibodies," Nucl. Med. Bio., 18(6): 589-603 (1991). A particularly preferred chelating agent is 1isothiocycmatobenzyl-3-methyldiothelene triaminepent acetic acid ("MX-DTPA"). As used herein in the context of radiolabeling, the phrases "direct labeling" and "direct labeling approach" both mean that a radionuclide is covalently attached directly to the antibody fragment moiety (typically via an amino acid residue) or to the polymer moiety of the conjugate. Preferred radionuclides for use in direct labeling of conjugate are provided in Srivagtava and Mease, supra. In one embodiment, the conjugate is directly labeled with 1311 covalently attached to tyrosine residues. In another embodiment, the antibody fragment component of the conjugate is directly or indirectly labeled with any of the above-described radiolabels, wherein such labeling of the antibody fragment does not contribute or introduce any polymer moiety into the molecular structure of the conjugate.

d. Therapeutic Compositions and Administration of Large Effective Size Conjugates

The conjugate of the invention is useful for treating the disease indications that are treated with the parent intact antibody. For example, a conjugate derived from an anti-IL-8 antibody or fragment is useful in the treatment of inflammatory disorders as described in Section (II)(5)(B) below. Therapeutic formulations of the conjugate of the invention can be prepared by utilizing the same procedures described for the formulation of the anti-IL-8 antibodies and fragments of the invention in Section (II)(5)(B) below. The conjugate of the invention can be administered in place of the parent antibody for a given disease indication

by modifying the formulation, dosage, administration protocol, and other aspects of a therapeutic regimen as required by the different pharmacodynamic characteristics of the conjugate and as dictated by common medical knowledge and practice.

e. Reagent Uses for Large Effective Size Conjugates

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

The conjugate of the invention also finds application as a reagent in an animal model system for in vivo study of the biological functions of the antigen recognized by the conjugate. The conjugate would enable the practitioner to inactivate or detect the cognate antigen in circulation or in tissue for a far greater period of time than would be possible with art-known constructs while removing any Fc interaction (which could attend the use of an intact antibody) from the system. In addition, the increased half-life of the conjugate of the invention can be applied advantageously to the induction of tolerance for the underivatized antibody fragment in a test animal by employing the Wie et al., Int. Archs. Allergy Appl. Immunol., 64: 84-99 (1981) method for allergen tolerization, which would permit the practitioner to repeatedly challenge the tolerized animal with the underivatized parental antibody fragment without generating an immune response against the parental fragment.

2. HUMANIZED 6G4.2.5 MONOCLONAL ANTIBODIES AND ANTIBODY FRAGMENTS

In one embodiment, the invention provides an antibody fragment or full length antibody comprising a heavy chain comprising the amino acid sequence of amino acids 1-230 (herein referred to as "6G4.2.5HV11") of the humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5v11 heavy chain polypeptide amino acid sequence of Figs. 37A-37B (SEQ ID NO: 75).

The invention encompasses a single chain antibody fragment comprising the 6G4.2.5HV11, with or without any additional amino acid sequence. In one embodiment, the invention provides a single chain antibody fragment comprising the 6G4.2.5HV11 without any associated light chain amino acid sequence, i.e. a single chain species that makes up one half of a Fab fragment.

Further provided herein are an antibody or antibody fragment comprising the 6G4.2.5HV11, and further comprising a light chain comprising the amino acid sequence of amino acids 1-219 (herein referred to as "6G4.2.5LV11") of the humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5v11 light chain polypeptide amino acid sequence of Fig. 31B (SEQ ID NO: 65).

In one embodiment, the invention provides a single chain antibody fragment wherein the 6G4.2.5HV11 and the 6G4.2.5LV11 are contained in a single chain polypeptide species. In a preferred embodiment, the single chain antibody fragment comprises the 6G4.2.5HV11 joined to the 6G4.2.5LV11 by means of a flexible peptide linker sequence, wherein the heavy chain and light chain domains can associate in a "dimeric" structure analogous to that formed in a two-chain Fab species. In another embodiment, the single chain antibody fragment is a species comprising the 6G4.2.5HV11 joined to the 6G4.2.5LV11 by a linker that is too short to permit intramolecular pairing of complementary domains, i.e. a single chain polypeptide monomer that forms a diabody upon dimerization with another monomer.

In yet another embodiment, the invention provides an antibody fragment comprising a plurality of polypeptide chains, wherein one polypeptide chain comprises the 6G4.2.5HV11 and a second polypeptide

chain comprises the 6G4.2.5LV11 and the two polypeptide chains are covalently linked by one or more interchain disulfide bonds. In a preferred embodiment, the foregoing two-chain antibody fragment is selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', Fab'-SH, and F(ab') 2.

The invention also provides an antibody or antibody fragment comprising a heavy chain containing the 6G4.2.5HV11 and optionally further comprising a light chain containing the 6G4.2.5LV11, wherein the heavy chain, and optionally the light chain, is (are) fused to an additional moiety, such as additional immunoglobulin constant domain sequence. Constant domain sequence can be added to the heavy chain and/or light chain sequence(s) to form species with full or partial length heavy and/or light chain(s). It will be appreciated that constant regions of any isotype can be used for this purpose, including IgG, IgM, IgA, IgD, and IgE constant regions, and that such constant regions can be obtained from any human or animal species. Preferably, the constant domain sequence is human in origin. Suitable human constant domain sequences can be obtained from Kabat *et al.* (supra).

In a preferred embodiment, the antibody or antibody fragment comprises the 6G4.2.5HV11 in a heavy chain that is fused to or contains a leucine zipper sequence. The leucine zipper can increase the affinity and/or production efficiency of the antibody or antibody fragment of interest. Suitable leucine zipper sequences include the jun and fos leucine zippers taught by Kostelney et al., J. Immunol., 148: 1547-1553 (1992) and the GCN4 leucine zipper described in the Examples below. In a preferred embodiment, the antibody or antibody fragment comprises the 6G4.2.5HV11 fused at its C-terminus to the GCN4 leucine zipper to yield the amino acid sequence of amino acids 1-275 (herein referred to as "6G4.2.5HV11GCN4") of the heavy chain polypeptide amino acid sequence of Figs. 37A-37B (SEQ ID NO: 75).

3. <u>VARIANTS OF HUMANIZED 6G4.2.5 MONOCLONAL ANTIBODIES AND ANTIBODY</u> <u>FRAGMENTS</u>

The invention additionally encompasses humanized anti-IL-8 monoclonal antibody and antibody fragments comprising variants of the 6G4.2.5 complementarity determining regions (CDRs) or variants of the 6G4.2.5v11 variable domains which exhibit higher affinity for human IL-8 and/or possess properties that yield greater efficiency in recombinant production processes.

A. 6G4.2.5LV VARIANTS

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

In one aspect, the invention provides humanized anti-IL-8 monoclonal antibodies and antibody fragments comprising the complementarity determining regions (referred to herein as the "CDRs of 6G4.2.5LV") L1, L2, and L3 of the 6G4.2.5 light chain variable domain amino acid sequence of Fig. 24, wherein L1 corresponds to amino acids 24-39 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24, L2 corresponds to amino acids 55-61 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48), and L3 corresponds to amino acids 94-102 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48).

In addition, the invention provides a variant 6G4.2.5 humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprising a humanized light chain variable domain comprising a variant (hereinafter referred to a "6G4.2.5LV CDRs variant") of the complementarity determining regions L1, L2, and L3 of the 6G4.2.5 variable light chain domain amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48). In one embodiment, the

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

invention provides a variant 6G4.2.5 humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprising a 6G4.2.5LV CDRs variant (herein referred to as "6G4.2.5LV/L1N35X35") wherein L1 corresponds to amino acids 24-39 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Asn (denoted as "X35") is substituted for Asn at amino acid position 35, L2 corresponds to amino acids 55-61 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48), and L3 corresponds to amino acids 94-102 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48). In a preferred embodiment, the invention provides a variant 6G4.2.5 humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprising a 6G4.2.5LV CDRs variant (herein referred to as "6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A") wherein L1 corresponds to amino acids 24-39 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Asn at amino acid position 35, L2 corresponds to amino acids 55-61 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48), and L3 corresponds to amino acids 94-102 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48). In another preferred embodiment, the invention provides a variant 6G4.2.5 humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprising a 6G4.2.5LV CDRs variant (herein referred to as "6G4.2.5LV/L1N35E") wherein L1 corresponds to amino acids 24-39 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asn at amino acid position 35, L2 corresponds to amino acids 55-61 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48), and L3 corresponds to amino acids 94-102 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48).

In a second aspect, the invention provides a variant 6G4.2.5 humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprising a 6G4.2.5LV CDRs variant (herein referred to as "6G4.2.5LV/L1S26X₂₆") wherein L1 corresponds to amino acids 24-39 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "X₂₆") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 26, L2 corresponds to amino acids 55-61 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48), and L3 corresponds to amino acids 94-102 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48). In a preferred embodiment, the invention provides a variant 6G4.2.5 humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprising a 6G4.2.5LV CDRs variant (herein referred to as "6G4.2.5LV/L1S26A") wherein L1 corresponds to amino acids 24-39 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 26, L2 corresponds to amino acids 55-61 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48), and L3 corresponds to amino acids 94-102 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48).

In a third aspect, the invention provides a variant 6G4.2.5 humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprising a 6G4.2.5LV CDRs variant (herein referred to as "6G4.2.5LV/L3H98X₉₈") wherein L1 corresponds to amino acids 24-39 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48), L2 corresponds to amino acids 55-61 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48), and L3 corresponds to amino acids 94-102 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48) with the proviso that any amino acid other than His (denoted as "X₉₈") is substituted for His at amino acid position 98. In a

preferred embodiment, the invention provides a variant 6G4.2.5 humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprising a 6G4.2.5LV CDRs variant (herein referred to as "6G4.2.5LV/L3H98A") wherein L1 corresponds to amino acids 24-39 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48), L2 corresponds to amino acids 55-61 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48), and L3 corresponds to amino acids 94-102 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for His at amino acid position 98.

In a fourth aspect, the invention provides a variant 6G4.2.5 humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprising a 6G4.2.5LV CDRs variant (herein referred to as "6G4.2.5LV/L1S26X₂₆,N35X₃₅") wherein L1 corresponds to amino acids 24-39 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "X₂₆") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 26 and any amino acid other than Asn (denoted as "X₃₅") is substituted for Asn at amino acid position 35, L2 corresponds to amino acids 55-61 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48), and L3 corresponds to amino acids 94-102 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48). In a preferred embodiment, the invention provides a variant 6G4.2.5 humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprising a 6G4.2.5LV CDRs variant (herein referred to as "6G4.2.5LV/L1S26A,N35A") wherein L1 corresponds to amino acids 24-39 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 26 and Ala is substituted for Asn at amino acid position 35, L2 corresponds to amino acids 55-61 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48), and L3 corresponds to amino acids 94-102 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48).

10

15

20

25

30

35

In a fifth aspect, the invention provides a variant 6G4.2.5 humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprising a 6G4.2.5LV CDRs variant (herein referred to as "6G4.2.5LV/L1N35X₃₅/L3H98X₉₈") wherein L1 corresponds to amino acids 24-39 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Asn (denoted as "X₃₅") is substituted for Asn at amino acid position 35, L2 corresponds to amino acids 55-61 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48), and L3 corresponds to amino acids 94-102 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48) with the proviso that any amino acid other than His (denoted as "X₉₈") is substituted for His at amino acid position 98. In a preferred embodiment, the invention provides a variant 6G4.2.5 humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprising a 6G4.2.5LV CDRs variant (herein referred to as "6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A/L3H98A") wherein L1 corresponds to amino acids 24-39 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Asn at amino acid position 35, L2 corresponds to amino acids 55-61 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for His at amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for His at amino acid position 98.

In a sixth aspect, the invention provides a variant 6G4.2.5 humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprising a 6G4.2.5LV CDRs variant (herein referred to as "6G4.2.5LV/L1S26X₂₆/L3H98X₉₈")

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

wherein L1 corresponds to amino acids 24-39 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "X₂₆") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 26, L2 corresponds to amino acids 55-61 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48), and L3 corresponds to amino acids 94-102 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48) with the proviso that any amino acid other than His (denoted as "X₉₈") is substituted for His at amino acid position 98. In a preferred embodiment, the invention provides a variant 6G4.2.5 humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprising a 6G4.2.5LV CDRs variant (herein referred to as "6G4.2.5LV/L1S26A/L3H98A") wherein L1 corresponds to amino acids 24-39 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 26, L2 corresponds to amino acids 55-61 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48), and L3 corresponds to amino acids 94-102 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for His at amino acid position 98.

In a seventh aspect, the invention provides a variant 6G4.2.5 humanized antibody or antibody 6G4.2.5LV **CDRs** variant (here referred fragment comprising to "6G4.2.5LV/L1S26X₂₆,N35X₃₅/L3H98X₉₈") wherein L1 corresponds to amino acids 24-39 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as " X_{26} ") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 26 and any amino acid other than Asn (denoted as " X_{35} ") is substituted for Asn at amino acid position 35, L2 corresponds to amino acids 55-61 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48), and L3 corresponds to amino acids 94-102 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48) with the proviso that any amino acid other than His (denoted as " X_{08} ") is substituted for His at amino acid position 98. In a preferred embodiment, the invention provides a variant 6G4.2.5 humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprising a 6G4.2.5LV CDRs variant (here referred to as "6G4.2.5LV/L1S26A,N35A/L3H98A") wherein L1 corresponds to amino acids 24-39 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 26 and Ala is substituted for Asn at amino acid position 35, L2 corresponds to amino acids 55-61 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48), and L3 corresponds to amino acids 94-102 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for His at amino acid position 98.

The humanized light chain variable domains of the invention can be constructed by using any of the techniques for antibody humanization known in the art. Humanization can be essentially performed following the method of Winter and co-workers (Jones et al., Nature 321:522 (1986); Riechmann et al., Nature 332:323 (1988); Verhoeyen et al., Science 239:1534 (1988)), by substituting the CDRs of 6G4.2.5LV or the CDRs of a 6G4.2.5LV CDRs variant for the corresponding sequences of a human antibody light chain variable domain. Accordingly, such "humanized" derivatives containing the CDRs of 6G4.2.5LV or the CDRs of a 6G4.2.5VL CDRs variant are chimeric (Cabilly et al., supra). The humanized

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

light chain variable domain comprising the CDRs of 6G4.2.5LV or the CDRs of a 6G4.2.5LV CDRs variant can also contain some FR residues that are substituted by residues from analogous sites in the murine 6G4.2.5 antibody light chain variable domain ("6G4.2.5LV"). The complete amino acid sequence of 6G4.2.5LV is set out as amino acids 1-114 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 24 (SEQ ID NO: 48).

The invention further provides a humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprising a humanized light chain variable domain comprising the CDRs of 6G4.2.5LV or the CDRs of a 6G4.2.5LV CDRs variant as described above, and further comprising a humanized heavy chain variable domain comprising the complementarity determining regions (CDRs) H1, H2, and H3 of the 6G4.2.5 (murine monoclonal antibody) variable heavy chain domain amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), wherein H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), wherein H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), and wherein H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50). The above-described H1, H2, and H3 CDRs of the 6G4.2.5 heavy chain variable domain ("6G4.2.5HV") are collectively referred to as the "CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV".

In another embodiment, the invention provides a humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprising a humanized light chain variable domain comprising the CDRs of 6G4.2.5LV or the CDRs of a 6G4.2.5LV CDRs variant as described above, and further comprising a humanized heavy chain variable domain comprising a variant (herein referred to as a "6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant") of the H1, H2, and H3 CDRs of the 6G4.2.5 (murine monoclonal antibody) variable heavy chain domain amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50). In one 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁"), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "Z₃₁") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50). In a preferred 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A"), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50). With the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50).

In a second 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H2S54Z₅₄"). H1 corresponds to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "Z₅₄") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50). In a preferred 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H2S54A"), H1 corresponds to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50).

In a third 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H3D100E"), wherein H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), wherein H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), and wherein H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 100.

In a fourth 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H3R102K"), wherein H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), wherein H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), and wherein H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Lys is substituted for Arg at amino acid position 102.

In a fifth 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H3D106E"), wherein H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), wherein H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), and wherein H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 106.

In a seventh 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H3D100E,R102K"), wherein H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), wherein H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), and wherein H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 100 and Lys is substituted for Arg at amino acid position 102.

In an eighth 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H3R102K,D106E"), wherein H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), wherein H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), and wherein H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Lys is substituted for Arg at amino acid position 102 and Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 106.

In a ninth 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H3D100E,D106E"), wherein H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), wherein H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), and wherein H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 100 and Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 106.

In a tenth 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H3D100E,R102K,D106E"),

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

wherein H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), wherein H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), and wherein H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 100, Lys is substituted for Arg at amino acid position 102, and Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 106.

In an eleventh 6G4.2.5HV **CDRs** variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z31/H2S54Z54"), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "Z31") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "Z₅₄") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50). In a preferred 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A"), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50).

In a twelfth 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H3D100E"), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "Z₃₁") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 100. In a preferred 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H3D100E"), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 100.

In a thirteenth 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H3R102K"), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as " Z_{31} ") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Lys is substituted for Arg at amino acid position 102. In a preferred 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H3R102K"), H1

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Lys is substituted for Arg at amino acid position 102.

A fourteenth 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H3D106E"), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "Z₃₁") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 106. In a preferred 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H3D106E"), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 106.

as herein (referred to 6G4.2.5HV **CDRs** variant fifteenth "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z31/H3D100E,R102K"), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "Z₃₁") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 100 and Lys is substituted for Arg at amino acid position 102. In a preferred 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H3D100E,R102K"), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 100 and Lys is substituted for Arg at amino acid position 102.

In a sixteenth 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H3R102K,D106E"), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "Z₃₁") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Lys is substituted for Arg at amino acid position

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

102 and Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 106. In a preferred 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H3R102K,D106E"), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Lys is substituted for Arg at amino acid position 102 and Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 106.

(referred herein **CDRs** variant to as 6G4.2.5HV In a seventeenth "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H3D100E,D106E"), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "Z₃₁") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 100 and Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 106. In a preferred 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H3D100E,D106E"), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 100 and Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 106.

(referred to herein as **CDRs** variant eighteenth 6G4.2.5HV In an "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z31/H3D100E,R102K,D106E"), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "Z₃₁") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 100, Lys is substituted for Arg at amino acid position 102 and Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid In a preferred 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to position "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H3D100E,R102K,D106E"), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 100, Lys is substituted for Arg at amino acid position 102 and Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 106.

In a nineteenth 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H2S54Z₅₄/H3D100E"), H1 corresponds to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of

10

15

20

25

30

35

Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as " Z_{54} ") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 100. In a preferred 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H2S54A/H3D100E"), H1 corresponds to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 100.

In a twentieth 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H2S54Z₅₄/H3R102K"), H1 corresponds to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "Z₅₄") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Lys is substituted for Arg at amino acid position 102. In a preferred 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H2S54A/H3R102K"), H1 corresponds to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Lys is substituted for Arg at amino acid position 102.

(referred herein as In twenty-first 6G4.2.5HV **CDRs** variant "6G4.2.5HV/H2S54Z₅₄/H3D106E"), H1 corresponds to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "Z₅₄") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 106. In a preferred 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H2S54A/H3D106E"), H1 corresponds to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 106.

In a twenty-second 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H2S54Z₅₄/H3D100E,R102K"), H1 corresponds to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "Z₅₄") is

5

10

15

20

25

35

substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 100 and Lys is substituted for Arg at amino acid position 102. In a preferred 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H2S54A/H3D100E,R102K"), H1 corresponds to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 100 and Lys is substituted for Arg at amino acid position 102.

In twenty-third 6G4.2.5HV **CDRs** variant (referred herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H2S54Z₅₄/H3R102K,D106E"), H1 corresponds to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "Z₅₄") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Lys is substituted for Arg at amino acid position 102 and Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 106. In a preferred 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H2S54A/H3R102K,D106E"), H1 corresponds to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Lys is substituted for Arg at amino acid position 102 and Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 106.

In twenty-fourth 6G4.2.5HV **CDRs** variant (referred herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H2S54Z₅₄/H3D100E,D106E"), H1 corresponds to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "Z₅₄") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 100 and Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 106. In a preferred 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H2S54A/H3D100E,D106E"), H1 corresponds to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 100 and Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 106.

In a twenty-fifth 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as

"6G4.2.5HV/H2S54Z₅₄/H3D100E,R102K,D106E"), H1 corresponds to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "Z₅₄") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 100, Lys is substituted for Arg at amino acid position 102 and Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to In a preferred position "6G4.2.5HV/H2S54A/H3D100E,R102K,D106E"), H1 corresponds to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50), H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 100, Lys is substituted for Arg at amino acid position 102 and Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 106.

10

15

20

25

30

(referred herein as 6G4.2.5HV **CDRs** variant twenty-sixth ln "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z31/H2S54Z54/H3D100E"), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "Z₃₁") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "Z₅₄") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino In a preferred 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to acid position "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A/H3D100E"), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 100.

In a twenty-seventh 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H2S54Z₅₄/H3R102K"), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "Z₃₁") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "Z₅₄") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Lys is substituted for Arg at amino

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

acid position 102. In a preferred 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A/H3R102K"), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Lys is substituted for Arg at amino acid position 102.

variant (referred to herein as 6G4.2.5HV **CDRs** twenty-eighth In а "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H2S54Z₅₄/H3D106E"), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "Z₃₁") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "Z₅₄") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino In a preferred 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as 106. acid position "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A/H3D106E"), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 106.

(referred to herein as **CDRs** variant 6G4.2.5HV In twenty-ninth " $6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z_{31}/H2S54Z_{54}/H3D100E,R102K$ "), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "Z₃₁") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "Z₅₄") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 100 and Lys is substituted for Arg at amino acid position 102. In a preferred 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A/H3D100E,R102K"), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 100 and Lys is substituted for Arg at amino

acid position 102.

5

10

15

20

25

30

(referred 6G4.2.5HV **CDRs** variant herein thirtieth ln "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z31/H2S54Z54/H3R102K,D106E"), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "Z₃₁") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "Z₅₄") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Lys is substituted for Arg at amino acid position 102 and Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 106. In a preferred 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A/H3R102K,D106E"), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Lys is substituted for Arg at amino acid position 102 and Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 106.

In thirty-first 6G4.2.5HV **CDRs** variant (referred herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z31/H2S54Z54/H3D100E,D106E"), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "Z₃₁") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "Z₅₄") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 100 and Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 106. In a preferred 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A/H3D100E,D106E"), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 100 and Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 106.

In a thirty-second 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H2S54Z₅₄/H3D100E,R102K,D106E"), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser

(denoted as "Z₃₁") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as "Z₅₄") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 100, Lys is substituted for Arg at amino acid position 102 and Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 106. In a preferred 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant (referred to herein as "6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A/H3D100E,R102K,D106E"), H1 correspond to amino acids 26-35 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31, H2 corresponds to amino acids 50-66 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54, and H3 corresponds to amino acids 99-111 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50) with the proviso that Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 100, Lys is substituted for Arg at amino acid position 102 and Glu is substituted for Asp at amino acid position 106.

10

15

20

25

30

35

As in the humanization of the light chain variable domain described above, a humanized heavy chain variable domain is constructed by substituting the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV or the CDRs of a 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant for the corresponding sequences in a human heavy chain variable domain. The humanized heavy chain variable domain comprising the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV or the CDRs of a 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant can also contain some FR residues that are substituted by residues from analogous sites in the murine 6G4.2.5 antibody heavy chain variable domain. The complete amino acid sequence of 6G4.2.5HV is set out as amino acids 1-122 of the amino acid sequence of Fig. 25 (SEQ ID NO: 50).

The choice of human variable domains, both light and heavy, to be used in making the humanized antibodies and antibody fragments is very important to reduce antigenicity. According to the so-called "best-fit" method, the sequence of the variable domain of a rodent antibody is screened against the entire library of known human variable-domain sequences. The human sequence which is closest to that of the rodent is then accepted as the human framework (FR) for the humanized antibody (Sims et al., J. Immunol. 151: 2296 (1993); Chothia and Lesk, J. Mol. Biol. 196:901 (1987)). Another method uses a particular framework derived from the consensus sequence of all human antibodies of a particular subgroup of light or heavy chains. The same framework can be used for several different humanized antibodies (Carter et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89:4285 (1992); Presta et al., J. Immunol. 151:2623 (1993)).

It is also important that the antibodies and antibody fragments of the invention be humanized with retention of high affinity for human IL-8 and other favorable biological properties. To achieve this goal, according to a preferred method, the humanized antibodies and antibody fragments of the invention are prepared by a process of analysis of the parental sequences and various conceptual humanized pr ducts using three-dimensional models of the parental and humanized sequences. Three-dimensional immunoglobulin models are commonly available and are familiar to those skilled in the art. Computer programs are available which illustrate and display probable three-dimensional conformational structures of selected candidate immunoglobulin sequences. Inspection of these displays permits analysis of the likely

role of the residues in the functioning of the candidate immunoglobulin sequence, i.e., the analysis of residues that influence the ability of the candidate immunoglobulin to bind its antigen. In this way, FR residues can be selected and combined from the consensus and parental sequences so that the desired antibody characteristic, such as increased affinity for the target antigen(s), is achieved.

Any and all humanized light chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5LV are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5LV".

Any and all humanized light chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5LV/L1N35X₃₅ are collectively referred to herein as "hu 6G4.2.5LV/L1N35X₃₅".

Any and all humanized light chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A".

Any and all humanized light chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5LV/L1N35E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35E".

Any and all humanized light chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5LV/L1S26X₂₆ are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5LV/L1S26X₂₆".

Any and all humanized light chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5LV/L1S26A are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5LV/L1S26A".

Any and all humanized light chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5LV/L3H98X₉₈ are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5LV/L3H98X₉₈".

Any and all humanized light chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5LV/L3H98A are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5LV/L3H98A".

Any and all humanized light chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5LV/L1S26X₂₆,N35X₃₅ are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5LV/L1S26X₂₆,N35X₃₅".

Any and all humanized light chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5LV/L1S26A,N35A are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5LV/L1S26A,N35A".

Any and all humanized light chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5LV/L1N35X₃₅/L3H98X₉₈ are collectively referred to herein as

"hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35 X_{35} /L3H98 X_{98} ".

5

10

15

20

25

30

Any and all humanized light chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A/L3H98A are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A/L3H98A".

Any and all humanized light chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5LV/L1S26X₂₆/L3H98X₉₈ are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5LV/L1S26X₂₆/L3H98X₉₈".

Any and all humanized light chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5LV/L1S26A/L3H98A are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5LV/L1S26A/L3H98A".

Any and all humanized light chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of $6G4.2.5LV/L1S26X_{26}$, $N35X_{35}/L3H98X_{98}$ are collectively referred to herein as "hu $6G4.2.5LV/L1S26X_{26}$, $N35X_{35}/L3H98X_{98}$ ".

5

10

15

20

25

30

Any and all humanized light chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5LV/L1S26A,N35A/L3H98A are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5LV/L1S26A,N35A/L3H98A".

The humanized light chain variable domain amino acid sequences of hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35X $_{35}$, hu6G4.2.5LV/L1S26X $_{26}$, hu6G4.2.5LV/L1S26X $_{26}$ /L3H98X $_{98}$, hu6G4.2.5LV/L1S26X $_{26}$,N35X $_{35}$, hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35X $_{35}$ /L3H98X $_{98}$, hu6G4.2.5LV/L1S26X $_{26}$ /L3H98X $_{98}$, and hu6G4.2.5LV/L1S26X $_{26}$,N35X $_{35}$ /L3H98X $_{98}$ are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3X".

The humanized light chain variable domain amino acid sequences of hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A, hu6G4.2.5LV/L1S26A, hu6G4.2.5LV/L1S26A/L3H98A, hu6G4.2.5LV/L1S26A,N35A, hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A/L3H98A, hu6G4.2.5LV/L1S26A/L3H98A, hu6G4.2.5LV/L1S26A,N35A/L3H98A are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3A".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁ are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H2S54Z₅₄ are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H2S54Z₅₄".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H2S54A are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H2S54A".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H3D100E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H3D100E".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H3R102K are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H3R102K".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H3D106E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H3D106E".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the

CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H3D100E,R102K are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H3D100E,R102K".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H3R102K,D106E are collectively referred to herein as

5 "hu6G4.2.5HV/H3R102K,D106E".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H3D100E,D106E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H3D100E,D106E".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H3D100E,R102K,D106E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H3D100E,R102K,D106E".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of $6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z_{31}/H2S54Z_{54}$ are collectively referred to herein as "hu $6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z_{31}/H2S54Z_{54}$ ".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H3D100E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H3D100E".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H3R102K are collectively referred to herein as

20 "hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H3R102K".

15

30

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of $6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z_{31}/H3D106E$ are collectively referred to herein as "hu $6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z_{31}/H3D106E$ ".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H3D100E,R102K are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H3D100E,R102K".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H3R102K,D106E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H3R102K,D106E".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H3D100E,D106E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H3D100E,D106E".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H3D100E,R102K,D106E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H3D100E,R102K,D106E".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H2S54Z₅₄/H3D100E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H2S54Z₅₄/H3D100E".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H2S54Z₅₄/H3R102K are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H2S54Z₅₄/H3R102K".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H2S54Z₅₄/H3D106E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H2S54Z₅₄/H3D106E".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H2S54Z₅₄/H3R102K,D106E are collectively referred to herein as

15 "hu6G4.2.5HV/H2S54Z₅₄/H3R102K,D106E".

20

25

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H2S54Z₅₄/H3D100E,D106E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H2S54Z₅₄/H3D100E,D106E".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H2S54Z₅₄/H3D100E,R102K,D106E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H2S54Z₅₄/H3D100E,R102K,D106E".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z $_{31}$ /H2S54Z $_{54}$ /H3D100E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z $_{31}$ /H2S54Z $_{54}$ /H3D100E".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z $_{31}$ /H2S54Z $_{54}$ /H3R102K are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z $_{31}$ /H2S54Z $_{54}$ /H3R102K".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H2S54Z₅₄/H3D106E are collectively referred to herein as

30 "hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z $_{31}$ /H2S54Z $_{54}$ /H3D106E".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of $6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z_{31}/H2S54Z_{54}/H3D100E,R102K$ are collectively referred to herein as "hu $6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z_{31}/H2S54Z_{54}/H3D100E,R102K$ ".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H2S54Z₅₄/H3R102K,D106E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H2S54Z₅₄/H3R102K,D106E".

5

10

15

20

25

30

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of $6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z_{31}/H2S54Z_{54}/H3D100E,D106E$ are collectively referred to herein as "hu $6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z_{31}/H2S54Z_{54}/H3D100E,D106E$ ".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of $6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z_{31}/H2S54Z_{54}/H3D100E.R102K.D106E$ are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H2S54Z₅₄/H3D100E.R102K.D106E".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H3D100E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H3D100E".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H3R102K are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H3R102K".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H3D106E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H3D106E".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H3D100E,R102K are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H3D100E,R102K".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H3R102K,D106E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H3R102K,D106E".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H3D100E,D106E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H3D100E,D106E".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the

CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H3D100E,R102K,D106E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H3D100E,R102K,D106E".

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H2S54A/H3D100E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H2S54A/H3D100E".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H2S54A/H3R102K are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H2S54A/H3R102K".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H2S54A/H3D106E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H2S54A/H3D106E".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H2S54A/H3R102K,D106E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H2S54A/H3R102K,D106E".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H2S54A/H3D100E,D106E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H2S54A/H3D100E,D106E".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H2S54A/H3D100E,R102K,D106E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H2S54A/H3D100E,R102K,D106E".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A/H3D100E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A/H3D100E".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A/H3R102K are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A/H3R102K".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A/H3D106E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A/H3D106E".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A/H3D100E,R102K are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A/H3D100E,R102K".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A/H3R102K,D106E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A/H3R102K,D106E".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A/H3D100E,D106E are collectively referred to herein as

"hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A/H3D100E,D106E".

Any and all humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences which comprise the CDRs of 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A/H3D100E,R102K,D106E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A/H3D100E,R102K,D106E".

5 The humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences of

hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁, hu6G4.2.5HV/H2S54Z₅₄, hu6G4.2.5HV/H3D100E, hu6G4.2.5HV/H3R102K,

hu6G4.2.5HV/H3D106E, hu6G4.2.5HV/H3D100E,R102K, hu6G4.2.5HV/H3R102K,D106E,

hu6G4.2.5HV/H3D100E,D106E, hu6G4.2.5HV/H3D100E,R102K,D106E,

 ${\tt hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z_{31}/H2S54Z_{54}, hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z_{31}/H3D100E,}$

10 hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H3R102K, hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H3D106E,

hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H3D100E,R102K, hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H3R102K,D106E,

hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H3D100E,D106E, hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H3D100E,R102K,D106E,

hu6G4.2.5HV/H2S54Z₅₄/H3D100E, hu6G4.2.5HV/H2S54Z₅₄/H3R102K,

hu6G4.2.5HV/H2S54Z₅₄/H3D106E, hu6G4.2.5HV/H2S54Z₅₄/H3R102K,D106E, hu6G4.2.5HV/H2S54Z

15 54/H3D100E,D106E, hu6G4.2.5HV/H2S54Z54/H3D100E,R102K,D106E,

hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H2S54Z₅₄/H3D100E, hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H2S54Z₅₄/H3R102K,

hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H2S54Z₅₄/H3R102K,D106E,

hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H2S54Z₅₄/H3D100E,D106E, and hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z₃₁/H2S54Z

20 54/H3D100E,R102K,D106E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z".

The humanized heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequences of

hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A, hu6G4.2.5HV/H2S54A, hu6G4.2.5HV/H3D100E, hu6G4.2.5HV/H3R102K,

hu6G4.2.5HV/H3D106E, hu6G4.2.5HV/H3D100E,R102K, hu6G4.2.5HV/H3R102K,D106E,

hu6G4.2.5HV/H3D100E,D106E, hu6G4.2.5HV/H3D100E,R102K,D106E,

25 hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A, hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H3D100E, hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H3R102K.

hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H3D106E, hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H3D100E,R102K,

hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H3R102K,D106E, hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H3D100E,D106E,

hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H3D100E,R102K,D106E, hu6G4.2.5HV/H2S54A/H3D100E,

hu6G4.2.5HV/H2S54A/H3R102K, hu6G4.2.5HV/H2S54A/H3D106E,

30 hu6G4.2.5HV/H2S54A/H3R102K,D106E, hu6G4.2.5HV/H2S54A/H3D100E,D106E,

hu6G4.2.5HV/H2S54A/H3D100E,R102K,D106E, hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A/H3D100E,

hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A/H3R102K, hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A/H3D106E,

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A/H3D100E,R102K, hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A/H3R102K,D106E, hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A/H3D100E,D106E, and hu6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A/H3D100E,R102K,D106E are collectively referred to herein as "hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3A".

The invention provides a humanized antibody or antibody fragment that comprises a light chain variable domain comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3X. In another embodiment, the invention provides a humanized antibody or antibody fragment that comprises a light chain variable domain comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3A. In yet another embodiment, the invention provides a humanized antibody or antibody fragment that comprises a light chain variable domain comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35X₃₅. In still another embodiment, the invention provides a humanized antibody or antibody fragment that comprises a light chain variable domain comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A. In a further embodiment, the invention provides a humanized antibody or antibody fragment that comprises a light chain variable domain comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35E.

The invention additionally provides a humanized antibody or antibody fragment that comprises a light chain variable domain comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3X, and further comprises a heavy chain variable domain comprising the hu6G4.2.5HV or hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z. In another embodiment, the invention provides a humanized antibody or antibody fragment that comprises a light chain variable domain comprising the hu6G4.2.5HV/vL1-3A, and further comprises a heavy chain variable domain comprising the hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z. In yet another embodiment, the invention provides a humanized antibody or antibody fragment that comprises a light chain variable domain comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3A, and further comprises a heavy chain variable domain comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3A, and further comprises a heavy chain variable domain comprising the hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3A.

In a further embodiment, the invention provides a humanized antibody or antibody fragment that comprises a light chain variable domain comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35X₃₅, and further comprises a heavy chain variable domain comprising the hu6G4.2.5HV or hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z. In another embodiment, the invention provides a humanized antibody or antibody fragment that comprises a light chain variable domain comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/N35X₃₅, and further comprises a heavy chain variable domain comprising the hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3A. In a preferred embodiment, the antibody or antibody fragment comprises a light chain variable domain comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35X₃₅ and further comprises a humanized heavy chain comprising the amino acid sequence of 6G4.2.5HV11.

In an additional embodiment, the invention provides a humanized antibody or antibody fragment that comprises a light chain variable domain comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A, and further comprises a heavy chain variable domain comprising the hu6G4.2.5HV or hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z. In another embodiment, the invention provides a humanized antibody or antibody fragment that comprises a light chain variable domain comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/N35A, and further comprises a heavy chain variable domain comprising the hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3A. In still another embodiment, the humanized antibody or antibody

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

fragment comprises a light chain variable domain comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A, and further comprises a heavy chain variable domain comprising the hu6G4.2.5HV. In a further embodiment, the humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprises a light chain variable domain comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35E, and further comprises a heavy chain variable domain comprising the hu6G4.2.5HV. In a preferred embodiment, the antibody or antibody fragment comprises a light chain variable domain comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A and further comprises a humanized heavy chain comprising the amino acid sequence of 6G4.2.5HV11. In another preferred embodiment, the antibody or antibody fragment comprises a light chain variable domain comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35E and further comprises a humanized heavy chain comprising the amino acid sequence of 6G4.2.5HV11.

The invention encompasses a single chain antibody fragment comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3X, with or without any additional amino acid sequence. In one embodiment, the invention provides a single chain antibody fragment comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3X without any associated heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequence, i.e. a single chain species that makes up one half of an Fv fragment. In another embodiment, the invention provides a single chain antibody fragment comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3A without any associated heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequence. In still another embodiment, the invention provides a single chain antibody fragment comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35X₃₅ without any associated heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequence. In a preferred embodiment, the invention provides a single chain antibody fragment comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A without any associated heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequence. In another preferred embodiment, the invention provides a single chain antibody fragment comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35E without any associated heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequence.

In one embodiment, the invention provides a single chain antibody fragment wherein the hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3X and the hu6G4.2.5HV or hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z are contained in a single chain polypeptide species. In a preferred embodiment, the single chain antibody fragment is a scFv species comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3X joined to the hu6G4.2.5HV or hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z by means of a flexible peptide linker sequence, wherein the heavy chain and light chain variable domains can associate in a "dimeric" structure analogous to that formed in a two-chain Fv species. In another embodiment, the single chain antibody fragment is a species comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3X joined to the hu6G4.2.5HV or hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z by a linker that is too short to permit intramolecular pairing of the two variable domains, i.e. a single chain polypeptide monomer that forms a diabody upon dimerization with another monomer.

In another embodiment, the invention provides a single chain antibody fragment wherein the hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3A and the hu6G4.2.5HV or hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z are contained in a single chain polypeptide species. In a preferred embodiment, the single chain antibody fragment is a scFv species comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3A joined to the hu6G4.2.5HV or hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z by means of a flexible peptide linker sequence, wherein the heavy chain and light chain variable domains can associate in a "dimeric" structure analogous to that formed in a two-chain Fv species. In another embodiment, the single

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

chain antibody fragment is a species comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3A joined to the hu6G4.2.5HV or hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z by a linker that is too short to permit intramolecular pairing of the two variable domains, i.e. a single chain polypeptide monomer that forms a diabody upon dimerization with another monomer.

In yet another embodiment, the invention provides a single chain antibody fragment wherein the hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3A and the hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3A are contained in a single chain polypeptide species. In a preferred embodiment, the single chain antibody fragment is a scFv species comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3A joined to the hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3A by means of a flexible peptide linker sequence, wherein the heavy chain and light chain variable domains can associate in a "dimeric" structure analogous to that formed in a two-chain Fv species. In another embodiment, the single chain antibody fragment is a species comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3A joined to the hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3A by a linker that is too short to permit intramolecular pairing of the two variable domains, i.e. a single chain polypeptide monomer that forms a diabody upon dimerization with another monomer.

In still another embodiment, the invention provides a single chain antibody fragment wherein the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35X₃₅ and the hu6G4.2.5HV or hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z are contained in a single chain polypeptide species. In a preferred embodiment, the single chain antibody fragment is a scFv species comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35X₃₅ joined to the hu6G4.2.5HV or hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z by means of a flexible peptide linker sequence, wherein the heavy chain and light chain variable domains can associate in a "dimeric" structure analogous to that formed in a two-chain Fv species. In another embodiment, the single chain antibody fragment is a species comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35X₃₅ joined to the hu6G4.2.5HV or hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z by a linker that is too short to permit intramolecular pairing of the two variable domains, i.e. a single chain polypeptide monomer that forms a diabody upon dimerization with another monomer.

In a further embodiment, the invention provides a single chain antibody fragment wherein the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35X₃₅ and the hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3A are contained in a single chain polypeptide species. In a preferred embodiment, the single chain antibody fragment is a scFv species comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35X₃₅ joined to the hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3A by means of a flexible peptide linker sequence, wherein the heavy chain and light chain variable domains can associate in a "dimeric" structure analogous to that formed in a two-chain Fv species. In another embodiment, the single chain antibody fragment is a species comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35X₃₅ joined to the hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3A by a linker that is too short to permit intramolecular pairing of the two variable domains, i.e. a single chain polypeptide monomer that forms a diabody upon dimerization with another monomer.

In an additional embodiment, the invention provides a single chain antibody fragment wherein the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A and the hu6G4.2.5HV or hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z are contained in a single chain polypeptide species. In a preferred embodiment, the single chain antibody fragment is a scFv species

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A joined to the hu6G4.2.5HV or hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z by means of a flexible peptide linker sequence, wherein the heavy chain and light chain variable domains can associate in a "dimeric" structure analogous to that formed in a two-chain Fv species. In another embodiment, the single chain antibody fragment is a species comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A joined to the hu6G4.2.5HV or hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z by a linker that is too short to permit intramolecular pairing of the two variable domains, i.e. a single chain polypeptide monomer that forms a diabody upon dimerization with another monomer.

Also provided herein is a single chain antibody fragment wherein the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35E and the hu6G4.2.5HV are contained in a single chain polypeptide species. In a preferred embodiment, the single chain antibody fragment is a scFv species comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35E joined to the hu6G4.2.5HV by means of a flexible peptide linker sequence, wherein the heavy chain and light chain variable domains can associate in a "dimeric" structure analogous to that formed in a two-chain Fv species. In another embodiment, the single chain antibody fragment is a species comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35E joined to the hu6G4.2.5HV by a linker that is too short to permit intramolecular pairing of the two variable domains, i.e. a single chain polypeptide monomer that forms a diabody upon dimerization with another monomer.

In still another embodiment, the invention provides a single chain antibody fragment wherein the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A and the hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3A are contained in a single chain polypeptide species. In a preferred embodiment, the single chain antibody fragment is a scFv species comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A joined to the hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3A by means of a flexible peptide linker sequence, wherein the heavy chain and light chain variable domains can associate in a "dimeric" structure analogous to that formed in a two-chain Fv species. In another embodiment, the single chain antibody fragment is a species comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A joined to the hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3A by a linker that is too short to permit intramolecular pairing of the two variable domains, i.e. a single chain polypeptide monomer that forms a diabody upon dimerization with another monomer.

In yet another embodiment, the invention provides an antibody fragment comprising a plurality of polypeptide chains, wherein one polypeptide chain comprises the hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3X and a second polypeptide chain comprises the hu6G4.2.5HV or hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z and the two polypeptide chains are covalently linked by one or more interchain disulfide bonds.

In still another embodiment, the invention provides an antibody fragment comprising a plurality of polypeptide chains, wherein one polypeptide chain comprises the hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3X and a second polypeptide chain comprises the hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3A and the two polypeptide chains are covalently linked by one or more interchain disulfide bonds. In a preferred embodiment, the invention provides an antibody fragment comprising a plurality of polypeptide chains, wherein one polypeptide chain comprises the hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3X and a second polypeptide chain comprises the amino acid sequence of 6G4.2.5HV11 and the two polypeptide chains are covalently linked by one or more interchain disulfide bonds.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

In a further embodiment, the invention provides an antibody fragment comprising a plurality of polypeptide chains, wherein one polypeptide chain comprises the hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3A and a second polypeptide chain comprises the hu6G4.2.5HV or hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z and the two polypeptide chains are covalently linked by one or more interchain disulfide bonds.

In still another embodiment, the invention provides an antibody fragment comprising a plurality of polypeptide chains, wherein one polypeptide chain comprises the hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3A and a second polypeptide chain comprises the hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3A and the two polypeptide chains are covalently linked by one or more interchain disulfide bonds. In a preferred embodiment, the invention provides an antibody fragment comprising a plurality of polypeptide chains, wherein one polypeptide chain comprises the hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3A and a second polypeptide chain comprises the amino acid sequence of 6G4.2.5HV11 and the two polypeptide chains are covalently linked by one or more interchain disulfide bonds.

The invention also encompasses an antibody fragment comprising a plurality of polypeptide chains, wherein one polypeptide chain comprises the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35X₃₅ and a second polypeptide chain comprises the hu6G4.2.5HV or hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z and the two polypeptide chains are covalently linked by one or more interchain disulfide bonds.

In still another embodiment, the invention provides an antibody fragment comprising a plurality of polypeptide chains, wherein one polypeptide chain comprises the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35X₃₅ and a second polypeptide chain comprises the hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3A and the two polypeptide chains are covalently linked by one or more interchain disulfide bonds. In a preferred embodiment, the invention provides an antibody fragment comprising a plurality of polypeptide chains, wherein one polypeptide chain comprises the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35X₃₅ and a second polypeptide chain comprises the amino acid sequence of 6G4.2.5HV11 and the two polypeptide chains are covalently linked by one or more interchain disulfide bonds.

The invention further encompasses an antibody fragment comprising a plurality of polypeptide chains, wherein one polypeptide chain comprises the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A and a second polypeptide chain comprises the hu6G4.2.5HV or hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z and the two polypeptide chains are covalently linked by one or more interchain disulfide bonds.

The invention also encompasses an antibody fragment comprising a plurality of polypeptide chains, wherein one polypeptide chain comprises the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35E and a second polypeptide chain comprises the hu6G4.2.5HV and the two polypeptide chains are covalently linked by one or more interchain disulfide bonds.

In still another embodiment, the invention provides an antibody fragment comprising a plurality of polypeptide chains, wherein one polypeptide chain comprises the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A and a second polypeptide chain comprises the hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3A and the two polypeptide chains are covalently linked by one or more interchain disulfide bonds. In a preferred embodiment, the invention provides an

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

antibody fragment comprising a plurality of polypeptide chains, wherein one polypeptide chain comprises the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A and a second polypeptide chain comprises the amino acid sequence of 6G4.2.5HV11 and the two polypeptide chains are covalently linked by one or more interchain disulfide bonds. In another preferred embodiment, the invention provides an antibody fragment comprising a plurality of polypeptide chains, wherein one polypeptide chain comprises the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35E and a second polypeptide chain comprises the amino acid sequence of 6G4.2.5HV11 and the two polypeptide chains are covalently linked by one or more interchain disulfide bonds.

In a preferred embodiment, any of the foregoing two-chain antibody fragments are selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', Fab'-SH, Fv, and F(ab') 2. In another preferred embodiment, the antibody fragment is selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', Fab'-SH, Fv, and F(ab') 2, wherein the antibody fragment comprises one polypeptide chain comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35X35 and a second polypeptide chain comprising the hu6G4.2.5HV. In yet another preferred embodiment, the antibody fragment is selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', Fab'-SH, Fv, and F(ab')2, wherein the antibody fragment comprises one polypeptide chain comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A and a second polypeptide chain comprising the hu6G4.2.5HV. In a further preferred embodiment, the antibody fragment is selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', Fab'-SH, Fv, and F(ab')2, wherein the antibody fragment comprises one polypeptide chain comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35E and a second polypeptide chain comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A and a second polypeptide chain comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A and a second polypeptide chain comprising the amino acid sequence of 6G4.2.5HV11. In an additional preferred embodiment, the antibody fragment is a F(ab')2 that comprises one polypeptide chain comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35E and a second polypeptide chain comprising the amino acid sequence of 6G4.2.5HV11. In an additional preferred embodiment, the antibody fragment is a F(ab')2 that comprises one polypeptide chain comprising the amino acid sequence of 6G4.2.5HV11.

The invention also provides an antibody or antibody fragment comprising a light chain variable domain containing the hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3X and optionally further comprising a heavy chain variable domain containing the hu6G4.2.5HV or hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z, wherein the light chain variable domain, and optionally the heavy chain variable domain, is (are) fused to an additional moiety, such as a immunoglobulin constant domain. Constant domain sequence can be added to the heavy chain and/or light chain sequence(s) to form species with full or partial length heavy and/or light chain(s). It will be appreciated that constant regions of any isotype can be used for this purpose, including IgG, IgM, IgA, IgD, and IgE constant regions, and that such constant regions can be obtained from any human or animal species. Preferably, the constant domain sequence is human in origin. Suitable human constant domain sequences can be obtained from Kabat *et al.*

The invention additionally provides an antibody or antibody fragment comprising a light chain variable domain containing the hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3X and optionally further comprising a heavy chain variable domain containing the hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3A, wherein the light chain variable domain, and

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

optionally the heavy chain variable domain, is (are) fused to an additional moiety, such as a immun globulin c nstant domain. Constant domain sequence can be added to the heavy chain and/or light chain sequence(s) to form species with full or partial length heavy and/or light chain(s). It will be appreciated that constant regions of any isotype can be used for this purpose, including IgG, IgM, IgA, IgD, and IgE constant regions, and that such constant regions can be obtained from any human or animal species. Preferably, the constant domain sequence is human in origin. Suitable human constant domain sequences can be obtained from Kabat *et al.*

The invention further provides an antibody or antibody fragment comprising a light chain variable domain containing the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35X₃₅ and optionally further comprising a heavy chain variable domain containing the hu6G4.2.5HV or hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z, wherein the light chain variable domain, and optionally the heavy chain variable domain, is (are) fused to an additional moiety, such as a immunoglobulin constant domain. Constant domain sequence can be added to the heavy chain and/or light chain sequence(s) to form species with full or partial length heavy and/or light chain(s). It will be appreciated that constant regions of any isotype can be used for this purpose, including IgG, IgM, IgA, IgD, and IgE constant regions, and that such constant regions can be obtained from any human or animal species. Preferably, the constant domain sequence is human in origin. Suitable human constant domain sequences can be obtained from Kabat *et al.*

The invention additionally provides an antibody or antibody fragment comprising a light chain variable domain containing the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35X₃₅ and optionally further comprising a heavy chain variable domain containing the hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3A, wherein the light chain variable domain, and optionally the heavy chain variable domain, is (are) fused to an additional moiety, such as a immunoglobulin constant domain. Constant domain sequence can be added to the heavy chain and/or light chain sequence(s) to form species with full or partial length heavy and/or light chain(s). It will be appreciated that constant regions of any isotype can be used for this purpose, including IgG, IgM, IgA, IgD, and IgE constant regions, and that such constant regions can be obtained from any human or animal species. Preferably, the constant domain sequence is human in origin. Suitable human constant domain sequences can be obtained from Kabat *et al.*

The invention also encompasses an antibody or antibody fragment comprising a light chain variable domain containing the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A and optionally further comprising a heavy chain variable domain containing the hu6G4.2.5HV or hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z, wherein the light chain variable domain, and optionally the heavy chain variable domain, is (are) fused to an additional moiety, such as a immunoglobulin constant domain. Constant domain sequence can be added to the heavy chain and/or light chain sequence(s) to form species with full or partial length heavy and/or light chain(s). It will be appreciated that constant regions of any isotype can be used for this purpose, including IgG, IgM, IgA, IgD, and IgE constant regions, and that such constant regions can be obtained from any human or animal species. Preferably, the constant domain sequence is human in origin. Suitable human constant domain sequences can be obtained from Kabat *et al.*

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

The invention additionally provides an antibody or antibody fragment comprising a light chain variable domain containing the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A and optionally further comprising a heavy chain variable domain containing the hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3A, wherein the light chain variable domain, and optionally the heavy chain variable domain, is (are) fused to an additional moiety, such as a immunoglobulin constant domain. Constant domain sequence can be added to the heavy chain and/or light chain sequence(s) to form species with full or partial length heavy and/or light chain(s). It will be appreciated that constant regions of any isotype can be used for this purpose, including IgG, IgM, IgA, IgD, and IgE constant regions, and that such constant regions can be obtained from any human or animal species. Preferably, the constant domain sequence is human in origin. Suitable human constant domain sequences can be obtained from Kabat et al.

The invention additionally encompasses an antibody or antibody fragment comprising a light chain variable domain containing the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35A and optionally further comprising a heavy chain containing the amino acid sequence of 6G4.2.5HV11, wherein the light chain variable domain, and optionally the heavy chain, is (are) fused to an additional moiety, such as immunoglobulin constant domain sequences. Constant domain sequence can be added to the heavy chain and/or light chain sequence(s) to form species with full or partial length heavy and/or light chain(s). It will be appreciated that constant regions of any isotype can be used for this purpose, including IgG, IgM, IgA, IgD, and IgE constant regions, and that such constant regions can be obtained from any human or animal species. Preferably, the constant domain sequence is human in origin. Suitable human constant domain sequences can be obtained from Kabat *et al.*

The invention further encompasses an antibody or antibody fragment comprising a light chain variable domain containing the hu6G4.2.5LV/L1N35E and optionally further comprising a heavy chain containing the amino acid sequence of 6G4.2.5HV11, wherein the light chain variable domain, and optionally the heavy chain, is (are) fused to an additional moiety, such as immunoglobulin constant domain sequences. Constant domain sequence can be added to the heavy chain and/or light chain sequence(s) to form species with full or partial length heavy and/or light chain(s). It will be appreciated that constant regions of any isotype can be used for this purpose, including IgG, IgM, IgA, IgD, and IgE constant regions, and that such constant regions can be obtained from any human or animal species. Preferably, the constant domain sequence is human in origin. Suitable human constant domain sequences can be obtained from Kabat et al.

In a preferred embodiment, the antibody or antibody fragment comprises a light chain variable domain containing the hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3X, and further comprises the hu6G4.2.5HV or hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z in a heavy chain that is fused to or contains a leucine zipper sequence. The leucine zipper can increase the affinity or production efficiency of the antibody or antibody fragment of interest. Suitable leucine zipper sequences include the jun and fos leucine zippers taught by Kostelney et al., J. Immunol., 148: 1547-1553 (1992) and the GCN4 leucine zipper described in the Examples below.

In particular, the invention provides an antibody or antibody fragment comprising a light chain

5

10

15

20

25

30

comprising the amino acid sequence f amino acids 1-219 of the variant humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5v11 light chain polypeptide amino acid sequence of Fig. 31B (SEQ ID NO: 65) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Asn (denoted as " X_{35} ") is substituted for Asn at amino acid position 35 (herein referred to as " $6G4.2.5LV11N35X_{35}$ ").

In another embodiment, the invention provides an antibody or antibody fragment comprising a light chain comprising the amino acid sequence of amino acids 1-219 of the variant humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5v11 light chain polypeptide amino acid sequence of Fig. 31B (SEQ ID NO: 65) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as " X_{26} ") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 26 (herein referred to as " $6G4.2.5LV11S26X_{26}$ ").

In yet another embodiment, the invention provides an antibody or antibody fragment comprising a light chain comprising the amino acid sequence of amino acids 1-219 of the variant humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5v11 light chain polypeptide amino acid sequence of Fig. 31B (SEQ ID NO: 65) with the proviso that any amino acid other than His (denoted as "X₉₈") is substituted for His at amino acid position 98 (herein referred to as " $6G4.2.5LV11H98X_{98}$ ").

In still another embodiment, the invention provides an antibody or antibody fragment comprising a light chain comprising the amino acid sequence of amino acids 1-219 of the variant humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5v11 light chain polypeptide amino acid sequence of Fig. 31B (SEQ ID NO: 65) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as " X_{26} ") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 26 and any amino acid other than Asn (denoted as " X_{35} ") is substituted for Asn at amino acid position 35 (herein referred to as " $6G4.2.5LV11S26X_{26}/N35X_{35}$ ").

In a further embodiment, the invention provides an antibody or antibody fragment comprising a light chain comprising the amino acid sequence of amino acids 1-219 of the variant humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5v11 light chain polypeptide amino acid sequence of Fig. 31B (SEQ ID NO: 65) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Asn (denoted as " X_{35} ") is substituted for Asn at amino acid position 35 and any amino acid other than His (denoted as " X_{98} ") is substituted for His at amino acid position 98 (herein referred to as " $6G4.2.5LV11N35X_{35}/H98X_{98}$ ").

In an additional embodiment, the invention provides an antibody or antibody fragment comprising a light chain comprising the amino acid sequence of amino acids 1-219 of the variant humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5v11 light chain polypeptide amino acid sequence of Fig. 31B (SEQ ID NO: 65) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as " X_{26} ") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 26 and any amino acid other than His (denoted as " X_{98} ") is substituted for His at amino acid position 98 (herein referred to as " $6G4.2.5LV11S26X_{26}/H98X_{98}$ ").

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

The invention also encompasses an antibody or antibody fragment comprising a light chain comprising the amino acid sequence of amino acids 1-219 of the variant humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5v11 light chain polypeptide amino acid sequence of Fig. 31B (SEQ ID NO: 65) with the proviso that any amino acid other than Ser (denoted as " X_{26} ") is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 26, any amino acid other than Asn (denoted as " X_{35} ") is substituted for Asn at amino acid position 35 and any amino acid other than His (denoted as " X_{98} ") is substituted for His at amino acid position 98 (herein referred to as " $G_{4.2.5LV11S26X_{26}}$) is substituted for His at amino acid position 98 (herein referred to as

Additionally, the invention provides an antibody or antibody fragment comprising a light chain comprising the amino acid sequence of amino acids 1-219 of the variant humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5v11 light chain polypeptide amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 71) of Fig. 36 (herein referred to as "6G4.2.5LV11N35A").

Further provided herein is an antibody or antibody fragment comprising a light chain comprising the amino acid sequence of amino acids 1-219 of the variant humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5v11 light chain polypeptide amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 71) of Fig. 45 (herein referred to as "6G4.2.5LV11N35E").

In another embodiment, the invention provides an antibody or antibody fragment comprising a light chain comprising the amino acid sequence of amino acids 1-219 of the variant humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5v11 light chain polypeptide amino acid sequence of Fig. 31B (SEQ ID NO: 65) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 26 (herein referred to as "6G4.2.5LV11S26A").

In yet another embodiment, the invention provides an antibody or antibody fragment comprising a light chain comprising the amino acid sequence of amino acids 1-219 of the variant humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5v11 light chain polypeptide amino acid sequence of Fig. 31B (SEQ ID NO: 65) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for His at amino acid position 98 (herein referred to as "6G4.2.5LV11H98A").

In still another embodiment, the invention provides an antibody or antibody fragment comprising a light chain comprising the amino acid sequence of amino acids 1-219 of the variant humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5v11 light chain polypeptide amino acid sequence of Fig. 31B (SEQ ID NO: 65) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 26 and Ala is substituted for Asn at amino acid position 35 (herein referred to as "6G4.2.5LV11S26A/N35A").

In a further embodiment, the invention provides an antibody or antibody fragment comprising a light chain comprising the amino acid sequence of amino acids 1-219 of the variant humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5v11 light chain polypeptide amino acid sequence of Fig. 31B (SEQ ID NO: 65) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 26 and Ala is substituted for His at amino acid position 98 (herein referred to as "6G4.2.5LV11S26A/H98A").

The invention also encompasses an antibody or antibody fragment comprising a light chain comprising the amino acid sequence of amino acids 1-219 of the variant humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5v11 light chain polypeptide amino acid sequence of Fig. 31B (SEQ ID NO: 65) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Asn at amino acid position 35 and Ala is substituted for His at amino acid position 98 (herein

referred to as "6G4.2.5LV11N35A/H98A").

5

10

15

20

25

30

The invention further encompasses an antibody or antibody fragment comprising a light chain comprising the amino acid sequence of amino acids 1-219 of the variant humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5v11 light chain polypeptide amino acid sequence of Fig. 31B (SEQ ID NO: 65) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 26, Ala is substituted for Asn at amino acid position 35, and Ala is substituted for His at amino acid position 98 (herein referred to as "6G4.2.5LV11S26A/N35A/H98A").

The invention provides a single chain antibody fragment comprising a variant light chain selected from the group consisting of 6G4.2.5LV11N35X₃₅, 6G4.2.5LV11S26X₂₆, 6G4.2.5LV11H98X₉₈, 6G4.2.5LV11S26X₂₆/ N35X₃₅, 6G4.2.5LV11N35X₃₅/ H98X₉₈, 6G4.2.5LV11S26X₂₆/H98X₉₈, and 6G4.2.5LV11S26X₂₆/ N35X₃₅/H98X₉₈, with or without any additional amino acid sequence. It will be understood that the group consisting of 6G4.2.5LV11N35X₃₅, 6G4.2.5LV11S26X₂₆, 6G4.2.5LV11H98X 98, 6G4.2.5LV11S26X₂₆/ N35X₃₅, 6G4.2.5LV11N35X₃₅/ H98X₉₈, 6G4.2.5LV11S26X₂₆/H98X₉₈, and 6G4.2.5LV11S26X₂₆/ N35X₃₅/H98X₉₈, is collectively referred to herein as the "group of 6G4.2.5LV11X variants", and that individual members of this group are generically referred to herein as a "6G4.2.5LV11X variant." In one embodiment, the invention provides a single chain antibody fragment comprising a 6G4.2.5LV11X variant without any associated heavy chain amino acid sequence, i.e. a single chain species that makes up one half of a Fab fragment. In a preferred embodiment, the invention provides a 6G4.2.5LV11N35X₃₅ variant without any associated heavy chain amino acid sequence.

The invention encompasses a single chain antibody fragment comprising a variant light chain selected from the group consisting of 6G4.2.5LV11N35A, 6G4.2.5LV11S26A, 6G4.2.5LV11H98A, 6G4.2.5LV11S26A/ N35A, 6G4.2.5LV11N35A/ H98A. 6G4.2.5LV11S26A/H98A, 6G4.2.5LV11S26A/ N35A/H98A, with or without any additional amino acid sequence. It will be understood that the group consisting of 6G4.2.5LV11N35A, 6G4.2.5LV11S26A, 6G4.2.5LV11H98A, H98A, 6G4.2.5LV11S26A/H98A, 6G4.2.5LV11S26A/ N35A, 6G4.2.5LV11N35A/ 6G4.2.5LV11S26A/ N35A/H98A is collectively referred to herein as the "group of 6G4.2.5LV11A variants", and that individual members of this group are generically referred to herein as a "6G4.2.5LV11A In one embodiment, the invention provides a single chain antibody fragment comprising a 6G4.2.5LV11A variant without any associated heavy chain amino acid sequence, i.e. a single chain species that makes up one half of a Fab fragment. In a preferred embodiment, the invention provides the 6G4.2.5LV11N35A without any associated heavy chain amino acid sequence.

Further provided herein are an antibody or antibody fragment comprising a light chain comprising a 6G4.2.5LV11X variant, and further comprising a heavy chain comprising the 6G4.2.5HV11. In a preferred embodiment, the invention provides an antibody or antibody fragment comprising a 6G4.2.5LV11N35X35 variant and further comprising the 6G4.2.5HV11. In a preferred embodiment, the

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

invention provides an antibody or antibody fragment comprising the 6G4.2.5LV11N35A and further comprising the 6G4.2.5HV11. In another preferred embodiment, the invention provides an antibody or antibody fragment comprising the 6G4.2.5LV11N35E and further comprising the 6G4.2.5HV11.

In one embodiment, the invention provides a single chain antibody fragment wherein a 6G4.2.5LV11X variant and the 6G4.2.5HV11 are contained in a single chain polypeptide species. In a preferred embodiment, the single chain antibody fragment comprises a 6G4.2.5LV11X variant joined to the 6G4.2.5HV11 by means of a flexible peptide linker sequence, wherein the heavy chain and light chain domains can associate in a "dimeric" structure analogous to that formed in a two-chain Fab species. In another embodiment, the single chain antibody fragment is a species comprising a 6G4.2.5LV11X variant joined to the 6G4.2.5HV11 by a linker that is too short to permit intramolecular pairing of complementary domains, i.e. a single chain polypeptide monomer that forms a diabody upon dimerization with another monomer.

In still another embodiment, the invention provides a single chain antibody fragment wherein a 6G4.2.5LV11N35X₃₅ variant and the 6G4.2.5HV11 are contained in a single chain polypeptide species. In a preferred embodiment, the single chain antibody fragment comprises a 6G4.2.5LV11N35X₃₅ variant joined to the 6G4.2.5HV11 by means of a flexible peptide linker sequence, wherein the heavy chain and light chain domains can associate in a "dimeric" structure analogous to that formed in a two-chain Fab species. In another embodiment, the single chain antibody fragment is a species comprising a 6G4.2.5LV11N35X₃₅ variant joined to the 6G4.2.5HV11 by a linker that is too short to permit intramolecular pairing of complementary domains, i.e. a single chain polypeptide monomer that forms a diabody upon dimerization with another monomer.

In a further embodiment, the invention provides a single chain antibody fragment wherein the 6G4.2.5LV11N35A and the 6G4.2.5HV11 are contained in a single chain polypeptide species. In a preferred embodiment, the single chain antibody fragment comprises the 6G4.2.5LV11N35A joined to the 6G4.2.5HV11 by means of a flexible peptide linker sequence, wherein the heavy chain and light chain domains can associate in a "dimeric" structure analogous to that formed in a two-chain Fab species. In another embodiment, the single chain antibody fragment is a species comprising the 6G4.2.5LV11N35A joined to the 6G4.2.5HV11 by a linker that is too short to permit intramolecular pairing of complementary domains, i.e. a single chain polypeptide monomer that forms a diabody upon dimerization with another monomer.

In an additional embodiment, the invention provides a single chain antibody fragment wherein the 6G4.2.5LV11N35E and the 6G4.2.5HV11 are contained in a single chain polypeptide species. In a preferred embodiment, the single chain antibody fragment comprises the 6G4.2.5LV11N35E joined to the 6G4.2.5HV11 by means of a flexible peptide linker sequence, wherein the heavy chain and light chain domains can associate in a "dimeric" structure analogous to that formed in a two-chain Fab species. In another embodiment, the single chain antibody fragment is a species comprising the 6G4.2.5LV11N35E

joined to the 6G4.2.5HV11 by a linker that is too short to permit intramolecular pairing of complementary domains, i.e. a single chain polypeptide monomer that forms a diabody upon dimerization with another monomer.

In yet another embodiment, the invention provides an antibody fragment comprising a plurality of polypeptide chains, wherein one polypeptide chain comprises a 6G4.2.5LV11X variant and a second polypeptide chain comprises the 6G4.2.5HV11 and the two polypeptide chains are covalently linked by one or more interchain disulfide bonds. In still another embodiment, the invention provides an antibody fragment comprising a plurality of polypeptide chains, wherein one polypeptide chain comprises a 6G4.2.5LV11N35X35 variant and a second polypeptide chain comprises the 6G4.2.5HV11 and the two polypeptide chains are covalently linked by one or more interchain disulfide bonds. In a preferred embodiment, any of the foregoing two-chain antibody fragments is selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', Fab'-SH, and F(ab')2. In still another preferred embodiment, the two-chain antibody fragment is a F(ab')₂ wherein one polypeptide chain comprises the 6G4.2.5LV11N35A and the second polypeptide chain comprises the 6G4.2.5HV11. In a further preferred embodiment, the antibody fragment is a Fab, Fab', Fab'-SH, or F(ab')₂ wherein one polypeptide chain comprises the 6G4.2.5LV11N35E and the second polypeptide chain comprises the 6G4.2.5HV11. A particularly preferred embodiment, the antibody fragment is the 6G4V11N35A F(ab')2 GCN4 leucine zipper species described in the Examples below. In another particularly preferred embodiment, the antibody fragment is the 6G4V11N35E F(ab')2 GCN4 leucine zipper species described in the Examples below. In yet another particularly preferred embodiment, the antibody fragment is the 6G4V11N35E Fab described in the Examples below.

10

15

20

25

30

35

The invention also provides an antibody or antibody fragment comprising a light chain containing a 6G4.2.5LV11X variant and optionally further comprising a heavy chain containing the 6G4.2.5HV11, wherein the light chain, and optionally the heavy chain, is (are) fused to an additional moiety, such as additional immunoglobulin constant domain sequence. Constant domain sequence can be added to the heavy chain and/or light chain sequence(s) to form species with full or partial length heavy and/or light chain(s). It will be appreciated that constant regions of any isotype can be used for this purpose, including lgG, IgM, IgA, IgD, and IgE constant regions, and that such constant regions can be obtained from any human or animal species. Preferably, the constant domain sequence is human in origin. Suitable human constant domain sequences can be obtained from Kabat et al.

The invention additionally provides an antibody or antibody fragment comprising a light chain containing a 6G4.2.5LV11N35X₃₅ variant and optionally further comprising a heavy chain containing the 6G4.2.5HV11, wherein the light chain, and optionally the heavy chain, is (are) fused to an additional moiety, such as additional immunoglobulin constant domain sequence. Constant domain sequence can be added to the heavy chain and/or light chain sequence(s) to form species with full or partial length heavy and/or light chain(s). It will be appreciated that constant regions of any isotype can be used for this purpose,

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

including IgG, IgM, IgA, IgD, and IgE constant regions, and that such constant regions can be obtained from any human or animal species. Preferably, the constant domain sequence is human in origin. Suitable human constant domain sequences can be obtained from Kabat et al.

The invention further provides an antibody or antibody fragment comprising a light chain containing the 6G4.2.5LV11N35A and optionally further comprising a heavy chain containing the 6G4.2.5HV11, wherein the light chain, and optionally the heavy chain, is (are) fused to an additional moiety, such as additional immunoglobulin constant domain sequence. Constant domain sequence can be added to the heavy chain and/or light chain sequence(s) to form species with full or partial length heavy and/or light chain(s). It will be appreciated that constant regions of any isotype can be used for this purpose, including IgG, IgM, IgA, IgD, and IgE constant regions, and that such constant regions can be obtained from any human or animal species. Preferably, the constant domain sequence is human in origin. Suitable human constant domain sequences can be obtained from Kabat et al.

The invention further provides an antibody or antibody fragment comprising a light chain containing the 6G4.2.5LV11N35E and optionally further comprising a heavy chain containing the 6G4.2.5HV11, wherein the light chain, and optionally the heavy chain, is (are) fused to an additional moiety, such as additional immunoglobulin constant domain sequence. Constant domain sequence can be added to the heavy chain and/or light chain sequence(s) to form species with full or partial length heavy and/or light chain(s). It will be appreciated that constant regions of any isotype can be used for this purpose, including IgG, IgM, IgA, IgD, and IgE constant regions, and that such constant regions can be obtained from any human or animal species. Preferably, the constant domain sequence is human in origin. Suitable human constant domain sequences can be obtained from Kabat et al.

In a preferred embodiment, the antibody or antibody fragment comprises a light chain containing a 6G4.2.5LV11X variant, and further comprises the 6G4.2.5HV11 in a heavy chain that is fused to or contains a leucine zipper sequence. The leucine zipper can increase the affinity or production efficiency of the antibody or antibody fragment of interest. Suitable leucine zipper sequences include the jun and fos leucine zippers taught by Kostelney et al., J. Immunol., 148: 1547-1553 (1992) and the GCN4 leucine zipper described in the Examples below. In another preferred embodiment, the antibody or antibody fragment comprises a light chain containing the 6G4.2.5LV11N35A, and further comprises a heavy chain containing the 6G4.2.5HV11 fused to the GCN4 leucine zipper. In yet another preferred embodiment, the antibody or antibody fragment comprises a light chain containing the 6G4.2.5LV11N35E, and further comprises a heavy chain containing the 6G4.2.5HV11 fused to the GCN4 leucine zipper.

B. 6G4.2.5HV VARIANTS

The invention provides humanized antibodies and antibody fragments comprising the CDRs of a 6G4.2.5HV CDR variant. The use of a 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant in the humanized antibodies and antibody fragments of the invention confer the advantages of higher affinity for human IL-8 and/or improved recombinant manufacturing economy.

A heavy chain variable domain comprising the CDRs of a 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant can be

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

humanized in conjunction with a light chain comprising the CDRs of 6G4.2.5LV or the CDRs of a 6G4.2.5LV CDRs variant, essentially as described in Section (II)(2)(A) above. In one embodiment, the invention provides a humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprising a 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant selected from the group consisting of 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z31, 6G4.2.5HV/H2S54Z54, and 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31Z31/H2S54Z54. In addition, the invention provides a humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprising a 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variant selected from the group consisting of 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A, 6G4.2.5HV/H2S54A, and 6G4.2.5HV/H1S31A/H2S54A. In particular, the 6G4.2.5HV CDRs variants can be used to construct a humanized antibody or antibody comprising the hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z as described in Section (II)(2)(A) above.

The invention additionally provides a humanized antibody or antibody fragment that comprises a heavy chain variable domain comprising the hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z, and further comprises a light chain variable domain comprising the hu6G4.2.5LV or hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3X.

The invention further encompasses a single chain humanized antibody fragment comprising the hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z, with or without any additional amino acid sequence. In one embodiment, the invention provides a single chain antibody fragment comprising the hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z without any associated heavy chain variable domain amino acid sequence, i.e. a single chain species that makes up one half of an Fv fragment.

In one embodiment, the invention provides a single chain humanized antibody fragment wherein the hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z and the hu6G4.2.5LV or hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3X are contained in a single chain polypeptide species. In a preferred embodiment, the single chain antibody fragment is a scFv species comprising the hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z joined to the hu6G4.2.5LV or hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3X by means of a flexible peptide linker sequence, wherein the heavy chain and light chain variable domains can associate in a "dimeric" structure analogous to that formed in a two-chain Fv species. In another embodiment, the single chain antibody fragment is a species comprising the hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z joined to the hu6G4.2.5LV or hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3X by a linker that is too short to permit intramolecular pairing of the two variable domains, i.e. a single chain polypeptide monomer that forms a diabody upon dimerization with another monomer.

In yet another embodiment, the invention provides a humanized antibody fragment comprising a plurality of polypeptide chains, wherein one polypeptide chain comprises the hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z and a second polypeptide chain comprises the hu6G4.2.5LV or hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3X and the two polypeptide chains are covalently linked by one or more interchain disulfide bonds. In a preferred embodiment, the foregoing two-chain antibody fragment is selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', Fab'-SH, Fv, and F(ab') 2.

The invention also provides a humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprising a heavy chain variable domain containing the hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z and optionally further comprising a light chain variable domain containing the hu6G4.2.5LV or hu6G4.2.5LV/vL1-3X, wherein the heavy chain variable

domain, and optionally the light chain variable domain, is (are) fused to an additional moiety, such as an immunoglobulin constant domain. Constant domain sequence can be added to the heavy chain and/or light chain sequence(s) to form species with full or partial length heavy and/or light chain(s). It will be appreciated that constant regions of any isotype can be used for this purpose, including IgG, IgM, IgA, IgD, and IgE constant regions, and that such constant regions can be obtained from any human or animal species. Preferably, the constant domain sequence is human in origin. Suitable human constant domain sequences can be obtained from Kabat *et al.*

In a preferred embodiment, the humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprises the hu6G4.2.5HV/vH1-3Z in a heavy chain that is fused to or contains a leucine zipper sequence. The leucine zipper can increase the affinity or production efficiency of the antibody or antibody fragment of interest. Suitable leucine zipper sequences include the jun and fos leucine zippers taught by Kostelney *et al.*, <u>J. Immunol.</u>, <u>148</u>: 1547-1553 (1992) and the GCN4 leucine zipper described in the Examples below.

In addition, the invention provides a humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprising a heavy chain comprising the amino acid sequence of amino acids 1-230 of the 6G4.2.5HV11 polypeptide amino acid sequence of Figs. 37A-37B (SEQ ID NO: 75) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31 (hereinafter referred to as "6G4.2.5HV11S31A").

In another embodiment, the invention provides a humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprising a heavy chain comprising the amino acid sequence of amino acids 1-230 of the 6G4.2.5HV11 polypeptide amino acid sequence of Figs. 37A-37B (SEQ ID NO: 75) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54 (hereinafter referred to as "6G4.2.5HV11S54A").

In yet another embodiment, the invention provides a humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprising a heavy chain comprising the amino acid sequence of amino acids 1-230 of the 6G4.2.5HV11 polypeptide amino acid sequence of Figs. 37A-37B (SEQ ID NO: 75) with the proviso that Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 31 and Ala is substituted for Ser at amino acid position 54 (hereinafter referred to as "6G4.2.5HV11S31A/S54A").

Further provided herein is a humanized antibody or antibody fragment that comprises any of the light and heavy chain combinations listed in Tables 1 and 2 below.

Table 1

5

10

15

20

25

	Heavy Chain	Light Chain
30		
	6G4.2.5HV11S31A	6G4.2.5LV11
	6G4.2.5HV11S31A	6G4.2.5LV11N35A
	6G4.2.5HV11S31A	6G4.2.5LV11S26A
	6G4.2.5HV11S31A	6G4.2.5LV11H98A
35	6G4.2.5HV11S31A	6G4.2.5LV11S26A/N35A
	6G4.2.5HV11S31A	6G4.2.5LV11S26A/H98A
	6G4.2.5HV11S31A	6G4.2.5LV11N35A/H98A
	6G4.2.5HV11S31A	6G4.2.5LV11S26A/N35A/H98A
	6G4.2.5HV11S54A	6G4.2.5LV11
40	6G4.2.5HV11S54A	6G4.2.5LV11N35A
	6G4.2.5HV11S54A	6G4.2.5LV11S26A
	6G4.2.5HV11S54A	6G4.2.5LV11H98A

Table 2

	140.0 -	
	Heavy Chain	Light Chain
	6G4.2.5HV11S54A	6G4.2.5LV11S26A/N35A
5	6G4.2.5HV11S54A	6G4.2.5LV11S26A/H98A
	6G4.2.5HV11S54A	6G4.2.5LV11N35A/H98A
	6G4.2.5HV11S54A	6G4.2.5LV11S26A/N35A/H98A
	6G4.2.5HV11S31A/S54A	6G4.2.5LV11
10	6G4.2.5HV11S31A/S54A	6G4.2.5LV11N35A 6G4.2.5LV11S26A
10	6G4.2.5HV11S31A/S54A 6G4.2.5HV11S31A/S54A	6G4.2.5LV11H98A
	6G4.2.5HV11S31A/S54A	G4.2.5LV11S26A/N35A
	6G4.2.5HV11S31A/S54A	6G4.2.5LV11S26A/H98A
	6G4.2.5HV11S31A/S54A	6G4.2.5LV11N35A/H98A
15	6G4.2.5HV11S31A/S54A	6G4.2.5LV11S26A/N35A/H98A
	6G4.2.5HV11S31A	6G4.2.5LV11
	6G4.2.5HV11S31A	6G4.2.5LV11N35X ₃₅
	6G4.2.5HV11S31A	6G4.2.5LV11S26X ₂₆
	6G4.2.5HV11S31A	6G4.2.5LV11H98X ₉₈
20	6G4.2.5HV11S31A	6G4.2.5LV11S26X ₂₆ /N35X ₃₅
	6G4.2.5HV11S31A	6G4.2.5LV11S26X ₂₆ /H98X ₉₈
	6G4.2.5HV11S31A	6G4.2.5LV11N35X ₃₅ /H98X ₉₈
	6G4.2.5HV11S31A	6G4.2.5LV11S26X ₂₆ /N35X ₃₅ /H98X ₉₈
	6G4.2.5HV11S54A	6G4.2.5LV11
25	6G4.2.5HV11S54A	6G4.2.5LV11N35X ₃₅
	6G4.2.5HV11S54A	6G4.2.5LV11S26X ₂₆
	6G4.2.5HV11S54A	6G4.2.5LV11H98X ₉₈
	6G4.2.5HV11S54A	6G4.2.5LV11S26X ₂₆ /N35X ₃₅
	6G4.2.5HV11S54A	6G4.2.5LV11S26X ₂₆ /H98X ₉₈
30	6G4.2.5HV11S54A	6G4.2.5LV11N35X ₃₅ /H98X ₉₈
	6G4.2.5HV11S54A	6G4.2.5LV11S26X ₂₆ /N35X ₃₅ /H98X ₉₈
	6G4.2.5HV11S31A/S54A 6G4.2.5HV11S31A/S54A	6G4.2.5LV11 6G4.2.5LV11N35X ₃₅
		6G4.2.5LV11S26X ₂₆
	6G4.2.5HV11S31A/S54A	20
35	6G4.2.5HV11S31A/S54A	6G4.2.5LV11H98X ₉₈
	6G4.2.5HV11S31A/S54A	6G4.2.5LV11S26X ₂₆ /N35X ₃₅
	6G4.2.5HV11S31A/S54A	6G4.2.5LV11S26X ₂₆ /H98X ₉₈
	6G4.2.5HV11S31A/S54A	6G4.2.5LV11N35X ₃₅ /H98X ₉₈
40	6G4.2.5HV11S31A/S54A	6G4.2.5LV11S26X ₂₆ /N35X ₃₅ /H98X ₉₈
40		

45

The invention encompasses a single chain humanized antibody fragment comprising a variant heavy chain selected from the group consisting of 6G4.2.5HV11S31A, 6G4.2.5HV11S54A, and 6G4.2.5HV11S31A/S54A, with or without any additional amino acid sequence. It will be understood that the group consisting of 6G4.2.5HV11S31A, 6G4.2.5HV11S54A, and 6G4.2.5HV11S31A/S54A is collectively referred to herein as the "group of 6G4.2.5HV11A variants", and that individual members of

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

this group are generically referred to herein as a "6G4.2.5HV11A variant." In one embodiment, the invention provides a single chain humanized antibody fragment comprising a 6G4.2.5HV11A variant without any associated light chain amino acid sequence, i.e. a single chain species that makes up one half of a Fab fragment.

Further provided herein are a humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprising a heavy chain comprising a 6G4.2.5HV11A variant, and further comprising a light chain comprising a 6G4.2.5LV11A variant or a 6G4.2.5LV11X variant. In another embodiment, the humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprises any combination of light and heavy chains listed in Tables 1 and 2 above. In one embodiment, the invention provides a humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprising a 6G4.2.5HV11A variant and further comprising the 6G4.2.5LV11N35X₃₅. In a preferred embodiment, the invention provides a humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprising a 6G4.2.5HV11A variant and further comprising the 6G4.2.5LV11N35A.

In yet another embodiment, the invention provides a single chain humanized antibody fragment wherein a 6G4.2.5HV11A variant and the 6G4.2.5LV11 are contained in a single chain polypeptide species. In another embodiment, the invention provides a single chain humanized antibody fragment wherein any pair of light and heavy chains listed in Tables 1 and 2 above is contained in a single chain polypeptide species. In yet another embodiment, the invention provides a single chain humanized antibody fragment wherein a 6G4.2.5HV11A variant and a 6G4.2.5LV11X variant are contained in a single chain polypeptide species. In still another embodiment, the invention provides a single chain humanized antibody fragment wherein a 6G4.2.5HV11A variant and a 6G4.2.5LV11N35X35 variant are contained in a single chain polypeptide species. In an additional embodiment, the invention provides a single chain humanized antibody fragment wherein a 6G4.2.5HV11A variant and the 6G4.2.5LV11N35A variant are contained in a single chain polypeptide species.

In a preferred embodiment, the single chain humanized antibody fragment comprises a 6G4.2.5HV11A variant joined to a 6G4.2.5LV11X variant, 6G4.2.5LV11N35X₃₅ variant, 6G4.2.5LV11N35A variant, or 6G4.2.5LV11 by means of a flexible peptide linker sequence, wherein the heavy chain and light chain domains can associate in a "dimeric" structure analogous to that formed in a two-chain Fab species. In a further embodiment, the single chain humanized antibody fragment is a species comprising a 6G4.2.5HV11A variant joined to a 6G4.2.5LV11X variant, 6G4.2.5LV11N35X₃₅ variant, 6G4.2.5LV11N35A variant, or 6G4.2.5LV11 by a linker that is too short to permit intramolecular pairing of complementary domains, i.e. a single chain polypeptide monomer that forms a diabody upon dimerization with another monomer.

In still another embodiment, the single chain humanized antibody fragment comprises any pair of light and heavy chains listed in Tables 1 and 2 above joined by means of a flexible peptide linker sequence, wherein the heavy chain and light chain domains can associate in a "dimeric" structure analogous to that formed in a two-chain Fab species. In an additional embodiment, the single chain humanized antibody

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

fragment comprises any pair of light and heavy chains listed in Tables 1 and 2 above joined by a linker that is too short to permit intramolecular pairing of complementary domains, i.e. a single chain polypeptide monomer that forms a diabody upon dimerization with another monomer.

In yet another embodiment, the invention provides a humanized antibody fragment comprising a plurality of polypeptide chains, wherein one polypeptide chain comprises a 6G4.2.5HV11A variant and a second polypeptide chain comprises a 6G4.2.5LV11X variant, 6G4.2.5LV11N35X₃₅ variant, 6G4.2.5LV11N35A variant, or 6G4.2.5LV11, and the two polypeptide chains are covalently linked by one or more interchain disulfide bonds. In a preferred embodiment, the foregoing two-chain antibody fragment is selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', Fab'-SH, and F(ab')₂.

In an additional embodiment, the invention provides a two-chain humanized antibody fragment comprising any pair of heavy and light chains listed in Tables 1 and 2 above, wherein each chain is contained on a separate molecule. In another embodiment, the two-chain antibody fragment comprising any pair of heavy and light chains listed in Tables 1 and 2 above is selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', Fab'-SH, and F(ab') 2. In a preferred embodiment, the two-chain humanized antibody fragment is a F(ab') 2 comprising any pair of heavy and light chains listed in Tables 1 and 2 above. In another preferred embodiment, the two-chain humanized antibody fragment is a F(ab') 2 wherein one polypeptide chain comprises a 6G4.2.5HV11A variant and the second polypeptide chain comprises the 6G4.2.5LV11N35A.

The invention also provides a humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprising a heavy chain containing a 6G4.2.5HV11A variant and optionally further comprising a light chain containing a 6G4.2.5LV11X variant, 6G4.2.5LV11N35X₃₅ variant, 6G4.2.5LV11N35A, or 6G4.2.5HV11, wherein the heavy chain, and optionally the light chain, is (are) fused to an additional moiety, such as additional immunoglobulin constant domain sequence. Constant domain sequence can be added to the heavy chain and/or light chain sequence(s) to form species with full or partial length heavy and/or light chain(s). It will be appreciated that constant regions of any isotype can be used for this purpose, including IgG, IgM, IgA, IgD, and IgE constant regions, and that such constant regions can be obtained from any human or animal species. Preferably, the constant domain sequence is human in origin. Suitable human constant domain sequences can be obtained from Kabat et al. (supra).

In a preferred embodiment, the humanized antibody or antibody fragment comprises a 6G4.2.5HV11A variant in a heavy chain that is fused to or contains a leucine zipper sequence. The leucine zipper can increase the affinity or production efficiency of the antibody or antibody fragment of interest. Suitable leucine zipper sequences include the jun and fos leucine zippers taught by Kostelney et al., <u>J. Immunol.</u>, <u>148</u>: 1547-1553 (1992) and the GCN4 leucine zipper described in the Examples below.

C. Bispecific Antibodies

Bispecific antibodies are monoclonal, preferably human or humanized, antibodies that have binding specificities f r at least two different antigens. In the present case, one of the binding

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

specificities is for IL-8, the other one is for any other antigen. For example, bispecific antibodies specifically binding a IL-8 and neurotrophic factor, or two different types of IL-8 polypeptides are within the scope of the present invention.

Methods for making bispecific antibodies are known in the art. Traditionally, the recombinant production of bispecific antibodies is based on the co-expression of two immunoglobulin heavy chain-light chain pairs, where the two heavy chains have different specificities (Milstein and Cuello, Nature 305:537 (1983)). Because of the random assortment of immunoglobulin heavy and light chains, these hybridomas (quadromas) produce a potential mixture of 10 different antibody molecules, of which only one has the correct bispecific structure. The purification of the correct molecule, which is usually done by affinity chromatography steps, is rather cumbersome, and the product yields are low. Similar procedures are disclosed in WO 93/08829 published 13 May 1993, and in Traunecker et al., EMBO J. 10:3655 (1991).

According to a different and more preferred approach, antibody-variable domains with the desired binding specificities (antibody-antigen combining sites) are fused to immunoglobulin constant-domain sequences. The fusion preferably is with an immunoglobulin heavy-chain constant domain, comprising at least part of the hinge, CH2, and CH3 regions. It is preferred to have the first heavy-chain constant region (CH1), containing the site necessary for light-chain binding, present in at least one of the fusions. DNAs encoding the immunoglobulin heavy chain fusions and, if desired, the immunoglobulin light chain, are inserted into separate expression vectors, and are co-transfected into a suitable host organism. This provides for great flexibility in adjusting the mutual proportions of the three polypeptide fragments in embodiments when unequal ratios of the three polypeptide chains used in the construction provide the maximum yields. It is, however, possible to insert the coding sequences for two or all three polypeptide chains in one expression vector when the production of at least two polypeptide chains in equal ratios results in high yields or when the ratios are of no particular significance. In a preferred embodiment of this approach, the bispecific antibodies are composed of a hybrid immunoglobulin heavy chain with a first binding specificity in one arm, and a hybrid immunoglobulin heavy chain-light chain pair (providing a second binding specificity) in the other arm. This asymmetric structure facilitates the separation of the desired bispecific compound from unwanted immunoglobulin chain combinations, as the presence of an immunoglobulin light chain in only one half of the bispecific molecule provides for a facile way of separation. For further details of generating bispecific antibodies, see, for example, Suresh et al., Methods in Enzymology 121:210 (1986).

According to another approach, the interface between a pair of antibody molecules can be engineered to maximize the percentage of heterodimers which are recovered from recombinant cell culture. The preferred interface comprises at least a part of the C_H3 domain of an antibody constant domain. In this method, one or more small amino acid side chains from the interface of the first antibody molecule are replaced with larger side chains (e.g. tyrosine or tryptophan). Compensatory "cavities" of identical or similar size to the large side chain(s) are created on the interface of the second antibody molecule by replacing large amino acid side chains with smaller ones (e.g. alanine or threonine). This provides a mechanism for increasing the yield of the heterodimer over other unwanted end-products such as

homodimers.

10

15

20

25

30

35

Bispecific antibodies include cross-linked or "heteroconjugate" antibodies. For example, one of the antibodies in the heteroconjugate can be coupled to avidin, the other to biotin. Such antibodies have, for example, been proposed to target immune system cells to unwanted cells (US Patent No. 4,676,980), and for treatment of HIV infection (WO 91/00360, WO 92/00373, and EP 03089). Heteroconjugate antibodies may be made using any convenient cross-linking methods. Suitable cross-linking agents are well known in the art, and are disclosed in US Patent No. 4,676,980, along with a number of cross-linking techniques.

Techniques for generating bispecific antibodies from antibody fragments have also been described in the literature. For example, bispecific antibodies can be prepared using chemical linkage. Brennan et al., Science, 229: 81 (1985) describe a procedure wherein intact antibodies are proteolytically cleaved to generate F(ab') 2 fragments. These fragments are reduced in the presence of the dithiol complexing agent sodium arsenite to stabilize vicinal dithiols and prevent intermolecular disulfide formation. The Fab' fragments generated are then converted to thionitrobenzoate (TNB) derivatives. One of the Fab'-TNB derivatives is then reconverted to the Fab'-thiol by reduction with mercaptoethylamine and is mixed with an equimolar amount of the other Fab'-TNB derivative to form the bispecific antibody. The bispecific antibodies produced can be used as agents for the selective immobilization of enzymes.

Recent progress has facilitated the direct recovery of Fab'-SH fragments from E. coli, which can be chemically coupled to form bispecific antibodies. Shalaby et al., J. Exp. Med., 175: 217-225 (1992) describe the production of a fully humanized bispecific antibody F(ab') 2 molecule. Each Fab' fragment was separately secreted from E. coli and subjected to directed chemical coupling in vitro to form the bispecific antibody. The bispecific antibody thus formed was able to bind to cells overexpressing the HER2 receptor and normal human T cells, as well as trigger the lytic activity of human cytotoxic lymphocytes against human breast tumor targets.

Various techniques for making and isolating bispecific antibody fragments directly from recombinant cell culture have also been described. For example, bispecific antibodies have been produced using leucine zippers. Kostelny et al., J. Immunol., 148(5):1547-1553 (1992). The leucine zipper peptides from the Fos and Jun proteins were linked to the Fab' portions of two different antibodies by gene fusion. The antibody homodimers were reduced at the hinge region to form monomers and then re-oxidized to form the antibody heterodimers. This method can also be utilized for the production of antibody homodimers. The "diabody" technology described by Hollinger et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 90:6444-6448 (1993) has provided an alternative mechanism for making bispecific antibody fragments. The fragments comprise a heavy-chain variable domain (VH) connected to a light-chain variable domain (VL) by a linker which is too short to allow pairing between the two domains on the same chain. Accordingly, the VH and VL domains of one fragment are forced to pair with the complementary VL and VH domains of another fragment, thereby forming two antigen-binding sites. Another strategy for making bispecific antibody fragments by the use of single-chain Fv (sFv) dimers has also been reported. See Gruber et al., J. Immunol., 152:5368 (1994).

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

Antibodies with more than two valencies are contemplated. For example, trispecific antibodies can be prepared. Tutt et al. J. Immunol. 147: 60 (1991).

4. Production of Humanized Anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5 Monoclonal Antibody, Antibody Fragments, and Variants

The antibodies and antibody fragments of the invention can be produced using any convenient antibody manufacturing process known in the art. Typically, the antibody or antibody fragment is made using recombinant expression systems. A multiple polypeptide chain antibody or antibody fragment species can be made in a single host cell expression system wherein the host cell produces each chain of the antibody or antibody fragment and assembles the polypeptide chains into a multimeric structure to form the antibody or antibody fragment in vivo, followed by recovery of the antibody or antibody fragment from the host cell. For example, suitable recombinant expression systems for the production of complete antibody or antibody fragment are described in Lucas et al., Nucleic Acids Res., 24: 1774-1779 (1996). Alternatively, the separate polypeptide chains of the desired antibody or antibody fragment can be made in separate expression host cells, separately recovered from the respective host cells, and then mixed in vitro under conditions permitting the formation of the multi-subunit antibody or antibody fragment of interest. For example, U.S. Pat. No. 4,816,567 to Cabilly et al. and Carter et al., Bio/Technology, 10: 163-167 (1992) provide methods for recombinant production of antibody heavy and light chains in separate expression hosts followed by assembly of antibody from separate heavy and light chains in vitro.

The following discussion of recombinant expression methods applies equally to the production of single chain antibody polypeptide species and multi-subunit antibody and antibody fragment species. All recombinant procedures for the production of antibody or antibody fragment provided below shall be understood to describe: (1) manufacture of single chain antibody species as the desired end-product; (2) manufacture of multi-subunit antibody or antibody fragment species by production of all subunits in a single host cell, subunit assembly in the host cell, optionally followed by host cell secretion of the multi-subunit end-product into the culture medium, and recovery of the multi-subunit end-product from the host cell and/or culture medium; and (3) manufacture of multi-subunit antibody or antibody fragment by production of subunits in separate host cells (optionally followed by host cell secretion of subunits into the culture medium), recovery of subunits from the respective host cells and/or culture media, followed by in vitro subunit assembly to form the multi-subunit end-product. In the case of a multi-subunit antibody or antibody fragment produced in a single host cell, it will be appreciated that production of the various subunits can be effected by expression of multiple polypeptide-encoding nucleic acid sequences carried on a single vector or by expression of polypeptide-encoding nucleic acid sequences carried on multiple vectors contained in the host cell.

A. Construction of DNA Encoding Humanized 6G4.2.5 Monoclonal Antibodies, Antibody Fragments, and Variants

Following the selection of the humanized antibody or antibody fragment of the invention according to the methods described above, the practitioner can use the genetic code to design DNAs

encoding the desired antibody or antibody fragment. In one embodiment, codons preferred by the expression host cell are used in the design of a DNA encoding the antibody or antibody fragment of interest. DNA encoding the desired antibody or antibody fragment can be prepared by a variety of methods known in the art. These methods include, but are not limited to, chemical synthesis by any of the methods described in Engels *et al.*, Agnew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl., 28: 716-734 (1989), the entire disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference, such as the triester, phosphite, phosphoramidite and H-phosphonate methods.

A variation on the above procedures contemplates the use of gene fusions, wherein the gene(s) encoding the antibody or antibody fragment is associated, in the vector, with a gene encoding another protein or a fragment of another protein. This results in the antibody or antibody fragment being produced by the host cell as a fusion with another protein. The "other" protein is often a protein or peptide which can be secreted by the cell, making it possible to isolate and purify the desired protein from the culture medium and eliminating the necessity of destroying the host cells which arises when the desired protein remains inside the cell. Alternatively, the fusion protein can be expressed intracellularly. It is advantageous to use fusion proteins that are highly expressed.

10

15

20

25

30

35

The use of gene fusions, though not essential, can facilitate the expression of heterologous proteins in *E. coli* as well as the subsequent purification of those gene products (Harris, T. J. R. in *Genetic Engineering*, Williamson, R., Ed., Academic, London, Vol. 4, p. 127(1983); Uhlen, M. & Moks, T., *Methods Enzymol.* 185:129-143 (1990)). Protein A fusions are often used because the binding of protein A, or more specifically the Z domain of protein A, to IgG provides an "affinity handle" for the purification of the fused protein (Nilsson, B. & Abrahmsen, L. *Methods Enzymol.* 185:144-161 (1990)). It has also been shown that many heterologous proteins are degraded when expressed directly in *E. coli*, but are stable when expressed as fusion proteins (Marston, F. A. O., *Biochem J.* 240: 1 (1986)).

Fusion proteins can be cleaved using chemicals, such as cyanogen bromide, which cleaves at a methionine, or hydroxylamine, which cleaves between an Asn and Gly. Using standard recombinant DNA methodology, the nucleotide base pairs encoding these amino acids may be inserted just prior to the 5' end of the antibody or antibody fragment gene(s).

Alternatively, one can employ proteolytic cleavage of fusion proteins, which has been recently reviewed (Carter, P. (1990) in *Protein Purification: From Molecular Mechanisms to Large-Scale Processes*. Ladisch, M. R., Willson, R. C., Painton, C. C., and Builder, S. E., eds., American Chemical Society Symposium Series No. 427, Ch 13, 181-193).

Proteases such Factor Xa, thrombin, subtilisin and mutants thereof, have been successfully used to cleave fusion proteins. Typically, a peptide linker that is amenable to cleavage by the protease used is inserted between the "other" protein (e.g., the Z domain of protein A) and the protein of interest, such as humanized anti-IL-8 antibody or antibody fragment. Using recombinant DNA methodology, the nucleotide base pairs encoding the linker are inserted between the genes or gene fragments coding for the other proteins. Proteolytic cleavage of the partially purified fusion protein containing the correct linker can then

be carried out on either the native fusion protein, or the reduced or denatured fusion protein.

Various techniques are also available which may now be employed to produce variant humanized antibodies or antibody fragments, which encodes for additions, deletions, or changes in amino acid sequence of the resultant protein(s) relative to the parent humanized antibody or antibody fragment.

By way of illustration, with expression vectors encoding humanized antibody or antibody fragment in hand, site specific mutagenesis (Kunkel et al., Methods Enzymol. 204:125-139 (1991); Carter, P., et al., Nucl. Acids. Res. 13:4331 (1986); Zoller, M. J. et al., Nucl. Acids Res. 10:6487 (1982)), cassette mutagenesis (Wells, J. A., et al., Gene 34:315 (1985)), restriction selection mutagenesis (Wells, J. A., et al., Philos. Trans, R. Soc. London SerA 317, 415 (1986)) or other known techniques may be performed on the antibody or antibody fragment DNA. The variant DNA can then be used in place of the parent DNA by insertion into the aforementioned expression vectors. Growth of host bacteria containing the expression vectors with the mutant DNA allows the production of variant humanized antibodies or antibody fragments, which can be isolated as described herein.

B. Insertion of DNA into a Cloning Vehicle

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

The DNA encoding the antibody or antibody fragment is inserted into a replicable vector for further cloning (amplification of the DNA) or for expression. Many vectors are available, and selection of the appropriate vector will depend on (1) whether it is to be used for DNA amplification or for DNA expression, (2) the size of the DNA to be inserted into the vector, and (3) the host cell to be transformed with the vector. Each vector contains various components depending on its function (amplification of DNA or expression of DNA) and the host cell for which it is compatible. The vector components generally include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following: a signal sequence, an origin of replication, one or more marker genes, an enhancer element, a promoter, and a transcription termination sequence.

(i) Signal Sequence Component

In general, a signal sequence may be a component of the vector, or it may be a part of the antibody or antibody fragment DNA that is inserted into the vector. Preferably, a heterologous signal sequence selected and fused to the antibody or antibody fragment DNA such that the signal sequence in the corresponding fusion protein is recognized, transported and processed (i.e., cleaved by a signal peptidase) in the host cell's protein secretion system. In the case of prokaryotic host cells, the signal sequence is selected, for example, from the group of the alkaline phosphatase, penicillinase, lpp, or heat-stable enterotoxin II leaders. In a preferred embodiment, the STII signal sequence is used as described in the Examples below. For yeast secretion the native signal sequence may be substituted by, e.g., the yeast invertase leader, α factor leader (including Saccharomyces and Kluyveromyces α -factor leaders), or acid phosphatase leader, the C. albicans glucoamylase leader, or the signal described in WO 90/13646. In mammalian cell expression, mammalian signal sequences as well as viral secretory leaders, for example, the herpes simplex gD signal, are available.

(ii) Origin of Replication Component

Both expression and cloning vectors contain a nucleic acid sequence that enables

the vector to replicate in one or more selected host cells. Generally, in cloning vectors this sequence is one that enables the vector to replicate independently of the host chromosomal DNA, and includes origins of replication or autonomously replicating sequences. Such sequences are well known for a variety of bacteria, yeast, and viruses. The origin of replication from the plasmid pBR322 is suitable for most Gram-negative bacteria, the 2µ plasmid origin is suitable for yeast, and various viral origins (SV40, polyoma, adenovirus, VSV or BPV) are useful for cloning vectors in mammalian cells. Generally, the origin of replication component is not needed for mammalian expression vectors (the SV40 origin may typically be used only because it contains the early promoter).

Most expression vectors are "shuttle" vectors, i.e. they are capable of replication in at least one class of organisms but can be transfected into another organism for expression. For example, a vector is cloned in *E. coli* and then the same vector is transfected into yeast or mammalian cells for expression even though it is not capable of replicating independently of the host cell chromosome.

DNA may also be amplified by insertion into the host genome. This is readily accomplished using *Bacillus* species as hosts, for example, by including in the vector a DNA sequence that is homologous to a sequence found in *Bacillus* genomic DNA. Transfection of *Bacillus* with this vector results in homologous recombination with the genome and insertion of the antibody or antibody fragment DNA.

(iii) Selection Gene Component

10

15

20

25

30

35

Expression and cloning vectors should contain a selection gene, also termed a selectable marker. This gene encodes a protein necessary for the survival or growth of transformed host cells grown in a selective culture medium. Host cells not transformed with the vector containing the selection gene will not survive in the culture medium. Typical selection genes encode proteins that (a) confer resistance to antibiotics or other toxins, e.g. ampicillin, neomycin, methotrexate, or tetracycline, (b) complement auxotrophic deficiencies, or (c) supply critical nutrients not available from complex media, e.g. the gene encoding D-alanine racemase for *Bacilli*.

One example of a selection scheme utilizes a drug to arrest growth of a host cell. Those cells that are successfully transformed with a heterologous gene express a protein conferring drug resistance and thus survive the selection regimen. Examples of such dominant selection use the drugs neomycin (Southern et al., J. Molec. Appl. Genet., 1: 327 (1982)), mycophenolic acid (Mulligan et al., Science, 209: 1422 (1980)) or hygromycin (Sugden et al., Mol. Cell. Biol., 5: 410-413 (1985)). The three examples given above employ bacterial genes under eukaryotic control to convey resistance to the appropriate drug (G418 or neomycin (geneticin), xgpt (mycophenolic acid), and hygromycin, respectively.)

Another example of suitable selectable markers for mammalian cells are those that enable the identification of cells competent to take up the antibody or antibody fragment nucleic acid, such as dihydrofolate reductase (DHFR) or thymidine kinase. The mammalian cell transformants are placed under selection pressure which only the transformants are uniquely adapted to survive by virtue of having taken up the marker. Selection pressure is imposed by culturing the transformants under conditions in which the concentration of selection agent in the medium is successively changed, thereby leading to amplification of

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

both the selection gene and the DNA that encodes the antibody or antibody fragment. Amplification is the proc ss by which genes in greater demand for the production of a protein critical for growth are reiterated in tandem within the chromosomes of successive generations of recombinant cells. Increased quantities of the antibody or antibody fragment are synthesized from the amplified DNA.

For example, cells transformed with the DHFR selection gene are first identified by culturing all of the transformants in a culture medium that contains methotrexate (Mtx), a competitive antagonist of DHFR. An appropriate host cell when wild-type DHFR is employed is the Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cell line deficient in DHFR activity, prepared and propagated as described by Urlaub and Chasin, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 77: 4216 (1980). The transformed cells are then exposed to increased levels of methotrexate. This leads to the synthesis of multiple copies of the DHFR gene, and, concomitantly, multiple copies of other DNA comprising the expression vectors, such as the DNA encoding the antibody or antibody fragment. This amplification technique can be used with any otherwise suitable host, e.g., ATCC No. CCL61 CHO-K1, notwithstanding the presence of endogenous DHFR if, for example, a mutant DHFR gene that is highly resistant to Mtx is employed (EP 117,060). Alternatively, host cells (particularly wild-type hosts that contain endogenous DHFR) transformed or co-transformed with DNA sequences encoding the antibody or antibody fragment, wild-type DHFR protein, and another selectable marker such as aminoglycoside 3' phosphotransferase (APH) can be selected by cell growth in medium containing a selection agent for the selectable marker such as an aminoglycosidic antibiotic, e.g., kanamycin, neomycin, or G418. See U.S. Pat. No. 4,965,199.

A suitable selection gene for use in yeast is the *trp*1 gene present in the yeast plasmid YRp7. Stinchcomb *et al.*, Nature, 282: 39 (1979); Kingsman *et al.*, Gene, 7: 141 (1979); or Tschemper *et al.*, Gene, 10: 157 (1980). The *trp*1 gene provides a selection marker for a mutant strain of yeast lacking the ability to grow in tryptophan, for example, ATCC No. 44076 or PEP4-1. Jones, Genetics, 85: 12 (1977). The presence of the <u>trp</u>1 lesion in the yeast host cell genome then provides an effective environment for detecting transformation by growth in the absence of tryptophan. Similarly, *Leu*2-deficient yeast strains (ATCC 20,622 or 38,626) are complemented by known plasmids bearing the *Leu*2 gene.

(iv) Promoter Component

Expression vectors usually contain a promoter that is recognized by the host organism and is operably linked to the antibody or antibody fragment nucleic acid. Promoters are untranslated sequences located upstream (5') to the start codon of a structural gene (generally within about 100 to 1000 bp) that control the transcription and translation of a particular nucleic acid sequence, such as the antibody or antibody fragment encoding sequence, to which they are operably linked. Such promoters typically fall into two classes, inducible and constitutive. Inducible promoters are promoters that initiate increased levels of transcription from DNA under their control in response to some change in culture conditions, e.g. the presence or absence of a nutrient or a change in temperature. At this time a large number of promoters recognized by a variety of potential host cells are well known.

Promoters suitable for use with prokaryotic hosts include the β-lactamase and lactose promoter

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

systems (Chang et al., Nature, 275: 615 (1978); and Goeddel et al., Nature, 281: 544 (1979)), alkaline phosphatase, a tryptophan (trp) promoter system (Goeddel, Nucleic Acids Res., 8: 4057 (1980) and EP 36,776) and hybrid promoters such as the tac promoter (deBoer et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 80: 21-25 (1983)). However, other known bacterial promoters are suitable. Their nucleotide sequences have been published, thereby enabling a skilled worker to operably ligate them to DNA encoding the antibody or antibody fragment (Siebenlist et al., Cell, 20: 269 (1980)) using linkers or adaptors to supply any required restriction sites. Promoters for use in bacterial systems also generally will contain a Shine-Dalgarno (S.D.) sequence operably linked to the DNA encoding the antibody or antibody fragment.

Suitable promoting sequences for use with yeast hosts include the promoters for 3-phosphoglycerate kinase (Hitzeman et al., J. Biol. Chem., 255: 2073 (1980)) or other glycolytic enzymes (Hess et al., J. Adv. Enzyme Reg., 7: 149 (1968); and Holland, Biochemistry, 17: 4900 (1978)), such as enolase, glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase, hexokinase, pyruvate decarboxylase, phosphofructokinase, glucose-6-phosphate isomerase, 3-phosphoglycerate mutase, pyruvate kinase, triosephosphate isomerase, phosphoglucose isomerase, and glucokinase.

Other yeast promoters, which are inducible promoters having the additional advantage of transcription controlled by growth conditions, are the promoter regions for alcohol dehydrogenase 2, isocytochrome C, acid phosphatase, degradative enzymes associated with nitrogen metabolism, metallothionein, glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase, and enzymes responsible for maltose and galactose utilization. Suitable vectors and promoters for use in yeast expression are further described in Hitzeman et al., EP 73,657A. Yeast enhancers also are advantageously used with yeast promoters.

Promoter sequences are known for eukaryotes. Virtually all eukaryotic genes have an AT-rich region located approximately 25 to 30 bases upstream from the site where transcription is initiated. Another sequence found 70 to 80 bases upstream from the start of transcription of many genes is a CXCAAT region where X may be any nucleotide. At the 3' end of most eukaryotic genes is an AATAAA sequence that may be the signal for addition of the poly A tail to the 3' end of the coding sequence. All of these sequences are suitably inserted into mammalian expression vectors.

Vector driven transcription of antibody or antibody fragment encoding DNA in mammalian host cells can be controlled by promoters obtained from the genomes of viruses such as polyoma virus, fowlpox virus (UK 2,211,504 published 5 July 1989), adenovirus (such as Adenovirus 2), bovine papilloma virus, avian sarcoma virus, cytomegalovirus, a retrovirus, hepatitis-B virus and most preferably Simian Virus 40 (SV40), from heterologous mammalian promoters, e.g. the actin promoter or an immunoglobulin promoter, and from heat-shock promoters, provided such promoters are compatible with the host cell systems.

The early and late promoters of the SV40 virus are conveniently obtained as an SV40 restriction fragment that also contains the SV40 viral origin of replication. Fiers et al., Nature, 273: 113 (1978); Mulligan and Berg, Science, 209: 1422-1427 (1980); Pavlakis et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 78: 7398-7402 (1981). The immediate early promoter of the human cytomegalovirus is conveniently obtained as a HindIII E restriction fragment. Greenaway et al., Gene, 18: 355-360 (1982). A system for expressing DNA

in mammalian hosts using the bovine papilloma virus as a vector is disclosed in U.S. 4,419,446. A modification of this system is described in U.S. 4,601,978. See also Gray et al., Nature, 295: 503-508 (1982) on expressing cDNA encoding immune interferon in monkey cells, Reyes et al., Nature, 297: 598-601 (1982) on expression of human -interferon cDNA in mouse cells under the control of a thymidine kinase promoter from herpes simplex virus, Canaani and Berg, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 79: 5166-5170 (1982) on expression of the human interferon 1 gene in cultured mouse and rabbit cells, and Gorman et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 79: 6777-6781 (1982) on expression of bacterial CAT sequences in CV-1 monkey kidney cells, chicken embryo fibroblasts, Chinese hamster ovary cells, HeLa cells, and mouse NIH-3T3 cells using the Rous sarcoma virus long terminal repeat as a promoter.

(v) Enhancer Element Component

10

15

20

25

30

35

Transcription of a DNA encoding antibody or antibody fragment by higher eukaryotic host cells is often increased by inserting an enhancer sequence into the vector. Enhancers are cisacting elements of DNA, usually about from 10-300 bp, that act on a promoter to increase its transcription. Enhancers are relatively orientation and position independent having been found 5' (Laimins et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 78: 993 (1981)) and 3' (Lusky et al., Mol. Cell Bio., 3: 1108 (1983)) to the transcription unit, within an intron (Banerji et al., Cell, 33: 729 (1983)) as well as within the coding sequence itself (Osborne et al., Mol. Cell Bio., 4: 1293 (1984)). Many enhancer sequences are now known from mammalian genes (globin, elastase, albumin, -fetoprotein and insulin). Typically, however, one will use an enhancer from a eukaryotic cell virus. Examples include the SV40 enhancer on the late side of the replication origin (bp 100-270), the cytomegalovirus early promoter enhancer, the polyoma enhancer on the late side of the replication origin, and adenovirus enhancers. See also Yaniv, Nature, 297: 17-18 (1982) on enhancing elements for activation of eukaryotic promoters. The enhancer may be spliced into the vector at a position 5' or 3' to the antibody or antibody fragment DNA, but is preferably located at a site 5' from the promoter.

(vi) Transcription Termination Component

Expression vectors used in eukaryotic host cells (yeast, fungi, insect, plant, animal, human, or nucleated cells from other multicellular organisms) can also contain sequences necessary for the termination of transcription and for stabilizing the mRNA. Such sequences are commonly available from the 5' and, occasionally 3' untranslated regions of eukaryotic or viral DNAs or cDNAs. These regions contain nucleotide segments transcribed as polyadenylated fragments in the untranslated portion of the mRNA encoding the antibody or antibody fragment. The 3' untranslated regions also include transcription termination sites.

Suitable vectors containing one or more of the above listed components and the desired coding and control sequences are constructed by standard ligation techniques. Isolated plasmids or DNA fragments are cleaved, tailored, and religated in the form desired to generate the plasmids required.

For analysis to confirm correct sequences in plasmids constructed, the ligation mixtures are used to transform E. coli K12 strain 294 (ATCC 31,446) and successful transformants selected by ampicillin or

tetracycline resistance where appropriate. Plasmids from the transformants are prepared, analyzed by restriction endonuclease digestion, and/or sequenced by the method of Messing et al., Nucleic Acids Res., 9: 309 (1981) or by the method of Maxam et al., Methods in Enzymology, 65: 499 (1980).

Particularly useful in the practice of this invention are expression vectors that provide for the transient expression in mammalian cells of DNA encoding the antibody or antibody fragment. In general, transient expression involves the use of an expression vector that is able to replicate efficiently in a host cell, such that the host cell accumulates many copies of the expression vector and, in turn, synthesizes high levels of a desired polypeptide encoded by the expression vector.

Other methods, vectors, and host cells suitable for adaptation to the synthesis of the antibody or antibody fragment in recombinant vertebrate cell culture are described in Gething et al., Nature, 293: 620-625 (1981); Mantei et al., Nature, 281: 40-46 (1979); Levinson et al., EP 117,060; and EP 117,058. A particularly useful plasmid for mammalian cell culture expression of the IgE peptide antagonist is pRK5 (EP pub. no. 307,247) or pSVI6B (PCT pub. no. WO 91/08291 published 13 June 1991).

C. Selection and Transformation of Host Cells

5

10

15

20

25

30

35 .

Suitable host cells for cloning or expressing the vectors herein are the prokaryote, yeast, or higher eukaryote cells described above. Suitable prokaryotes include eubacteria, such as Gram-negative or Gram-positive organisms, for example, E. coli, Bacilli such as B. subtilis, Pseudomonas species such as P. aeruginosa, Salmonella typhimurium, or Serratia marcescens. One preferred E. coli cloning host is E. coli 294 (ATCC 31,446), although other strains such as E. coli B, E. coli 1776 (ATCC 31,537), and E. coli W3110 (ATCC 27,325) are suitable. These examples are illustrative rather than limiting. Preferably the host cell should secrete minimal amounts of proteolytic enzymes. In a preferred embodiment, the E. coli strain 49D6 is used as the expression host as described in the Examples below. Review articles describing the recombinant production of antibodies in bacterial host cells include Skerra et al., Curr. Opinion in Immunol., 5: 256 (1993) and Pluckthun, Immunol. Revs., 130: 151 (1992).

In addition to prokaryotes, eukaryotic microbes such as filamentous fungi or yeast are suitable hosts for vectors containing antibody or antibody fragment DNA. Saccharomyces cerevisiae, or common baker's yeast, is the most commonly used among lower eukaryotic host microorganisms. However, a number of other genera, species, and strains are commonly available and useful herein, such as S. pombe (Beach and Nurse, Nature, 290: 140 (1981)), Kluyveromyces lactis (Louvencourt et al., J. Bacteriol., 737 (1983)), yarrowia (EP 402,226), Pichia pastoris (EP 183,070), Trichoderma reesia (EP 244,234), Neurospora crassa (Case et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 76: 5259-5263 (1979)), and Aspergillus hosts such as A. nidulans (Ballance et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun., 112: 284-289 (1983); Tilburn et al., Gene, 26: 205-221 (1983); Yelton et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 81: 1470-1474 (1984)) and A. niger (Kelly and Hynes, EMBO J., 4: 475-479 (1985)).

Host cells derived from multicellular organisms can also be used in the recombinant production of antibody or antibody fragment. Such host cells are capable of complex processing and glycosylation activities. In principle, any higher eukaryotic cell culture is workable, whether from vertebrate or

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

invertebrate culture. Examples of invertebrate cells include plant and insect cells. Numerous baculoviral strains and variants and corresponding permissive insect host cells from hosts such as *Spodoptera frugiperda* (caterpillar), *Aedes aegypti* (mosquito), *Aedes albopictus* (mosquito), *Drosophila melanogaster* (fruitfly), and *Bombyx mori* host cells have been identified. See, e.g., Luckow *et al.*, Bio/Technology, 6: 47-55 (1988); Miller *et al.*, in Genetic Engineering, Setlow, J.K. *et al.*, 8: 277-279 (Plenum Publishing, 1986), and Maeda *et al.*, Nature, 315: 592-594 (1985). A variety of such viral strains are publicly available, e.g., the L-1 variant of *Autographa californica* NPV and the Bm-5 strain of *Bombyx mori* NPV, and such viruses may be used as the virus herein according to the present invention, particularly for transfection of *Spodoptera frugiperda* cells.

Plant cell cultures of cotton, corn, potato, soybean; petunia, tomato, and tobacco can be utilized as hosts. Typically, plant cells are transfected by incubation with certain strains of the bacterium *Agrobacterium tumefaciens*, which has been previously manipulated to contain the antibody or antibody fragment DNA. During incubation of the plant cell culture with *A. tumefaciens*, the DNA encoding antibody or antibody fragment is transferred to the plant cell host such that it is transfected, and will, under appropriate conditions, express the antibody or antibody fragment DNA. In addition, regulatory and signal sequences compatible with plant cells are available, such as the nopaline synthase promoter and polyadenylation signal sequences. Depicker *et al.*, J. Mol. Appl. Gen., 1: 561 (1982). In addition, DNA segments isolated from the upstream region of the T-DNA 780 gene are capable of activating or increasing transcription levels of plant-expressible genes in recombinant DNA-containing plant tissue. See EP 321,196 published 21 June 1989.

Vertebrate cell culture is preferred for the recombinant production of full length antibodies. The propagation of vertebrate cells in culture (tissue culture) has become a routine procedure in recent years (Tissue Culture, Academic Press, Kruse and Patterson, editors (1973)). Examples of useful mammalian host cell lines are monkey kidney CV1 line transformed by SV40 (COS-7, ATCC CRL 1651); human embryonic kidney line (293 or 293 cells subcloned for growth in suspension culture, Graham et al., J. Gen Virol., 36: 59 (1977)); baby hamster kidney cells (BHK, ATCC CCL 10); Chinese hamster ovary cells/-DHFR (CHO, Urlaub and Chasin, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 77: 4216 (1980)); mouse sertoli cells (TM4, Mather, Biol. Reprod., 23: 243-251 (1980)); monkey kidney cells (CV1 ATCC CCL 70); African green monkey kidney cells (VERO-76, ATCC CRL-1587); human cervical carcinoma cells (HELA, ATCC CCL 2); canine kidney cells (MDCK, ATCC CCL 34); buffalo rat liver cells (BRL 3A, ATCC CRL 1442); human lung cells (W138, ATCC CCL 75); human liver cells (Hep G2, HB 8065); mouse mammary tumor (MMT 060562, ATCC CCL51); TRI cells (Mather et al., Annals N.Y. Acad. Sci., 383: 44-68 (1982)); MRC 5 cells; FS4 cells; and a human hepatoma cell line (Hep G2). Preferred host cells are human embryonic kidney 293 and Chinese hamster ovary cells. Myeloma cells that do not otherwise produce immunoglobulin protein are also useful host cells for the recombinant production of full length antibodies.

Host cells are transfected and preferably transformed with the above-described expression or cloning vectors of this invention and cultured in conventional nutrient media modified as appropriate for

inducing promoters, selecting transformants, or amplifying the genes encoding the desired sequences.

Transfection refers to the taking up of an expression vector by a host cell whether or not any coding sequences are in fact expressed. Numerous methods of transfection are known to the ordinarily skilled artisan, for example, CaPO₄ precipitation and electroporation. Successful transfection is generally recognized when any indication of the operation of this vector occurs within the host cell.

Transformation means introducing DNA into an organism so that the DNA is replicable, either as an extrachromosomal element or by chromosomal integrant. Depending on the host cell used, transformation is done using standard techniques appropriate to such cells. The calcium treatment employing calcium chloride, as described in section 1.82 of Sambrook et al., supra, is generally used for prokaryotes or other cells that contain substantial cell-wall barriers. Infection with Agrobacterium tumefaciens is used for transformation of certain plant cells, as described by Shaw et al., Gene, 23: 315 (1983) and WO 89/05859 published 29 June 1989. For mammalian cells without such cell walls, the calcium phosphate precipitation method described in sections 16.30-16.37 of Sambrook et al., supra, is preferred. General aspects of mammalian cell host system transformations have been described by Axel in U.S. 4,399,216 issued 16 August 1983. Transformations into yeast are typically carried out according to the method of Van Solingen et al., J. Bact., 130: 946 (1977) and Hsiao et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (USA), 76: 3829 (1979). However, other methods for introducing DNA into cells such as by nuclear injection, electroporation, or by protoplast fusion may also be used.

D. Culturing the Host Cells

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

Prokaryotic cells used to produce the antibody or antibody fragment are cultured in suitable media as described generally in Sambrook et al., supra.

The mammalian host cells used to produce the antibody or antibody fragment can be cultured in a variety of media. Commercially available media such as Ham's F10 (Sigma), Minimal Essential Medium ((MEM), Sigma), RPMI-1640 (Sigma), and Dulbecco's Modified Eagle's Medium ((DMEM), Sigma) are suitable for culturing the host cells. In addition, any of the media described in Ham and Wallace, Meth. Enz., 58: 44 (1979), Barnes and Sato, Anal. Biochem., 102: 255 (1980), U.S. 4,767,704; 4,657,866; 4,927,762; or 4,560,655; WO 90/03430; WO 87/00195; U.S. Pat. Re. 30,985; or U.S. 5,122,469, the disclosures of all of which are incorporated herein by reference, may be used as culture media for the host cells. Any of these media may be supplemented as necessary with hormones and/or other growth factors (such as insulin, transferrin, or epidermal growth factor), salts (such as sodium chloride, calcium, magnesium, and phosphate), buffers (such as HEPES), nucleosides (such as adenosine and thymidine), antibiotics (such as Gentamycin TM drug), trace elements (defined as inorganic compounds usually present at final concentrations in the micromolar range), and glucose or an equivalent energy source. Any other necessary supplements may also be included at appropriate concentrations that would be known to those skilled in the art. The culture conditions, such as temperature, pH, and the like, are those previously used with the host cell selected for expression, and will be apparent to the ordinarily skilled artisan.

The host cells referred to in this disclosure encompass cells in in vitro culture as well as cells that

are within a host animal.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

E. Detecting Gene Amplification/Expression

Gene amplification and/or expression may be measured in a sample directly, for example, by conventional Southern blotting, northern blotting to quantitate the transcription of mRNA (Thomas, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 77: 5201-5205 (1980)), dot blotting (DNA analysis), or *in situ* hybridization, using an appropriately labeled probe, based on the sequences provided herein. Various labels may be employed, most commonly radioisotopes, particularly ³²P. However, other techniques may also be employed, such as using biotin-modified nucleotides for introduction into a polynucleotide. The biotin then serves as the site for binding to avidin or antibodies, which may be labeled with a wide variety of labels, such as radionuclides, fluorescers, enzymes, or the like. Alternatively, antibodies may be employed that can recognize specific duplexes, including DNA duplexes, RNA duplexes, and DNA-RNA hybrid duplexes or DNA-protein duplexes. The antibodies in turn may be labeled and the assay may be carried out where the duplex is bound to a surface, so that upon the formation of duplex on the surface, the presence of antibody bound to the duplex can be detected.

Gene expression, alternatively, may be measured by immunological methods, such as immunohistochemical staining of tissue sections and assay of cell culture or body fluids, to quantitate directly the expression of gene product. With immunohistochemical staining techniques, a cell sample is prepared, typically by dehydration and fixation, followed by reaction with labeled antibodies specific for the gene product, where the labels are usually visually detectable, such as enzymatic labels, fluorescent labels, luminescent labels, and the like. A particularly sensitive staining technique suitable for use in the present invention is described by Hsu et al., Am. J. Clin. Path., 75: 734-738 (1980).

F. Purification of the Antibody or Antibody Fragment

In the case of a host cell secretion system, the antibody or antibody fragment is recovered from the culture medium. Alternatively, the antibody can be produced intracellularly, or produced in the periplasmic space of a bacterial host cell. If the antibody is produced intracellularly, as a first step, the host cells are lysed, and the resulting particulate debris is removed, for example, by centrifugation or ultrafiltration. Carter et al., Bio/Technology 10:163-167 (1992) describe a procedure for isolating antibodies which are secreted to the periplasmic space of E. coli. Briefly, cell paste is thawed in the presence of sodium acetate (pH 3.5), EDTA, and phenylmethylsulfonylfluoride (PMSF) over about 30 min. Cell debris can be removed by centrifugation. Where the antibody is secreted into the medium, supernatants from such expression systems are generally first concentrated using a commercially available protein concentration filter, for example, an Amicon or Millipore Pellicon ultrafiltration unit. A protease inhibitor such as PMSF may be included in any of the foregoing steps to inhibit proteolysis and antibiotics may be included to prevent the growth of adventitious contaminants.

The antibody composition prepared from the cells can be purified using, for example, hydroxylapatite chromatography, gel electrophoresis, dialysis, and affinity chromatography, with affinity chromatography being the preferred purification technique. The suitability of protein A as an affinity ligand

depends on the species and isotype of any immunoglobulin Fc domain that is present in the antibody. Protein A can be used to purify antibodies that are based on human γ1, γ2, or γ4 heavy chains (Lindmark et al., J. Immunol. Meth. 62:1-13 (1983)). Protein G is recommended for all mouse isotypes and for human γ3 (Guss et al., EMBO J. 5:15671575 (1986)). The matrix to which the affinity ligand is attached is most often agarose, but other matrices are available. Mechanically stable matrices such as controlled pore glass or poly(styrenedivinyl)benzene allow for faster flow rates and shorter processing times than can be achieved with agarose. Where the antibody comprises a C_H3 domain, the Bakerbond ABXTMresin (J. T. Baker, Phillipsburg, NJ) is useful for purification. Other techniques for protein purification such as fractionation on an ion-exchange column, ethanol precipitation, Reverse Phase HPLC, chromatography on silica, chromatography on heparin SepharoseTM chromatography on an anion or cation exchange resin (such as a polyaspartic acid column), chromatofocusing, SDS-PAGE, and ammonium sulfate precipitation are also available depending on the antibody to be recovered.

Following any preliminary purification step(s), the mixture comprising the antibody of interest and contaminants may be subjected to low pH hydrophobic interaction chromatography using an elution buffer at a pH between about 2.5-4.5, preferably performed at low salt concentrations (e.g. from about 0-0.25M salt).

G. Production of Antibody Fragments

Various techniques have been developed for the production of the humanized antibody fragments of the invention, including Fab, Fab', Fab'-SH, or F(ab') 2 fragments. Traditionally, these fragments were derived via proteolytic digestion of intact antibodies (see, e.g., Morimoto et al., Journal of Biochemical and Biophysical Methods 24:107-117 (1992) and Brennan et al., Science, 229:81 (1985)). However, these fragments can now be produced directly by recombinant host cells. For example, Fab'-SH fragments can be directly recovered from E. coli and chemically coupled to form F(ab') 2 fragments (Carter et al., Bio/Technology, 10:163-167 (1992)). According to another approach, F(ab') 2 fragments can be isolated directly from recombinant host cell culture. Other techniques for the production of antibody fragments will be apparent to the skilled practitioner.

5. Uses of Anti-IL-8 Antibodies

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

A. Diagnostic Uses

For diagnostic applications requiring the detection or quantitation of IL-8, the antibodies or antibody fragments of the invention typically will be labeled with a detectable moiety. The detectable moiety can be any one which is capable of producing, either directly or indirectly, a detectable signal. For example, the detectable moiety can be a radioisotope, such as ³H, ¹⁴C, ³²P, ³⁵S, or ¹²⁵I; a fluorescent or chemiluminescent compound, such as fluorescein isothiocyanate, rhodamine, or luciferin; radioactive isotopic labels, such as, e.g., ¹²⁵I, ³²P, ¹⁴C, or ³H; or an enzyme, such as alkaline phosphatase, betagalactosidase, or horseradish peroxidase.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

Any method known in the art for separately conjugating the antibody or antibody fragment to the detectable moiety can be employed, including those methods described by Hunter et al., Nature 144:945 (1962); David et al., Biochemistry 13:1014 (1974); Pain et al., J. Immunol. Meth. 40:219 (1981); and Nygren, J. Histochem. and Cytochem. 30:407 (1982).

The antibodies and antibody fragments of the present invention can be employed in any known assay method, such as competitive binding assays, direct and indirect sandwich assays, and immunoprecipitation assays. For example, see Zola, Monoclonal Antibodies: A Manual of Techniques, pp. 147-158 (CRC Press, Inc., 1987).

Competitive binding assays rely on the ability of a labeled standard (which can be a IL-8 or an immunologically reactive portion thereof) to compete with the test sample analyte (IL-8) for binding with a limited amount of antibody or antibody fragment. The amount of IL-8 in the test sample is inversely proportional to the amount of standard that becomes bound to the antibodies. To facilitate determining the amount of standard that becomes bound, the antibodies or antibody fragments generally are insolubilized before or after the competition, so that the standard and analyte that are bound to the antibodies can conveniently be separated from the standard and analyte which remain unbound.

Sandwich assays involve the use of two antibodies, each capable of binding to a different antigenic portion, or epitope, of the protein (IL-8) to be detected. In a sandwich assay, the test sample analyte is bound by a first antibody which is immobilized on a solid support, and thereafter a second antibody binds to the analyte, thus forming an insoluble three-part complex (U.S. Patent No. 4,376,110). The second antibody can itself be labeled with a detectable moiety (direct sandwich assays) or can be measured using an anti-immunoglobulin antibody that is labeled with a detectable moiety (indirect sandwich assay). For example, one type of sandwich assay is an ELISA assay, in which case the detectable moiety is an enzyme (e.g., horseradish peroxidase).

IL-8 antibodies and antibody fragments also are useful for the affinity purification of IL-8 from recombinant cell culture or natural sources. For example, these antibodies can be fixed to a solid support by techniques well known in the art so as to purify IL-8 from a source such as culture supernatant or tissue.

B. Therapeutic Compositions and Administration of Anti-IL-8 Antibody

The humanized anti-IL-8 antibodies and antibody fragments of the invention are useful in the treatment of inflammatory disorders, such as adult respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS), hypovolemic shock, ulcerative colitis, and rheumatoid arthritis.

Therapeutic formulations of the humanized anti-IL-8 antibodies and antibody fragments are prepared for storage by mixing the antibody or antibody fragment having the desired degree of purity with optional physiologically acceptable carriers, excipients, or stabilizers (Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, supra), in the form of lyophilized cake or aqueous solutions. Acceptable carriers, excipients or stabilizers are nontoxic to recipients at the dosages and concentrations employed, and include buffers such as phosphate, citrate, and other organic acids; antioxidants including ascorbic acid; low molecular weight (less than about 10 residues) polypeptides; proteins, such as serum albumin, gelatin, or immunoglobulins;

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

hydrophilic polymers such as polyvinylpyrrolidone; amino acids such as glycine, glutamine, asparagine, arginine or lysine; monosaccharides, disaccharides, and other carbohydrates including glucose, mannose, or dextrins; chelating agents such as EDTA; sugar alcohols such as mannitol or sorbitol; salt-forming counterions such as sodium; and/or nonionic surfactants such as Tween, Pluronics or polyethylene glycol (PEG).

The humanized anti-IL-8 mAb or antibody fragment to be used for in vivo administration must be sterile. This is readily accomplished by filtration through sterile filtration membranes, prior to or following lyophilization and reconstitution. The humanized anti-IL-8 mAb or antibody fragment ordinarily will be stored in lyophilized form or in solution.

Therapeutic humanized anti-IL-8 mAb or antibody fragment compositions generally are placed into a container having a sterile access port, for example, an intravenous solution bag or vial having a stopper pierceable by a hypodermic injection needle.

The route of humanized anti-IL-8 mAb or antibody fragment administration is in accord with known methods, e.g., inhalation, injection or infusion by intravenous, intraperitoneal, intracerebral, intramuscular, intraocular, intraarterial, or intralesional routes, by enema or suppository, or by sustained release systems as noted below. Preferably the antibody is given systemically or at a site of inflammation.

Suitable examples of sustained-release preparations include semipermeable polymer matrices in the form of shaped articles, e.g. films, or microcapsules. Sustained release matrices include polyesters, hydrogels, polylactides (U.S. 3,773,919, EP 58,481), copolymers of L-glutamic acid and gamma ethyl-L-glutamate (Sidman et al., Biopolymers 22:547 (1983)), poly (2-hydroxyethyl-methacrylate) (Langer et al., J. Biomed. Mater. Res. 15:167 (1981) and Langer, Chem. Tech. 12:98 (1982)), ethylene vinyl acetate (Langer et al., supra) or poly-D-(-)-3-hydroxybutyric acid (EP 133,988). Sustained-release humanized anti-IL-8 antibody or antibody fragment compositions also include liposomally entrapped antibody or antibody fragment. Liposomes containing an antibody or antibody fragment are prepared by methods known per se: DE 3,218,121; Epstein et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 82:3688 (1985); Hwang et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 77:4030 (1980); EP 52,322; EP 36,676; EP 88,046; EP 143,949; EP 142,641; Japanese patent application 83-118008; U.S. Patent Nos. 4,485,045 and 4,544,545; and EP 102,324. Ordinarily the liposomes are of the small (about 200-800 Angstroms) unilamelar type in which the lipid content is greater than about 30 mole percent cholesterol, the selected proportion being adjusted for the most efficacious antibody or antibody fragment therapy.

An "effective amount" of the humanized anti-IL-8 antibody or antibody fragment to be employed therapeutically will depend, for example, upon the therapeutic objectives, the route of administration, and the condition of the patient. Accordingly, it will be necessary for the therapist to titer the dosage and modify the route of administration as required to obtain the optimal therapeutic effect. Typically, the clinician will administer the humanized anti-IL-8 antibody or antibody fragment until a dosage is reached that achieves the desired effect. The progress of this therapy is easily monitored by conventional assays.

In the treatment and prevention of an inflammatory disorder with a humanized anti-IL-8 antibody

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

or antibody fragment of the invention, the antibody composition will be formulated, dosed, and administered in a fashion consistent with good medical practice. Factors for consideration in this context include the particular disorder being treated, the particular mammal being treated, the clinical condition of the individual patient, the cause of the disorder, the site of delivery of the antibody, the particular type of antibody, the method of administration, the scheduling of administration, and other factors known to medical practitioners. The "therapeutically effective amount" of antibody to be administered will be governed by such considerations, and is the minimum amount necessary to prevent, ameliorate, or treat the inflammatory disorder, including treating acute or chronic respiratory diseases and reducing inflammatory responses. Such amount is preferably below the amount that is toxic to the host or renders the host significantly more susceptible to infections.

As a general proposition, the initial pharmaceutically effective amount of the antibody or antibody fragment administered parenterally per dose will be in the range of about 0.1 to 50 mg/kg of patient body weight per day, with the typical initial range of antibody used being 0.3 to 20 mg/kg/day, more preferably 0.3 to 15 mg/kg/day.

As noted above, however, these suggested amounts of antibody or antibody fragment are subject to a great deal of therapeutic discretion. The key factor in selecting an appropriate dose and scheduling is the result obtained, as indicated above.

The antibody or antibody fragment need not be, but is optionally formulated with one or more agents currently used to prevent or treat the inflammatory disorder in question. For example, in rheumatoid arthritis, the antibody can be given in conjunction with a glucocorticosteroid. The effective amount of such other agents depends on the amount of antibody or antibody fragment present in the formulation, the type of disorder or treatment, and other factors discussed above. These are generally used in the same dosages and with administration routes as used hereinbefore or about from 1 to 99% of the heretofore employed dosages.

The following examples are offered by way of illustration and not by way of limitation. The disclosures of all references cited in the specification, and the disclosures of all citations in such references, are expressly incorporated herein by reference.

EXAMPLES

A. <u>GENERATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF MONOCLONAL ANTIBODIES AGAINST HUMAN IL-8</u>

Balb/c mice were immunized in each hind footpad or intraperitoneally with 10 µg of recombinant human IL-8 (produced as a fusion of (ser-IL-8)₇₂ with ubiquitin (Hebert *et al.* J. Immunology 145:3033-3040 (1990)); IL-8 is available commercially from PeproTech, Inc., Rocky Hill, NJ) resuspended in MPL/TDM (Ribi Immunochem. Research Inc., Hamilton, MT) and boosted twice with the same amount of IL-8. In these experiments, "IL-8" is intended to mean (ser-IL-8)₇₂ unless otherwise specified. A final boost of 10 µg of IL-8 was given 3 days before the fusion. Spleen cells or popliteal lymph node cells were fused with mouse myeloma P3X63Ag8U.1 (ATCC CRL1597), a non-secreting clone of the myeloma P3X63Ag8, using 35% polyethylene glycol as described before. Ten days after the fusion, culture supernatant was

screened for the presence of monoclonal antibodies to IL-8 by ELISA.

10

15

20

25

30

35

The ELISA was performed as follows. Nunc 96-well immunoplates (Flow Lab, McLean, VA) were coated with 50 μl/well of 2 μg/ml IL-8 in phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) overnight at 4°C. The remaining steps were carried out at room temperature. Nonspecific binding sites were blocked with 0.5% bovine serum albumin (BSA) for 1 hour (hr). Plates were then incubated with 50 μl/well of hybridoma culture supernatants from 672 growing parental fusion wells for 1 hr, followed by the incubation with 50 μl/well of 1:1000 dilution of a 1 mg/ml stock solution of alkaline phosphatase-conjugated goat anti-mouse Ig (Tago Co., Foster City, CA) for 1 hr. The level of enzyme-linked antibody bound to the plate was determined by the addition of 100 μl/well of 0.5 mg/ml of r-nitrophenyl phosphate in sodium bicarbonate buffer, pH 9.6. The color reaction was measured at 405 nm with an ELISA plate reader (Titertrek Multiscan, Flow Lab, McLean, VA). Between each step, plates were washed three times in PBS containing 0.05% Tween 20.

Culture supernatants which promoted 4-fold more binding of IL-8 than did control medium were selected as positives. According to this criterion, 16 of 672 growing parental fusion wells (2%) were positive. These positive hybridoma cell lines were cloned at least twice by using the limiting dilution technique.

Seven of the positive hybridomas were further characterized as follows. The isotypes of the monoclonal antibodies were determined by coating Nunc 96-well immunoplates (Flow Lab, McLean, VA) with IL-8 overnight, blocking with BSA, incubating with culture supernatants followed by the addition of predetermined amount of isotype-specific alkaline phosphatase-conjugated goat anti-mouse Ig (Fisher Biotech, Pittsburgh, PA). The level of conjugated antibodies bound to the plate was determined by the addition of r-nitrophenyl phosphate as described above.

All the monoclonal antibodies tested belonged to either IgG₁ or IgG₂ immunoglobulin isotype. Ascites fluid containing these monoclonal antibodies had antibody titers in the range of 10,000 to 100,000 as determined by the reciprocal of the dilution factor which gave 50% of the maximum binding in the ELISA.

To assess whether these monoclonal antibodies bound to the same epitopes, a competitive binding ELISA was performed. At a ratio of biotinylated mAb to unlabeled mAb of 1:100, the binding of biotinylated mAb 5.12.14 was significantly inhibited by its homologous mAb but not by mAb 4.1.3, while the binding of biotinylated mAb 4.1.3 was inhibited by mAb 4.1.3 but not by mAb 5.12.14. Monoclonal antibody 5.2.3 behaved similarly to mAb 4.1.3, while monoclonal antibodies 4.8 and 12.3.9 were similar to mAb 5.12.14. Thus, mAb 4.1.3 and mAb 5.2.3 bind to a different epitope(s) than the epitope recognized by monoclonal antibodies 12.3.9, 4.8 and 5.12.14.

Immunodot blot analysis was performed to assess antibody reactivity to IL-8 immobilized on nitrocellulose paper. All seven antib dies recognized IL-8 immobilized on paper, whereas a control mouse IgG antibody did not.

The ability of these monoclonal antibodies to capture soluble 1251-IL-8 was assessed by a

5

10

15

20

radioimmune precipitation test (RIP). Briefly, tracer ¹²⁵I-IL-8 (4 x 10⁴ cpm) was incubated with various dilutions of the monoclonal anti-IL-8 antibodies in 0.2 ml of PBS containing 0.5% BSA and 0.05% Tween 20 (assay buffer) for 1 hr at room temperature. One hundred microliters of a predetermined concentration of goat anti-mouse Ig antisera (Pel-Freez, Rogers, AR) were added and the mixture was incubated at room temperature for 1 hr. Immune complexes were precipitated by the addition of 0.5 ml of 6% polyethylene glycol (M.W. 8000) kept at 4°C. After centrifugation at 2,000 x g for 20 min at 4°C, the supernatant was removed by aspiration and the radioactivity remaining in the pellet was counted in a gamma counter. Percent specific binding was calculated as (precipitated cpm - background cpm)/ (total cpm - background cpm). Monoclonal antibodies 4.1.3, 5.2.3, 4.8, 5.12.14 and 12.3.9 captured ¹²⁵I-IL-8 very efficiently, while antibodies 9.2.4 and 8.9.1 were not able to capture soluble ¹²⁵I-IL-8 in the RIP even though they could bind to IL-8 coated onto ELISA plates (Table I).

The dissociation constants of these monoclonal antibodies were determined using a competitive binding RIP assay. Briefly, competitive inhibition of the binding each antibody to 125 I-IL-8 (20,000-40,000 cpm per assay) by various amounts of unlabeled IL-8 was determined by the RIP described above. The dissociation constant (affinity) of each mAb was determined by using Scatchard plot analysis (Munson, *et al.*, Anal. Biochem. 107:220 (1980)) as provided in the VersaTerm-PRO computer program (Synergy Software, Reading, PA). The K_d 's of these monoclonal antibodies (with the exception of 9.2.4. and 8.9.1) were in the range from 2 x 10^{-8} to 3 x 10^{-10} M. Monoclonal antibody 5.12.14 with a K_d of 3 x 10^{-10} M showed the highest affinity among all the monoclonal antibodies tested (Table 3).

Table 3. Characterization of Anti-IL-8 Monoclonal Antibodies

Antibody	%Specific Binding to IL-8	K _d (M)	Isotype	pI
4.1.3	58	2 X 10 ⁻⁹	IgG ₁	4.3-6.1
5.2.3	34	2 X 10 ⁻⁸	IgG ₁	5.2-5.6
9.2.4	1	-	IgG _l	7.0-7.5
8.9.1	2	-	IgG _l	6.8-7.6

5

10

15

20

Antibody	%Specific Binding to IL-8	K _d (M)	Isotype	pl
4.8	62	3 X 10 ⁻⁸	IgG _{2a}	6.1-7.1
5.12.14	98	3 X 10 ^{.10}	IgG _{2a}	6.2-7.4
12.3.9	86	2 X 10 ⁻⁹	IgG _{2a}	6.5-7.1

To assess the ability of these monoclonal antibodies to neutralize IL-8 activity, the amount of ¹²⁵I-IL-8 bound to human neutrophils in the presence of various amounts of culture supernatants and purified monoclonal antibodies was measured. Neutrophils were prepared by using Mono-Poly Resolving Medium (M-PRM) (Flow Lab. Inc., McLean, VA). Briefly fresh, heparinized human blood was loaded onto M-PRM at a ratio of blood to medium, 3.5:3.0, and centrifuged at 300 x g for 30 min at room temperature. Neutrophils enriched at the middle layer were collected and washed once in PBS. Such a preparation routinely contained greater than 95% neutrophils according to the Wright's Giemsa staining. The receptor binding assay was done as follows. 50 μl of ¹²⁵I-IL-8 (5 ng/ml) was incubated with 50 μl of unlabeled IL-8 (100 μg/ml) or monoclonal antibodies in PBS containing 0.1% BSA for 30 min at room temperature. The mixture was then incubated with 100 μl of neutrophils (10⁷ cells/ml) for 15 min at 37°C. The ¹²⁵I-IL-8 bound was separated from the unbound material by loading mixtures onto 0.4 ml of PBS containing 20% sucrose and 0.1% BSA and by centrifugation at 300 x g for 15 min. The supernatant was removed by aspiration and the radioactivity associated with the pellet was counted in a gamma counter.

Monoclonal antibodies 4.1.3, 5.2.3, 4.8, 5.12.14, and 12.3.9 inhibited greater than 85% of the binding of IL-8 to human neutrophils at a 1:25 molar ratio of IL-8 to mAb. On the other hand, monoclonal antibodies 9.2.4 and 8.9.1 appeared to enhance the binding of IL-8 to its receptors on human neutrophils. Since a control mouse IgG also enhanced the binding of IL-8 on neutrophils, the enhancement of IL-8 binding to its receptors by mAb 9.2.4 and 8.9.1 appears to be nonspecific. Thus, monoclonal antibodies, 4.1.3, 5.1.3, 4.8, 5.12.14, and 12.3.9 are potential neutralizing monoclonal antibodies while monoclonal antibodies 8.9.1 and 9.2.4 are non-neutralizing monoclonal antibodies.

The ability of the anti-IL-8 antibodies to block neutrophil chemotaxis induced by IL-8 was tested as follows. Neutrophil chemotaxis induced by IL-8 was determined using a Boyden chamber method

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

(Larsen, et al. Science 243:1464 (1989)). One hundred μ I of human neutrophils (10⁶ cells/mI) resuspended in RPMI containing 0.1% BSA were placed in the upper chamber and 29 μ I of the IL-8 (20 nM) with or without monoclonal antibodies were placed in the lower chamber. Cells were incubated for 1 hr at 37°C. Neutrophils migrated into the lower chamber were stained with Wright's Giemsa stain and counted under the microscope (100x magnification). Approximately 10 different fields per experimental group were examined. Neutralizing monoclonal antibodies 5.12.14 and 4.1.3 blocked almost 70% of the neutrophil chemotactic activity of IL-8 at 1:10 ratio of IL-8 to mAb.

The isoelectric focusing (IEF) pattern of each mAb was determined by applying purified antibodies on an IEF polyacrylamide gel (pH 3-9, Pharmacia) using the Fast gel system (Pharmacia, Piscataway, NJ). The IEF gel was pretreated with pharmalyte containing 1% Triton X100 (Sigma, St. Louis, MO) for 10 min before loading the samples. The IEF pattern was visualized by silver staining according to the instructions from the manufacturer. All of the monoclonal antibodies had different IEF patterns, confirming that they originated from different clones. The pl values for the antibodies are listed in Table 3.

All these monoclonal antibodies bound equally well to both (ala-IL-8)77 and (ser-IL-8)72 forms of IL-8. Because IL-8 has greater than 30% sequence homology with certain other members of the platelet factor 4 (PF4) family of inflammatory cytokines such as β-TG (Van Damme *et al.*, <u>Eur. J. Biochem.</u> 181:337(1989); Tanaka *et al.*, <u>FEB 236(2):467 (1988)) and PF4 (Deuel *et al.*, <u>Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.</u> 74:2256 (1977)), they were tested for possible cross reactivity to β-TG and PF4, as well as to another neutrophil activating factor, C5a. No detectable binding to any of these proteins was observed, with the exception of mAb 4.1.3, which had a slight cross reactivity to β-TG.</u>

One of the antibodies, mAb 5.12.14, was further studied to determine whether it could block the IL-8 mediated release of elastase by neutrophils. Briefly, human neutrophils were resuspended in Hanks balanced salt solution (Gibco, Grand Island, NY) containing 1.0% BSA, Fraction V (Sigma, St. Louis, MO), 2 mg/ml alpha-D-glucose (Sigma), 4.2 mM sodium bicarbonate (Sigma) and 0.01 M HEPES, pH 7.1 (JRH Bioscience, Lenexa, KS). A stock of cytochalasin B (Sigma) was prepared (5 mg/ml in dimethylsulfoxide (Sigma) and stored at 2-8°C. Cytochalasin B was added to the neutrophil preparation to produce a final concentration of 5 µg/ml, and incubated for 15 min at 37°C. Human IL-8 was incubated with mAb 5.12.14 (20 μl), or a negative control antibody, in 1 ml polypropylene tubes (DBM Scientific, San Fernando, CA) for 30 min at 37°C. The final assay concentrations of IL-8 were 50 and 500 nM. The monoclonal antibodies were diluted to produce the following ratios (IL-8:Mab): 1:50, 1:10, 1:2, 1:1, and 1:0.25. Cytochalasin B-treated neutrophils were added (100 µl/tube) and incubated for 2 hours at 25°C. The tubes were centrifuged (210 X g, 2-8°C) for 10 min, and supernatants were transferred to 96 well tissue culture plates (30 µl/well). Elastase substrate stock, 10 mM methoxysuccinyl-alanyl-propyl-valyl-pnitroanilide (Calbiochem, La Jolla, CA) in DMSO was prepared and stored at 2-8°C. Elastase substrate solution (1.2 mM substrate, 1.2 M NaCl (Mallinckrodt, Paris, Kentucky), 0.12 M HEPES pH 7.2 in distilled water) was added (170 µl/well) to the supernatants and incubated for 0.5 to 2 hours at 37°C (until control

5

10

15

20

25

30

O.D. of 1.0 was reached). Absorbance was measured at 405 nm (SLT 340 ATTC plate reader, SLT Lab Instruments, Austria).

The results are shown in Figure 1. At a 1:1 ratio of IL-8 to mAb 5.12.14, the antibody was able to effectively block the release of elastase from neutrophils.

The hybridoma producing antibody 5.12.14 was deposited on February 15, 1993 with the American Type Culture Collection, 12301 Parklawn Drive, Rockville, MD, U.S.A. (ATCC) and assigned ATTC Accession No. HB 11553.

B. GENERATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF MONOCLONAL ANTIBODIES AGAINST RABBIT IL-8

Antibodies against rabbit IL-8 were generated in essentially the same process as anti-human IL-8 antibodies using rabbit IL-8 as immunogen (kindly provided by C. Broaddus; see also Yoshimura et al. <u>J. Immunol.</u> 146:3483 (1991)). The antibody was characterized as described above for binding to other cytokines coated onto ELISA plates; no measurable binding was found to MGSA, fMLP, C5a, b-TG, TNF, PF4, or IL-1.

The hybridoma producing antibody 6G4.2.5 was deposited on September 28, 1994, with the American Type Culture Collection, 12301 Parklawn Drive, Rockville, MD, U.S.A. (ATCC) and assigned ATTC Accession No. HB 11722.

Recombinant human-murine chimeric Fabs for 5.12.14 and 6G4.2.5 were constructed as described below. A chimeric 6G.4.25 Fab is compared with a chimeric 5.12.14 Fab in detail below.

1. INHIBITION OF IL-8 BINDING TO HUMAN NEUTROPHILS BY 5.12.14-FAB AND 6G4 2.5-FAB

The ability of the two chimeric Fabs, 5.12.14-Fab and 6G4.2.5-Fab, to efficiently bind IL-8 and prevent IL-8 from binding to IL-8 receptors on human neutrophils was determined by performing a competition binding assay which allows the calculation of the IC $_{50}$ - concentration required to achieve 50% inhibition of IL-8 binding.

Human neutrophils (5 X 10⁵, were incubated for 1 hour at 4°C with 0.5nM ¹²⁵I-IL-8 in the presence of various concentrations (0 to 300 nM) of 5.12.14-Fab, 6G4.2.5-Fab, an isotype control (4D5-Fab) or unlabeled IL-8. After the incubation, the unbound ¹²⁵I-IL-8 was removed by centrifugation through a solution of 20% sucrose and 0.1% bovine serum albumin in phosphate buffered saline and the amount of ¹²⁵I-IL-8 bound to the cells was determined by counting the cell pellets in a gamma counter. Figure 2 demonstrates the inhibition of ¹²⁵I-IL-8 binding to neutrophils by unlabeled IL-8. Figure 3 demonstrates that a negative isotype matched Fab does not inhibit the binding of ¹²⁵I-IL-8 to human neutrophils. Both the anti-IL-8 Fabs, 5.12.14 Fab (Figure 4) and 6G.4.25 Fab (Figure 5) were able to inhibit the binding of ¹²⁵I-IL-8 to human neutrophils with an average IC₅₀ of 1.6 nM and 7.5 nM, respectively.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

2. INHIBITION OF IL-8-MEDIATED NEUTROPHIL CHEMOTAXIS BY 5.12.14-FAB AND 6G4.2.5-FAB

Human neutrophils were isolated, counted and resuspended at 5×10^6 cells/ml in Hank's balanced salt solution (abbreviated HBSS; without calcium and magnesium) with 0.1% bovine serum albumin. The neutrophils were labeled by adding calcein AM (Molecular Probe, Eugene, OR) at a final concentration of 2.0 μ M. Following a 30 minute incubation at 37°C, cells were washed twice with HBSS-BSA and resuspended at 5×10^6 cells/ml.

Chemotaxis experiments were carried out in a Neuro Probe (Cabin John, MD) 96-well chamber, model MBB96. Experimental samples (buffer only control, IL-8 alone or IL-8 + Fabs) were loaded in a Polyfiltronics 96-well View plate (Neuro Probe Inc.) placed in the lower chamber. 100 µl of the calcein AM-labeled neutrophils were added to the upper chambers and allowed to migrate through a 5 micrometer porosity PVP free polycarbonate framed filter (Neuro Probe Inc.) toward the bottom chamber sample. The chemotaxis apparatus was then incubated for 40 to 60 minutes at 37°C with 5% CO₂. At the end of the incubation, neutrophils remaining in the upper chamber were aspirated and upper chambers were washed three times with PBS. Then the polycarbonate filter was removed, non-migrating cells were wiped off with a squeegee wetted with PBS, and the filter was air dried for 15 minutes.

The relative number of neutrophils migrating through the filter (Neutrophil migration index) was determined by measuring fluorescence intensity of the filter and the fluorescence intensity of the contents of the lower chamber and adding the two values together. Fluorescence intensity was measured with a CytoFluor 2300 fluorescent plate reader (Millipore Corp. Bedford, MA) configured to read a Corning 96-well plate using the 485-20 nm excitation filter and a 530-25 emission filter, with the sensitivity set at 3.

The results are shown in Figures 6 and 7. Figure 6 demonstrates the inhibition of human IL-8 mediated neutrophil chemotaxis by chimeric 6G4.2.5 and 5.12.14 Fabs. Figure 7 demonstrates the relative abilities of chimeric 6G4.2.5 and 5.12.14 Fabs to inhibit rabbit IL-8 mediated neutrophil chemotaxis.

3. <u>INHIBITION OF IL-8-MEDIATED NEUTROPHIL ELASTASE RELEASE BY VARIOUS CONCENTRATIONS OF 6G4.2.5 AND 5.12.14 FABS</u>

Blood was drawn from healthy male donors into heparinized syringes. Neutrophils were isolated by dextran sedimentation, centrifugation over Lymphocyte Separation Medium (Organon Teknika, Durham, NC), and hypotonic lysis of contaminating red blood cells as described by Berman *et al.* (J. Cell Biochem. 52:183 (1993)). The final neutrophil pellet was suspended at a concentration of 1 x 10⁷ cells/ml in assay buffer, which consisted of Hanks Balanced Salt Solution (GIBCO, Grand Island, NY) supplemented with 1.0% BSA (fraction V, Sigma, St. Louis, MO), 2 mg/ml glucose, 4.2 mM sodium bicarbonate, and 0.01 M HEPES, pH 7.2. The neutrophils were stored at 4°C for not longer than 1 hr.

IL-8 (10 μl) was mixed with anti-IL-8 Fab, an isotype control Fab, or buffer (20 μl) in 1 ml polypropylene tubes and incubated in a 37°C water bath for 30 min. IL-8 was used at final concentrations ranging from 0.01 to 1000 nM in dose response studies (Figure 8) and at a final concentration of 100 nM in

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

the experiments addressing the effects of the Fabs on elastase release (Figures 9 and 10). Fab concentrations ranged from approximately 20 nM to 300 nM, resulting in Fab:IL-8 molar ratios of 0.2:1 to 3:1. Cytochalasin B (Sigma) was added to the neutrophil suspension at a concentration of 5 µg/ml (using a 5 mg/ml stock solution made up in DMSO), and the cells were incubated for 15 min in a 37°C water bath. Cytochalasin B-treated neutrophils (100 µl) were then added to the IL-8/Fab mixtures. After a 3 hr incubation at room temperature, the neutrophils were pelleted by centrifugation (200 x g for 5 min), and aliquots of the cell-free supernatants were transferred to 96 well plates (30 µl/well). The elastase substrate, methoxysuccinyl-alanyl-prolyl-valyl-p-nitroanilide (Calbiochem, La Jolla, CA), was prepared as a 10 mM stock solution in DMSO and stored at 4°C. Elastase substrate working solution was prepared just prior to use (1.2 mM elastase substrate, 1.2 M NaCl, 0.12 M HEPES, pH 7.2), and 170 µl was added to each sample-containing well. The plates were placed in a 37°C tissue culture incubator for 30 min or until an optical density reading for the positive controls reached at least 1.0. Absorbance was measured at 405 nm using an SLT 340 plate reader (SLT Lab Instruments, Austria).

Figure 9 demonstrates the ability of the chimeric anti-IL-8 Fabs to inhibit elastase release from human neutrophils stimulated by human IL-8; Figure 10 demonstrates the relative abilities of the chimeric anti-IL-8 Fabs to inhibit elastase release from human neutrophils stimulated by rabbit IL-8.

C. MOLECULAR CLONING OF THE VARIABLE LIGHT AND HEAVY REGIONS OF THE MURINE 5.12.14 (ANTI-IL-8) MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY

Total RNA was isolated from 1 X 108 cells (hybridoma cell line ATCC HB-11722) using the procedure described by Chomczynski and Sacchi (Anal. Biochem. 162:156 (1987)). First strand cDNA was synthesized by specifically priming the mRNA with synthetic DNA oligonucleotides designed to hybridize with regions of the murine RNA encoding the constant region of the kappa light chain or the IgG2a heavy chain (the DNA sequence of these regions are published in Sequences of Proteins of Immunological Interest, Kabat, E. A. et al. (1991) NIH Publication 91-3242, V 1-3.). Three primers (SEQ ID NOS: 1-6) were designed for each of the light and heavy chains to increase the chances of primer hybridization and efficiency of first strand cDNA synthesis (Figure 13). Amplification of the first strand cDNA to doublestranded (ds) DNA was accomplished using two sets of synthetic DNA oligonucleotide primers: one forward primer (SEQ ID NOS: 7-9) and one reverse primer (SEQ ID NO: 10) for the light chain variable region amplification (Figure 14) and one forward primer (SEQ ID NOS: 11-14) and one reverse primer (SEQ ID NOS: 15-18) for the heavy chain variable region amplification (Figure 15). The N-terminal sequence of the first eight amino acids of either the light or heavy chains of 5.12.14 was used to generate a putative murine DNA sequence corresponding to this region. (A total of 29 amino acids was sequenced from the N-terminus of both the light chain and heavy chain variable regions using the Edman degradation protein sequencing technique.) This information was used to design the forward amplification primers which were made degenerate in the third position for some codons to increase the chances of primer hybridization to the natural murine DNA codons and also included the unique restriction site, MluI, for both the light chain variable region forward primer and the heavy chain variable region forward primer to

facilitate ligation to the 3' end of the STII element in the cloning vector. The reverse amplification primers were designed to anneal with the murine DNA sequence corresponding to a portion of the constant region of the light or heavy chains near the variable/constant junction. The light chain variable region reverse primer contained a unique BstBI restriction site and the heavy chain variable region reverse primer contained a unique Apal restriction site for ligation to the 5' end of either the human IgG1 constant light or IgG1 constant heavy regions in the vectors, pB13.1 (light chain) and pB14 (heavy chain). The polymerase chain reaction using these primer sets yielded DNA fragments of approximately 400 bp. The cDNA encoding the 5.12.14 light chain variable region was cloned into the vector pB13.1, to form pA51214VL and the 5.12.14 heavy chain variable region was cloned into the vector, pB14, to form pA51214VH. The cDNA inserts were characterized by DNA sequencing and are presented in the DNA sequence (SEQ ID NO: 19) and amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 20) of Figure 16 (murine light chain variable region) and in the DNA sequence (SEQ ID NO: 21) and amino acid (SEQ ID NO: 22) of Figure 17 (murine heavy chain variable region).

D. CONSTRUCTION OF A 5.12.14 FAB VECTOR

10

15

20

25

30

35

In the initial construct, pA51214VL, the amino acids between the end of the 5.12.14 murine light chain variable sequence and the unique cloning site, BstBI, in the human IgG1 constant light sequence were of murine origin corresponding to the first 13 amino acids of the murine IgG1 constant region (Figure 16). Therefore, this plasmid contained a superfluous portion of the murine constant region separating the 5.12.14 murine light chain variable region and the human light chain IgG1 constant region. This intervening sequence would alter the amino acid sequence of the chimera and most likely produce an incorrectly folded Fab. This problem was addressed by immediately truncating the cDNA clone after A 109 and re-positioning the BstBI site to the variable/constant junction by the polymerase chain reaction. Figure 18 shows the amplification primers used to make these modifications. The forward primer, VL.front (SEQ ID NO: 23), was designed to match the last five amino acids of the STII signal sequence, including the MluI cloning site, and the first 4 amino acids of the 5.12.14 murine light chain variable sequence. The sequence was altered from the original cDNA in the third position of the first two codons D1 (T to C) and I2 (C to T) to create a unique EcoRV cloning site which was used for later constructions. The reverse primer, VL.rear (SEQ ID NO: 24), was designed to match the first three amino acids of the human IgG1 constant light sequence and the last seven amino acids of the 5.12.14 light chain variable sequence which included a unique BstBI cloning site. In the process of adding the BstBI site, the nucleotide sequence encoding several amino acids were altered: L106 (TTG to CTT), K107 (AAA to CGA) resulting in a conservative amino acid substitution to arginine, and R108 (CGG to AGA). The PCR product encoding the modified 5.12.14 light chain variable sequence was then subcloned into pB13.1 in a two-part ligation. The MluI-BstBI digested 5.12.14 PCR product encoding the light chain variable region was ligated into MluI-BstBI digested vector to form the plasmid, pA51214VL'. The modified cDNA was characterized by DNA sequencing. The coding sequence for the 5.12.14 light chain is shown in Figure 19.

Likewise, the DNA sequence between the end of the heavy chain variable region and the unique

10

15

20

25

30

35

cloning site, ApaI, in the human IgG1 heavy chain constant domain of pA51214VH was reconstructed to change the amino acids in this area from murine to human. This was done by the polymerase chain reaction. Amplification of the murine 5.12.14 heavy chain variable sequence was accomplished using the primers shown in Figure 18. The forward PCR primer (SEQ ID NO: 25) was designed to match nucleotides 867-887 in pA51214VH upstream of the STII signal sequence and the putative cDNA sequence encoding the heavy chain variable region and included the unique cloning site SpeI. The reverse PCR primer (SEQ ID NO: 26) was designed to match the last four amino acids of the 5.12.14 heavy chain variable sequence and the first six amino acids corresponding to the human IgG1 heavy constant sequence which also included the unique cloning site, ApaI. The PCR product encoding the modified 5.12.14 heavy chain variable sequence was then subcloned to the expression plasmid, pMHM24.2.28 in a two-part ligation. The vector was digested with SpeI-ApaI and the SpeI-ApaI digested 5.12.14 PCR product encoding the heavy chain variable region was ligated into it to form the plasmid, pA51214VH'. The modified cDNA was characterized by DNA sequencing. The coding sequence (SEQ ID NO: 29) and amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 30) of Figures 20A-20B.

The first expression plasmid, pantilL-8.1, encoding the chimeric Fab of 5.12.14 was made by digesting pA51214VH' with EcoRV and Bpul1021 to replace the EcoRV-Bpul102I fragment with a EcoRV-Bpul102I fragment encoding the murine 5.12.14 light chain variable region of pA51214VL'. The resultant plasmid thus contained the murine-human variable/constant regions of both the light and heavy chains of 5.12.14.

Preliminary analysis of Fab expression using pantiIL-8.1 showed that the light and heavy chains were produced intracellularly but very little was being secreted into the periplasmic space of <u>E. coli</u>. To correct this problem, a second expression plasmid was constructed.

The second expression plasmid, pantilL-8.2, was constructed using the plasmid, pmy187, as the vector. Plasmid pantilL-8.2 was made by digesting pmy187 with MluI and Sphl and the MluI (partial)-Sphl fragment encoding the murine 5.12.14 murine-human chimeric Fab of pantilL-8.1 was ligated into it. The resultant plasmid thus contained the murine-human variable/constant regions of both the light and heavy chains of 5.12.14.

The plasmid pantilL-8.2 was deposited on February 10, 1995 with the American Type Culture Collection, 12301 Parklawn Drive, Rockville, MD, U.S.A. (ATCC) and assigned ATTC Accession No. ATCC 97056.

E. MOLECULAR CLONING OF THE VARIABLE LIGHT AND HEAVY REGIONS OF THE MURINE 6G4.2.5 MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY

Total RNA was isolated from 1x10⁸ cells (hybridoma cell line 6G4.2.5) using the procedure described by Chomczynski and Sacchi (Anal. Biochem. 162:156 (1987)). First strand cDNA was synthesized by specifically priming the mRNA with synthetic DNA oligonucleotides designed to hybridize with regions of the murine RNA encoding the constant region of the kappa light chain or the IgG2a heavy chain (the DNA sequence of these regions are published in Sequences of Proteins of Immunological Interest,

Kabat et al. (1991) NIH Publication 91-3242, V 1-3). Three primers (SEQ ID NOS: 31-36) were designed for each the light and heavy chains to increase the chances of primer hybridization and efficiency of first strand cDNA synthesis (Figure 21). Amplification of the first strand cDNA to double-stranded (ds) DNA was accomplished using two sets of synthetic DNA oligonucleotide primers: one forward primer (SEQ ID NOS: 37-39) and one reverse primer (SEQ ID NO: 40) for the light chain variable region amplification (Figure 22) and one forward primer (SEQ ID NOS: 41-42) and one reverse primer (SEQ ID NOS: 43-46) for the heavy chain variable region amplification (Figure 23). The N-terminal sequence of the first eight amino acids of either the light or heavy chains of 6G4.2.5 was used to generate a putative murine DNA sequence corresponding to this region. (A total of 29 amino acids were sequenced from the N-terminus of both the light chain and heavy chain variable regions using the Edman degradation protein sequencing technique.) This information was used to design the forward amplification primers which were made degenerate in the third position for some codons to increase the chances of primer hybridization to the natural murine DNA codons and also included the unique restriction site, NsiI, for the light chain variable region forward primer and the unique restriction site, MluI, for the heavy chain variable region forward primer to facilitate ligation to the 3' end of the STII element in the vector, pchimFab. The reverse amplification primers were designed to anneal with the murine DNA sequence corresponding to a portion of the constant region of the light or heavy chains near the variable/constant junction. The light chain variable region reverse primer contained a unique MunI restriction site and the heavy chain variable region reverse primer contained a unique Apal restriction site for ligation to the 5' end of either the human IgG1 constant light or IgG1 constant heavy regions in the vector, pchimFab. The polymerase chain reaction using these primer sets yielded DNA fragments of approximately 400 bp and were cloned individually into the vector, pchimFab, to form p6G425VL and p6G425VH. The cDNA inserts were characterized by DNA sequencing and are presented in the DNA sequence (SEQ ID NO: 47) and amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 48) of Figure 24 (murine light chain variable region) and the DNA sequence (SEQ ID NO: 49) and amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 50) of Figure 25 (murine heavy chain variable region).

F. CONSTRUCTION OF A 6G4.2.5 CHIMERIC FAB VECTOR

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

In the initial construct, p6G425VL, the amino acids between the end of the 6G4.2.5 murine light chain variable sequence and the unique cloning site, MunI, in the human IgG1 constant light sequence were of murine origin. These amino acids must match the human IgG1 amino acid sequence to allow proper folding of the chimeric Fab. Two murine amino acids, D115 and S121, differed dramatically from the amino acids found in the loops of the β-strands of the human IgG1 constant domain and were converted to the proper human amino acid residues, V115 and F121, by site-directed mutagenesis using the primers (SEQ ID NOS: 51-54) shown in Figure 26. These specific mutations were confirmed by DNA sequencing and the modified plasmid named p6G425VL'. The coding sequence is shown in the DNA sequence (SEQ ID NO: 55) and amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 56) of Figures 27A-27B.

Likewise, the DNA sequence between the end of the heavy chain variable region and the unique cloning site, Apal, in the human IgG1 heavy chain constant domain of p6G425VH was reconstructed to

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

change the amino acids in this area from murine to human. This process was facilitated by the discovery of a BstEII site near the end of the heavy chain variable region. This site and the ApaI site were used for the addition of a synthetic piece of DNA encoding the corresponding IgG human amino acid sequence. The synthetic oligo-nucleotides shown in Figure 26 were designed as complements of one another to allow the formation of a 27 bp piece of ds DNA. The construction was performed as a three-part ligation because the plasmid, p6G425VH, contained an additional BstEII site within the vector sequence. A 5309 bp fragment of p6G425VH digested with Mlul-ApaI was ligated to a 388 bp fragment carrying the 6G4.2.5 heavy chain variable region and a 27 bp synthetic DNA fragment encoding the first six amino acids of the human IgG1 constant region to form the plasmid, p6G425VH'. The insertion of the synthetic piece of DNA was confirmed by DNA sequencing. The coding sequence is shown in the DNA sequence (SEQ ID NO: 57) and amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 58) of Figures 28A-28B.

The expression plasmid, p6G425chim2, encoding the chimeric Fab of 6G4.2.5 was made by digesting p6G425chimVL' with MluI and ApaI to remove the STII-murine HPC4 heavy chain variable region and replacing it with the MluI-ApaI fragment encoding the STII-murine 6G4.2.5 heavy chain variable region of p6G425chimVH'. The resultant plasmid thus contained the murine-human variable/constant regions of both the light and heavy chains of 6G4.2.5.

The plasmid p6G425chim2 was deposited on February 10, 1995 with the American Type Culture Collection, 12301 Parklawn Drive, Rockville, MD, U.S.A. (ATCC) and assigned ATTC Accession No. 97055.

G. CONSTRUCTION OF HUMANIZED VERSIONS OF ANTI-IL-8 ANTIBODY 6G4.2.5

The murine cDNA sequence information obtained from the hybridoma cell line, 6G4.2.5, was used to construct recombinant humanized variants of the murine anti-IL-8 antibody. The first humanized variant, F(ab)-1, was made by grafting synthetic DNA oligonucleotide primers encoding the murine CDRs of the heavy and light chains onto a phagemid vector, pEMX1 (Werther et al., J. Immunol, 157: 4986-4995 (1996)), which contains a human 6-subgroup I light chain and a human IgG1 subgroup III heavy chain (Fig. 29). Amino acids comprising the framework of the antibody that were potentially important for maintaining the conformations necessary for high affinity binding to IL-8 by the complementarity-determining regions (CDR) were identified by comparing molecular models of the murine and humanized 6G4.2.5 (F(ab)-1) variable domains using methods described by Carter et al., PNAS 89:4285 (1992) and Eigenbrot, et. al., J. Mol. Biol. 229:969 (1993). Additional humanized framework variants (F(ab) 2-9) were constructed from the information obtained from these models and are presented in Table 4 below. In these variants, the sitedirected mutagenesis methods of Kunkel, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci USA), 82:488 (1985) were utilized to exchange specific human framework residues with their corresponding 6G4.2.5 murine counterparts. Subsequently, the entire coding sequence of each variant was confirmed by DNA sequencing. Expression and purification of each F(ab) variant was performed as previously described by Werther et. al., supra, with the exception that hen egg white lysozyme was omitted from the purification protocol. The variant antibodies were analyzed by SDS-PAGE, electrospray mass spectroscopy and amino acid analysis.

Table 4 - Humanized 6G425 Variants

1C50°

Variant	Version	Template	Changes ^a	Purpose ^b	Mean	S.D.	N
F(ab)-1	version 1		CDR Swap		63.0	12.3	4
F(ab)-2	version 2	F(ab)-1	PheH67 <i>Ala</i>	packaging w/ CDR H2	106.0	17.0	2
F(ab)-3	version 3	F(ab)-1	ArgH71 Val	packaging w/ CDRs H1, H2	79.8	42.2	4
F(ab)-4	version 6	F(ab)-1	IleH69 <i>Leu</i>	packaging w/ CDR H2	44.7	9.0	3
F(ab)-5	version 7	F(ab)-1	LeuH78 <i>Ala</i>	packaging w/ CDRs H1, H2	52.7	31.0	9
F(ab)-6	version 8	F(ab)-1	IleH69 <i>Leu</i> LeuH78 <i>Ala</i>	combine F(ab)- 4 and -5	34.6	6.7	7
F(ab)-7	version 16	F(ab)-6	LeuH80 <i>Val</i>	packaging w/ CDR H1	38.4	9.1	2
F(ab)-8	version 19	F(ab)-6	ArgH38 <i>Lys</i>	packaging w/ CDR H2	14.0	5.7	2
F(ab)-9	version 11	F(ab)-6	GluH6 <i>GIn</i>	packaging w/ CDR H3	19.0	5.1	7
Chimeric ^d F(ab)					11.4	7.0	13
rhu4D5° F(ab)					>200µM		5

- Amino acid changes made relative to the template used. Murine residues are in bold italics and residue numbering is according to Kabat et al.
 - b Purpose for making changes based upon interactions observed in molecular models of the humanized and murine variable domains.
 - c nM concentration of variant necessary to inhibit binding of iodinated IL-8 to human neutrophils in the competitive binding assay.
- d Chimeric F(ab) is a (F(ab) which carries the murine heavy and light chain variable domains fused to the human light chain kI constant domain and the human heavy chain subgroup III constant domain I respectively.

10

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

e. rhu4D5F(ab) is of the same isotype as the humanized 6G425 F(ab)s and is a humanized anti-HER2 F(ab) and therefore should not bind to IL8.

The first humanized variant, F(ab)-1, was an unaltered CDR swap in which all the murine CDR amino acids defined by both x-ray crystallography and sequence hypervariability were transferred to the human framework. When the purified F(ab) was tested for its ability to inhibit 125 I-IL-8 binding to human neutrophils according to the methods described in Section (B)(1) above, a 5.5 fold reduction in binding affinity was evident as shown in Table 4 above. Subsequent versions of F(ab)-1 were engineered to fashion the 3-dimensional structure of the CDR loops into a more favorable conformation for binding IL-8. The relative affinities of the F(ab) variants determined from competition binding experiments using human neutrophils as described in Section (B)(1) above are presented in Table 4 above. A slight decrease in IL-8 binding (<2 fold) was observed for F(ab)-2-3 while only slight increases in IL-8 binding were noted for F(ab)3-5. Variant F(ab)-6 had the highest increase in affinity for IL-8 (approximately 2 fold), exhibiting an IL-8 binding affinity of 34.6nM compared to the F(ab)-1 IL-8 binding affinity of 63nM. The substitutions of murine Leu for Ile at H69 and murine Ala for Leu at H78 are predicted to influence the packing of CDRs H1 and H2. Further framework substitutions using the F(ab)-6 variant as template were made to bring the binding affinity closer to that of the chimeric F(ab). In-vitro binding experiments revealed no change in affinity for F(ab)-7 (38.4nM) but a significant improvement in affinity for F(ab)-8/9 of 14nM and 19 nM, respectively. By analysis of a 3-D computer-generated model of the anti-IL-8 antibody, it was hypothesized that the substitution of murine Lys for Arg at H38 in F(ab)-8 influences CDR-H2 while a change at H6 of murine Gln for Glu in F(ab)-9 affects CDR-H3. Examination of the human antibody sequences with respect to amino acid variability revealed that the frequency of Arg at residue H38 is >99% whereas residue H6 is either Gln ~20% or Glu ~80% (Kabat et. al., Sequences of Proteins of Immunological Interest 5th Ed. (1991)). Therefore, to reduce the likelihood of causing an immune response to the antibody, F(ab)-9 was chosen over F(ab)-8 for further affinity maturation studies. Variant F(ab)-9 was also tested for its ability to inhibit IL-8-mediated chemotaxis (Fig. 30). This antibody was able to block neutrophil migration induced by wild-type human IL-8, human monomeric IL-8 and Rhesus IL-8 with IC₅₀=s of approximately 12nM, 15nM, and 22nM, respectively, in IL-8 mediated neutrophil chemotaxis inhibition assays performed as described in Section (B)(2) above. The amino acid sequence for variant F(ab)-8 is provided in Fig. 31c. The F(ab)-8 was found to block human and rhesus IL-8-mediated chemotaxis with IC₅₀=s of 12nM and 10nM, respectively, in IL-8 mediated neutrophil chemotaxis inhibition assays performed as described in Section (B)(2) above.

H. CONSTRUCTION OF AN ANTI-IL-8-GENE III FUSION PROTEIN FOR PHAGE DISPLAY AND ALANINE SCANNING MUTAGENESIS

An expression plasmid, pPh6G4.V11, encoding a fusion protein (heavy chain of the humanized 6G4.2.5 version 11 antibody and the M13 phage gene-III coat protein) and the light chain of the humanized 6G4.2.5 version 11 antibody was assembled to produce a monovalent display of the anti-IL-8 antibody on

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

phage particles. The construct was made by digesting the plasmid, pFPHX, with EcoRV and Apal to remove the existing irrelevant antibody coding sequence and replacing it with a 1305bp EcoRV-Apal fragment from the plasmid, p6G4.V11, encoding the humanized 6G4.2.5 version 11 anti-IL-8 antibody. The translated sequence of the humanized 6G4.2.5 version 11 heavy chain (SEQ ID NO: 66), peptide linker and gene III coat protein (SEQ ID NO: 67) is shown in Fig. 31A. The pFPHX plasmid is a derivative of phGHam-3 which contains an in-frame amber codon (TAG) between the human growth hormone and gene-III DNA coding sequences. When transformed into an amber suppressor strain of E. coli, the codon (TAG) is read as Glutamate producing a growth hormone (hGH)-gene III fusion protein. Likewise, in a normal strain of E. coli, the codon (TAG) is read as a stop preventing translational read-through into the gene-III sequence and thus allowing the production of soluble hGH. The pGHam-3 plasmid is described in Methods: A Companion to Methods in Enzymology, 3:205 (1991). The final product, pPh6G4.V11, was used as the template for the alanine scanning mutagenesis of the CDRs and for the construction of randomized CDR libraries of the humanized 6G4.V11 antibody.

1. ALANINE SCANNING MUTAGENESIS OF HUMANIZED ANTIBODY 6G4.2.5 VERSION 11

The solvent exposed amino acid residues in the CDRs of the humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5 version 11 antibody (h6G4V11) were identified by analysis of a 3-D computer-generated model of the anti-IL-8 antibody. In order to determine which solvent exposed amino acids in the CDRs affect binding to interleukin-8, each of the solvent exposed amino acids was individually changed to alanine, creating a panel of mutant antibodies wherein each mutant contained an alanine substitution at a single solvent exposed residue. The alanine scanning mutagenesis was performed as described by Leong et. al., J. Biol. Chem., 269: 19343 (1994)).

The IC₅₀'s (relative affinities) of h6G4V11 wt and mutated antibodies were established using a Competition Phage ELISA Assay described by Cunningham et. al., (EMBO J. 13:2508 (1994)) and Lee et. al., (Science 270:1657 (1995)). The assay measures the ability of each antibody to bind IL-8 coated onto a 96-well plate in the presence of various concentrations of free IL-8 (0.2 to 1uM) in solution. The first step of the assay requires that the concentrations of the phage carrying the wild type and mutated antibodies be normalized, allowing a comparison of the relative affinities of each antibody. The normalization was accomplished by titering the phage on the IL-8 coated plates and establishing their EC₅₀. Sulfhydryl coated 96-well binding plates (Corning-Costar; Wilmington, MA) were incubated with a 0.1mg/ml solution of K64C IL-8 (Lysine 64 is substituted with Cysteine to allow the formation of a disulfide bond between the free thiol group of K64C IL-8 and the sulfhydryl coated plate, which results in the positioning of the IL-8 receptor binding domains towards the solution interface) in phosphate buffered saline (PBS) pH 6.5 containing 1mM EDTA for 1 hour at 25EC followed by three washes with PBS and a final incubation with a solution of PBS containing 1.75mg/ml of L-cysteine-HCl and 0.1M NaHCO, to block any free reactive sulfhydryl groups on the plate. The plates were washed once more and stored covered at 4EC with 200ul of PBS/well. Phage displaying either the reference antibody, h6G4V11, or the mutant h6G4V11 antibodies were grown and harvested by PEG precipitation. The phage were resuspended in 500ul 10mM Tris-HCl pH

5

10

15

7.5. 1mM EDTA and 100mM NaCl and held at 4EC for no longer than 3 hours. An aliquot of each phage was diluted 4-fold in PBS containing 0.05% Tween-20 (BioRad, Richmond, Ca.) and 0.5% BSA RIA grade (Sigma, St. Louis, Mo.) (PBB) and added to IL-8 coated plates blocked for at least 2 hours at 25EC with 50mg/ml skim milk powder in 25mM Carbonate Buffer pH 9.6. The phage were next serially diluted in 3 fold steps down the plate from well A through H. The plates were incubated for 1 hour at 25EC followed by nine quick washes with PBS containing 0.05% Tween-20 (PBST). The plates were then incubated with a 1:3200 dilution of rabbit anti-phage antibody and a 1:1600 dilution of secondary goat-anti-rabbit Fc HRPconjugated antibody for 15 minutes at 25EC followed by nine quick washes with PBST. The plates were developed with 80ul/well of 1mg/ml OPD (Sigma, St. Louis, Mo) in Citrate Phosphate buffer pH 5.0 containing 0.015% H₂O₂ for 4 minutes at 25EC and the reaction stopped with the addition of 40ul of 4.5M $\rm H_2SO_4$. The plates were analyzed at wavelength 8_{492} in a SLT model 340ATTC plate reader (SLT Lab The individual EC₅₀=s were determined by analyzing the data using the program Kaleidagraph (Synergy Software, Reading, Pa.) and a 4-parameter fit equation. The phage held at 4EC were then immediately diluted in PBB to achieve a final concentration corresponding to their respective EC50 or target OD₄₉₂ for the competition segment of the experiment, and dispensed into a 96 well plate containing 4-fold serial dilutions of soluble IL-8 ranging from 1uM in well A and ending with 0.2uM in well H. Using a 12-channel pipet, 100ul of the phage/IL-8 mixture was transferred to an IL-8 coated 96-well plate and executed as described above. Each sample was done in triplicate - 3 columns/sample.

Table 5 - Relative Affinities (IC50) for Alanine-scan Anti-IL-8 6G4V11 CDR Mutants

CDR	Amino Acid Residue	Avg IC50 (nM)	Std Dev	
V11	Reference	11.5	6.4	
CDR-L1	S26	6.3	2.9	
	Q27	10.2	2.4	
	S28	14.2	5.2	
·	V30	29.1	12.3	
 	H31	580.3	243.0	
	133	64.2	14.6	
	N35	3.3	0.7	
	T36	138.0	nd	
	Y37	NDB	nd	
CDR-L2	K55	24.2	14.9	
	V56	15.5	3.8	
	S57	12.4	4.0	
	N58	17.6	3.7	
	R59	nd	nd	
CDR-L3	S96	10.8	4.4	
	T97	70.6	55.2	

CDR	Amino Acid Residue	Avg IC50 (nM)	Std Dev	
	H98	8.0	1.2	
	V99	19.6	1.9	
CDR-H1	S28	8.6	3.1	
	S30	nd	nd	
	S31	7.8	2.5	
	H32	13.3	5.8	
	Y53	48.2	15.8	
CDR-H2	Y50	35.6	13.0	
	D52	13.3	7.5	
	S53	6.0	3.4	
	N54	96.0	5.8	
	E56	15.8	4.5	
	T57	8.4	1.6	
	T58	11.3	1.8	
	Y59	9.1	3.7	
	Q61	12.6	6.4	
	K64	18.5	12.1	
CDR-H3	D96	NDB	nd	
	Y97	NDB	nd	
	R98	36.6	15.3	
	Y99	199.5	nd	
	N100	278.3	169.4	
	D102	159.2	44	
	W103	NDB	nd	
	F104	NDB	nd	
	F105	209.4	72.3	
	D106	25.3	21.7	

Each sample performed in triplicate/experiment.

NDB = No Detectable Binding /nd = value not determined*

Residue numbering is according to Kabat et al.

5

10

The results of the alanine-scan are summarized in Table 5 above. The alanine substitutions in of many of the mutant antibodies had little or no adverse effects (<3 fold) on the binding affinity for IL-8. Mutants that were found to exhibit no detectable binding of IL-8 (NDB) presumably contained disruptions in the conformational structure of the antibody conferred by crucial structural or buried amino acids in the CDR. Based on the results of the scan, CDR-H3 (heavy chain, 3rd CDR) was identified as the dominant binding epitope for binding IL-8. Alanine substitutions in this CDR resulted in a 3 to >26 fold decrease in binding affinity. The amino acids, Y597, Y599 and D602 are of particular interest because it was determined from the computer generated model of the anti-IL-8 antibody that these residues are solvent exposed and that these residues might participate in hydrogen bonding or charge interactions with IL-8 or other amino acids of the antibody that influence either binding to IL-8 or the conformation of the CDR-H3

loop structure. (See the model depicted in Fig. 32). Unexpected increases in binding affinity (1.8 > 2.7 fold) were noted for S528 and S531 of CDR-H1 and S553 of CDR-H2.

Surprisingly, a significant increase in binding affinity was observed in the alanine mutant N35A located in CDR-L1 (light chain, 1st CDR). A 3-6 fold increase in affinity was observed compared to the wild-type h6G4V11 antibody. This augmentation of IL-8 binding could be the result of the close proximity of N35A to CDR-H3. The alanine substitution may have imparted a slight change in the conformation of CDR-L1 which alters the packing interaction of neighboring amino acid residues on CDR-H3, thereby tweaking the loop of CDR-H3 into a conformation that facilitates more appropriate contacts with IL-8. Similarly, N35A may also influence the orientation of amino acids in CDR-L1 or its interaction directly with IL-8. Unexpected increases in affinity (~2 fold) were also observed for S26 of CDR-L1 and H98 of CDR-L3.

J. CHARACTERIZATION OF HUMANIZED ANTI-IL-8 ANTIBODY 6G4V11N35A

10

15

20

25

30

35

Soluble 6G4V11N35A Fab antibody was made by transforming an amber non-suppressor strain of E. coli, 34B8, with pPh6G4.V11 and growing the culture in low phosphate medium for 24 hours. The periplasmic fraction was collected and passed over a Hi-Trap Protein-G column (Pharmacia, Piscataway, NJ.) followed by a desalting and concentration step. The protein was analyzed by SDS-PAGE, mass spectrometry and amino acid analysis. The protein had the correct size and amino acid composition (Fig. 35). The 6G4V11N35A Fab was tested for its ability to inhibit 125 I-IL-8 binding to human neutrophils and to inhibit IL-8 mediated neutrophil chemotaxis as described in Section (B)(1) and (B)(2) above. As shown in Fig. 33, hybridoma-derived intact murine antibody (6G4 murine mAB), recombinant 6G4 murine-human chimera Fab, recombinant humanized Fab versions 1 and 11, and 6G4V11N35A Fab were found to inhibit ¹²⁵I-IL-8 binding to human neutrophils with an average IC₅₀ of 5nM, 8nM, 40nM, 10nM and 3nM, respectively. The 6G4V11N35A Fab had at least a 2-fold higher affinity than the 6G4.2.5 chimera Fab and a 3-fold higher affinity than 6G4V11. As shown in Fig. 34, the 6G4V11N35A Fab was found to inhibit IL-8 mediated neutrophil chemotaxis induced by both wild type and monomeric human IL-8, and by two different animal species of IL-8, namely, rabbit and rhesus. The irrelevant isotype control Fab (4D5) did not inhibit neutrophil migration. The average IC₅₀ values were 3nM (wt IL-8), 1 nM (monomeric IL-8), 5nM (Rabbit IL-8), and 10nM (Rhesus IL-8).

K. CONSTRUCTION OF A 6G4V11N35A F(ab') LEUCINE ZIPPER

Production of a F(ab')₂ version of the humanized anti-IL-8 6G4V11N35A Fab was accomplished by constructing a fusion protein with the yeast GCN4 leucine zipper. The expression plasmid p6G4V11N35A.F(ab')₂ was made by digesting the plasmid p6G425chim2.fab2 with the restriction enzymes bsal and apal to remove the DNA sequence encoding the 6G4.2.5 murine-human chimeric Fab and replacing it with a 2620bp bsal-apal fragment from pPh6G4.V11N35A. The plasmid p6G425chim2.fab2 is a derivative of pS1130 which encodes a fusion protein (the GCN4 leucine zipper fused to the heavy chain of

5

10

15

20

25

30

anti-CD18) and the light chain of anti-CD18 antibody. The expression plasmid p6G4V11N35A.F(ab')₂ was deposited on February 20, 1996 with the American Type Culture Collection, 12301 Parklawn Drive, Rockville, MD, U.S.A. (ATCC) and assigned ATCC Accession No. 97890. A pepsin cleavage site in the hinge region of the antibody facilitates the removal of the leucine zipper leaving the two immunoglobin monomers joined by the cysteines that generate the interchain disulfide bonds. The DNA and protein sequence of the h6G4V11N35A.F(ab')₂ are depicted in Figs. 35-37.

An expression host cell was obtained by transforming E. coli strain 49D6 with p6G4V11N35A.F(ab')₂ essentially as described in Section (II)(3)(C) above. The transformed host E. coli 49D6 (p6G4V11N35A.F(ab')₂) was deposited on February 20, 1997 at the ATCC and assigned ATCC Accession No. 98332. Transformed host cells were grown in culture, and the 6G4V11N35A F(ab')₂ product was harvested from the host cell periplasmic space essentially as described in Section (II)(3)(F) above.

L. CHARACTERIZATION OF THE HUMANIZED 6G4V11N35A F(ab'), LEUCINE ZIPPER

The 6G4V11N35A Fab and $F(ab')_2$ were tested for their ability to inhibit ¹²⁵I-IL-8 binding to neutrophils according to the procedures described in Section (B)(1) above. The displacement curves from a representative binding experiment performed in duplicate is depicted in Fig. 38. Scatchard analysis of this data shows that $6G4V11N35A F(ab')_2$ inhibited ¹²⁵I-IL-8 binding to human neutrophils with an average IC₅₀ of 0.7 nM (+/- 0.2). This is at least a 7 fold increase in affinity compared to the hybridoma-derived intact murine antibody (average IC₅₀ of 5 nM) and at least a 2.8 fold increase in affinity over the Fab version (average IC₅₀ of 2 nM).

The 6G4V11N35A F(ab')2 was also tested for its ability to inhibit IL-8 mediated neutrophil chemotaxis according to the procedures described in Section (B)(2) above. The results of a representative chemotaxis experiment performed in quadruplicate are depicted in Fig. 39. As shown in Fig. 39, the 6G4V11N35A F(ab')2 inhibited human IL-8 mediated neutrophil chemotaxis. The 6G4V11N35A F(ab')2 exhibited an average IC50 value of 1.5nM versus 2.7nM for the 6G4V11N35A Fab, which represents an approximately 2 fold improvement in the antibody's ability to neutralize the effects of IL-8. The irrelevant isotype control Fab (4D5) did not inhibit neutrophil migration. Furthermore, the 6G4V11N35A F(ab')2 antibody retained its ability to inhibit IL-8 mediated neutrophil chemotaxis by monomeric IL-8 and by two different animal species of IL-8, namely rabbit and rhesus, in neutrophil chemotaxis experiments conducted as described above. An individual experiment is shown in Fig. 40. The average IC₅₀ values were 1nM IL-8). 4nM 2.0nM (Rhesus (Rabbit IL-8). and (monomeric IL-8),

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

M. RANDOM MUTAGENESIS OF LIGHT CHAIN AMINO ACID (N35A) IN CDR-L1 OF HUMANIZED ANTIBODY 6G4V11

A 3-fold improvement in the IC₅₀ for inhibiting ¹²⁵I-IL-8 binding to human neutrophils was observed when alanine was substituted for asparagine at position 35 in CDR-L1 (light chain) of the humanized 6G4V11 mAb as described in Section (I) above. This result might be attributed to an improvement in the contact between the antigen-antibody binding interfaces as a consequence of the replacement of a less bulky nonpolar side chain (R-group) that may have altered the conformation of CDR-L1 or neighboring CDR-H3 (heavy chain) to become more accessible for antigen docking. The acceptance of alanine at position 35 of CDR-L1 suggested that this position contributed to improved affinity and that an assessment of the re-modeling of CDR loops / antigen-binding region(s) by other amino acids at this location was warranted. Selection of an affinity matured version of the humanized 6G4.V11 mAB (Kunkel, T. A., <u>Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA</u>, 82:488 (1995)) was accomplished by randomly mutagenizing position 35 of CDR-L1 and constructing an antibody-phage library. The codon for Asparagine (N) at position 35 of CDR-L1, was targeted for randomization to any of the 20 known amino acids.

Initially, a stop template, pPh6G4.V11-stop, was made to eliminate contaminating wild-type N35 sequence from the library. This was accomplished by performing site-directed mutagenesis (Muta-Gene Kit, Biorad, Ricmond, CA) of pPH6G4V11 (described in Section (H) above) to replace the codon (AAC) for N35 with a stop codon (TAA) using the primer SL.97.2 (SEQ ID NO:)(Figure 42). The incorporation of the stop codon was confirmed by DNA sequencing. Subsequently, uracil containing single-stranded DNA derived from E. coli CJ236 transformed with the stop template was used to generate an antibodyphage library following the method described by Lowman (Methods in Molecular Biology, 87 Chapter 25: 1-15 (1997). The variants generated from this library were predicted to produce a collection of antibodies containing one of the 20 known amino acids at position N35 in CDR-L1. The amino acid substitutions were accomplished by site-directed mutagenesis using the degenerate oligonucleotide primer (SL.97.3) with the sequence NNS (N = A/G/T/C; S = G/C;) (SEQ ID NO:)(Figure 42). This codon usage should allow for the expression of any of the 20 amino acids - including the amber stop codon (TAG). The collection of antibody-phage variants was transfected into E. coli strain XL-1 blue (Stratagene, San Diego, CA) by electroporation and grown at 37°C overnight to amplify the library. Selection of tight binding humanized 6G4V11 Fab's were accomplished by panning the library on IL-8 coated 96-well plates as described in Section (I) above. Prior to panning, the number of phage/library was normalized to 1.1x10¹³ phage/ml (which produces a maximum OD_{270} reading = 1 OD unit) and IL-8 coated plates were incubated with blocking solution (25mN Carbonate buffer containing 50mg/ml skim milk) for 2 hours before the addition of phage (each sort used eight IL-8 coated wells/library). After the blocking and washing steps, every sort began with the addition of 100ul of antibody-phage (titered at 1.1×10^{13} phage/ml) to each of eight IL-8 coated wells followed by an 1 hour incubation at 25°C. The nonspecifically bound antibody-phage were removed by 10 quick washes with PBS-0.05% Tween 20 (PBS-

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

Tween). For sort #1, a low stringency wash (100ul PBS-Tween/well for 10 minutes at 25°C) was employed to capture the small proportion of tight binding antibody-phage bound to the immobilized IL-8. The antibody-phage variants specifically bound to IL-8 were eluted with 100ul/well of 200mM Glycine pH 2.0 for 5 minutes at 25°C. The eluted antibody-phage variants from the 8 wells were then pooled and neutralized with 1M Tris-HCl pH 8.0 (1/3 the elution volume). The phage were titered and propagated as described in Section (I) above. The stringency of the washes were successively increased with each round of panning depending upon the percent recovery of phage at the end of a sort. The wash conditions were as follows: sort #2 (4 x 15 minute intervals; total time = 60 minutes) and sort #3 (either #3a: 8 x 15 minute intervals or #3b: 12 x 10 minute intervals; total time = 120 minutes). The total number of phage recovered was progressively reduced after each sort suggesting that non- or weak- binders were being selected against. The recovery of the negative control (the antibody-phage stop variant) was constant throughout the panning (approximately 0.0001 to 0.00001 percent).

Eighteen random variants from sort #3 were analyzed by DNA sequencing to look for an amino acid consensus at position 35 of CDR-L1. The data presented in Figure 43A showed that Glycine occupied position 35 in 33% of the variants sequenced. However, after correcting for the number of NNS codon combinations/amino acid, the frequency of Glycine was reduced to 16.6%. Glutamic Acid was represented with the highest frequency (22%) followed by Aspartic Acid and Glycine (16.6%). The frequencies of recovery of the wild-type Asparagine and substituted Alanine were only 5.6%. Interestingly, the high frequency of Glycine may suggest that a much wider range of conformations might be allowed for the loop of CDR-L1 which may be attributed to the reduction in steric hindrance of bond angle $(\phi-\psi)$ pairing as a result of the single hydrogen atom as the side chain. Conversely, Glutamic Acid at position 35 might restrict the flexibility of the loop by imposing less freedom of rotation imposed by the more rigid and bulky charged polar side chain.

Soluble Fab's of the affinity matured variants (N35G, N35D, N35E and N35A) were made as described in Section (J) above for evaluating their ability to block IL-8 binding. As shown in Figure 43B, variants N35A, N35D, N35E and N35G were found to inhibit ¹²⁵I-IL-8 binding to human neutrophils with an approximate IC₅₀ of 0.2nM, 0.9nM, 0.1nM and 3.0nM, respectively. All of the affinity matured variants showed an improvement in binding IL-8 ranging from 3 - 100 fold compared to the humanized 6G4V11 mAb. The affinity-matured variant, 6G4V11N35E, was 2-fold more potent in blocking IL-8 binding to human neutrophils than the alanine-scan variant, 6G4V11N35A.

Equilibrium and kinetic measurements of variants 6G4V11N35A and 6G4V11N35E were determined using KinEXATM automated immunoassay system (Sapidyne Instruments Inc., Idaho City, ID) as described by Blake *et al.*, J. Biol. Chem. 271: 27677 (1996). The procedure for preparing the antigencoated particles was modified as follows: 1 ml of activated agarose beads (Reacti-Gel 6X; Pierce, Rockford, IL) were coated with antigen in 50mM Carbonate buffer pH 9.6 containing 20ug/ml of human IL-8 and incubated with gentle agitation on a rocker overnight at 25°C. The IL-8 coated beads were then

5

10

15

25

30

35

washed twice with 1M Tris-HCl pH 7.5 to inactivate any unreactive groups on the beads and blocked with Superblock (Pierce, Rockford, IL) for 1 hour at 25C to reduce non-specific binding. The beads were resuspended in assay buffer (0.1% bovine serum albumin in PBS) to a final volume of 30 ml. A 550ul aliquot of the IL-8 coated bead suspension was used each time to pack a fresh 4mm high column in the KinEXA observation cell. The amount of unbound antibody from the antibody-antigen mixtures captured by the IL-8-coated beads in both the equilibrium and kinetic experiments was quantified using a fluorescently labeled secondary antibody. Murine 6G4.2.5 was detected with a R-PE AffiniPure F(ab')₂ goat anti-mouse IgG, Fc fragment specific 2° antibody (Jackson Immuno Research Laboratories, West Grove, PA) and humanized affinity matured N35A (Fab and F(ab')₂) and N35E Fab were detected with a R-PE AffiniPure F(ab')₂ donkey anti-human IgG (H+L) 2° antibody (Jackson Immunoresearch Laboratories, West Grove, PA); both at a 1:1000 dilution.

Equilibrium measurements were determined by incubating a constant amount of anti-IL-8 antibody (0.005ug/ml) with various concentrations of human IL-8 (0, 0.009, 0.019, 0.039, 0.078, 0.156, 0.312, 0.625, 1.25, 2.5nM). The antibody-antigen mixture was incubated for 2 hours at 25°C to allow the molecules to reach equilibrium. Subsequently, each sample was passed over a naive IL-8 coated bead pack in the KinEXA observation cell at a flow rate of 0.5ml/minute for a total of 9 minutes/sample. The equilibrium constant (Kd) was calculated using the software provided by Sapidyne Instruments Inc.

Rates of association (ka) and dissociation (kd) were determined by incubating together a constant amount of antibody and antigen, and measuring the amount of uncomplexed anti-IL-8 bound to the IL-8 coated beads over time. The concentration of antibody used in the kinetic experiments was identical to that used in the equilibrium experiment described above. Generally, the amount of human IL-8 used was the concentration derived from the binding curves of the equilibrium experiment that resulted in 70% inhibition of anti-IL-8 binding to the IL-8 coated beads. Measurements were made every 15 minutes to collect approximately nine data points. The ka was calculated using the software provided by Sapidyne Instruments, Inc. The off rate was determined using the equation: kd = Kd/ka.

Figure 44 shows the equilibrium constants (Kd) for the affinity matured variants 6G4V11N35E and 6G4V11N35A Fab's were approximately 54pM and 114pM, respectively. The improvement in affinity of 6G4V11N35E Fab for IL-8 can be attributed to a 2-fold faster rate of association (K_{on}) of 4.7x10⁶ for 6G4V11N35E Fab versus 2.0x10⁶ for 6G4V11N35A F(ab')₂. (The Kd of the 6G4V11N35A F(ab')₂ and 6G4V11N35A Fab are similar.) The dissociation rates (K_{off}) were not significantly different. Molecular modeling suggests that substitution of Aspargine with Glutamic Acid might either affect the antibody's interaction with IL-8 directly or indirectly by neutralizing the charge of neighboring residues R98 (CDR-H3) or K50 (CDR-L2) in the CDR's to facilitate contact with IL-8. Another effect might be the formation of a more stable loop conformation for CDR-L1 that could have facilitated more appropriate contacts of other CDR-L1 loop residues with IL-8. The DNA (SEQ ID NO:) and amino acid (SEQ ID NO:)

sequences of p6G4V11N35E.Fab showing the Asparagine to Glutamic Acid substitution in the light chain are presented in Figure 45.

N. CHARACTERIZATION OF HUMANIZED ANTI-IL-8 VARIANT 6G4V11N35E Fab

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

The affinity matured Fab variant, 6G4V11N35E, was tested for its ability to inhibit IL-8 mediated neutrophil chemotaxis as described in Section (B)(2) above. The reuseable 96-well chemotaxis chamber described in Section (B)(2) was replaced with endotoxin-free disposable chemotaxis chambers containing 5-micron PVP-free polycarbonate filters (ChemoTx101-5, Neuro Probe, Inc. Cabin John, MD). As illustrated in Figure 46, variant N35E effectively blocks IL-8 mediated neutrophil chemotaxis induced by a 2nM stimulus of either rabbit or human IL-8. In fact, the level of inhibition at antibody concentrations between 3.7nM - 33nM was not significantly different from the buffer control indicating variant N35E could completely inhibit this response. The IC₅₀'s for both rabbit and human IL-8 were approximately 2.8nM and 1.2nM, respectively. The irrelevant isotype control Fab (4D5) did not inhibit neutrophil migation indicating the results observed for the affinity matured variant, N35E, is IL-8 specific.

O. CONSTRUCTION OF HUMANIZED 6G4V11N35E F(ab')₂ LEUCINE ZIPPER

A F(ab')₂ expression plasmid for 6G4V11N35E was constructed using methods similar to those described in Section (K) above. The expression plasmid, p6G4V11N35E.F(ab')₂, was made by digesting the plasmid p6G4V11N35A.F(ab')₂ (described in Section (K) above) with the restriction enzymes Apal and Ndel to isolate a 2805 bp fragment encoding the heavy chain constant domain -GCN4 leucine zipper and ligating it to a 3758 bp Apal-Ndel fragment of the pPH6G4V11N35E phage display clone (encoding 6G4V11N35E Fab) obtained as described in Section (M) above. The integrity of the entire coding sequence was confirmed by DNA sequencing.

P. <u>CONSTRUCTION OF THE FULL LENGTH HUMANIZED 6G4V11N35A IgG EXPRESSION</u> <u>PLASMID</u>

The full length IgG₁ version of the humanized anti-IL8 variant 6G4V11N35A was made using a dicistronic DHFR-Intron expression vector (Lucas et al., Nucleic Acids Res.,24: 1774-1779 (1996)) which contained the full length recombinant murine-human chimera of the 6G4.2.5 anti-IL8 mAb. The expression plasmid encoding the humanized variant 6G4V11N35A was assembled as follows. First an intermediate plasmid (pSL-3) was made to shuttle the sequence encoding the variable heavy chain of humanized anti-IL-8 variant 6G4V11N35A to pRK56G4chim.2Vh - which contains the variable heavy region of the chimeric 6G4.5 anti-IL8 antibody. The vector pRK56G4chim.Vh was digested with PvuII and Apal to remove the heavy chain variable region of the chimeric antibody and religated with an 80bp PvuII - XhoI synthetic oligonucleotide (encoding Leu4 to Phe29 of 6G4V11N35A) (Fig. 47) and a 291bp XhoI - Apal fragment from p6G4V11N35A.7 carrying the remainder of the variable heavy chain sequence of 6G4V11N35A to create pSL-3. This intermediate plasmid was used in conjunction with 2 other plasmids, p6G4V11N35A.F(ab')₂ and p6G425chim2.choSD, to create the mammalian expression plasmid,

p6G4V11N35AchoSD.9 (identified as p6G425V11N35A.choSD in a deposit made on December 16, 1997 with the ATCC and assigned ATCC Accession No. 209552). This expression construct was assembled in a 4-part ligation using the following DNA fragments: a 5,203bp ClaI - BlpI fragment encoding the regulatory elements of the mammalian expression plasmid (p6G425 chim2.choSD), a 451bp ClaI - ApaI fragment containing the heavy chain variable region of the humanized 6G4V11N35A antibody (pSL-3), a 1,921bp ApaI - EcoRV fragment carrying the heavy chain constant region of 6G4V11N35A (p6G425chim2.choSD) and a 554bp EcoRV - BlpI fragment encoding the light chain variable and constant regions of 6G4V11N35A (p6G4V11N35A.F(ab')₂). The DNA sequence (SEQ ID NO:) of clone p6G4V11N35A.choSD.9 was confirmed by DNA sequencing and is presented in Figure 48.

Q. CONSTRUCTION OF THE FULL LENGTH HUMANIZED 6G4V11N35E IgG EXPRESSION PLASMID

A mammalian expression vector for the humanized 6G4V11N35E was made by swapping the light chain variable region of 6G4V11N35A with 6G4V11N35E as follows: a 7,566bp EcoRV - BlpI fragment (void of the 554bp fragment encoding the light chain variable region of 6G4V11N35A) from p6G4V11N35A.choSD.9 was ligated to a 554bp EcoRV - BlpI fragment (encoding the light chain variable region of 6G4V11N35E) from pPH6G4V11N35E.7. The mutation at position N35 of the light chain of p6G4V11N35E.choSD.10 was confirmed by DNA sequencing.

R. STABLE CHO CELL LINES FOR VARIANTS N35A AND N35E

10

15

20

25

30

35

For stable expression of the final humanized IgG1 variants (6G4V11N35A and 6G4V11N35E), Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) DP-12 cells were transfected with the above-described dicistronic vectors (p6G4V11N35A.choSD.9 and p6G4V11N35E.choSD.10, respectively) designed to coexpress both heavy and light chains (Lucas et al., Nucleic Acid Res. 24:1774-79 (1996)). Plasmids were introduced into CHO DP12 cells via lipofection and selected for growth in GHT-free medium (Chisholm, V. High efficiency gene transfer in mammalian cells. In: Glover, DM, Hames, BD. DNA Cloning 4. Mammalian systems. Oxford Univ. Press, Oxford pp 1-41 (1996)). Approximately 20 unamplified clones were randomly chosen and reseeded into 96 well plates. Relative specific productivity of each colony was monitored using an ELISA to quantitate the full length human IgG accumulated in each well after 3 days and a fluorescent dye, Calcien AM, as a surrogate marker of viable cell number per well. Based on these data, several unamplified clones were chosen for further amplification in the presence of increasing concentrations of methotrexate. Individual clones surviving at 10, 50, and 100 nM methotrexate were chosen and transferred to 96 well plates for productivity screening. One clone for each antibody (clone#1933 aIL8.92 NB 28605/12 for 6G4V11N35A; clone#1934 aIL8.42 NB 28605/14 for 6G4V11N35E), which reproducibly exhibited high specific productivity, was expanded in T-flasks and used to inoculate a spinner culture. After several passages, the suspension-adapted cells were used to inoculate production cultures in GHT-containing, serum-free media supplemented with various hormones and protein hydrolysates. Harvested cell culture fluid containing recombinant humanized anti-IL8 was purified using protein A-Sepharose CL-4B. The purity after this step was approximately 99%. Subsequent purification to homogeneity was carried out

using an ion exchange chromatography step. Production titer of the humanized 6G4V11N35E IgG1 antibody after the first round of amplification and 6G4V11N35A IgG1 after the second round of amplification were 250mg/L and 150mg/L, respectively.

S. CHARACTERIZATION OF THE HUMANIZED 6G4V11N35A/E IgG VARIANTS

5

10

15

20

25

30

The humanized full length IgG variants of 6G4.2.5 were tested for their ability to inhibit 125 I-IL-8 binding and to neutralize activation of human neutrophils; the procedures are described in Sections (B)(1) and (B)(2) above. As shown in Figure 49, the full length IgG1 forms of variants 6G4V11N35A and 6G4V11N35E equally inhibited 125 I-IL-8 binding to human neutrophils with approximate IC₅₀'s of 0.3nM and 0.5nM, respectively. This represents a 15 - 25 fold improvement in blocking binding of IL-8 compared to the full length murine mAb (IC₅₀ = 7.5nM). Similarly, the two anti-IL-8 variants showed equivalent neutralizing capabilities with respect to inhibiting IL-8 mediated human neutrophil chemotaxis (Figures 50A-50B). The IC₅₀'s of 6G4V11N35A IgG1 and 6G4V11N35E IgG1 for human IL-8 were 4.0nM and 6.0nM, respectively, and for rabbit IL-8 were 4.0nM and 2.0nM, respectively. The irrelevant isotype control Fab (4D5) did not inhibit neutrophil migration.

The affinity for IL-8 of these variants relative to the murine 6G4.2.5 mAb was determined using KinExA as described in Section (M). Figure 51 shows the equilibrium constant (Kd) for the full length affinity matured variants 6G4V11N35E IgG1 and 6G4V11N35A IgG1 were approximately 49pM and 88pM, respectively. The Kd for 6G4V11N35A IgG1 was determined directly from the kinetic experiment. As reported with their respective Fabs, this improvement in affinity might be attributed to an approximate 2-fold increase in the on-rate of 6G4V11N35E IgG1 (ka = 3.0x10⁶) compared to that of 6G4V11N35A IgG1 (ka = 8.7x10⁵). In addition, these results were confirmed by a competition radio-immune assay using iodinated human IL-8. 50pM of 6G4V11N35A IgG1 or 6G4V11N35E IgG1 was incubated for 2 hours at 25°C with 30-50pM of ¹²⁵I-IL-8 and varying concentrations (0 to 100nM) of unlabeled IL-8. The antibody-antigen mixture was then incubated for 1 hour at 4C with 10ul of a 70% slurry of Protein-A beads (pre-blocked with 0.1% BSA). The beads were briefly spun in a microcentrifuge and the supernatant discarded to remove the unbound ¹²⁵I-IL-8. The amount of ¹²⁵I-IL-8 specifically bound to the anti-IL-8 antibodies was determined by counting the protein-A pellets in a gamma counter. The approximate Kd values were similar to those determined by KinEXA. The average Kd for 6G4V11N35A IgG1 and 6G4V11N35E IgG1 were 54pM (18-90pM) and 19pM (5-34pM), respectively (Figure 52).

T. CONSTRUCTION OF HUMANIZED 6G4V11N35A/E Fab's FOR MODIFICATION BY POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL

A Fab' expression vector for 6G4V11N35A was constructed by digesting p6G4V11N35A.F(ab')₂ with the restriction enzymes Apal and Ndel to remove the 2805 bp fragment encoding the human IgG₁

constant domain fused with the yeast GCN4 leucine zipper and replacing it with the 2683bp Apal-NdeI fragment from the plasmid pCDNA.18 described in Eigenbrot et al., Proteins: Struct. Funct. Genet., 18: 49-62 (1994). The pCDNA.18 Apal-NdeI fragment carries the coding sequence for the human constant IgG1 heavy domain, including the free cysteine in the hinge region that was used to attach the PEG molecule. The 3758bp Apal-NdeI fragment (encodes the light chain and heavy variable domain of 6G4V11N35A) isolated from p6G4V11N35A.F(ab')₂ was ligated to the 2683bp Apal-NdeI fragment of pCDNA.18 to create p6G4V11N35A.PEG-1. The integrity of the entire coding sequence was confirmed by DNA sequencing. The nucleotide and translated amino acid sequences of heavy chain constant domain with the cysteine in the hinge are presented in Figure 53.

A Fab' expression plasmid for 6G4V11N35E was made similarly by digesting pPH6G4V11N35E (from Section (O) above) with the restriction enzymes Apal and Ndel to isolate the 3758bp Apal-Ndel DNA fragment carrying the intact light chain and heavy variable domain of 6G4V11N35E and ligating it to the 2683 bp Apal-Ndel DNA fragment from p6G4V11N35A.PEG-1 to create p6G4V11N35E.PEG-3. The integrity of the entire coding sequence was confirmed by DNA sequencing.

Anti-IL-8 6G4V11N35A Fab' variant was modified with 20 kD linear methoxy-PEG-maleimide, 30 kD linear methoxy-PEG-maleimide, 40 kD linear methoxy-PEG-maleimide, or 40 kD branched methoxy-PEG-maleimide as described below. All PEG's used were obtained commercially from Shearwater Polymers, Inc.

a. MATERIALS AND METHODS

Fab'-SH Purification

10

15

20

25

30

35

A Fab'-SH antibody fragment of the affinity matured antibody 6G4V11N35A was expressed in *E. coli* grown to high cell density in the fermentor as described by Carter *et al.*, *Bio/Technology* 10, 163–167 (1992). Preparation of Fab'-SH fragments was accomplished by protecting the Fab'-SH fragments with 4',4'-dithiodipyridine (PDS), partially purifying the protected Fab'-PDS fragments, deprotect the Fab'-PDS with dithiothreitol (DTT) and finally isolate the free Fab'-SH by using gel permeation chromatography.

Protection of Fab'-SH with PDS

Fermentation paste samples were dissolved in 3 volumes of 20mM MES, 5mM EDTA, pH 6.0 containing 10.7mg of 4',4'-dithiodipyridine per gram fermentation paste, resulting in a suspension with a pH close to 6.0 The suspension was passed through a homogenizer followed by addition of 5% PEI (w/v), pH 6 to the homogenate to a final concentration of 0.25%. The mixture was then centrifuged to remove solids and the clear supernatant was conditioned to a conductivity of less than 3mS by the addition of cold water.

Partial purification of the Fab'-SH molecule using ion exchange chromatography

The conditioned supernatant was loaded onto an ABX (Baker) column equilibrated in 20 mM MES, pH 6.0. The column was washed with the equilibration buffer followed by elution of the Fab'-SH with a 15 column volume linear gradient from 20 mM MES, pH 6.0 to 20 mM MES, 350 mM sodium chloride. The column was monitored by absorbance at 280nm, and the eluate was collected in fractions.

Deprotection of the Fab'-SH antibody fragments with DTT

The pH of the ABX pool was adjusted to 4.0 by the addition of dilute HCl. The pH adjusted solution was then deprotected by adding DTT to a final concentration of 0.2mM. The solution was incubated for about 30 minutes and then applied to a gel filtration Sephadex G25 column, equilibrated with 15mM sodium phosphate, 25mM MES, pH 4.0. After elution, the pH of the pool was raised to pH 5.5 and immediately flash frozen at -70°C for storage or derivatized with PEG-MAL as described below.

Alternative Fab'-SH Purification

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

Alternatively Fab'-SH fragments can be purified using the following procedure. 100 g fermentation paste is thawed in the presence of 200 ml 50 mM acetic acid, pH 2.8, 2 mM EDTA, 1 mM PMSF. After mixing vigorously for 30 min at room temperature, the extract is incubated with 100 mg hen egg white lysozyme. DEAE fast flow resin (approximately 100 mL) is equilibrated with 10 mM MES, pH 5.5, 1 mM EDTA on a sintered glass funnel. The osmotic shock extract containing the Fab'-SH fragment is then filtered through the resin.

A protein G Sepharose column is equilibrated with 10 mM MES, pH 5.5, 1 mM EDTA and then loaded with the DEAE flow-through sample. The column is washed followed by three 4 column volume washes with 10 mM MES, pH 5.5, 1 mM EDTA. The Fab'-SH antibody fragment containing a free thiol is eluted from the column with 100 mM acetic acid, pH 2.8, 1 mM EDTA. After elution, the pH of the pool is raised to pH 5.5 and immediately flash frozen at -70°C for storage or derivatized with PEG-MAL as described below.

Preparation of Fab'-S-PEG

The free thiol content of the Fab'-SH preparation obtained as described above was determined by reaction with 5,5'-dithiobis(2-nitrobenzoic acid) (DTNB) analysis according to the method of Creighton in Protein Structure: A Practical Approach, Creighton, T.E., ed, IRL Press (Oxford, UK: 1990), pp. 155-167. The concentration of free thiol was calculated from the increase on absorbance at 412 nm, using $e_{412} = 14,150 \text{ cm}^{-1} \text{ M}^{-1}$ for the thionitrobenzoate anion and a $M_r = 48,690$ and $e_{280} = 1.5$ for the Fab'-SH antibody. To the Fab'-SH protein G Sepharose pool, or the deprotected Fab'-SH gel permeation pool, 5 molar equivalents of PEG-MAL were added and the pH was immediately adjusted to pH 6.5 with 10% NaOH.

The Fab'-S-PEG was purified using a 2.5 x 20 cm cation exchange column (Poros 50-HS). The column was equilibrated with a buffer containing 20 mM MES, pH 5.5. The coupling reaction containing the PEGylated antibody fragment was diluted with deionized water to a conductivity of approximately 2.0 mS. The conditioned coupling reaction was then loaded onto the equilibrated Poros 50 HS column. Unreacted PEG-MAL was washed from the column with 2 column volumes of 20 mM MES, pH 5.5. The Fab'-S-PEG was eluted from the column using a linear gradient from 0 to 400 mM NaCl, in 20 mM MES pH 5.5, over 15 column volumes.

Alternatively a Bakerbond ABX column can be used to purify the Fab'-S-PEG molecule. The column is equilibrated with 20 mM MES, pH 6.0 (Buffer A). The coupling reaction is diluted with deionized water until the conductivity equaled that of the Buffer A (approximately 2.0 mS) and loaded onto the column. Unreacted PEG-MAL is washed from the column with 2 column volumes of 20 mM MES, pH 6.0. The Fab'-S-PEG is eluted from the column using a linear gradient from 0 to 100 mM (NH₄)₂SO₄, in 20 mM MES pH 6.0, over 15 column volumes.

Size Exclusion Chromatography

The hydrodynamic or effective size of each molecule was determined using a Pharmacia Superose-6 HR 10/30 column (10x300mm). The mobile phase was 200 mM NaCl, 50 mM sodium phosphate pH 6.0. Flow rate was at 0.5 ml/min and the column was kept at ambient temperature. Absorbance at 280 nm was monitored where PEG contributed little signal. Biorad MW standards containing cyanocobalamin, myoglobin, ovalbumin, IgG, Thyroglobulin monomer and dimer were used to generate a standard curve from which the effective size of the pegylated species was estimated.

b. RESULTS

10

15

20

25

30

35

Size Exclusion Chromatography

The effective size of each modified species was characterized using size exclusion chromatography. The results are shown in Fig. 60 below. The theoretical molecular weight of the anti-IL8 Fab fragments modified with PEG 5kD, 10kD, 20kD, 30kD, 40kD (linear), 40kD (branched) or 100,000kD is shown along with the apparent molecular weight of the PEGylated fragments obtained by HPLC size exclusion chromatography. When compared to the theoretical molecular weight of the Fab'-S-PEG fragments, the apparent molecular weight (calculated by size exclusion HPLC) increases dramatically by increasing the size of the PEG attached to the fragments. Attachment of a small molecular weight PEG, for example PEG 10,000D only increases the theoretical molecular weight of the PEGylated antibody fragment (59,700 D) by 3 fold to an apparent molecular weight of 180,000D. In contrast attachment of a larger molecular weight PEG for example 100,000D PEG to the antibody fragment increases the theoretical molecular weight of the PEGylated antibody fragment (158,700 D) by 12 fold to an apparent molecular weight of 2,000,000D.

SDS-PAGE

In Fig. 61, the upper panel shows the size of the anti-IL-8 Fab fragments modified with PEG of molecular weight 5kD (linear), 10kD (linear), 20kD (linear), 30kD (linear), 40kD (linear), 40kD (branched) or 100kD (linear) under reduced conditions. The unmodified Fab is shown in lane 2 from right to left. Both the heavy and light chains of the Fab had a molecular weight of approximately 30kD as determined by PAGE. Each PEGylated fragment sample produced two bands: (1) a first band (attributed to the light chain) exhibiting a molecular weight of 30kD; and (2) a second band (attributed to the heavy chain to which the PEG is attached specifically at the hinge SH) exhibiting increasing molecular weights of 40, 45, 70, 110, 125, 150 and 300kD. This result suggested that PEGylation was specifically restricted to the heavy chain of the Fab's whereas the light chain remained unmodified.

The lower panel is non-reduced PAGE showing the size of the anti-IL-8 Fab fragments modified with PEG of molecular weight 5kD (linear), 20kD (linear), 30kD (linear), 40kD (linear), 40kD (branched), or 100kD (linear). The PEGylated fragments xhibited molecular weights of approximately 70kD, 115kD, 120kD, 140kD, 200kD and 300kD.

The SDS PAGE gels confirm that all Fab'-S-PEG molecules were purified to homogeneity and that the molecules differed only with respect to the size of the PEG molecule attached to them.

U. AMINE SPECIFIC PEGYLATION OF ANTI-IL-8 F(ab')₂ FRAGMENTS

Pegylated F(ab')₂ species were generated by using large MW or branched PEGs in order to achieve a large effective size with minimal protein modification which might affect activity. Modification involved N-hydroxysuccinamide chemistry which reacts with primary amines (lysines and the N-terminus). To decrease the probability of modifying the N-terminus, which is in close proximity to the CDR region, a reaction pH of 8, rather than the commonly used pH of 7, was employed. At pH 8.0, the amount of the reactive species (charged NH₃*) would be considerably more for the ε-NH2 group of lysines (pK_a=10.3) than for the α-NH2 group (pK_a of approximately 7) of the amino-terminus. For the linear PEGs, a methoxy-succinimidyl derivative of an NHS-PEG was used because of the significantly longer half-life in solution (17 minutes at 25°C at pH 8.0) compared to the NHS esters of PEGs (which have 5-7 minute half life under the above conditions). By using a PEG that is less prone to hydrolysis, a greater extent of modification is achieved with less PEG. Branched PEGs were used to induce a large increase in effective size of the antibody fragments.

a. MATERIALS

5

10

15

20

25

30

All PEG reagents were purchased from Shearwater Polymers and stored at -70°C in a desiccator: branched N-hydroxysuccinamide-PEG (PEG2-NHS-40KDa) has a 20 kDa PEG on each of the two branches, methoxy-succinimidyl-propionic acid-PEG (M-SPA-20000) is a linear PEG molecule with 20 kDa PEG. Protein was recombinantly produced in *E. coli* and purified as a (Fab)'₂ as described in Sections (K) and (O) above.

b. METHODS

IEX method: A J. T. Baker Wide-Pore Carboxy-sulfone (CSX), 5 micron, 7.75 x 100 mm HPLC column was used for fractionation of the different pegylated products, taking advantage of the difference in charge as the lysines are modified. The column was heated at 40°C. A gradient as shown in Table 7 below was used where Buffer A was 25 mM sodium Borate/25 mM sodium phosphate pH 6.0, and Buffer B was 1 5.0. sodium acetate \mathbf{C} 50 mΜ Buffer was ammonium sulfate, and М

Table 7

5	Time (min)	%B	%С	flow mL/min
	0	10	10	1.5
	20	18	7.5	1.5
	25	25	7.5	1.5
10	27	70	3.0	2.5
	29	70	3.0	2.5
	30	10	10	2.5
	33	10	10	2.5

15

20

25

30

35

SEC-HPLC: The hydrodynamic or effective size of each molecule was determined using a Pharmacia Superose-6 HR 10/30 column (10x300mm). The mobile phase was 200 mM NaCl, 50 mM sodium phosphate pH 6.0. Flow rate was at 0.5 ml/min and the column was kept at ambient temperature. Absorbance at 280 nm was monitored where PEG contributed little signal. Biorad MW standards containing cyanocobalamin, myoglobin, ovalbumin, IgG, Thyroglobulin monomer and dimer were used to generate a standard curve from which the effective size of the pegylated species was estimated.

SEC-HPLC-Light Scattering: For determination of the exact molecular weight, this column was connected to an on-line light scattering detector (Wyatt Minidawn) equipped with three detection angles of 50°, 90°, and 135° C. A refractive index detector (Wyatt) was also placed on-line to determine concentration. All buffers were filtered with Millipore 0.1 μ filters; in addition al 0.02 μ Whatman Anodisc 47 was placed on-line prior to the column.

The intensity of scattered light is directly proportional to the molecular weight (M) of the scattering species, independent of shape, according to:

$$M = R_0/K \cdot c$$

where R_0 is the Rayleigh ratio, K is an optical constant relating to the refractive index of the solvent, the wavelength of the incident light, and dn/dc, the differential refractive index between the solvent and the solute with respect to the change in solute concentration, c. The system was calibrated with toluene (R_0 of 1.406×10^{-5} at 632.8 nm); a dn/dc of 0.18, and an extinction coefficient of 1.2 was used. The system had a mass accuracy of ~5%.

SDS-PAGE: 4-12% Tris-Glycine Novex minigels were used along with the Novex supplied Tris-Glycine running buffers. 10-20 ug of protein was applied in each well and the gels were run in a cold box at 150 mV/gel for 45 minutes. Gels were then stained with colloidal Coomassie Blue (Novex) and then washed with water for a few hours and then preserved and dried in drying buffer (Novex)

Preparation of a linear(1)20KDa-(N)-(Fab')2: A 4 mg/ml solution of anti-IL8 formulated initially in a pH 5.5 buffer was dialyzed overnight against a pH 8.0 sodium phosphate buffer. 5 mL protein

was mixed at a molar ratio of 3:1. The reaction was carried out in a 15mL polypropylene Falcon tube and the PEG was added while vortexing the sample at low speed for 5 seconds. It was then placed on a nutator for 30 minutes. The extent of modification was evaluated by SDS-PAGE. The whole 5 ml reaction mixture was injected on the IEX for removal of any unreacted PEG and purification of singly or doubly pegylated species. The above reaction generated a mixture of 50% singly-labeled anti-IL8. The other 50% unreacted anti-IL8 was recycled through the pegylation/purification steps. The pooled pegylated product was dialyzed against a pH 5.5 buffer for in vitro assays and animal PK studies. Endotoxin levels were measured before administration to animals or for the cell based assays. Levels were below 0.5 eu/ml. The fractions were also run on SDS-PAGE to confirm homogeneity. Concentration of the final product was assessed by absorbance at 280 nm using an extinction coefficient of 1.34, as well as by amino acid analysis.

Preparation of a branched(1)40KDa-(N)-(Fab')2: A 4 mg/mL solution of anti-IL8 (Fab')₂ formulated in a pH 5.5 buffer was dialyzed overnight against a pH 8.0 phosphate buffer. Solid PEG powder was added to 5 mL protein in two aliquots to give a final PEG:protein molar ratio of 6:1. Each solid PEG aliquot was added to the protein in a 15 mL polypropylene Falcon tube while vortexing at low speed for 5 sec, and then placing the sample on a nutator for 15 minutes. The extent of modification was evaluated by SDS-PAGE using a 4-12% Tris-Glycine (Novex) gel and stained with colloidal Coomasie blue (Novex). The 5 mL PEG-protein mixture was injected on the ion exchange column for removal of any unreacted PEG. The above reaction generated a mixture of unreacted (37%), singly-labelled (45%), doubly and triply-labeled (18%) species. These were the optimal conditions for obtaining the greatest recovery of the protein with only 1 PEG per antibody rather than the higher molecular weight adducts. The unmodified anti-IL8 was recycled. The pegylated products were separated and fractionated in falcon tubes and then dialyzed against a pH 5.5 buffer for assays and animal PK studies. Endotoxin levels were below 0.5 eu/ml. The fractions were also run on SDS-PAGE to confirm homogeneity. The concentration of the final product was assessed by absorbance at 280 nm using an extinction coefficient of 1.34, as well as by amino acid analysis.

Preparation of branched(2)-40KDa-(N)(Fab')2: This molecule was most efficiently made by adding three times in 15 minute intervals a 3:1 molar ratio of PEG to the already modified branched(1)-40KDa-(N)-(Fab')2. The molecule was purified on IEX as 50% branched(2)-40KDa-(N)-(Fab')2. The unmodified molecule was recycled until ~20 mg protein was isolated for animal PK studies. The product was characterized by SEC-light scattering and SDS-PAGE.

c. RESULTS

10

15

20

25

30

35

PEGs increased the hydrodynamic or effective size of the product significantly as determined by gel filtration (SEC-HPLC). Figure 62 shows the SEC profile of the pegylated F(ab')₂ species with UV detection at 280 nm. The hydrodynamic size of each molecule was estimated by reference to the standard MW calibrators. As summarized in Figure 62, the increase in the effective size of (Fab')₂ was about 7-fold

5

10

15

20

25

30

by adding one linear 20 kDa PEG molecule and about 11-fold by adding one branched ("Br(1)") 40 kDa PEG molecule, and somewhat more with addition of two branched ("Br(2)") PEG molecules.

Light scattering detection gave the exact molecular weight of the products and confirmed the extent of modification (Figure 63). The homogeneity of the purified material was shown by SDS-PAGE (Figure 64). Underivatized F(ab')₂ migrated as a 120 kDa species, the linear(1)20KD-(N)-F(ab')₂ migrated as a band at 220kDa, the Br(1)-40KD(N)-F(ab')₂ migrated as one major band at 400 kDa, and the Br(2)-40KD-(N)-F(ab')₂ migrated as a major band at around 500 kDa. The proteins appeared somewhat larger than their absolute MW due to the steric effect of PEG.

V. <u>IN VITRO ACTIVITY CHARACTERIZATION OF PEG MODIFIED Fab' FRAGMENTS OF</u> 6G4V11N35A (MALEIMIDE CHEMICAL COUPLING METHOD)

Anti-IL-8 6G4V11N35A Fab' variants modified with 5-40kD linear PEG molecules and a 40kD branched PEG molecule were tested for their ability to inhibit both IL-8 binding and activation of human neutrophils; the procedures were described in Sections (B)(1), (B)(2) and (B)(3) above. The binding curves and IC₅₀'s for PEG-maleimide modified 6G4V11N35A Fab' molecules are presented in Figures 54A-54C. The IC₅₀ of the 5kD pegylated Fab' (350pM) and the average IC₅₀ of the Fab control (366pM) were not significantly different, suggesting that the addition of a 5kD MW PEG did not affect the binding of IL-8 to the modified Fab' (Figure 54A). However, a decrease in the binding of IL-8 to the 10kD and 20kD pegylated Fab' molecules was observed as depicted by the progressively higher IC₅₀'s (537pM and 732pM, respectively) compared to the average IC₅₀ of the native Fab. These values represent only a minimal loss of binding activity (between 1.5- and 2.0-fold). A less pronounced difference in IL-8 binding was observed for the 30kD and 40kD linear PEG antibodies (Figure 54B). The IC₅₀'s were 624pM and 1.1nM, respectively, compared to the 802pM value of the Fab control. The 40kD branched PEG Fab' showed the largest decrease in IL-8 binding (2.5 fold) relative to the native Fab (Figure 54C). Nevertheless, the reduction in binding of IL-8 by these pegylated Fab's is minimal.

The ability of the pegylated antibodies to block IL-8 mediated activation of human neutrophils was demonstrated using the PMN chemotaxis (according to the method described in Section B(2) above) and β-glucuronidase release (according to the method described in Lowman et al., J. Biol. Chem., 271: 14344 (1996)) assays. The IC₅₀'s for blocking IL-8 mediated chemotaxis are shown in Figures 55A-55C. The 5-20kD linear pegylated Fab' antibodies were able to block IL-8 mediated chemotaxis within 2-3 fold of the unpegylated Fab control (Figure 55A). This difference is not significant because the inherent variation can be up to 2 fold for this type of assay. However, a significant difference was detected for the 30kD and 40kD linear pegylated Fab' antibodies as illustrated by the higher IC₅₀'s of the 30kD linear PEG-Fab' (2.5nM) and 40kD linear PEG-Fab' (3.7nM) compared to the Fab control (0.8nM) (Figure 55B).

The ability of the 40kD branched PEG Fab' molecule to block IL-8 mediated chemotaxis was similar to that of the 40kD linear PEG Fab' (Figure 55C). At most, the ability of the pegylated Fab' antibodies to block IL-8 mediated chemotaxis was only reduced 2-3 fold. Furthermore, release of β-glucuronidase from the granules of neutrophils was used as another criteria for assessing IL-8 mediated activation of human PMNs. Figure 56A (depicting results obtained with 5 kD, 10 kD and 20 kD linear PEGs), Figure 56B (depicting results obtained with 30 kD and 40 kD linear PEGs), and Figure 56C (depicting results obtained with 40 kD branched PEG) show that all the pegylated Fab' antibodies were able to inhibit IL-8 mediated release of β-glucuronidase as well as or better than the unpegylated Fab control. The data collectively shows that the pegylated Fab' variants are biological active and are capable of inhibiting high amounts of exogenous IL-8 in in-vitro assays using human neutrophils.

W. <u>IN VITRO ACTIVITY CHARACTERIZATION OF PEG MODIFIED F(ab')</u> FRAGMENTS OF 6G4V1 IN35A (SUCCINIMIDYL CHEMICAL COUPLING METHOD)

10

15

20

25

30

The anti-IL-8 variant 6G4V11N35A F(ab')₂ modified with (a) a single 20kD linear PEG molecule per F(ab')₂, (b) a single 40kD branched PEG molecule per F(ab')₂, (c) with three, four, or five 20 kD linear PEG molecules per F(ab')₂; (2) species per F(ab')₂ (a mixture of: (1) species having three 20 kD linear PEG molecules per F(ab')₂; (2) species having four 20 kD linear PEG molecules per F(ab')₂; and (3) species having five 20 kD linear PEG molecules per F(ab')₂; denoted as "20 kD linear PEG (3,4,5) F(ab')₂"), or (d) with two 40kD branched PEG molecules per F(ab')₂ (denoted as "40 kD branch PEG (2) F(ab')₂"), were tested for their ability to inhibit ¹²⁵1-1L-8 binding and to neutralize activation of human neutrophils. The procedures used are described in Sections (B)(1), (B)(2) and (B)(3) above. The binding curves for pegylated F(ab')₂ variants are shown in Figures 57A-57B. No significant differences were observed amongst the F(ab')₂ control, the single 20kD linear PEG-modified F(ab')₂, and the single 40kD branched PEG-modified F(ab')₂ (Figure 57A). However, the F(ab')₂ variants containing multiple PEG molecules showed a slight reduction (less than 2-fold) in their ability to bind IL-8. The IC₅₀'s of the 20kD linear PEG (3,4,5) F(ab')₂ and 40kD branch PEG (2) F(ab')₂ variants were 437pM and 510pM, respectively, compared to 349pM of the F(ab')₂ control (Figure 57B).

The ability of these pegylated F(ab')₂ variants to block IL-8 mediated neutrophil chemotaxis is presented in Figures 58A-58B. Consistent with the PMN binding data, the single linear and branched PEG F(ab')₂ variants were able to block IL-8 mediated chemotaxis similar to the unpegylated F(ab')₂ control (Figure 58A). The ability of the 40kD branch PEG (2) F(ab')₂ variant to inhibit PMN chemotaxis was

5

15

20

identical to the control F(ab')₂ while the 20kD linear PEG (3,4,5) F(ab')₂ mixture was able to inhibit within 3-fold of the control antibody (Figure 58B).

Shown in Figures 59A and 59B are the results of the β -glucuronidase release assay which is a measure of degranulation by IL-8 stimulated human neutrophils. The single 20kD linear PEG-modified $F(ab')_2$ and the single 40kD branched PEG-modified $F(ab')_2$ variants were able to inhibit release of β -glucuronidase as well as the $F(ab')_2$ control (Figure 59A). The 40kD branch PEG (2) $F(ab')_2$ inhibited this response within 2-fold of the $F(ab')_2$ control (Figure 59B). The 20kD linear PEG (3,4,5) molecule was not tested. Overall, the $F(ab')_2$ pegylated anti-IL-8 antibodies were biologically active and effectively prevented IL-8 binding to human neutrophils and the signaling events leading to cellular activation.

10 X. PHARMACOKINETIC AND SAFETY STUDY OF EIGHT CONSTRUCTS OF PEGYLATED ANTI-IL-8 (HUMANIZED) F(AB')2 AND FAB' FRAGMENTS IN NORMAL RABBITS FOLLOWING INTRAVENOUS ADMINISTRATION

The objective of this study was to evaluate the effect of pegylation on the pharmacokinetics and safety of six pegylated humanized anti-IL-8 constructs (pegylated 6G4V11N35A.Fab' and pegylated 6G4V11N35A.F(ab')₂ obtained as described in Sections (T) and (U) above) relative to the non-pegylated fragments in normal rabbits. Eight groups of two/three male rabbits received equivalent protein amounts of pegylated 6G4V11N35A.Fab' or pegylated 6G4V11N35A.F(ab')₂ constructs (2 mg/kg) via a single intravenous (IV) bolus dose of one anti-IL8 construct. Serum samples were collected according to the schedule shown in Table 8 below and analyzed for anti-IL8 protein concentrations and antibody formation against anti-IL8 constructs by ELISA.

Table 8

Group No.	Dose level/ Route	Material-	Blood Collection
1		Fab' control	0,5,30 min; 1,2,3,4,6,8,10, 14,20,24,360 hr
2		linear(1)20K(s)Fab'	
3		linear(1)40K(s)Fab'	0,5,30 min; 1,2,4,6,8,10,12, 24,28,32,48,72,96,168,216,
4	2 mg/kg	branched(1)40K(N)F(ab') ₂	264,336,360 hr
5	(protein conc.) IV bolus	F(ab') ₂ control	0,5,30 min; 1,2,4,6,8,10,12, 24,28,32,48,52,56,336 hr

Group No.	Dose level/ Route	Material	Blood Collection
6		branched(2)40K(s)Fab'	0,5,30 min; 1,2,4,6,8,10,12, 24,28,32,48,72,96,168,216,264,3 36 hr; Day 17,21, 25
7		branched(2)40K(N)F(ab') ₂	0,5,30 min; 1,2,4,6,8,10,12, 24,28,32,48,72,144,192, 240 hr; Day 13, 16, 20, 23
8		linear(1)30K(s)Fab'	0,5,30 min; 1,2,4,6,8,10,12, 24,28,32,48,72,96,168,216,264,3 36 hr; Day 17,21, 25

a. METHODS

5

10

15

20

25

Three male New Zealand White (NZW) rabbits per group (with exception to Group 7, n=2) received an equivalent amount of 6G4V11N35A protein (Fab' or F(ab')₂) construct at 2 mg/kg via an IV bolus dose in a marginal ear vein. Amino acid composition analysis and absorbance at 280 nm using extinction coefficients of 1.26 for 6G4V11N35A Fab' constructs and 1.34 for 6G4V11N35A F(ab')₂ constructs were performed to determine the protein concentration. Whole blood samples were collected via an ear artery cannulation (ear opposing dosing ear) at the above time points. Samples were harvested for serum and assayed for free 6G4V11N35A Fab' or F(ab')₂ constructs using an IL-8 Binding ELISA. Assays were conducted throughout the study as samples became available. All animals were sacrificed following the last blood draw, and necropsies were performed on all animals in Groups 1, 4–8. Due to the development of antibodies against the 6G4V11N35A constructs, non-compartmental pharmacokinetic analysis was conducted on concentration versus time data only up to 168 hours.

b. RESULTS

In four animals (Animals B, P, Q, V), interference to rabbit serum in the ELISA assay was detected (i.e. measurable concentrations of anti-IL8 antibodies at pre-dose). However, because these values were at insignificant levels and did not effect the pharmacokinetic analysis, the data were not corrected for this interference.

One animal (Animal G; Group 3) was exsanguinated before the termination of the study and was excluded from the pharmacokinetic analysis. At 4 hours, the animal showed signs of a stroke that was not believed to be drug related, as this can occur in rabbits following blood draws via ear artery cannulation.

The mean concentration-time profiles of the eight anti-IL8 constructs in normal rabbits are depicted in Fig. 65, and the pharmacokinetic parameters for the eight constructs are summarized in Table 9 below. Significant antibodies to the anti-IL-8 constructs were present at Day 13/14 in all dose groups except Group 1 (Fab' control).

Table 9. Pharmacokinetic parameters.

Molecule			Fab'				F(ab') ₂	
Group No.	1	2	8	3	6	5	4	7
PEG structure	-	linear	linear	linear	branched	_	branched	branched
Number of PEGs	-	1	1	1	1	_	1	2
PEG MW		20K	30K	40K	40K	_	40K	40K
Dose (mg/kg)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
V _c (mL/kg) ^a	58±3	36±3	35±1	34	44±1	45±5	36±1	32
V _{ss} (mL/kg) ^b	68±8	80±8	110±15	79	88±21	59±4	50±3	52
Cmax (µg/mL) c	35±1	58±3	57±1	60	45±1	45±6	56±2	62
Tmax (min) ^d	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
t _{1/2} term (hr)	3.0±0.9	44±2	43±7	50	105±11	8.5±2.1	45±3	48
AUC ₀ (hr•µg/mL)	18±3	80±74	910±140	1600	3400±1300	140±3	2200±77	2500
CL (mL/hr/kg) g	110±17	2.5±0.2	2.2±0.4	1.3	0.63±0.20	14±0	0.92±0.03	0.83
MRT (hr)	0.61±0.15	32±2	45±9	63	140±18	4.2±0.3	55±3	64
No. of Animals	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2

Initial volume of distribution.

The initial volume of distribution approximated the plasma volume for both the Fab' and F(ab')₂.

Pegylation decreased serum CL of anti-IL8 fragments and extended both the terminal half-life and MRT as shown in Table 10 below.

Table 10. Fold decrease/increase in clearance, terminal half-life & MRT of pegylated anti-IL8 fragments.

•	•
1	7
	•

10

anti-IL8 fragment		Fab'	Fab'				F(ab'	F(ab') ₂		
Group No.		1	2	8	3	6	5	4	7	
PEG struct	ure	_	linear	linear	linear	bran.	1-	bran.	bran.	
No. of PEC	3s	-	1	1	1	1	-	1	2	
PEG MW		-	20K	30K	40K	40K	-	40K	40K	
CL:	mean (mL/hr/kg)	110	2.5	2.2	1.3	0.63	14	0.92	0.83	
	fold decrease	1	46	51	90	180	1	15	17	
t1/2 term:	mean (hr)	3.0	44	43	50	110	8.5	45	48	
	fold increase	1	14	14	17	35	1	5.3	5.7	
MRT:	mean (hr)	0.61	32	45	63	140	4.2	55	64	
	fold increase	1_	53	7 3	100	240	1	13	15	

Volume of distribution at steady state.

Observed maximum concentration.

Observed time to Cmax.

t_{1/2} term= half-life associated with the terminal phase of the concentration vs. time profile.

Area under the concentration versus time curve (extrapolated to infinity).

CL= serum clearance.

MRT= Mean residence time.

5

10

15

20

25

30

For the pegylated anti-IL8 Fab' fragments, CL decreased by 46 to 180-fold. Terminal half-life and MRT increased 14 to 35-fold and 53 to 240-fold, respectively. For pegylated anti-IL8 F(ab')₂ molecules, CL decreased 15 to 17-fold with pegylation, and terminal half-life and MRT increased by greater than 5-fold and 13-fold, respectively. The changes in these parameters increased for both pegylated Fab' and F(ab')₂ molecules with increasing PEG molecular weight and approached the values of the full-length anti-IL8 (terminal half-life of 74 hours, MRT of 99 hours and CL of 0.47 mL/hr/kg). In comparing the branched(1)40K Fab' (Group 6) and branched(1)40K F(ab')₂ (Group 4), unexpected pharmacokinetics were observed. The pegylated Fab' molecule appeared to remain in the serum longer than the pegylated F(ab')₂ (see Figure 66). The mean CL of branched(1)40K Fab' was 0.63 mL/hr/kg, but a higher CL was observed for branched(1)40kD F(ab')₂ (CL 0.92 mL/hr/kg). The terminal half-life, likewise, was longer for the Fab' than the F(ab')₂ pegylated molecule (110 vs 45 hours).

The pharmacokinetic data demonstrated that pegylation decreased CL and increased terminal t1/2 and MRT of anti-IL8 fragments (Fab' and F(ab')₂) to approach that of the full-length anti-IL8. Clearance was decreased with pegylation 46 to 180-fold for the Fab' and approximately 16-fold for the F(ab')₂. The terminal half-life of the Fab' anti-IL8 fragment was increased by 14 to 35-fold and approximately 5-fold for the F(ab')₂ anti-IL8. MRT, likewise, were extended by 53 to 240-fold for the Fab' and approximately 14-fold for the F(ab')₂. The branched(1) 40kD Fab' had a longer terminal half-life and lower clearance compared to the branched(1) 40kD F(ab')₂.

Y. <u>IN VIVO EFFICACY TESTING OF ANTI-IL-8 ANTIBODY REAGENTS IN RABBIT MODEL</u> OF ISCHEMIA/REPERFUSION AND ACID ASPIRATION-INDUCED ACUTE RESPIRATORY DISTRESS SYNDROME (ARDS)

Full length murine anti-rabbit IL-8 monoclonal antibody 6G4.2.5, 40 kD branched PEG-6G4V11N35A Fab', and control antibody (anti-HIV gp120 monoclonal antibody 9E3.1F10) were tested in a rabbit ARDS model. The animals were weighed and anaesthetized by intramuscular injection of ketamine (50 mg/kg body weight), xylazine (5 mg/kg body weight), and acepromazine (0.75 mg/kg body weight). A second dose (20% of the first dosage) was given IM 15 minutes before removal of vascular clip, and third dose (60% of the first dosage) was given at tracheotomy. Intra-arterial catheter (22G, 1 in. Angiocath) and intra-venous catheter (24G, 1 in. angiocath) were be placed in the ear central artery and posterior marginal ear vein for blood samplings (arterial blood gases and CBC) and anti-IL-8 and fluid administration, respectively. The anaesthetized animals were transferred in a supine position to an operating tray; the abdominal area was shaved and prepared for surgery. Via a midline laparotomy, the superior mesenteric artery (SMA) was isolated and a microvascular arterial clip applied at the aortic origin. Before the temporary closure of the abdomen using 9 mm wound clip (Autoclip, Baxter), 15 ml of normal saline was

given intraperitoneally as fluid supplement. After 110 minutes of intestinal ischemia, the abdominal incision was reopened and the arterial clip was released to allow reperfusion. Before closure, 5 ml of normal saline was given intraperitoneally for fluid replacement. The laparotomy incision was closed in two layers and the animals allowed to awaken.

After surgery, the animals were placed on a heating pad (38°C) and continuously monitored for up to 6 hours post reperfusion and lactated Ringer's 8-12 ml/kg/hr IV was given as fluid supplement.

At 22-24 hr post-reperfusion, a tracheotomy was performed under anesthesia. Normal physiologic saline was diluted 1:3 with water and adjusted to pH 1.5 (adjusted by using 1N HCL); 3 ml/kg body weight was then instilled intra-tracheally. Rectal temperature was maintained at 37 +/- 1 degree C using a homeothermic heat therapy pad (K-Mod II, Baxter). Fluid supplements (LRS) at a rate of 5 ml/kg/hour IV were given. Blood gases were monitored every hour. The rabbits were returned to the cage after 6 hr of continuous monitoring.

Just prior to aspiration, animals were treated with saline, the control monoclonal antibody (anti-HIV gp-120 IgG 9E3.1F10), the full length murine anti-rabbit IL8 (6g4.2.5 murine IgG2a anti-rabbit IL8) or the pegylated 6G4V11N35A Fab' (6G4V1N35A Fab' modified with 40kD branched PEG-maleimide as described in Section T above, denoted as "40 kD branched PEG-6G4V11N35A Fab' "). Data from saline or control antibody treated animals was combined and presented as "Control". Arterial blood gases and A-a PO2 gradient measurements were taken daily, and IV fluid supplementation was performed daily. A-a PO2 gradient was measured at 96 hr of reperfusion. The A-a PO2 gradient was calculated as:

A-a PO2 = [FIO2(PB - PH2O) - (PaCO2/RQ)] - PaO2.

5

10

15

20

25

30

PaO2/FiO2 ratios were measured at 24hr and 48hr in room air and 100% oxygen.

After the final A-a PO2 gradient measurement, the animals were anesthetized with Nembutal 100mg/kg i.v. and the animals were euthanized by transecting the abdominal aorta in order to reduce red blood cell contamination of bronchoalveolar lavage fluid (BAL). The lungs were removed en bloc. The entire lung was weighed and then lavaged with an intratracheal tube (Hi-Lo tracheal tube, 3mm) using 30 ml of HBSS and lidocain. Total and differential leukocyte counts in the BAL were determined. Lesions/changes were verified by histological examination of each lobe of the right lung of each animal.

The gross lung weight, total leukocyte and polymorphonuclear cell counts in BAL, and PaO2/FiO2 data obtained are depicted in Figs. 67, 68 and 69, respectively. Treatment with 40 kD branched PEG-6G4V11N35A Fab' exhibited no effect on the biological parameters measured in the model as compared to the "Control" group. However, the data do not contradict the pharmacokinetic analysis or the in vitro activity analysis for the 40 kD branched PEG-6G4V11N35A Fab' presented in Sections (V) and (X) above. In addition, these data do not contradict the ability of the 40 kD branched PEG-6G4V11N35A Fab' to reach and act on disease effector targets in circulation or other tissues.

The following biological materials have been deposited with the American Type Culture Collection, 12301 Parklawn Drive, Rockville, MD, USA (ATCC):

<u>Material</u>	ATCC Accession No.	Deposit Date
hybridoma cell line 5.12.14	HB 11553	February 15, 1993
hybridoma cell line 6G4.2.5	HB 11722	September 28, 1994
5 pantiIL-8.2, E. coli strain 294 mm	97056	February 10, 1995
p6G425chim2, E. coli strain 294 mm	97055	February 10, 1995
p6G4V11N35A.F(ab') ₂	97890	February 20, 1997
E. coli strain 49D6(p6G4V11N35A.F(ab'	98332	February 20, 1997
p6G425V11N35A.choSD	209552	December 16, 1997
10 clone#1933 alL8.92 NB 28605/12	CRL-12444	December 11, 1997
clone#1934 aIL8.42 NB 28605/14	CRL-12445	December 11, 1997

15

20

25

These deposits were made under the provisions of the Budapest Treaty on the International Recognition of the Deposit of Microorganisms for the Purpose of Patent Procedure and the Regulations thereunder (Budapest Treaty). This assures maintenance of a viable deposit for 30 years from the date of deposit. These cell lines will be made available by ATCC under the terms of the Budapest Treaty, and subject to an agreement between Genentech, Inc. and ATCC, which assures permanent and unrestricted availability of the cell lines to the public upon issuance of the pertinent U.S. patent or upon laying open to the public of any U.S. or foreign patent application, whichever comes first, and assures availability of the cell lines to one determined by the U.S. Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks to be entitled thereto according to 35 USC §122 and the Commissioner's rules pursuant thereto (including 37 CFR §1.14 with particular reference to 886 OG 638).

The assignee of the present application has agreed that if the deposited cell lines should be lost or destroyed when cultivated under suitable conditions, they will be promptly replaced on notification with a specimen of the same cell line. Availability of the deposited cell lines is not to be construed as a license to practice the invention in contravention of the rights granted under the authority of any government in accordance with its patent laws

SEQUENCE LISTING

(1) GENERAL INFORMATION: 5 (i) APPLICANT: Hsei, Vanessa Koumenis, Iphigenia Leong, Steven R. Presta, Leonard G. 10 Shahrokh, Zahra Zapata, Gerardo A. (ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: Antibody Fragment-Polymer Conjugates and Humanized Anti-IL-8 Monoclonal Antibodies 15 (iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 76 (iv) CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS: (A) ADDRESSEE: Genentech, Inc. 20 (B) STREET: 1 DNA Way (C) CITY: South San Francisco (D) STATE: California (E) COUNTRY: USA (F) ZIP: 94080 25 (v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM: (A) MEDIUM TYPE: 3.5 inch, 1.44 Mb floppy disk (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS 30 (D) SOFTWARE: WinPatin (Genentech) (vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA: (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: (B) FILING DATE: 20-Feb-1998 35 (C) CLASSIFICATION: (viii) ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION: (A) NAME: Love, Richard B. (B) REGISTRATION NUMBER: 34,659 40 (C) REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: P1085R3PCT (ix) TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION: (A) TELEPHONE: 650/225-5530 (B) TELEFAX: 650/952-9881 45 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 22 base pairs (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid 50 (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

CAGTCCAACT GTTCAGGACG CC 22

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 22 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear

10

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

GTGCTGCTCA TGCTGTAGGT GC 22

15

20

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 23 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

25

GAAGTTGATG TCTTGTGAGT GGC 23

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:

30

45

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 24 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single
- 35 (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:
- 40 GCATCCTAGA GTCACCGAGG AGCC 24
 - (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 22 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
- 50 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

CACTGGCTCA GGGAAATAAC CC 22

55 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:

```
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
            (A) LENGTH: 22 base pairs
            (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
            (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single
5
            (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
       (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:
     GGAGAGCTGG GAAGGTGTGC AC 22
10
     (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:
        (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
15
            (A) LENGTH: 35 base pairs
            (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
            (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single
            (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
20
      (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:
     ACAAACGCGT ACGCTGACAT CGTCATGACC CAGTC 35
     (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:
        (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
            (A) LENGTH: 35 base pairs
            (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
30
            (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single
            (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
       (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:
35
     ACAAACGCGT ACGCTGATAT TGTCATGACT CAGTC 35
     (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:
40
        (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
            (A) LENGTH: 35 base pairs
            (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
            (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single
            (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
45
       (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:
      ACAAACGCGT ACGCTGACAT CGTCATGACA CAGTC 35
50
     (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:
        (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
            (A) LENGTH: 37 base pairs
55
            (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
            (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single
```

	(D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:
5	GCTCTTCGAA TGGTGGGAAG ATGGATACAG TTGGTGC 37
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:
10	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 39 base pairs (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
15	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:
20	CGATGGGCCC GGATAGACCG ATGGGGCTGT TGTTTTGGC 39
20	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:
25	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:(A) LENGTH: 39 base pairs(B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: Single(D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
30	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12:
	CGATGGGCCC GGATAGACTG ATGGGGCTGT CGTTTTGGC 39
35	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:13: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
40	(A) LENGTH: 39 base pairs(B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: Single(D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:13:
45	CGATGGGCCC GGATAGACGG ATGGGGCTGT TGTTTTGGC 39
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:14:
50	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:(A) LENGTH: 39 base pairs(B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: Single(D) TOPOLOGY: Linear

55 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14:

CGATGGGCCC GGATAGACAG ATGGGGCTGT TGTTTTGGC 39

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:15:

5

20

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 39 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single
- 10 (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:15:
- 15 CGATGGGCCC GGATAGACCG ATGGGGCTGT TGTTTTGGC 39
 - (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:16:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 39 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
- 25 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:16:
 - CGATGGGCCC GGATAGACTG ATGGGGCTGT TGTTTTGGC 39
- 30 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:17:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 39 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:17:

40

35

- CGATGGGCCC GGATAGACAG ATGGGGCTGT TGTTTTGGC 39
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:18:
- 45 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 39 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear

50

- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:18:
- CGATGGGCCC GGATAGACGG ATGGGGCTGT TGTTTTGGC 39

55

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:19:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

5	(A) LENGTH: 36 (B) TYPE: Nucl (C) STRANDEDNE (D) TOPOLOGY:	eic Acid SS: Double			
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCR	IPTION: SEQ	ID NO:19:		
10	GACATTGTCA TGACACAGT	C TCAAAATTC	ATGTCCACAT	CAGTAGGAGA	50
	CAGGGTCAGC GTCACCTGC	A AGGCCAGTCA	GAATGTGGGT	ACTAATGTAG	100
15	CCTGGTATCA ACAGAAACC	A GGGCAATCTC	CTAAAGCACT	GATTTACTCG	150
	TCATCCTACC GGTACAGTG	G AGTCCCTGAT	CGCTTCACAG	GCAGTGGATC	200
20	TGGGACAGAT TTCACTCTC	A CCATCAGCCA	TGTGCAGTCT	GAAGACTTGG	250
	CAGACTATTT CTGTCAGCA	A TATAACATCT	ATCCTCTCAC	GTTCGGTCCT	300
	GGGACCAAGC TGGAGTTGA	A ACGGGCTGAT	GCTGCACCAC	CAACTGTATC	350
25	CATCTTCCCA CCATTCGAA	. 369			
	(2) INFORMATION FOR S	-			
30	(i) SEQUENCE CHARA (A) LENGTH: 12 (B) TYPE: Amin (D) TOPOLOGY:	3 amino acid o Acid	s		
35	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCR	IPTION: SEQ	ID NO:20:		
	Asp Ile Val Met Thr	Gln Ser Gln	Lys Phe Met 10	Ser Thr Se	r Val
40	Gly Asp Arg Val Ser 20	Val Thr Cys	Lys Ala Ser 25	Gln Asn Va	3 Gl ₃
	Thr Asn Val Ala Trp 35	Tyr Gln Gln	Lys Pro Gly 40	Gln Ser Pr	o Lys 45
45	Ala Leu Ile Tyr Ser 50	Ser Ser Tyr	Arg Tyr Ser 55	Gly Val Pr	o Asp 60
50	Arg Phe Thr Gly Ser 65	Gly Ser Gly	Thr Asp Phe 70	Thr Leu Th	r Ile 79
<i>5</i> 0	Ser His Val Gln Ser 80	Glu Asp Leu	Ala Asp Tyr 85	Phe Cys Gl	n Gli 9
55	Tyr Asn Ile Tyr Pro	Leu Thr Phe	Gly Pro Gly	Thr Lys Le	u Gl

Leu Lys Arg Ala Asp Ala Ala Pro Pro Thr Val Ser Ile Phe Pro
110 115 120

Pro Phe Glu
5 123

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:21:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- 10 (A) LENGTH: 417 base pairs
 - (1)
 - (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: Double
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
- 15 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:21:

TTCTATTGCT ACAAACGCGT ACGCTGAGGT GCAGCTGGTG GAGTCTGGGG 50

20 GAGGCTTAGT GCCGCCTGGA GGGTCCCTGA AACTCTCCTG TGCAGCCTCT 100

GGATTCATAT TCAGTAGTTA TGGCATGTCT TGGGTTCGCC AGACTCCAGG 150

CAAGAGCCTG GAGTTGGTCG CAACCATTAA TAATAATGGT GATAGCACCT 200

ATTATCCAGA CAGTGTGAAG GGCCGATTCA CCATCTCCCG AGACAATGCC 250

AAGAACACCC TGTACCTGCA AATGAGCAGT CTGAAGTCTG AGGACACAGC 300

ACTGGGGCCA AGGGACTCTG GTCACTGTCT CTGCAGCCAA AACAACAGCC 400

CCATCTGTCT ATCCGGG 417

35

40

55

25

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:22:
 - (i) SEOUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 130 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: Amino Acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:22:
- 45 Glu Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Gly Leu Val Pro Pro Gly
 1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Leu Lys Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Ile Phe Ser 20 25 30

Ser Tyr Gly Met Ser Trp Val Arg Gln Thr Pro Gly Lys Ser Leu

Glu Leu Val Ala Thr Ile Asn Asn Gly Asp Ser Thr Tyr Tyr
50 55 60

-151-

Pro Asp Ser Val Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Arg Asp Asn Ala 65 Lys Asn Thr Leu Tyr Leu Gln Met Ser Ser Leu Lys Ser Glu Asp 5 85 Thr Ala Met Phe Tyr Cys Ala Arg Ala Leu Ile Ser Ser Ala Thr 100 Trp Phe Gly Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ala 10 110 Ala Lys Thr Thr Ala Pro Ser Val Tyr Pro 125 15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:23: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 31 base pairs 20 (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:23: 25 ACAAACGCGT ACGCTGATAT CGTCATGACA G 31 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:24: 30 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 31 base pairs (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single 35 (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:24: GCAGCATCAG CTCTTCGAAG CTCCAGCTTG G 31 40 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:25: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: 45 (A) LENGTH: 21 base pairs (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear 50 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:25: CCACTAGTAC GCAAGTTCAC G 21 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:26: 55

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear

5

15

30

40

50

- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:26:
- 10 GATGGGCCCT TGGTGGAGGC TGCAGAGACA GTG 33
 - (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:27:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 714 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: Double
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
- 20 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:27:
 - ATGAAGAAGA ATATCGCATT TCTTCTTGCA TCTATGTTCG TTTTTTCTAT 50
- 25 TGCTACAAAC GCGTACGCTG ATATCGTCAT GACACAGTCT CAAAAATTCA 100
 - TGTCCACATC AGTAGGAGAC AGGGTCAGCG TCACCTGCAA GGCCAGTCAG 150
- AATGTGGGTA CTAATGTAGC CTGGTATCAA CAGAAACCAG GGCAATCTCC 200
- TAAAGCACTG ATTTACTCGT CATCCTACCG GTACAGTGGA GTCCCTGATC 250
 - GCTTCACAGG CAGTGGATCT GGGACAGATT TCACTCTCAC CATCAGCCAT 300
- 35 GTGCAGTCTG AAGACTTGGC AGACTATTTC TGTCAGCAAT ATAACATCTA 350
 - TCCTCTCACG TTCGGTCCTG GGACCAAGCT GGAGCTTCGA AGAGCTGTGG 400
- CTGCACCATC TGTCTTCATC TTCCCGCCAT CTGATGAGCA GTTGAAATCT 450
 - GGAACTGCTT CTGTTGTGTG CCTGCTGAAT AACTTCTATC CCAGAGAGGC 500
 - CAAAGTACAG TGGAAGGTGG ATAACGCCCT CCAATCGGGT AACTCCCAGG 550
- 45 AGAGTGTCAC AGAGCAGGAC AGCAAGGACA GCACCTACAG CCTCAGCAGC 600
 - ACCCTGACGC TGAGCAAAGC AGACTACGAG AAACACAAAG TCTACGCCTG 650
 - CGAAGTCACC CATCAGGGCC TGAGCTCGCC CGTCACAAAG AGCTTCAACA 700
 - GGGGAGAGTG TTAA 714
 - (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:28:
- 55 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 237 amino acids

(B) TYPE: Amino Acid(D) TOPOLOGY: Linear

(xi)	SEQUENCE	DESCRIPTION:	SEQ	ID	NO:28:
------	----------	--------------	-----	----	--------

_	(x:	i) SI	EQUE	ICE I	ESCF	RIPTI	ON:	SEQ	ID N	10:28	3:				
5	Met 1	Lys	Lys	Asn	Ile 5	Ala	Phe	Leu	Leu	Ala 10	Ser	Met	Phe	Val	Phe 15
10	Ser	Ile	Ala	Thr	Asn 20	Ala	Tyr	Ala	Asp	Ile 25	Val	Met	Thr	Gln	Ser 30
	Gln	Lys	Phe	Met	Ser 35	Thr	Ser	Val	Gly	Asp 40	Arg	Val	Ser	Val	Thr 45
15	Cys	Lys	Ala	Ser	Gln 50	Asn	Val	Gly	Thr	Asn 55	Val	Ala	Trp	Tyr	Gln 60
20	Gln	Lys	Pro	Gly	Gln 65	Ser	Pro	Lys	Ala	Leu 70	Ile	Tyr	Ser	Ser	Ser 75
20	Tyr	Arg	Tyr	Ser	Gly 80	Val	Pro	Asp	Arg	Phe 85	Thr	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ser 90
25	Gly	Thr	Asp	Phe	Thr 95	Leu	Thr	Ile	Ser	His 100	Val	Gln	Ser	Glu	Asp 105
	Leu	Ala	Asp	Tyr	Phe 110	Cys	Gln	Gln	Tyr	Asn 115	Ile	Tyr	Pro	Leu	Thr 120
30	Phe	Gly	Pro	Gly	Thr 125	Lys	Leu	Glu	Leu	Arg 130	Arg	Ala	Val	Ala	Ala 135
35	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Ile 140	Phe	Pro	Pro	Ser	Asp 145	Glu	Gln	Leu	Lys	Ser 150
33	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ser	Val 155	Val	Cys	Leu	Leu	Asn 160	Asn	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Arg 165
40	Glu	Ala	Lys	Val	Gln 170	Trp	Lys	Val	Asp	Asn 175	Ala	Leu	Gln	Ser	Gly 180
	Asn	Ser	Gln	Glu	Ser 185	Val	Thr	Glu	Gln	Asp 190	Ser	Lys	Asp	Ser	Thr 195
45	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ser 200	Thr	Leu	Thr	Leu	Ser 205	Lys	Ala	Asp	Tyr	Glu 210
50	Lys	His	Lys	Val	Tyr 215		Cys	Glu	Val	Thr 220		Gln	Gly	Leu	Ser 225
50	Ser	Pro	Val	Thr	Lys 230	Ser	Phe	Asn	Arg	Gly 235	Glu	Cys 237			

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:29:

55

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 756 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: Double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear

5

- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:29:
- ATGAAAAAGA ATATCGCATT TCTTCTTGCA TCTATGTTCG TTTTTTCTAT 50 10 TGCTACAAAC GCGTACGCTG AGGTGCAGCT GGTGGAGTCT GGGGGAGGCT 100 TAGTGCCGCC TGGAGGGTCC CTGAAACTCT CCTGTGCAGC CTCTGGATTC 150 15 ATATTCAGTA GTTATGGCAT GTCTTGGGTT CGCCAGACTC CAGGCAAGAG 200 CCTGGAGTTG GTCGCAACCA TTAATAATAA TGGTGATAGC ACCTATTATC 250 CAGACAGTGT GAAGGGCCGA TTCACCATCT CCCGAGACAA TGCCAAGAAC 300 20 ACCCTGTACC TGCAAATGAG CAGTCTGAAG TCTGAGGACA CAGCCATGTT 350 TTACTGTGCA AGAGCCCTCA TTAGTTCGGC TACTTGGTTT GGTTACTGGG 400 25 GCCAAGGGAC TCTGGTCACT GTCTCTGCAG CCTCCACCAA GGGCCCATCG 450 GTCTTCCCCC TGGCACCCTC CTCCAAGAGC ACCTCTGGGG GCACAGCGGC 500 CCTGGGCTGC CTGGTCAAGG ACTACTTCCC CGAACCGGTG ACGGTGTCGT 550 30 GGAACTCAGG CGCCCTGACC AGCGGCGTGC ACACCTTCCC GGCTGTCCTA 600 CAGTCCTCAG GACTCTACTC CCTCAGCAGC GTGGTGACCG TGCCCTCCAG 650 35 CAGCTTGGGC ACCCAGACCT ACATCTGCAA CGTGAATCAC AAGCCCAGCA 700 ACACCAAGGT GGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCA AATCTTGTGA CAAAACTCAC 750 ACATGA 756

40

45

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:30:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 251 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: Amino Acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:30:
- 50 Met Lys Lys Asn Ile Ala Phe Leu Leu Ala Ser Met Phe Val Phe 1 5 10 15
 - Ser Ile Ala Thr Asn Ala Tyr Ala Glu Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser 20 25 30
- 55 Gly Gly Gly Leu Val Pro Pro Gly Gly Ser Leu Lys Leu Ser Cys

WO⁻98/37200 PCT/US98/03337

					35					40					45
£	Ala	Ala	Ser	Gly	Phe 50	Ile	Phe	Ser	Ser	Tyr 55	Gly	Met	Ser	Trp	Val 60
5	Arg	Gln	Thr	Pro	Gly 65	Lys	Ser	Leu	Glu	Leu 70	Val	Ala	Thr	Ile	Asn 75
10	Asn	Asn	Gly	Asp	Ser 80	Thr	Tyr	Tyr	Pro	Asp 85	Ser	Val	Lys	Gly	Arg 90
	Phe	Thr	Ile	Ser	Arg 95	Asp	Asn	Ala	Lys	Asn 100	Thr	Leu	Tyr	Leu	Gln 105
15	Met	Ser	Ser	Leu	Lys 110	Ser	Glu	Asp	Thr	Ala 115	Met	Phe	Tyr	Cys	Ala 120
20	Arg	Ala	Leu	Ile	Ser 125	Ser	Ala	Thr	Trp	Phe 130	Gly	Tyr	Trp	Gly	Gln 135
20	Gly	Thr	Leu	Val	Thr 140	Val	Ser	Ala	Ala	Ser 145	Thr	Lys	Gly	Pro	Ser 150
25	Val	Phe	Pro	Leu	Ala 155	Pro	Ser	Ser	Lys	Ser 160	Thr	Ser	Gly	Gly	Thr 165
	Ala	Ala	Leu	Gly	Cys 170	Leu	Val	Lys	Asp	Tyr 175	Phe	Pro	Glu	Pro	Val 180
30	Thr	Val	Ser	Trp	Asn 185	Ser	Gly	Ala	Leu	Thr 190	Ser	Gly	Val	His	Thr 195
35	Phe	Pro	Ala	Val	Leu 200	Gln	Ser	Ser	Gly	Leu 205	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ser 210
	Val	Val	Thr	Val	Pro 215	Ser	Ser	Ser	Leu	Gly 220		Gln	Thr	Tyr	11e 225
40	Cys	Asn	Val	Asn	His 230	Lys	Pro	Ser	Asn	Thr 235		Val	Asp	Lys	Lys 240
	Val	Glu	Pro	Lys	Ser 245		Asp	Lys	Thr		Thr 251				
45	(2)	INFO	RMAT	ION	FOR	SEQ	ID N	0:31	:						
	((A) L	NCE ENGT YPE :	H: 2	2 ba	se p	airs							
50				TRAN OPOL				gle							

CAGTCCAACT GTTCAGGACG CC 22

55

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:31:

	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:32:
5	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 22 base pairs (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
10	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:32:
	GTGCTGCTCA TGCTGTAGGT GC 22
15	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:33:
20	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:(A) LENGTH: 23 base pairs(B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: Single(D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:33:
25	GAAGTTGATG TCTTGTGAGT GGC 23
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:34:
30	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 24 base pairs (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
35	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:34:
40	GCATCCTAGA GTCACCGAGG AGCC 24
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:35:
45	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 22 base pairs (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
50	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:35:
	CACTGGCTCA GGGAAATAAC CC 22
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:36:
55	(4) SECTIONCE CHADACTEDISTICS.

```
(A) LENGTH: 22 base pairs
            (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
            (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single
            (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
5
       (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:36:
     GGAGAGCTGG GAAGGTGTGC AC 22
10
     (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:37:
        (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
            (A) LENGTH: 37 base pairs
15
            (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
            (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single
            (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
       (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:37:
20
      CCAATGCATA CGCTGACATC GTGATGACCC AGACCCC 37
     (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:38:
25
        (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
            (A) LENGTH: 37 base pairs
            (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
            (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single
30
            (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
       (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:38:
     CCAATGCATA CGCTGATATT GTGATGACTC AGACTCC 37
35
     (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:39:
        (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
40
            (A) LENGTH: 37 base pairs
            (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
            (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single
             (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
45
       (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:39:
      CCAATGCATA CGCTGACATC GTGATGACAC AGACACC 37
50
     (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:40:
         (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
             (A) LENGTH: 35 base pairs
             (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
55
             (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single
             (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
```

	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:40:
5	AGATGTCAAT TGCTCACTGG ATGGTGGGAA GATGG 35
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:41:
10	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 32 base pairs (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
15	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:41:
	CAAACGCGTA CGCTGAGATC CAGCTGCAGC AG 32
20	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:42:
25	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 32 base pairs (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:42:
30	CAAACGCGTA CGCTGAGATT CAGCTCCAGC AG 32
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:43:
35	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:(A) LENGTH: 39 base pairs(B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: Single
40	(D) TOPOLOGY: Linear (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:43:
45	CGATGGGCCC GGATAGACCG ATGGGGCTGT TGTTTTGGC 39
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:44:
50	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 39 base pairs (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
55	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:44:

CGATGGGCCC GGATAGACTG ATGGGGCTGT TGTTTTGGC 39

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:45:

- 5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 39 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear

10

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:45:

CGATGGGCCC GGATAGACAG ATGGGGCTGT TGTTTTGGC 39

15

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:46:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 39 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: Double
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:46:

25

20

CGATGGGCCC GGATAGACGG ATGGGGCTGT TGTTTTGGC 39

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:47:

30

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 391 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: Double
- 35 (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:47:
- 40 GATATCGTGA TGACACAGAC ACCACTCTCC CTGCCTGTCA GTCTTGGAGA 50
 - TCAGGCCTCC ATCTCTTGCA GATCTAGTCA GAGCCTTGTA CACGGTATTG 100
- GAAACACCTA TTTACATTGG TACCTGCAGA AGCCAGGCCA GTCTCCAAAG 150
- CTCCTGATCT ACAAAGTTTC CAACCGATTT TCTGGGGTCC CAGACAGGTT 200
 - CAGTGGCAGT GGATCAGGGA CAGATTTCAC ACTCAGGATC AGCAGAGTGG 250
- 50 AGGCTGAGGA TCTGGGACTT TATTTCTGCT CTCAAAGTAC ACATGTTCCG 300
 - CTCACGTTCG GTGCTGGGAC CAAGCTGGAG CTGAAACGGG CTGATGCTGC 350
 - ACCAACTGTA TCCATCTTCC CACCATCCAG TGAGCAATTG A 391

55

45

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:48:

WO[.]98/37200 PCT/US98/03337

5	(1,	(A) (B)	LENGT: TYPE: TOPOL	H: 1: Ami:	31 ai	mino cid		is						
	(xi)) SEQU	ENCE 1	DESC	RIPT	ION:	SEQ	ID 1	NO:4	8:				
10	Asp 1	Ile V a	l Met	Thr 5	Gln	Thr	Pro	Leu	Ser 10	Leu	Pro	Val	Ser	Let
	Gly A	Asp Gl	n Ala	Ser 20	Ile	Ser	Cys	Arg	Ser 25	Ser	Gln	Ser	Leu	Va]
15	His (sly Il	e Gly	Asn 35	Thr	Tyr	Leu	His	Trp 40	Tyr	Leu	Gln	Lys	Pro
20	Gly	Gln Se	r Pro	Lys 50	Leu	Leu	Ile	Tyr	Lys 55	Val	Ser	Asn	Arg	Phe 60
20	Ser (Gly Va	l Pro	Asp 65	Arg	Phe	Ser	Gly	Ser 70	Gly	Ser	Gly	Thr	Asp 75
25	Phe 7	Thr Le	u Arg	Ile 80	Ser	Arg	Val	Glu	Ala 85	Glu	Asp	Leu	Gly	Let 90
	Tyr I	Phe Cy	s Ser	Gln 95	Ser	Thr	His	Val	Pro 100	Leu	Thr	Phe	Gly	Ala
30	Gly 7	Thr Ly	s Leu	Glu 110	Leu	Lys	Arg	Ala	Asp 115	Ala	Ala	Pro	Thr	Va]
35	Ser 1	Ile Ph	e Pro	Pro 125	Ser	Ser	Glu	Gln		Lys 131				
33	(2) IN	NFORMA	TION 1	FOR S	SEQ :	ID N	0:49	:						
40	(i)	(A) (B) (C)	ENCE (LENGTI TYPE: STRANI TOPOL(H: 40 Nuci DEDNI	05 ba leic ESS:	ase p Acid Doul	pairs 1	5						
45	(xi)	SEQU	ENCE I	DESCI	RIPT	ION:	SEQ	ID 1	NO : 4 !	9:				
	GAGAT	TCAGO	TGCA	GCAG	rc To	GAC	CTGA	3 CT	GATG	AAGC	CTG	GGC	rtc	50
50	AGTGA	AAGATA	TCCT	GCAA	GG C	rtct(GTT/	A TTC	CATT	CAGT	AGC	CACT	ACA	100
	TGCA	CTGGGT	GAAG	CAGA	gc c	ATGG	AAAGA	A GC	CTTG	AGTG	GAT"	rggc:	rac	150
	ATTG/	ATCCTT	CCAA'	TGGT	GA A	ACTA	CTTAC	AA C	CCAG	TAAA	TCA	AGGG	AAC	200
55	GGCC7	מידיית מיים מ	י אריי	ጥ ስ ር እ 4	~n ~	א תרכיתיו	מכיים	7 (7)	77.00	~~ ~ ~	CTC	יים שי	דירי א	250

	GCAGCCTGAC ATCTGATGAC TCTGCAGTCT ATTTCTGTGC AAGAGGGGAC 300	
	TATAGATACA ACGGCGACTG GTTTTTCGAT GTCTGGGGNG NAGGGACCAC 350	
5	GGTCACCGTC TCCTCCGCCA AAACCGACAG CCCCATCGGT CTATCCGGGC 400	
	CCATC 405	
0	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:50:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 135 amino acids	
	(B) TYPE: Amino Acid (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear	
15	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:50:	
20	Glu Ile Gln Leu Gln Gln Ser Gly Pro Glu Leu Met Lys Pro Gl 1 5 10 1	У .5
20	Ala Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Ser Phe Se 20 25 3	r
25	Ser His Tyr Met His Trp Val Lys Gln Ser His Gly Lys Ser Le 35 40 4	:u :5
	Glu Trp Ile Gly Tyr Ile Asp Pro Ser Asn Gly Glu Thr Thr Ty 50 55	/r 50
30		75
35		90
	Ser Ala Val Tyr Phe Cys Ala Arg Gly Asp Tyr Arg Tyr Asn Gl 95 100 10	0.5
40		20
	Ser Ser Ala Lys Thr Asp Ser Pro Ile Gly Leu Ser Gly Pro I 125 130 1	1 € 3 5
45	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:51:	
50	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:(A) LENGTH: 22 base pairs(B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: Single	
50	(D) TOPOLOGY: Linear	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:51:	
55		

-162-

CTTGGTGGAG GCGGAGGAGA CG 22

```
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:52:
        (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
5
            (A) LENGTH: 38 base pairs
            (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
            (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single
            (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
10
       (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:52:
     GAAACGGGCT GTTGCTGCAC CAACTGTATT CATCTTCC 38
15
     (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:53:
        (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
            (A) LENGTH: 31 base pairs
            (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
20
            (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single
            (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
       (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:53:
25
     GTCACCGTCT CCTCCGCCTC CACCAAGGGC C 31
     (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:54:
30
        (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
            (A) LENGTH: 22 base pairs
            (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
            (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single
            (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
35
       (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:54:
     CTTGGTGGAG GCGGAGGAGA CG 22
40
     (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:55:
        (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
            (A) LENGTH: 729 base pairs
45
            (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
            (C) STRANDEDNESS: Double
            (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
       (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:55:
50
     ATGAAGAAGA ATATCGCATT TCTTCTTGCA TCTATGTTCG TTTTTTCTAT 50
     TGCTACAAAT GCATACGCTG ATATCGTGAT GACACAGACA CCACTCTCCC 100
55
     TGCCTGTCAG TCTTGGAGAT CAGGCCTCCA TCTCTTGCAG ATCTAGTCAG 150
```

	AGCC'	TTGT?	AC A	CGGT	ATTG	AA :	ACAC	CTAT	ATT	CATTO	GT I	ACCTO	GCAG	AA 2	00
_	GCCA	GGCCI	AG T	CTCC	AAAGO	TC	CTGA'	ICTA	CAA	AGTT	rcc :	AACC	GATT	TT 2	50
5	CTGG	GGTC	CC A	GACA	GGTT (AG'	TGGC	agtg	GAT	CAGG	GAC	AGAT'	rtca(CA 3	00
	CTCA	GGAT	CA G	CAGA	gtgg <i>i</i>	A GG	CTGA	GGAT	CTG	GGAC'	r TT .	ATTT	CTGC'	rc 3	50
10	TCAA	AGTA	CA C	ATGT:	rccgo	TC.	ACGT	TCGG	TGC'	rggg	ACC .	AAGC'	TGGA	GC 4	00
	TGAA	ACGG	GC T	GTTG	CTGC	A CC	AACT	GTAT	TCA	TCTT	ccc .	ACCA'	TCCA	GT 4	50
	GAGC.	AATT	GA A	ATCT	GGAA	TG	CCTC	TGTT	GTG'	TGCC'	rgc	TGAA'	TAAC	TT 5	00
15	CTAT	CCCA	GA G	AGGC	CAAA	TA	CAGT	GGAA	GGT	GGAT	AAC	GCCC'	TCCA	AT 5	50
	CGGG	TAAC'	TC C	CAGG	AGAG	r gt	CACA	GAGC	AGG.	ACAG	CAA	GGAC.	AGCA	CC 6	00
20	TACA	GCCT	CA G	CAGC.	ACCC	r ga	.CGCT	GAGC	AAA	GCAG.	ACT	ACGA	GAAA	CA 6	50
	CAAA	GTCT.	AC G	CCTG	CGAA	G TC	ACCC	ATCA	GGG	CCTG	AGC	TCGC	CCGT	CA 7	00
26	CAAA	.GAGC	TT C	AACA	.GGGG	A GA	GTGT.	TAA	729						
25	(2) I	NFOR	ITAM	ON F	OR S	EQ I	D NC	:56:							
30		(A (B (D) LE) TY	NGTH PE: POLO	HARA : 24 Amin OGY:	2 am o Ac Line	ino id ar	acid		ro : 56	:				
35	Met 1	Lys	Lys	Asn	Ile 5	Ala	Phe	Leu	Leu	Ala 10	Ser	Met	Phe	Val	Phe 15
	Ser	Ile	Ala	Thr	Asn 20	Ala	Tyr	Ala	Asp	Ile 25	Val	Met	Thr	Gln	Thr 30
40	Pro	Leu	Ser	Leu	Pro 35	Val	Ser	Leu	Gly	Asp 40	Gln	Ala	Ser	Ile	Ser 45
45	Cys	Arg	Ser	Ser	Gln 50	Ser	Leu	Val	His	Gly 55	Ile	Gly	Asn	Thr	Tyr 60
	Leu	His	Trp	Tyr	Leu 65	Gln	Lys	Pro	Gly	Gln 70	Ser	Pro	Lys	Leu	Leu 75
50	Ile	Tyr	Lys	Val	Ser 80	Asn	Arg	Phe	Ser	Gly 85	Val	Pro	Asp	Arg	Phe 90
	Ser	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ser 95	Gly	Thr	Asp	Phe	Thr 100	Leu	Arg	Ile	Ser	Arg
55	Val	Glu	Ala	Glu	Asp	Leu	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Phe	Cys	Ser	Gln	Ser	Thr

				110					115					120
5	His V	al P	ro Leu	Thr 125	Phe	Gly	Ala	Gly	Thr 130	Lys	Leu	Glu	Leu	Lys 135
3	Arg A	la V	al Ala	Ala 140	Pro	Thr	Val	Phe	Ile 145	Phe	Pro	Pro	Ser	Ser 150
10	Glu G	ln L	eu Lys	Ser 155	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ser	Val 160	Val	Cys	Leu	Leu	Asn 165
	Asn P	he T	yr Pro	Arg 170	Glu	Ala	Lys	Val	Gln 175	Trp	Lys	Val	Asp	Asn 180
15	Ala L	eu G	ln Ser	Gly 185	Asn	Ser	Gln	Glu	Ser 190	Val	Thr	Glu	Gln	Asp 195
••	Ser L	ys A	sp Ser	Thr 200	туг	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ser 205	Thr	Leu	Thr	Leu	Ser 210
20	Lys A	la A	sp Tyr	Glu 215	Lys	His	Lys	Val	Tyr 220	Ala	Cys	Glu	Val	Thr 225
25	His G	ln G	ly Leu	Ser 230	Ser	Pro	Val	Thr	Lys 235	Ser	Phe	Asn	Arg	Gly 240
	Glu C	ys 42												
30	(2) IN	FORM	ATION	FOR :	SEQ :	ID N	0:57	:						
35	(i)	(A) (B) (C)	UENCE LENGT TYPE: STRAN	H: 70 Nuci DEDNI	52 ba leic ESS:	ase p Acid Doul	pair:	5						
	(xi)		TOPOL				SEQ	ID 1	NO : 5	7:		,		
40	ATGAA	AAAG	A ATAT	CGCA'	rr r	CTTC	TTGC	A TC	TATG'	TTCG	TTT	TTTC	TAT !	50

TGCTACAAAC GCGTACGCTG AGATTCAGCT GCAGCAGTCT GGACCTGAGC 100

45 TGATGAAGCC TGGGGCTTCA GTGAAGATAT CCTGCAAGGC TTCTGGTTAT 150

TCATTCAGTA GCCACTACAT GCACTGGGTG AAGCAGAGCC ATGGAAAGAG 200

CCTTGAGTGG ATTGGCTACA TTGATCCTTC CAATGGTGAA ACTACTTACA 250

ACCAGAAATT CAAGGGCAAG GCCACATTGA CTGTAGACAC ATCTTCCAGC 300

ACAGCCAACG TGCATCTCAG CAGCCTGACA TCTGATGACT CTGCAGTCTA 350

TTTCTGTGCA AGAGGGGACT ATAGATACAA CGGCGACTGG TTTTTCGATG 400

55

	TCTGGGG	GCGC P	AGGGA	CCAC	G GT	CACC	GTCT	CCT	CCGC	CTC	CACC	AAGG	GC 4	50
	CCATCG	STCT 1	rccc	CTGG	C AC	CCTC	CTCC	AAG	AGCA	CCT	CTGG	GGGC	AC 5	00
5	AGCGGC	CCTG G	GCTG	CCTG	G TC	AAGG	ACTA	CTT	cccc	GAA	CCGG	TGAC	GG 5	50
	TGTCGT	GAA C	CTCAG	GCGC	C CT	GACC	AGCG	GCG	TGCA	CAC	CTTC	CCGG	CT 6	00
10	GTCCTA	CAGT (CTCA	.GGAC	T CT	ACTC	CCTC	AGC	AGCG	TGG	TGAC	CGTG	CC 6	50
10	CTCCAG	CAGC 1	TGGG	CACC	C AG	ACCT	ACAT	CTG	CAAC	GTG	AATC	ACAA	GC 7	700
	CCAGCA	ACAC (CAAGG	TGGA	C AA	GAAA	GTTG	AGC	CCAA	ATC	TTGT	GACA	AA 7	750
15	ACTCAC	ACAT (GA 76	2										
20		SEQUEI	NCE C	HARA : 25	CTER	ISTI ino	CS:							
		(B) T												
25	(xi)	SEQUEI	NCE I	ESCR	IPTI	ON:	SEQ	ID N	0:58	:				
23	Met Ly:	s Lys	Asn	Ile 5	Ala	Phe	Leu	Leu	Ala 10	Ser	Met	Phe	Val	Phe 15
30	Ser Il	e Ala	Thr	Asn 20	Ala	Tyr	Ala	Glu	Ile 25	Gln	Leu	Gln	Gln	Ser 30
	Gly Pr			35					40					45
35	Lys Al			50					55					60
40	Lys Gl	n Ser	His	Gly 65	Lys	Ser	Leu	Glu	Trp 70	Ile	Gly	Tyr	Ile	Asp 75
	Pro Se	r Asn	Gly	Glu 80	Thr	Thr	Tyr	Asn	Gln 85	Lys	Phe	Lys	Gly	Lys 90
45	Ala Th	r Leu	Thr	Val 95	Asp	Thr	Ser	Ser	Ser 100	Thr	Ala	Asn	Val	His 105
	Leu Se	r Ser	Leu	Thr 110	Ser	Asp	Asp	Ser	Ala 115	Val	Tyr	Phe	Cys	Ala 120
50	Arg Gl	y Asp	Tyr	Arg 125	Tyr	Asn	Gly	Asp	Trp 130	Phe	Phe	Asp	Val	Trp 135
55	Gly Al	a Gly	Thr	Thr 140	Val	Thr	Val	Ser	Ser 145	Ala	Ser	Thr	Lys	Gl ₃
	D 0-	171	Dho	Dwo	T 011	73.7	Dro	cor	Sar	Tare	Car	Thr	Ser	Gla

					133					100					105
5	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ala	Leu 170	Gly	Cys	Leu	Val	Lys 175	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Pro	Glu 180
J	Pro	Val	Thr	Val	Ser 185	Trp	Asn	Ser	Gly	Ala 190	Leu	Thr	Ser	Gly	Val 195
10	His	Thr	Phe	Pro	Ala 200	Val	Leu	Gln	Ser	Ser 205	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Leu 210
	Ser	Ser	Val	Val	Thr 215	Val	Pro	Ser	Ser	Ser 220	Leu	Gly	Thr	Gln	Thr 225
15	Tyr	Ile	Cys	Asn	Val 230	Asn	His	Lys	Pro	Ser 235	Asn	Thr	Lys	Val	Asp 240
20	Lys	Lys	Val	Glu	Pro 245	Lys	Ser	Cys	Asp	Lys 250	Thr	His	Thr 253		
	(2)	INFO	TAMS	ION 1	FOR S	SEQ :	ID NO	59:59	:						
25	t)	(1	EQUEN A) LI B) T' C) T(ENGTI YPE :	H: 1: Ami:	14 at no Ad	mino cid		ds						
	(x:	i) SI	EQUE	ICE I	DESC	RIPT	ON:	SEQ	ID 1	NO:5	9:				
30	Asp 1	Ile	Val	Met	Thr 5	Gln	Thr	Pro	Leu	Ser 10	Leu	Pro	Val	Ser	Leu 15
35	Gly	Asp	Gln	Ala	Ser 20	Ile	Ser	Cys	Arg	Ser 25	Ser	Gln	Ser	Leu	Val 30
	His	Gly	Ile	Gly	Asn 35	Thr	Tyr	Leu	His	Trp 40	Tyr	Leu	Gln	Lys	Pro 45
40	Gly	Gln	Ser	Pro	Lys 50	Leu	Leu	Ile	Tyr	Tyr 55	Lys	Val	Ser	Asn	Arg 60
	Phe	Ser	Gly	Val	Pro 65	Asp	Arg	Phe	Ser	Asp 70	Ser	Gly	Ser	Gly	Thr 75
45	Asp	Phe	Thr	Leu	Arg 80	Ile	Ser	Arg	Val	Glu 85	Ala	Glu	Asp	Leu	Gly 90
50	Leu	Tyr	Phe	Cys	Ser 95	Gln	Ser	Thr	His	Val 100	Pro	Leu	Thr	Phe	Gly 105
	Ala	Gly	Thr	Lys	Leu 110		Leu	Lys	Arg 114						
55			RMAT EQUE												
	,	ت رـ							•						

		(I	A) LE B) TY D) TO	PE:	Amin	o Ac	id	acid	ls						
5	(xi	L) SI	EQUEN	ICE E	ESCR	IPTI	ON:	SEQ	ID N	10:60):				
	Asp 1	Ile	Gln	Met	Thr 5	Gln	Ser	Pro	Ser	Ser 10	Leu	Ser	Ala	Ser	Val 15
10	Gly	Asp	Arg	Val	Thr 20	Ile	Thr	Cys	Arg	Ser 25	Ser	Gln	Ser	Leu	Val 30
1.5	His	Gly	Ile	Gly	Asn 35	Thr	Tyr	Leu	His	Trp	Tyr	Gln	Gln	Lys	Pro 45
15	Gly	Lys	Ala	Pro	Lys 50	Leu	Leu	Ile	Tyr	Tyr 55	Lys	Val	Ser	Asn	Arg 60
20	Phe	Ser	Gly	Val	Pro 65	Ser	Arg	Phe	Ser	Gly 70	Ser	Gly	Ser	Gly	Thr 75
	Asp	Phe	Thr	Leu	Thr 80	Ile	Ser	Ser	Leu	Gln 85	Pro	Glu	Asp	Phe	Ala 90
25	Thr	Tyr	Tyr	Cys	Ser 95	Gln	Ser	Thr	His	Val 100	Pro	Leu	Thr	Phe	Gly 105
20	Gln	Gly	Thr	Lys	Val 110	Glu	Ile	Lys	Arg 114						
30	(2)	INFO	RMAT:	ION 1	FOR S	SEQ :	ID N	0:61	:						
35	€.	(EQUEI A) L: B) T D) T	ENGT YPE :	H: 10 Amir	09 at	mino cid		ds						
	(x	i) S	EQUE	NCE :	DESCI	RIPT	ION:	SEQ	ID	NO : 6	1:				
40	Asp 1		Gln	Met	Thr 5	Gln	Ser	Pro	Ser	Ser 10		Ser	Ala	Ser	Val 15
45	Gly	Asp	Arg	Val	Thr 20	Ile	Thr	Cys	Arg	Ala 25		Lys	Thr	Ile	Ser 30
43	Lys	Туг	Leu	Ala	Trp 35		Gln	Gln	Lys	Pro 40		Lys	Ala	Pro	Lys 45
50	Leu	Leu	ılle	Tyr	Tyr 50		Gly	Ser	Thr	Leu 55		Ser	Gly	Val	Pro 60
	Ser	Arg	g Phe	Ser	Gly 65		Gly	Ser	Gly	Thr 70		Phe	Thr	Leu	Thr 75
5 5	Ile	e Ser	Ser	Leu	Gln 80		Glu	ı Asp	Phe	Ala 85		туг	туг	Cys	Gln 90

	GIn	HIS	Asn	GIU	95	Pro	ren	THE	Pne	100	GIII	GIY	THE	Lys	105
5	Glu	Ile	Lys	Arg 109											
	(2)	INFO	R MAT I	ON E	FOR S	SEQ :	ID NO):62:							
10	(:	(1	EQUENA) LI B) TY	ENGTI (PE :	H: 11 Amir	17 ar 10 Ac	nino cid		ls						
15	(x:	i) SI	EQUE	ICE I	DESC	RIPT	ON:	SEQ	ID N	10:62	2:				
	Glu 1	Ile	Gln	Leu	Gln 5	Gln	Ser	Gly	Pro	Glu 10	Leu	Met	Lys	Pro	Gly 15
20	Ala	Ser	Val	Lys	Ile 20	Ser	Cys	Lys	Ala	Ser 25	Gly	Tyr	Ser	Phe	Ser 30
25	Ser	His	Tyr	Met	His 35	Trp	Val	Lys	Gln	Ser 40	His	Gly	Lys	Ser	Leu 45
23	Glu	Trp	Ile	Gly	Tyr 50	Ile	Asp	Pro	Ser	Asn 55	Gly	Glu	Thr	Thr	Tyr 60
30	Asn	Gln	Lys	Phe	Lys 65	Gly	Lys	Ala	Thr	Leu 70	Thr	Val	Asp	Thr	Ser 75
	Ser	Ser	Thr	Ala	Asn 80	Val	His	Leu	Ser	Ser 85	Leu	Thr	Ser	Asp	Asp 90
35	Ser	Ala	Val	Tyr	Phe 95	Cys	Ala	Ala	Arg	Gly 100	Asp	Tyr	Arg	Tyr	Asn 105
40	Gly	Asp	Trp	Phe	Phe 110	Asp	Val	Trp	Gly	Ala 115	Gly	Thr 117			
	(2)	INFO	RMAT:	ION I	FOR S	SEQ :	ID N	0:63	:						
45	(() (1	EQUEI A) Li B) Ti D) To	ENGTI YPE :	H: 1: Ami:	17 ai	mino cid		ds						
	(x	i) S	EQUE	NCE 1	DESC	RIPT	ION:	SEQ	ID I	NO : 6	3:				
50	Glu 1		Gln	Leu	Val 5	Glu	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly 10	Leu	Val	Gln	Pro	Gly 15
55	Gly	Ser	Leu	Arg	Leu 20	Ser	Cys	Ala	Ala	Ser 25	Gly	Tyr	Ser	Phe	Ser 30
JJ	Ser	His	Tyr	Met	His	Trp	Val	Arg	Gln	Ala	Pro	Gly	Lys	Gly	Lev

					35					40					45
5	Glu	Trp	Val	Gly	Tyr 50	Ile	Asp	Pro	Ser	Asn 55	Gly	Glu	Thr	Thr	Tyr 60
3	Asn	Gln	Lys	Phe	Lys 65	Gly	Arg	Phe	Thr	Ile 70	Ser	Arg	Asp	Asn	Ser 75
10	Lys	Asn	Thr	Leu	Tyr 80	Leu	Gln	Met	Asn	Ser 85	Leu	Arg	Ala	Glu	Asp 90
	Thr	Ala	Val	Tyr	Tyr 95	Cys	Ala	Ala	Arg	Gly 100	Asp	Tyr	Arg	Tyr	Asn 105
15	Gly	Asp	Trp	Phe	Phe 110	Asp	Val	Trp	Gly	Gln 115	Gly	Thr 117			
	(2)	INFO	RMAT:	ION I	FOR S	SEQ :	ID NO	0:64	:						
20	€.	(1	A) LI B) T	ENGTI YPE :	CHARA H: 1: Amir OGY:	16 ar	mino cid	_	is						
25	(x	i) S	EQUE	NCE 1	DESCI	RIPT:	ON:	SEQ	ID 1	NO : 64	1:				
	Glu 1		Gln	Leu	Val 5	Glu	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly 10	Leu	Val	Gln	Pro	Gl ₃
30	Gly	Ser	Leu	Arg	Leu 20	Ser	Cys	Ala	Ala	Ser 25	Gly	Phe	Ser	Phe	Thi 30
35	Gly	His	Trp	Met	Asn 35	Trp	Val	Arg	Gln	Ala 40	Pro	Gly	Lys	Gly	Let 45
	Glu	Trp	Val	Gly	Met 50	Ile	His	Pro	Ser	Asp 55	Ser	Glu	Thr	Arg	Ту: 60
40	Ala	Asp	Ser	Val	Lys 65	Gly	Arg	Phe	Thr	Ile 70	Ser	Arg	Asp	Asn	Se:
	Lys	Asn	Thr	Leu	Tyr 80		Gln	Met	Asn	Ser 85	Leu	Arg	Ala	Glu	Ası 90
45	Thr	Ala	Val	Tyr	Tyr 95		Ala	Ala	Arg	Gly 100	Ile	Tyr	Phe	Tyr	Gl ₃
50	Thr	Thr	Tyr	Phe	Asp 110	-	Trp	Gly	Gln	-	Thr 116				
					FOR	_			:						
55	((A) L B) T	ENGT YPE :	CHAR H: 2 Ami OGY:	42 a no A	mino cid		ds						

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:65:

5	Met 1	Lys	Lys	Asn	Ile 5	Ala	Phe	Leu	Leu	Ala 10	Ser	Met	Phe	Val	Phe 15
	Ser	Ile	Ala	Thr	Asn 20	Ala	Tyr	Ala	Asp	Ile 25	Gln	Met	Thr	Gln	Ser 30
10	Pro	Ser	Ser	Leu	Ser 35	Ala	Ser	Val	Gly	Asp 40	Arg	Val	Thr	Ile	Thr 45
15	Cys	Arg	Ser	Ser	Gln 50	Ser	Leu	Val	His	Gly 55	Ile	Gly	Asn	Thr	Tyr 60
13	Leu	His	Trp	Tyr	Gln 65	Gln	Lys	Pro	Gly	Lys 70	Ala	Pro	Lys	Leu	Leu 75
20	Ile	Tyr	Lys	Val	Ser 80	Asn	Arg	Phe	Ser	Gly 85	Val	Pro	Ser	Arg	Phe 90
	Ser	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ser 95	Gly	Thr	Asp	Phe	Thr 100	Leu	Thr	Ile	Ser	Ser 105
25	Leu	Gln	Pro	Glu	Asp 110	Phe	Ala	Thr	Tyr	Tyr 115	Cys	Ser	Gln	Ser	Thr 120
30	His	Val	Pro	Leu	Thr 125	Phe	Gly	Gln	Gly	Thr 130	Lys	Val	Glu	Ile	Lys 135
30	Arg	Thr	Val	Ala	Ala 140	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	11e 145	Phe	Pro	Pro	Ser	Asp 150
35	Glu	Gln	Leu	Lys	Ser 155	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ser	Val 160	Val	Cys	Leu	Leu	Asn 165
	Asn	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Arg 170	Glu	Ala	Lys	Val	Gln 175	Trp	Lys	Val	Asp	Asn 180
40	Ala	Leu	Gln	Ser	Gly 185	Asn	Ser	Gln	Glu	Ser 190	Val	Thr	Glu	Gln	Asp 195
45	Ser	Lys	Asp	Ser	Thr 200	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ser 205	Thr	Leu	Thr	Leu	Ser 210
	Lys	Ala	Asp	Tyr	Glu 215	Lys	His	Lys	Val	Tyr 220	Ala	Cys	Glu	Val	Thr 225
50	His	Gln	Gly	Leu	Ser 230	Ser	Pro	Val	Thr	Lys 235	Ser	Phe	Asn	Arg	Gly 240
	Glu	Cys 242													

55 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:66:

	(i	(A	L) LE	NGTH PE:	HARA : 25 Amin GY:	3 am o Ac	ino id		ls						
5	(xi) SE	QUEN	ICE D	ESCR	IPTI	ON:	SEQ	ID N	10:66	:				
10	Met 1	Lys	Lys	Asn	Ile 5	Ala	Phe	Leu	Leu	Ala 10	Ser	Met	Phe	Val	Phe 15
	Ser	Ile	Ala	Thr	Asn 20	Ala	Tyr	Ala	Glu	Val 25	Gln	Leu	Val	Gln	Ser 30
15	Gly	Gly	Gly	Leu	Val 35	Gln	Pro	Gly	Gly	Ser 40	Leu	Arg	Leu	Ser	Cys 45
	Ala	Ala	Ser	Gly	Туr 50	Ser	Phe	Ser	Ser	His 55	Tyr	Met	His	Trp	Val 60
20	Arg	Gln	Ala	Pro	Gly 65	Lys	Gly	Leu	Glu	Trp 70	Val	Gly	Tyr	Ile	Asp 75
25	Pro	Ser	Asn	Gly	Glu 80	Thr	Thr	Tyr	Asn	Gln 85	Lys	Phe	Lys	Gly	Arg 90
	Phe	Thr	Leu	Ser	Arg 95	Asp	Asn	Ser	Lys	Asn 100	Thr	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Gln 105
30	Met	Asn	Ser	Leu	Arg 110	Ala	Glu	Asp	Thr	Ala 115	Val	Tyr	Tyr	Cys	Ala 120
	Arg	Gly	Asp	Tyr	Arg 125	Tyr	Asn	Gly	Asp	Trp 130	Phe	Phe	Asp	Val	Trp 135
35	Gly	Gln	Gly	Thr	Leu 140	Val	Thr	Val	Ser	Ser 145	Ala	Ser	Thr	Lys	Gly 150
40	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Pro 155	Leu	Ala	Pro	Ser	Ser 160	Lys	Ser	Thr	Ser	Gly 165
.0	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ala	Leu 170	Gly	Cys	Leu	Val	Lys 1 7 5		Tyr	Phe	Pro	Glu 180
45	Pro	Val	Thr	Val	Ser 185	Trp	Asn	Ser	Gly	Ala 190		Thr	Ser	Gly	Val 195
	His	Thr	Phe	Pro	Ala 200	Val	Leu	Gln	Ser	Ser 205		Leu	Tyr	Ser	Leu 210
50	Ser	Ser	Val	Val	Thr 215		Pro	Ser	Ser	Ser 220		Gly	Thr	Gln	Thr 225
55	Tyr	Ile	. Cys	Asn	Val 230		His	Lys	Pro	Ser 235		Thr	Lys	Val	Asp 240
رر	Lys	Lys	Val	Glu	Pro	Lys	Ser	Cys	s Asp	Lys	Thr	His	Thr	.	

253 250 245 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:67: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: 5 (A) LENGTH: 159 amino acids (B) TYPE: Amino Acid (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:67: 10 Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Asp Phe Asp Tyr Glu Lys Met Ala Asn Ala Asn Lys Gly Ala Met Thr Glu Asn Ala Asp Glu Asn 15 20 Ala Leu Gln Ser Asp Ala Lys Gly Lys Leu Asp Ser Val Ala Thr 20 Asp Tyr Gly Ala Ala Ile Asp Gly Phe Ile Gly Asp Val Ser Gly Leu Ala Asn Gly Asn Gly Ala Thr Gly Asp Phe Ala Gly Ser Ser 25 Asn Ser Gln Met Ala Gln Val Gly Asp Gly Asp Asn Ser Pro Leu Met Asn Asn Phe Arg Gln Tyr Leu Pro Ser Leu Pro Gln Ser Val 30 100 Glu Cys Arg Pro Phe Val Phe Ser Ala Gly Lys Pro Tyr Glu Phe 115 35 Ser Ile Asp Cys Asp Lys Ile Asn Leu Phe Arg Gly Val Phe Ala 125 Phe Leu Leu Tyr Val Ala Thr Phe Met Tyr Val Phe Ser Thr Phe 145 40 Ala Asn Ile Leu Arg Asn Lys Glu Ser 155 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:68: 45 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 780 base pairs (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single 50 (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:68:

55

ATGAAAAAGA ATATCGCATT TCTTCTTGCA TCTATGTTCG TTTTTTCTAT 50

WO[.]98/37200 PCT/US98/03337

	TGCT	ACAA	AC (SCATA	LCGCI	G A	ratco	CAGAT	GAC	CCAC	STCC	CCG	AGCT	CC	100
5	TGTC	CGCC	TC T	rgtge	GCGA	T AC	GGTC	CACCA	TCA	ACCTO	CAG	GTC	AGTO	CAA :	150
3	AGCT	ragi	'AC A	ATGGI	CATAG	G T	AACAC	GTAT	TTF	CACI	rggt	ATC	ACAC	AA:	200
	ACCA	GGAA	AA (CTCC	GAAA	C T	ACTGA	ATTTA	CAF	AGT	ATCC	AATO	GATI	CT :	250
10	CTGG	AGTC	CC 1	TTCTC	CGCTI	C TO	TGGA	ATCCG	GTI	CTG	GAC	GGAT	TTC	ACT :	300
	CTGA	CCAI	CA (CAGI	CTGC	A GO	CAGA	AGAC	TTC	CGCA	CTT	ATTA	CTGI	TTC :	350
15	ACAG	AGTA	CT (CATGI	ccce	C TO	CACGI	TTGG	ACA	AGGGI	CACC	AAGO	TGG	AGA	400
• •	TCAA	ACGA	AC I	rgrgg	CTGC	A CO	CATCI	GTCI	TCF	TCT	rccc	GCC	TCT	TA	450
	GAGC	AGTI	GA A	ATCI	GGAA	C TO	CTTC	TGTI	GTG	TGC	CTGC	TGA	AATA	CTT	500
20	CTAT	CCCA	GA (GAGGC	CAAA	G T	ACAGI	rggaa	GGI	rggai	CAAC	GCCC	TCC	AT!	550
	CGGG'	CAAT	TC (CCAGG	SAGAG	T GI	CACA	AGAGO	AGG	ACAC	CAA	GGAC	CAGC	ACC (600
25	TACA	GCCI	CA (GCAGC	CACCO	T G	ACGCI	rgago	: AAA	AGCAC	SACT	ACG	GAA	ACA	650
	CAAA	GTCI	'AC (CCTG	CGAA	G T	CACCO	CATCA	GGG	CCTC	BAGC	TCGC	CCGI	CA	700
	CAAA	GAGC	TT (CAACA	GGGG	A G	AGTGI	PAATT	CTO	ATC	CTCT	ACGO	CGG	CG	750
30	CATC	GTGG	icc (CTAGI	ACGC	A AC	CTAGI	CGTA	780)					
	(2) II	NFOR	MAT	ON F	FOR S	EQ I	ID NO	0:69:							
35	(i)			NCE C					ls						
		• -		PE:											
	(xi)) SE	QUE1	NCE I	ESCR	IPT	ON:	SEQ	ID N	10 : 6 9	€:				
40	Met 1	Lys	Lys	Asn	Ile	Ala	Phe	Leu	Leu	Ala	Ser	Met	Phe	Val	Phe
	1				5					10					15
45	Ser :	Ile	Ala	Thr	Asn 20	Ala	Tyr	Ala	Asp	Ile 25	Gln	Met	Thr	Gln	Ser 30
	Pro S	Ser	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ala	Ser	Val	Gly	Asp	Arg	Val	Thr	Ile	Thr
					35					40					45
50	Cys I	Arg	Ser	Ser	Gln 50	Ser	Leu	Val	His	Gly 55	Ile	Gly	Asn	Thr	Tyr 60
	Leu l	His	Trp	Tyr		Gln	Lys	Pro	Gly		Ala	Pro	Lys	Leu	
55					65					70			٠		75

Ile Tyr Lys Val Ser Asn Arg Phe Ser Gly Val Pro Ser Arg Phe

80

85

90

_	Ser	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ser 95	Gly	Thr	Asp	Phe	Thr 100	Leu	Thr	Ile	Ser	Ser 105
5	Leu	Gln	Pro	Glu	Asp 110	Phe	Ala	Thr	Tyr	Tyr 115	Cys	Ser	Gln	Ser	Thr 120
10	His	Val	Pro	Leu	Thr 125	Phe	Gly	Gln	Gly	Thr 130	Lys	Val	Glu	Ile	Lys 135
	Arg	Thr	Val	Ala	Ala 140	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Ile 145	Phe	Pro	Pro	Ser	Asp 150
15	Glu	Gln	Leu	Lys	Ser 155	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ser	Val 160	Val	Cys	Leu	Leu	Asn 165
20	Asn	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Arg 170	Glu	Ala	Lys	Val	Gln 175	Trp	Lys	Val	Asp	Asn 180
-0	Ala	Leu	Gln	Ser	Gly 185	Asn	Ser	Gln	Glu	Ser 190	Val	Thr	Glu	Gln	Asp 195
25	Ser	Lys	Asp	Ser	Thr 200	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ser 205	Thr	Leu	Thr	Leu	Ser 210
	Lys	Ala	Asp	Tyr	Glu 215	Lys	His	Lys	Val	Tyr 220	Ala	Cys	Glu	Val	Thr 225
30	His	Gln	Gly	Leu	Ser 230	Ser	Pro	Val	Thr	Lys 235	Ser	Phe	Asn	Arg	Gly 240
35		Cys 242 INFO	RMAT	ION :	FOR	SEO	ID N	0:70	:						
40		i) s: (. (:	EQUE A) L	NCE ENGT: YPE:	CHAR H: 2 Ami	ACTE	RIST mino cid	ics:							
	(x	i) S	EQUE	NCE :	DESC	RIPT	ION:	SEQ	ID	NO:7	0:				
45	Met 1		Lys	Asn	Ile 5	Ala	Phe	Leu	Leu	Ala 10		Met	Phe	Val	Phe 15
50	Ser	Ile	Ala	Thr	Asn 20		Tyr	Ala	Glu	Val 25		Leu	. Val	Glu	Ser 30
	Gly	Gly	Gly	Leu	Val 35		Pro	Gly	Gly	Ser 40		Arg	Leu	Ser	Cys 45
55	Ala	Ala	Ser	Gly	Tyr 50		Phe	Ser	Ser	His 55		Met	His	Trp	Val 60

	Lys	Gln	Ala	Pro	Gly 65	Lys	Gly	Leu	Glu	Trp 70	Val	Gly	Tyr	Ile	Asp 75
5	Pro	Ser	Asn	Gly	Glu 80	Thr	Thr	Tyr	Asn	Gln 85	Lys	Phe	Lys	Gly	Arg 90
	Phe	Thr	Leu	Ser	Arg 95	Asp	Asn	Ser	Lys	Asn 100	Thr	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Gln 105
10	Met	Asn	Ser	Leu	Arg 110	Ala	Glu	Asp	Thr	Ala 115	Val	Tyr	Tyr	Cys	Ala 120
	Arg	Gly	Asp	Tyr	Arg 125	Tyr	Asn	Gly	Asp	Trp 130	Phe	Phe	Asp	Val	Trp 135
15	Gly	Gln	Gly	Thr	Leu 140	Val	Thr	Val	Ser	Ser 145	Ala	Ser	Thr	Lys	Gly 150
20	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Pro 155	Leu	Ala	Pro	Ser	Ser 160	Lys	Ser	Thr	Ser	Gly 165
	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ala	Leu 170	Gly	Cys	Leu	Val	Lys 175	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Pro	Glu 180
25	Pro	Val	Thr	Val	Ser 185	Trp	Asn	Ser	Gly	Ala 190	Leu	Thr	Ser	Gly	Val 195
20	His	Thr	Phe	Pro	Ala 200	Val	Leu	Gln	Ser	Ser 205	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Leu 210
30	Ser	Ser	Val	Val	Thr 215	Val	Pro	Ser	Ser	Ser 220	['] Leu	Gly	Thr	Gln	Thr 225
35	Tyr	Ile	Cys	Asn	Val 230	Asn	His	Lys	Pro	Ser 235	Asn	Thr	Lys	Val	Asp 240
	Lys	Lys	Val	Glu	Pro 245	Lys	Ser	Cys	Asp	Lys 250		His	Thr 253		
40	(2)	INFO	RMAT	ION	FOR :	SEQ	ID N	0:71	:						
45	((EQUE (A) L (B) T	ENGT YPE :	H: 2 Ami	42 a no A	mino cid								
42	(х		EQUE					SEÇ	ID	NO:7	1:				
50	Met 1	_	. Lys	Asn	Ile 5		Phe	. Leu	. Lev	ı Ala		Met	: Phe	· Val	Phe 15
	Ser	: Ile	e Ala	Thr	Asn 20		туг	Ala	a Asp	25		n Met	: Thr	Gln	Ser 30
55	Pro	Ser	s Ser	Lev	Ser 35		ser	· Val	Gly	Asr 40		y Val	LThr	Ile	Thr

	Cys	Arg	Ser	Ser	Gln 50	Ser	Leu	Val	His	Gly 55	Ile	Gly	Ala	Thr	Tyr 60
5	Leu	His	Trp	Tyr	Gln 65	Gln	Lys	Pro	Gly	Lys 70	Ala	Pro	Lys	Leu	Leu 75
	Ile	Tyr	Lys	Val	Ser 80	Asn	Arg	Phe	Ser	Gly 85	Val	Pro	Ser	Arg	Phe 90
10	Ser	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ser 95	Gly	Thr	Asp	Phe	Thr 100	Leu	Thr	Ile	Ser	Ser 105
15	Leu	Gln	Pro	Glu	Asp 110	Phe	Ala	Thr	Tyr	Tyr 115	Cys	Ser	Gln	Ser	Thr 120
	His	Val	Pro	Leu	Thr 125	Phe	Gly	Gln	Gly	Thr 130	Lys	Val	Glu	Ile	Lys 135
20	Arg	Thr	Val	Ala	Ala		Ser	Val	Phe	Ile 145	Phe	Pro	Pro	Ser	Asp 150
	Glu	d Gln	. Leu	Lys	Ser 155		Thr	Ala	Ser	Val 160	Val	Cys	Leu	Leu	Asn 165
25	Asr	ı Phe	э Туг	Pro	Arg		Ala	Lys	: Val	. Gln 175	Trp	Lys	Val	Asp	Asn 180
30	Ala	a Lev	ı Glr	ı Ser	Gly 185		ı Ser	Glr	ı Glu	Ser 190	Val	Thr	Glu	Gln	195
	Se	r Lys	s Ası	o Sei	Th:		s Sei	. Le	ı Sei	s Ser 205	Thr	Leu	Thr	Lev	210
35	Ly	s Ala	a As	р Ту	r Gl:		s His	s Ly	s Va	1 Tyı 220	Ala	. Cys	s Glu	ı Val	225
	Hi	s Gl	n Gl	y Le	u Se: 23		r Pr	o Va	1 Th	r Ly: 23!	s Sei	Phe	e Ası	a Arg	Gly 240
40	Gl	u Cy 24													
45	(2)		ORMA												
		(i)	(B)	LENG	TH:	45 a ino	mino Acid	aci l	ds.						
50		(xi)	(D)	TOPC JENCE					EQ II	ONO:	72:				
	C	ys Pi 1	ro Pi	ro Cy	/s Pı	:0 A]	la Pi	co Gi	lu Le	eu Le	u Gl	y Gl	y Ar	g Me	t Lys 15
55	G:	ln L	eu G	lu A:	sp Ly	ys Va	al G	lu G	lu L	eu Le	eu Se	r Ly	s As	n Ty	r His

20

25

30

Leu Glu Asn Glu Val Ala Arg Leu Lys Lys Leu Val Gly Glu Arg
35 40 45

5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:73:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 780 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:73:

15

20

30

40

10

ATGAAAAAGA ATATCGCATT TCTTCTTGCA TCTATGTTCG TTTTTTCTAT 50

TGCTACAAAC GCATACGCTG ATATCCAGAT GACCCAGTCC CCGAGCTCCC 100

AGCTTAGTAC ATGGTATAGG TGCTACGTAT TTACACTGGT ATCAACAGAA 200

25 ACCAGGAAAA GCTCCGAAAC TACTGATTTA CAAAGTATCC AATCGATTCT 250

CTGGAGTCCC TTCTCGCTTC TCTGGATCCG GTTCTGGGAC GGATTTCACT 300

CTGACCATCA GCAGTCTGCA GCCAGAAGAC TTCGCAACTT ATTACTGTTC 350

ACAGAGTACT CATGTCCCGC TCACGTTTGG ACAGGGTACC AAGGTGGAGA 400

TCAAACGAAC TGTGGCTGCA CCATCTGTCT TCATCTTCCC GCCATCTGAT 450

35 GAGCAGTTGA AATCTGGAAC TGCTTCTGTT GTGTGCCTGC TGAATAACTT 500

CTATCCCAGA GAGGCCAAAG TACAGTGGAA GGTGGATAAC GCCCTCCAAT 550

CGGGTAACTC CCAGGAGAGT GTCACAGAGC AGGACAGCAA GGACAGCACC 600

TACAGCCTCA GCAGCACCCT GACGCTGAGC AAAGCAGACT ACGAGAAACA 650

CAAAGTCTAC GCCTGCGAAG TCACCCATCA GGGCCTGAGC TCGCCCGTCA 700

45 CAAAGAGCTT CAACAGGGGA GAGTGTTAAG CTGATCCTCT ACGCCGGACG 750

CATCGTGGCC CTAGTACGCA ACTAGTCGTA 780

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:74:

50

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 927 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single
- 55 (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:74:

AAAAGGGTAT CTAGAGGTTG AGGTGATTTT ATGAAAAAGA ATATCGCATT 50 5 TCTTCTTGCA TCTATGTTCG TTTTTTCTAT TGCTACAAAC GCGTACGCTG 100 AGGTTCAGCT AGTGCAGTCT GGCGGTGGCC TGGTGCAGCC AGGGGGCTCA 150 CTCCGTTTGT CCTGTGCAGC TTCTGGCTAC TCCTTCTCGA GTCACTATAT 200 10 GCACTGGGTC CGTCAGGCCC CGGGTAAGGG CCTGGAATGG GTTGGATATA 250 TTGATCCTTC CAATGGTGAA ACTACGTATA ATCAAAAGTT CAAGGGCCGT 300 15 TTCACTTTAT CTCGCGACAA CTCCAAAAAC ACAGCATACC TGCAGATGAA 350 CAGCCTGCGT GCTGAGGACA CTGCCGTCTA TTACTGTGCA AGAGGGGATT 400 ATCGCTACAA TGGTGACTGG TTCTTCGACG TCTGGGGTCA AGGAACCCTG 450 20 GTCACCGTCT CCTCGGCCTC CACCAAGGGC CCATCGGTCT TCCCCCTGGC 500 ACCCTCCTCC AAGAGCACCT CTGGGGGCAC AGCGGCCCTG GGCTGCCTGG 550 25 TCAAGGACTA CTTCCCCGAA CCGGTGACGG TGTCGTGGAA CTCAGGCGCC 600 CTGACCAGCG GCGTGCACAC CTTCCCGGCT GTCCTACAGT CCTCAGGACT 650 CTACTCCCTC AGCAGCGTGG TGACCGTGCC CTCCAGCAGC TTGGGCACCC 700 30 AGACCTACAT CTGCAACGTG AATCACAAGC CCAGCAACAC CAAGGTCGAC 750 AAGAAAGTTG AGCCCAAATC TTGTGACAAA ACTCACACAT GCCCGCCGTG 800 35 CCCAGCACCA GAACTGCTGG GCGGCCGCAT GAAACAGCTA GAGGACAAGG 850 TCGAAGAGCT ACTCTCCAAG AACTACCACC TAGAGAATGA AGTGGCAAGA 900 CTCAAAAAGC TTGTCGGGGA GCGCTAA 927 40

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:75:

45

55

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 298 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: Amino Acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:75:

Met Lys Lys Asn Ile Ala Phe Leu Leu Ala Ser Met Phe Val Phe
1 5 10 15

Ser Ile Ala Thr Asn Ala Tyr Ala Glu Val Gln Leu Val Gln Ser 20 25 30

	Gly	Gly	Gly	Leu	Val 35	Gln	Pro	Gly	Gly	Ser 40	Leu	Arg	Leu	Ser	Cys 45
5	Ala	Ala	Ser	Gly	Туг 50	Ser	Phe	Ser	Ser	His 55	Tyr	Met	His	Trp	Val 60
	Arg	Gln	Ala	Pro	Gly 65	Lys	Gly	Leu	Glu	Trp 70	Val	Gly	Tyr	Ile	Asp 75
10	Pro	Ser	Asn	Gly	Glu 80	Thr	Thr	Tyr	Asn	Gln 85	Lys	Phe	Lys	Gly	Arg 90
15	Phe	Thr	Leu	Ser	Arg 95	Asp	Asn	Ser	Lys	Asn 100	Thr	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Gln 105
13	Met	Asn	Ser	Leu	Arg 110	Ala	Glu	Asp	Thr	Ala 115	Val	Tyr	Tyr	Cys	Ala 120
20	Arg	Gly	Asp	Tyr	Arg 125	Tyr	Asn	Gly	Asp	Trp 130	Phe	Phe	Asp	Val	Trp 135
	Gly	Gln	Gly	Thr	Leu 140	Val	Thr	Val	Ser	Ser 145	Ala	Ser	Thr	Lys	Gly 150
25	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Pro 155	Leu	Ala	Pro	Ser	Ser 160	Lys	Ser	Thr	Ser	Gly 165
30	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ala	Leu 170	Gly	Cys	Leu	Val	Lys 175	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Pro	Glu 180
	Pro	Val	Thr	Val	Ser 185	Trp	Asn	Ser	Gly	Ala 190	Leu	Thr	Ser	Gly	Val 195
35	His	Thr	Phe	Pro	Ala 200	Val	Leu	Gln	Ser	Ser 205	Gly	Leu	туг	Ser	Leu 210
	Ser	Ser	Val	Val	Thr 215	Val	Pro	Ser	Ser	Ser 220	Leu	Gly	Thr	Gln	Thr 225
40	Tyr	Ile	Cys	Asn	Val 230	Asn	His	Lys	Pro	Ser 235	Asn	Thr	Lys	Val	Asp 240
45	Lys	Lys	Val	Glu	Pro 245	Lys	Ser	Cys	Asp	Lys 250	Thr	His	Thr	Cys	Pro 255
	Pro	Cys	Pro	Ala	Pro 260	Glu	Leu	Leu	Gly	Gly 265	Arg	Met	Lys	Gln	Leu 270
50	Glu	Asp	Lys	Val	Glu 275	Glu	Leu	Leu	Ser	Lys 280	Asn	Tyr	His	Leu	Glu 285
	Asn	Glu	Val	Ala	Arg 290	Leu	Lys	Lys	Leu	Val 295	_	Glu	Arg 298		
55	(2)	INFO	RMAT	ION :	FOR :	SEQ	ID N	0:76	:						

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 6563 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: Nucleic Acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: Single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: Linear

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:76:

10	GAATTCAACT	TCTCCATACT	TTGGATAAGG	AAATACAGAC	ATGAAAAATC	50
	TCATTGCTGA	GTTGTTATTT	AAGCTTGCCC	AAAAAGAAGA	AGAGTCGAAT	100
	GAACTGTGTG	CGCAGGTAGA	AGCTTTGGAG	ATTATCGTCA	CTGCAATGCT	150
15	TCGCAATATG	GCGCAAAATG	ACCAACAGCG	GTTGATTGAT	CAGGTAGAGG	200
	GGGCGCTGTA	CGAGGTAAAG	CCCGATGCCA	GCATTCCTGA	CGACGATACG	250
20	GAGCTGCTGC	GCGATTACGT	AAAGAAGTTA	TTGAAGCATC	CTCGTCAGTA	300
	AAAAGTTAAT	CTTTTCAACA	GCTGTCATAA	AGTTGTCACG	GCCGAGACTT	350
25	ATAGTCGCTT	TGTTTTTATT	TTTTAATGTA	TTTGTAACTA	GAATTCGAGC	400
25	TCGGTACCCG	GGGATCCTCT	CGAGGTTGAG	GTGATTTTAT	GAAAAAGAAT	450
	ATCGCATTTC	TTCTTGCATC	TATGTTCGTT	TTTTCTATTG	CTACAAACGC	500
30	ATACGCTGAT	ATCCAGATGA	CCCAGTCCCC	GAGCTCCCTG	TCCGCCTCTG	550
	TGGGCGATAG	GGTCACCATC	ACCTGCAGGT	CAAGTCAAAG	CTTAGTACAT	600
25	GGTATAGGTG	CTACGTATTT	ACACTGGTAT	CAACAGAAAC	CAGGAAAAGC	650
35	TCCGAAACTA	CTGATTTACA	AAGTATCCAA	TCGATTCTCT	GGAGTCCCTT	700
	CTCGCTTCTC	TGGATCCGGT	TCTGGGACGG	ATTTCACTCT	GACCATCAGC	750
40	AGTCTGCAGC	CAGAAGACTT	CGCAACTTAT	TACTGTTCAC	AGAGTACTCA	800
	TGTCCCGCTC	ACGTTTGGAC	AGGGTACCAA	GGTGGAGATC	AAACGAACTG	850
45	TGGCTGCACC	ATCTGTCTTC	ATCTTCCCGC	CATCTGATGA	GCAGTTGAAA	900
43	TCTGGAACTG	CTTCTGTTGT	GTGCCTGCTG	AATAACTTCT	ATCCCAGAGA	950
	GGCCAAAGTA	CAGTGGAAGG	TGGATAACGC	CCTCCAATCG	GGTAACTCCC	1000
50	AGGAGAGTGT	CACAGAGCAG	GACAGCAAGG	ACAGCACCTA	CAGCCTCAGC	1050
	AGCACCCTGA	CGCTGAGCAA	AGCAGACTAC	GAGAAACACA	AAGTCTACGC	1100
55	CTGCGAAGTC	ACCCATCAGG	GCCTGAGCTC	GCCCGTCACA	AAGAGCTTCA	1150
55	ACAGGGGAGA	GTGTTAAGCT	GATCCTCTAC	GCCGGACGCA	TCGTGGCCCT	1200

AGTACGCAAC TAGTCGTAAA AAGGGTATCT AGAGGTTGAG GTGATTTTAT 1250 GAAAAGAAT ATCGCATTTC TTCTTGCATC TATGTTCGTT TTTTCTATTG 1300 5 CTACAAACGC GTACGCTGAG GTTCAGCTAG TGCAGTCTGG CGGTGGCCTG 1350 GTGCAGCCAG GGGGCTCACT CCGTTTGTCC TGTGCAGCTT CTGGCTACTC 1400 CTTCTCGAGT CACTATATGC ACTGGGTCCG TCAGGCCCCG GGTAAGGGCC 1450 10 TGGAATGGGT TGGATATATT GATCCTTCCA ATGGTGAAAC TACGTATAAT 1500 CAAAAGTTCA AGGGCCGTTT CACTTTATCT CGCGACAACT CCAAAAACAC 1550 15 AGCATACCTG CAGATGAACA GCCTGCGTGC TGAGGACACT GCCGTCTATT 1600 ACTGTGCAAG AGGGGATTAT CGCTACAATG GTGACTGGTT CTTCGACGTC 1650 TGGGGTCAAG GAACCCTGGT CACCGTCTCC TCGGCCTCCA CCAAGGGCCC 1700 20 ATCGGTCTTC CCCCTGGCAC CCTCCTCCAA GAGCACCTCT GGGGGCACAG 1750 CGGCCCTGGG CTGCCTGGTC AAGGACTACT TCCCCGAACC GGTGACGGTG 1800 25 TCGTGGAACT CAGGCGCCCT GACCAGCGGC GTGCACACCT TCCCGGCTGT 1850 CCTACAGTCC TCAGGACTCT ACTCCCTCAG CAGCGTGGTG ACCGTGCCCT 1900 CCAGCAGCTT GGGCACCCAG ACCTACATCT GCAACGTGAA TCACAAGCCC 1950 30 AGCAACACA AGGTCGACAA GAAAGTTGAG CCCAAATCTT GTGACAAAAC 2000 TCACACATGC CCGCCGTGCC CAGCACCAGA ACTGCTGGGC GGCCGCATGA 2050 35 AACAGCTAGA GGACAAGGTC GAAGAGCTAC TCTCCAAGAA CTACCACCTA 2100 GAGAATGAAG TGGCAAGACT CAAAAAGCTT GTCGGGGAGC GCTAAGCATG 2150 CGACGGCCT AGAGTCCTA ACGCTCGGTT GCCGCCGGGC GTTTTTTATT 2200 40 GTTAACTCAT GTTTGACAGC TTATCATCGA TAAGCTTTAA TGCGGTAGTT 2250 TATCACAGTT AAATTGCTAA CGCAGTCAGG CACCGTGTAT GAAATCTAAC 2300 45 AATGCGCTCA TCGTCATCCT CGGCACCGTC ACCCTGGATG CTGTAGGCAT 2350 AGGCTTGGTT ATGCCGGTAC TGCCGGGCCT CTTGCGGGAT ATCGTCCATT 2400 CCGACAGCAT CGCCAGTCAC TATGGCGTGC TGCTAGCGCT ATATGCGTTG 2450 50 ATGCAATTTC TATGCGCACC CGTTCTCGGA GCACTGTCCG ACCGCTTTGG 2500 CCGCCGCCA GTCCTGCTCG CTTCGCTACT TGGAGCCACT ATCGACTACG 2550 55 CGATCATGGC GACCACACCC GTCCTGTGGA TCCTCTACGC CGGACGCATC 2600

	GTGGCCGGCA	TCACCGGCGC	CACAGGTGCG	GTTGCTGGCG	CCTATATCGC	2650
<u>-</u>	CGACATCACC	GATGGGGAAG	ATCGGGCTCG	CCACTTCGGG	CTCATGAGCG	2700
5	CTTGTTTCGG	CGTGGGTATG	GTGGCAGGCC	CCGTGGCCGG	GGGACTGTTG	2750
	GGCGCCATCT	CCTTGCACGC	ACCATTCCTT	gcggcggcgg	TGCTCAACGG	2800
10	CCTCAACCTA	CTACTGGGCT	GCTTCCTAAT	GCAGGAGTCG	CATAAGGGAG	2850
	AGCGTCGTCC	GATGCCCTTG	AGAGCCTTCA	ACCCAGTCAG	CTCCTTCCGG	2900
15	TGGGCGCGGG	GCATGACTAT	CGTCGCCGCA	CTTATGACTG	TCTTCTTTAT	2950
15	CATGCAACTC	GTAGGACAGG	TGCCGGCAGC	GCTCTGGGTC	ATTTTCGGCG	3000
	AGGACCGCTT	TCGCTGGAGC	GCGACGATGA	TCGGCCTGTC	GCTTGCGGTA	3050
20	TTCGGAATCT	TGCACGCCCT	CGCTCAAGCC	TTCGTCACTG	GTCCCGCCAC	3100
	CAAACGTTTC	GGCGAGAAGC	AGGCCATTAT	CGCCGGCATG	GCGGCCGACG	3150
25	CGCTGGGCTA	CGTCTTGCTG	GCGTTCGCGA	CGCGAGGCTG	GATGGCCTTC	3200
23	CCCATTATGA	TTCTTCTCGC	TTCCGGCGGC	ATCGGGATGC	CCGCGTTGCA	3250
	GGCCATGCTG	TCCAGGCAGG	TAGATGACGA	CCATCAGGGA	CAGCTTCAAG	3300
30	GATCGCTCGC	GGCTCTTACC	AGCCTAACTT	CGATCACTGG	ACCGCTGATC	3350
	GTCACGGCGA	TTTATGCCGC	CTCGGCGAGC	ACATGGAACG	GGTTGGCATG	3400
35	GATTGTAGGC	GCCGCCCTAT	ACCTTGTCTG	CCTCCCGCG	TTGCGTCGCG	3450
33	GTGCATGGAG	CCGGGCCACC	TCGACCTGAA	TGGAAGCCGG	CGGCACCTCG	3500
	CTAACGGATT	CACCACTCCA	AGAATTGGAG	CCAATCAATT	CTTGCGGAGA	3550
40	ACTGTGAATG	CGCAAACCAA	CCCTTGGCAG	AACATATCCA	TCGCGTCCGC	3600
	CATCTCCAGC	AGCCGCACGC	GGCGCATCTC	GGGCAGCGTT	GGGTCCTGGC	3650
45	CACGGGTGCG	CATGATCGTG	CTCCTGTCGT	TGAGGACCCG	GCTAGGCTGG	3700
45	CGGGGTTGCC	TTACTGGTTA	GCAGAATGAA	TCACCGATAC	GCGAGCGAAC	3750
	GTGAAGCGAC	TGCTGCTGCA	AAACGTCTGC	GACCTGAGCA	ACAACATGAA	3800
50	TGGTCTTCGG	TTTCCGTGTT	TCGTAAAGTC	TGGAAACGCG	GAAGTCAGCG	3850
	CCCTGCACCA	TTATGTTCCG	GATCTGCATC	: GCAGGATGCT	GCTGGCTACC	3900
55	CTGTGGAACA	CCTACATCTG	TATTAACGAA	GCGCTGGCAT	TGACCCTGAG	3950
23	TGATTTTCT	CTGGTCCCGC	CGCATCCATA	CCGCCAGTTG	TTTACCCTCA	4000

	CAACGITCCA	GTAACCGGGC	AIGIICAICA	ICAGIAACCC	GIAICGIGAG	4030
-	CATCCTCTCT	CGTTTCATCG	GTATCATTAC	CCCCATGAAC	AGAAATTCCC	4100
5	CCTTACACGG	AGGCATCAAG	TGACCAAACA	GGAAAAAACC	GCCCTTAACA	4150
	TGGCCCGCTT	TATCAGAAGC	CAGACATTAA	CGCTTCTGGA	GAAACTCAAC	4200
0	GAGCTGGACG	CGGATGAACA	GGCAGACATC	TGTGAATCGC	TTCACGACCA	4250
	CGCTGATGAG	CTTTACCGCA	GCTGCCTCGC	GCGTTTCGGT	GATGACGGTG	4300
5	AAAACCTCTG	ACACATGCAG	CTCCCGGAGA	CGGTCACAGC	TTGTCTGTAA	4350
3	GCGGATGCCG	GGAGCAGACA	AGCCCGTCAG	GGCGCGTCAG	CGGGTGTTGG	4400
	CGGGTGTCGG	GGCGCAGCCA	TGACCCAGTC	ACGTAGCGAT	AGCGGAGTGT	4450
20	ATACTGGCTT	AACTATGCGG	CATCAGAGCA	GATTGTACTG	AGAGTGCACC	4500
	ATATGCGGTG	TGAAATACCG	CACAGATGCG	TAAGGAGAAA	ATACCGCATC	4550
25	AGGCGCTCTT	CCGCTTCCTC	GCTCACTGAC	TCGCTGCGCT	CGGTCGTTCG	4600
	GCTGCGGCGA	GCGGTATCAG	CTCACTCAAA	GGCGGTAATA	CGGTTATCCA	4650
	CAGAATCAGG	GGATAACGCA	GGAAAGAACA	TGTGAGCAAA	AGGCCAGCAA	4700
30	AAGGCCAGGA	ACCGTAAAAA	GGCCGCGTTG	CTGGCGTTTT	TCCATAGGCT	4750
	CCGCCCCCT	GACGAGCATC	ACAAAAATCG	ACGCTCAAGT	CAGAGGTGGC	4800
35	GAAACCCGAC	AGGACTATAA	AGATACCAGG	CGTTTCCCCC	TGGAAGCTCC	4850
	CTCGTGCGCT	CTCCTGTTCC	GACCCTGCCG	CTTACCGGAT	ACCTGTCCGC	4900
	CTTTCTCCCT	TCGGGAAGCG	TGGCGCTTTC	TCATAGCTCA	CGCTGTAGGT	4950
40	ATCTCAGTTC	GGTGTAGGTC	GTTCGCTCCA	AGCTGGGCTG	TGTGCACGAA	5000
	CCCCCGTTC	AGCCCGACCG	CTGCGCCTTA	TCCGGTAACT	ATCGTCTTGA	5050
45	GTCCAACCCG	GTAAGACACG	ACTTATCGCC	ACTGGCAGCA	GCCACTGGTA	5100
	ACAGGATTAG	CAGAGCGAGG	TATGTAGGCG	GTGCTACAGA	GTTCTTGAAG	5150
	TGGTGGCCTA	ACTACGGCTA	CACTAGAAGG	ACAGTATTTG	GTATCTGCGC	5200
50	TCTGCTGAAG	CCAGTTACCT	TCGGAAAAAG	AGTTGGTAGC	TCTTGATCCG	5250
	GCAAACAAAC	CACCGCTGGT	AGCGGTGGTT	TTTTTGTTTG	CAAGCAGCAG	5300
55	ATTACGCGCA	GAAAAAAAGG	ATCTCAAGAA	GATCCTTTGA	A TCTTTTCTAC	5350
J.J.	GGGGTCTGAC	GCTCAGTGGA	ACGAAAACTO	ACGTTAAGGG	ATTTTGGTCA	5400

TGAGATTATC AAAAAGGATC TTCACCTAGA TCCTTTTAAA TTAAAAATGA 5450 AGTTTTAAAT CAATCTAAAG TATATATGAG TAAACTTGGT CTGACAGTTA 5500 5 CCAATGCTTA ATCAGTGAGG CACCTATCTC AGCGATCTGT CTATTTCGTT 5550 CATCCATAGT TGCCTGACTC CCCGTCGTGT AGATAACTAC GATACGGGAG 5600 GGCTTACCAT CTGGCCCCAG TGCTGCAATG ATACCGCGAG ACCCACGCTC 5650 10 ACCGGCTCCA GATTTATCAG CAATAAACCA GCCAGCCGGA AGGGCCGAGC 5700 GCAGAAGTGG TCCTGCAACT TTATCCGCCT CCATCCAGTC TATTAATTGT 5750 15 TGCCGGGAAG CTAGAGTAAG TAGTTCGCCA GTTAATAGTT TGCGCAACGT 5800 TGTTGCCATT GCTGCAGGCA TCGTGGTGTC ACGCTCGTCG TTTGGTATGG 5850 CTTCATTCAG CTCCGGTTCC CAACGATCAA GGCGAGTTAC ATGATCCCCC 5900 20 ATGTTGTGCA AAAAAGCGGT TAGCTCCTTC GGTCCTCCGA TCGTTGTCAG 5950 AAGTAAGTTG GCCGCAGTGT TATCACTCAT GGTTATGGCA GCACTGCATA 6000 25 ATTCTCTTAC TGTCATGCCA TCCGTAAGAT GCTTTTCTGT GACTGGTGAG 6050 TACTCAACCA AGTCATTCTG AGAATAGTGT ATGCGGCGAC CGAGTTGCTC 6100 TTGCCCGGCG TCAACACGGG ATAATACCGC GCCACATAGC AGAACTTTAA 6150 30 AAGTGCTCAT CATTGGAAAA CGTTCTTCGG GGCGAAAACT CTCAAGGATC 6200 TTACCGCTGT TGAGATCCAG TTCGATGTAA CCCACTCGTG CACCCAACTG 6250 35 ATCTTCAGCA TCTTTTACTT TCACCAGCGT TTCTGGGTGA GCAAAAACAG 6300 GAAGGCAAAA TGCCGCAAAA AAGGGAATAA GGGCGACACG GAAATGTTGA 6350 ATACTCATAC TCTTCCTTTT TCAATATTAT TGAAGCATTT ATCAGGGTTA 6400 40 TTGTCTCATG AGCGGATACA TATTTGAATG TATTTAGAAA AATAAACAAA 6450 TAGGGGTTCC GCGCACATTT CCCCGAAAAG TGCCACCTGA CGTCTAAGAA 6500 45 ACCATTATTA TCATGACATT AACCTATAAA AATAGGCGTA TCACGAGGCC 6550 CTTTCGTCTT CAA 6563

WE CLAIM:

5

15

30

1. A conjugate consisting essentially of one or more antibody fragments covalently attached to one or more nonproteinaceous polymer molecules, wherein the apparent size of the conjugate is at least about 500 kD.

- 2. The conjugate of claim 1, wherein the apparent size of the conjugate is at least about 800 kD.
- The conjugate of claim 1, wherein the apparent size of the conjugate is at least about 1,400 kD.
 - 4. The conjugate of claim 1, wherein the apparent size of the conjugate is at least about 1,800 kD.
 - 5. The conjugate of claim 1, wherein the apparent size of the conjugate is at least about 8 fold greater than the apparent size of the antibody fragment.
- 6. The conjugate of claim 5, wherein the apparent size of the conjugate is at least about 15 fold greater than the apparent size of the antibody fragment.
 - 7. The conjugate of claim 6, wherein the apparent size of the conjugate is at least about 25 fold greater than the apparent size of the antibody fragment.
- 8. The conjugate of claim 1, wherein the conjugate contains no more than one antibody fragment, and wherein the antibody fragment is selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', Fab'-SH, Fv, scFv and F(ab')₂.
 - 9. The conjugate of claim 8 wherein the antibody fragment is F(ab')₂.
 - 10. The conjugate of claim 1 wherein the antibody fragment is covalently attached to no more than about 10 nonproteinaceous polymer molecules.
- The conjugate of claim 10 wherein the antibody fragment is covalently attached to no more than about 5 nonproteinaceous polymer molecules.

12. The conjugate of claim 11 wherein the antibody fragment is covalently attached to no more than about 2 nonproteinaceous polymer molecules.

- 13. The conjugate of claim 12 wherein the antibody fragment is attached to no more than 1 nonproteinaceous polymer molecule.
 - 14. The conjugate of claim 12, wherein the antibody fragment comprises a heavy chain and a light chain derived from a parental antibody, wherein in the parental antibody the heavy and light chains are covalently linked by a disulfide bond between a cysteine residue in the light chain and a cysteine residue in the heavy chain, wherein in the antibody fragment the cysteine residue in the light or heavy chain is substituted with another amino acid and the cysteine residue in the opposite chain is covalently linked to a nonproteinaceous polymer molecule.
- 15. The conjugate of claim 8 wherein the antibody fragment is selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab' and Fab'-SH.
 - 16. The conjugate of claim 15 wherein the antibody fragment is covalently attached to no more than 1 nonproteinaceous polymer molecule.
- 20 17. The conjugate of claim 16 wherein the nonproteinaceous polymer molecule in the conjugate is covalently attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment.
 - 18. The conjugate of claim 1 wherein the nonproteinaceous polymer is a polyethylene glycol (PEG).
 - 19. The conjugate of claim 18 wherein the PEG has an average molecular weight of at least about 20 kD.
- The conjugate of claim 19 wherein the PEG has an average molecular weight of at least about 40 kD.
 - 21. The conjugate of claim 20 wherein the PEG is a single chain molecule.
 - 22. The conjugate of claim 20 wherein the PEG is a branched chain molecule.

25

WO[.]98/37200 PCT/US98/03337

23. The conjugate of claim 19, wherein the conjugate contains no more than one antibody fragment, and wherein the antibody fragment is a F(ab')₂ and is covalently attached to no more than about 2 PEG molecules.

- The conjugate of claim 19, wherein the conjugate contains no more than one antibody fragment, and wherein the antibody fragment is selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab' and Fab'-SH and is covalently attached to no more than one PEG molecule.
- The conjugate of claim 24 wherein the PEG molecule is covalently attached to the hinge region of the antibody fragment.
 - 26. The conjugate of claim 1 wherein the antibody fragment has an antigen binding site that binds to human IL-8.
- 15 27. The conjugate of claim 26, wherein the conjugate contains no more than one antibody fragment, wherein the antibody fragment is selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab' and Fab'-SH, wherein the antibody fragment is covalently attached to no more than one nonproteinaceous polymer molecule, and wherein the nonproteinaceous polymer molecule is a polyethylene glycol having an actual molecular weight of at least about 30 kD.

20

- 28. The conjugate of claim 1 wherein the antibody fragment is humanized.
- 29. The conjugate of claim 1 wherein the conjugate contains no more than one antibody fragment.

- 30. A composition comprising the conjugate of claim 1 and a carrier.
- 31. The composition of claim 30 that is sterile.
- 32. A conjugate formed by one or more antibody fragments covalently attached to one or more nonproteinaceous polymer molecules, wherein the apparent size of the conjugate is at least about 500 kD, and wherein the molecular structure of the conjugate is free of other matter.
- 33. A conjugate formed by one or more antibody fragments covalently attached to one or more nonproteinaceous polymer molecules, wherein the apparent size of the conjugate is at least about 500 kD, wherein the antibody fragment incorporates a nonproteinaceous label free of any polymer, and wherein the molecular structure of the conjugate is free of other matter.

34. The conjugate of claim 33 wherein the nonproteinaceous label is a radiolabel.

35. A polypeptide selected from the group consisting of: (1) a polypeptide that is an anti-IL-8 monoclonal antibody or antibody fragment comprising a light chain amino acid sequence comprising the complementarity determining regions of the light chain polypeptide amino acid sequence of Fig. 36; and (2) a polypeptide that is an anti-IL-8 monoclonal antibody or antibody fragment comprising a light chain amino acid sequence comprising the complementarity determining regions of the light chain polypeptide amino acid sequence of Fig. 45.

10

5

- 36. The polypeptide of claim 35, wherein the light chain amino acid sequence comprises the complementarity determining regions of the light chain polypeptide amino acid sequence of Fig. 45.
- 37. The polypeptide of claim 35 that further comprises a heavy chain amino acid sequence comprising the complementarity determining regions of the heavy chain polypeptide amino acid sequence of Figs. 37A-37B.
 - 38. The polypeptide of claim 35 wherein the light chain amino acid sequence is selected from the group consisting of: (1) a light chain amino acid sequence comprising amino acids 1-219 of the light chain polypeptide amino acid sequence of Fig. 36; and (2) a light chain amino acid sequence comprising amino acids 1-219 of the light chain polypeptide amino acid sequence of Fig. 45.
 - 39. The polypeptide of claim 38 wherein the light chain amino acid sequence comprises amino acids 1-219 of the light chain amino acid sequence of Fig. 45.

25

- 40. The polypeptide of claim 38 that further comprises a heavy chain amino acid sequence comprising amino acids 1-230 of the heavy chain polypeptide amino acid sequence of Figs. 37A-37B.
- The polypeptide of claim 40, wherein the heavy chain amino acid sequence is fused at its

 C-terminus to a leucine zipper amino acid sequence.
 - 42. The polypeptide of claim 41, wherein the leucine zipper sequence comprises amino acids 231-275 of the heavy chain polypeptide amino acid sequence of Figs. 37A-37B.
- 35 43. The polypeptide of claim 35 that is an antibody fragment selected from the group consisting of Fab, Fab', Fab'-SH, Fv, scFv and F(ab') 2.

44. The polypeptide of claim 38 that is a F(ab') 2 antibody fragment, wherein the antibody fragment comprises a first heavy chain amino acid sequence and a second heavy chain amino acid sequence each comprising amino acids 1-238 of the heavy chain polypeptide amino acid sequence of Figs. 37A-37B, and wherein each of the Cys residues at positions 231 and 234 in the first heavy chain amino acid sequence is in a disulfide linkage with the identical Cys residue in the second heavy chain amino acid sequence.

- 45. The polypeptide of claim 38 that is a Fab' or Fab'-SH antibody fragment, wherein the antibody fragment comprises a heavy chain amino acid sequence comprising amino acids 1-233 of the heavy chain polypeptide amino acid sequence of Fig. 53.
- 46. The polypeptide of claim 35 that is an antibody.

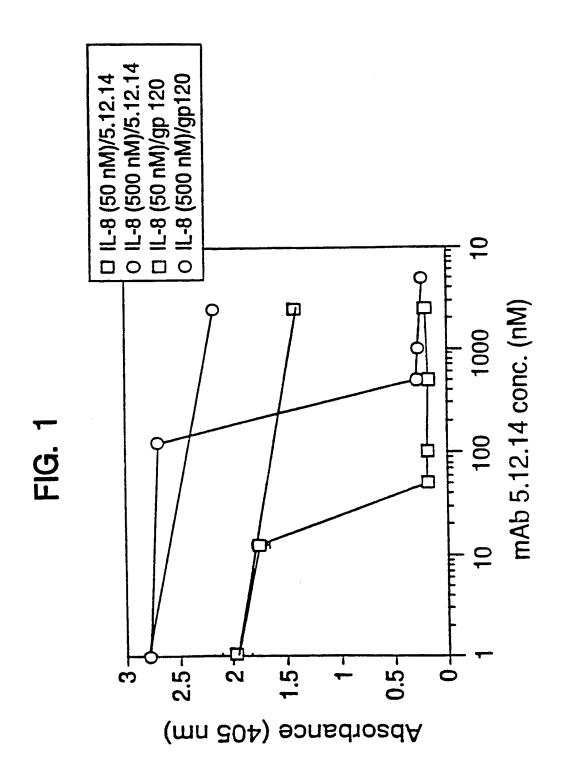
5

10

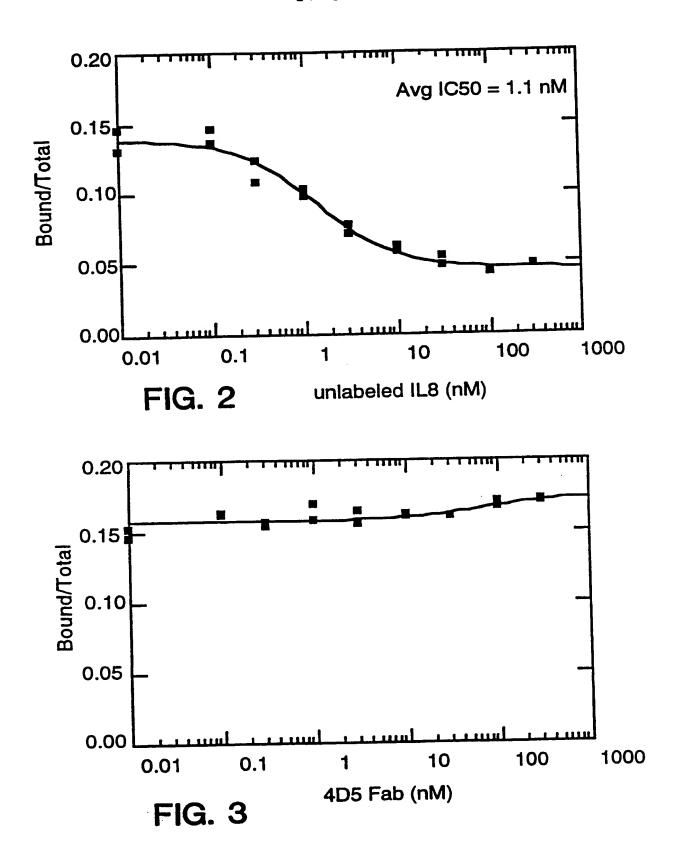
15

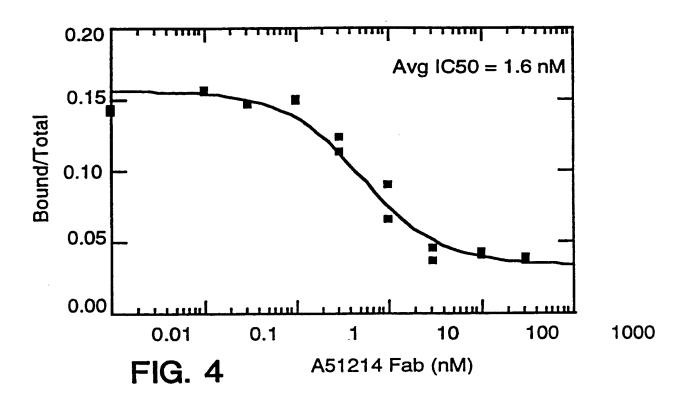
20

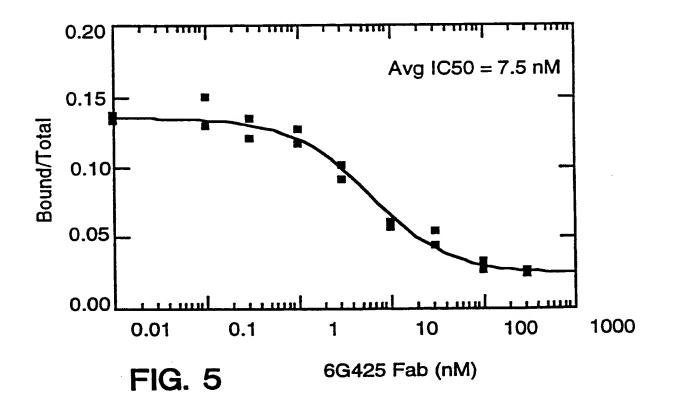
- 47. A nucleic acid molecule that comprises a nucleic acid sequence encoding the polypeptide of claim 35.
- 48. An expression vector comprising the nucleic acid molecule of claim 47 operably linked to control sequences recognized by a host cell transfected with the vector.
 - 49. A host cell comprising the vector of claim 48.
- 50. A method of producing a polypeptide, comprising culturing the host cell of claim 49 under conditions wherein the nucleic acid sequence is expressed, thereby producing the polypeptide, and recovering the polypeptide from the host cell.
 - 51. A composition comprising the polypeptide of claim 35 and a carrier.
 - 52. The composition of claim 51 that is sterile.



SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)







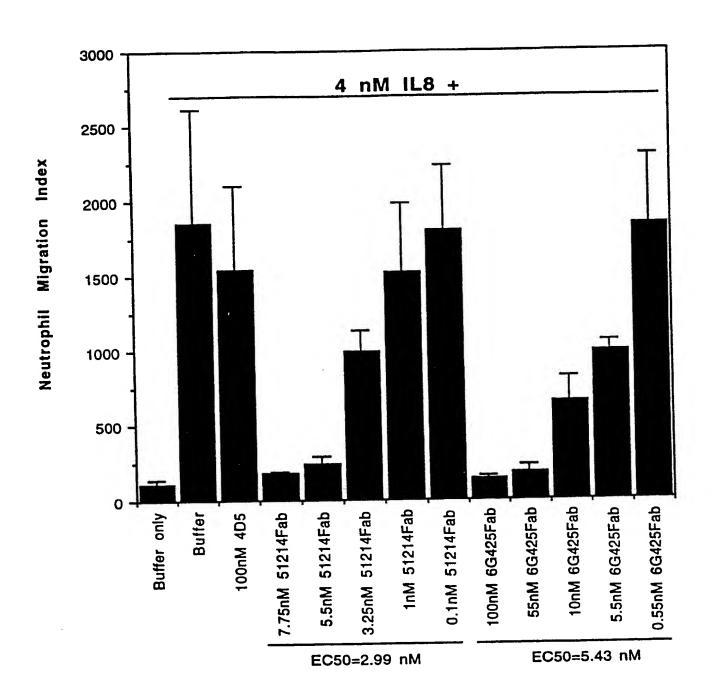


FIG. 6

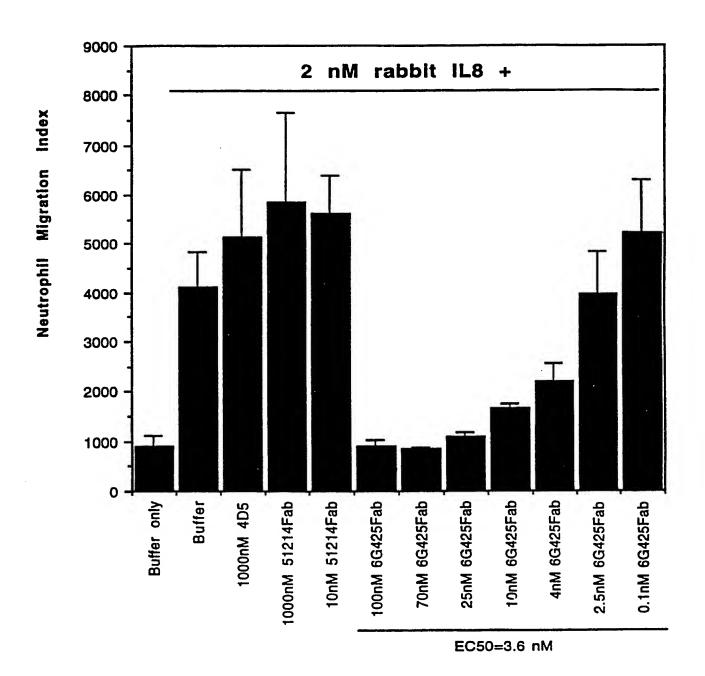
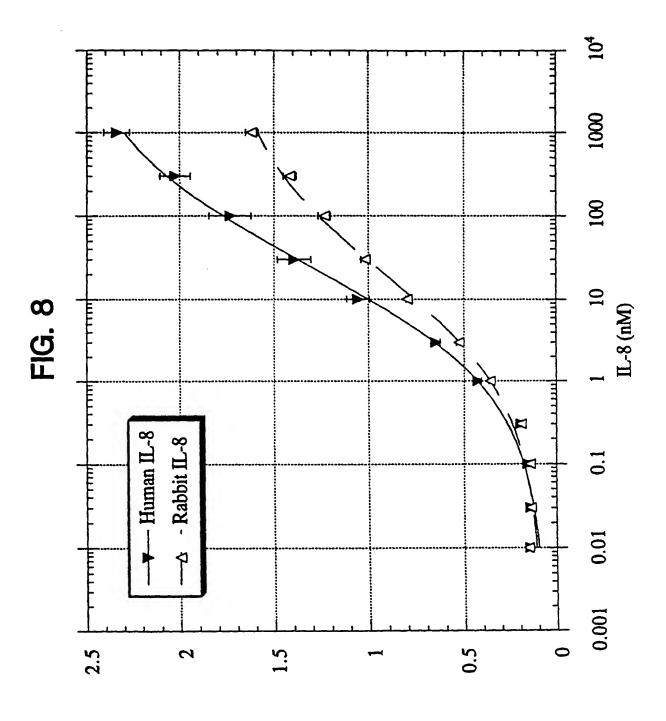
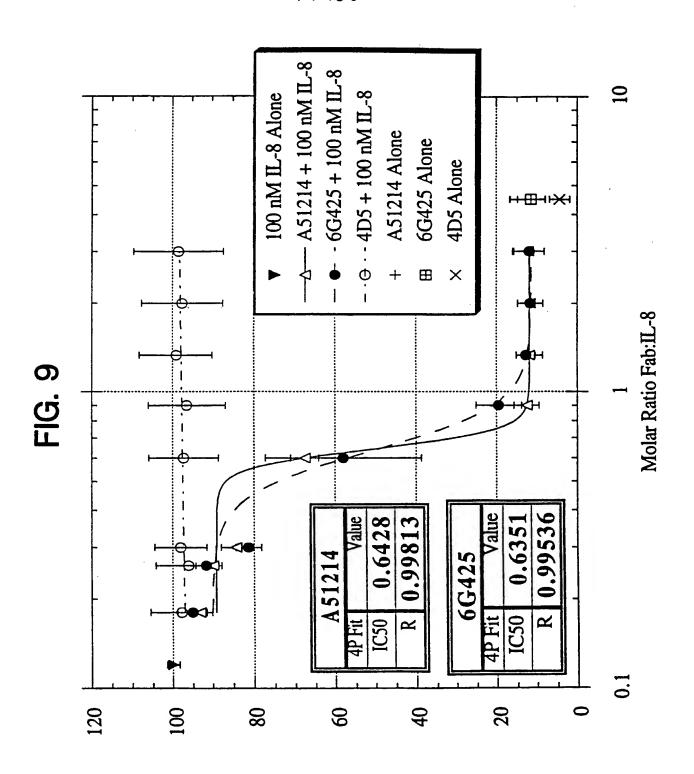


FIG. 7

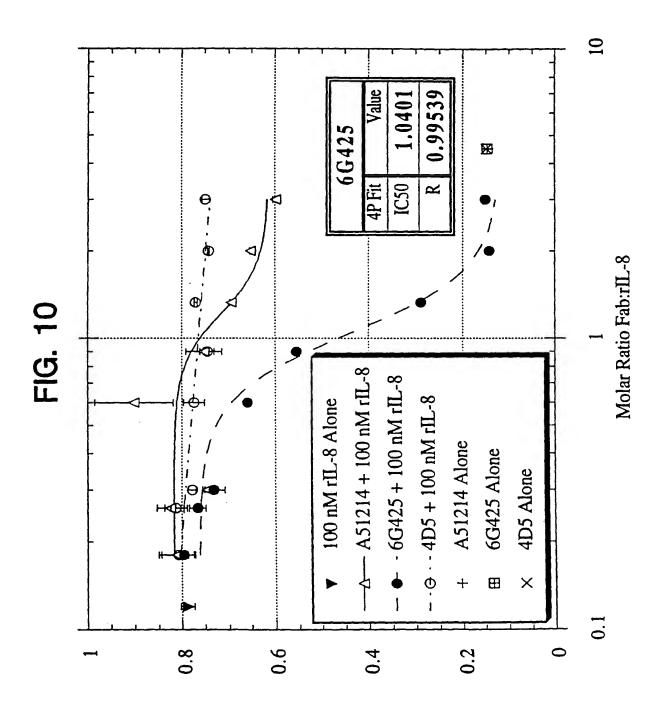


Absorbance (405 nm)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

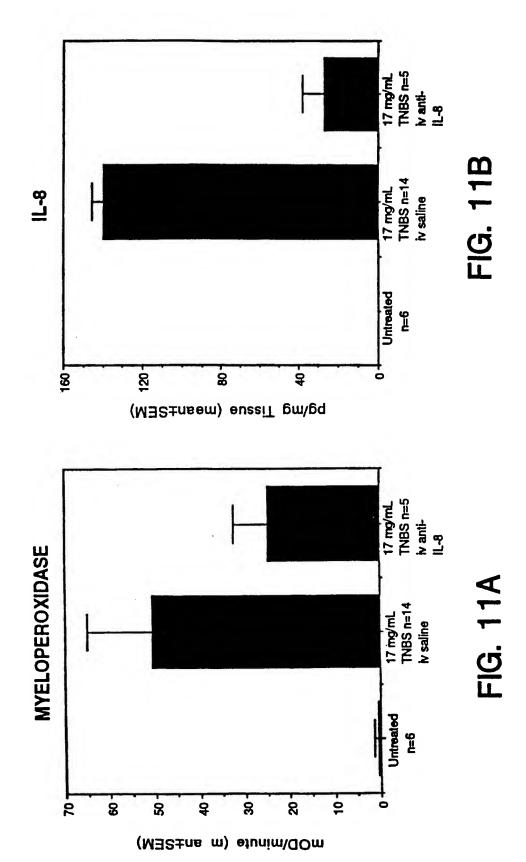


% IL-8-Stimulated Elastase Release

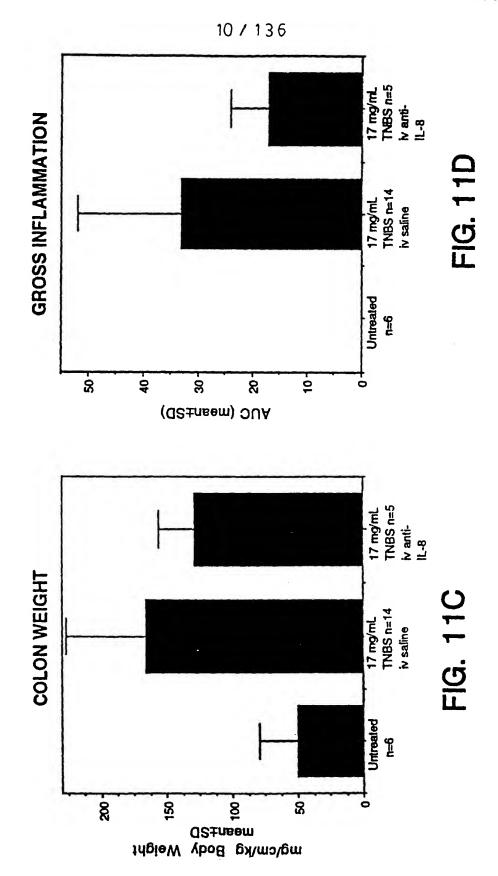


0, ,50

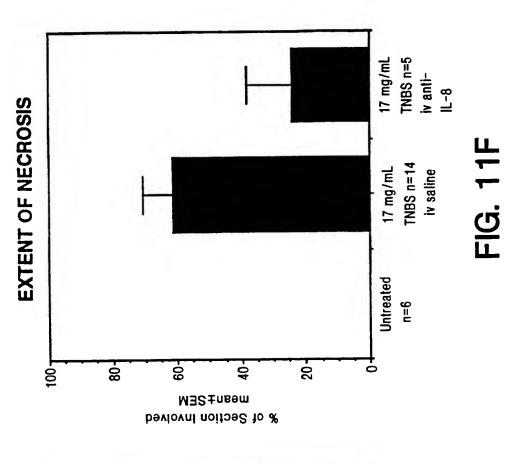
Absorbance (405 nm)

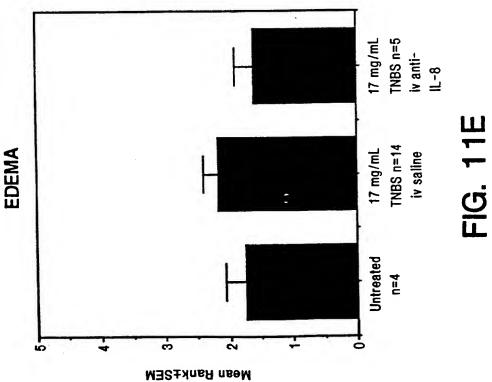


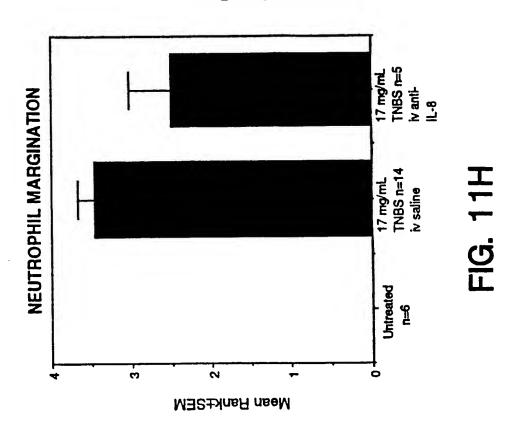
SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

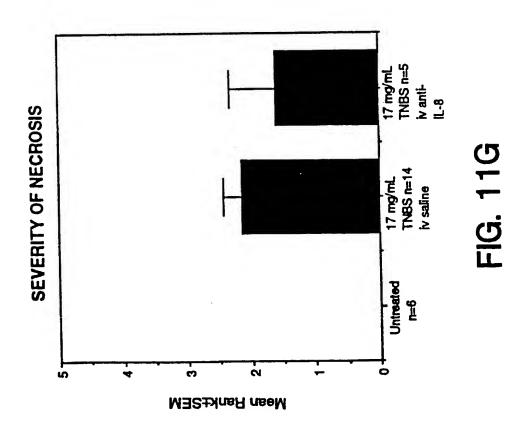


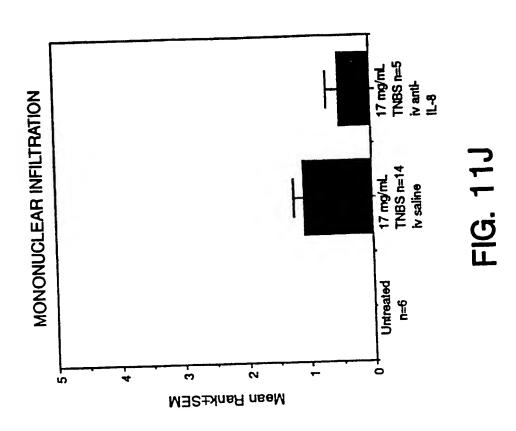
SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

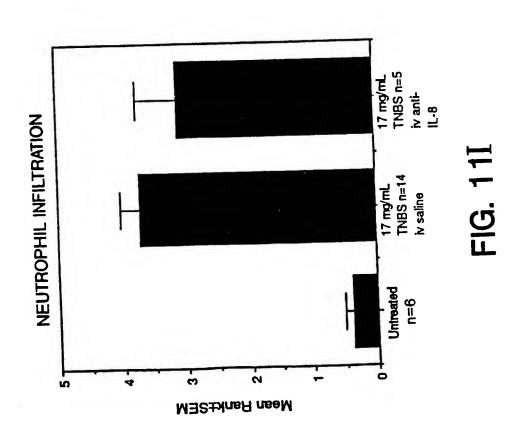




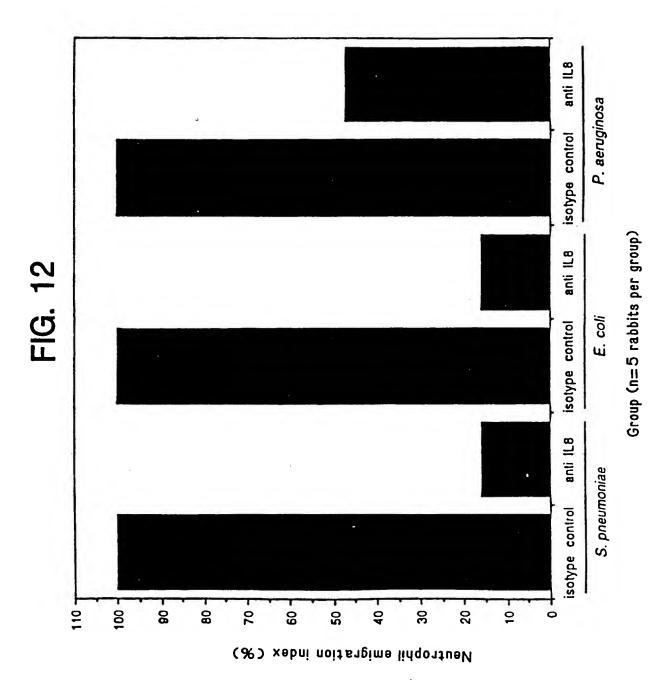








SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)



SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

Light Cha	in Primers:		
MKLC-1, 2	2mer	FIG. 1	3
5' C	AGTCCAACTGTTCA	.GGACGCC	3'
MKLC-2, 2	2mer		
5' 0	TGCTGCTCATGCTG	TAGGTGC	3'
MKLC-3, 2	23mer	·	
5' (SAAGTTGATGTCTTC	STGAGTGG	C 3'
Heavy Cha	ain Primers:		
IGG2AC-1	, 24mer		
5'	GCATCCTAGAGTCA	CCGAGGAG	CC 3
IGG2AC-2	, 22mer		
5'	CACTGGCTCAGGGA	AATAACCC	3'
IGG2AC-3	, 22mer		
5 '	CCACACCTGGGAAG	GTGTGCA	2 3 '

FIG. 14

A

Light chain forward primer

SL001A-2 35 mer

5' ACAAACGCGTACGCT GACATCGTCATGACCCAGTC 3' T T T

Light chain reverse primer

SL001B 37 mer

5' GCTCTTCGAATG GTGGGAAGATGGATACAGTTGGTGC 3

Heavy chain forward primer

FIG. 15

SL002B 39 mer

5' CGATGGGCCCGG ATAGACCGATGGGGCTGTTGTTTTGGC 3'

G

A

Heavy chain reverse primer

SL002B 39-MER

5' CGATGGGCCCGG ATAGACCGATGGGGCTGTTGTTTTGGC 3'

 \mathbf{T}

A

G

GTAGAAGGGT

CATCTTCCCA

ACGGGCTGAT GCTGCACCAC CAACTGTATC

CGACGTGGTG GTTGACATAG

TGCCCGACTA

ACCTCAACTT

CCCTGGTTCG

回

101

GGGACCAAGC TGGAGTTGAA

301

>

K

ø

GTCCCAGTCG CAGGGTCAGC TCAAAAATTC ATGTCCACAT CAGTAGGAGA AGTTTTTAAG TACAGGTGTA GTCATCCTCT ტ ഗ × Ø ACTGTGTCAG 1 GACATTGTCA TGACACAGTC CTGTAACAGT >

GAATGTGGGT ACTAATGTAG CCTGGTATCA ACAGAAACCA TGTCTTTGGT GGACCATAGT TGATTACATC CTTACACCCA GTCACCTGCA AGGCCAGTCA CAGTGGACGT TCCGGTCAGT

61

A *

CDR #1

TCAGGGACTA AGTCCCTGAT GATTTACTCG TCATCCTACC GGTACAGTGG CTAAATGAGC AGTAGGATGG CCATGTCACC ß 121 GGGCAATCTC CTAAAGCACT CCCGTTAGAG GATTTCGTGA

ACACGTCAGA TGGGACAGAT TTCACTCTCA CCATCAGCCA TGTGCAGTCT ACCCTGTCTA AAGTGAGAGT GGTAGTCGGT CGTCACCTAG GCAGTGGATC CGCTTCACAG GCGAAGTGTC

ᄓ

Ω

U

Ö

Ŋ

E

Œı

GTTCGGTCCT CAAGCCAGGA CAGACTATIT CIGICAGCAA TATAACAICT AICCICICAC TAGGAGAGTG ATATTGTAGA GACAGTCGTT GTCTGATAAA GAAGACTTGG CTTCTGAACC 241

CDR

BstBI

GGTAAGCTT CCATTCGAA 361

Ŀ

121

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

1	TTC	TAT'	rgct	AC	AAA	CGC	GT	ACGC	'TGA	GGT	GCA	GCT	GGTG	GA	TC'	rgg	GG	GAGG	CTT.	AGT
_	AAG	ATA	ACGA	TG'	TTT	GCG	CA	TGC	ACT	CCA	CGI	CGA	CCAC	CT	CAG	ACC	CC	CTCC	GAA	TCA
1									E	V	Q		v	E				G		V
									•											
61	GCC	GCC	TGGA	GG	GTC	CCT	ĠΑ	AACI	CTC	CTG	TGC	AGC	CTCT	GG.	ATT	CAT	ΑT	TCAG	TAG	TTA
-	CGG	CGG	ACCT	CC	CAG	GGA	CT	TTGA	GAG	GAC	ACG	TCG	GAGA	CC	TAA	GTA	TA	AGTC	ATC.	AAT
13				G	s	L	K	L	S	С	A	A	S	G		I	F	S	S	_ <u>Y</u>
	-	-	_	_	_														*	*
																CD	R #	1		
121	тсс	САТ	GTCT	TG	GGT	TCG	CC	AGAC	TCC	AGG	CAA	GAG	CCTG	GA	GTT	GGT	CG	CAAC	CAT	TAA
	ACC	CTA	CAGA	AC	CCA	AGC	GG	TCTC	AGG	TCC	GTI	CTC	GGAC	CT	CAA	CCA	GC	GTTG	GTA	ATT
33		M	S			R			P		К	S	L	E	L		A	${f T}$	I	N
33	*	*	*	••	•	• •	×	-	-	_			_					*	*	*
1 2 1	ממיד	ממיד	ጥርርጥ	GA	ጥልር	CAC	СТ	ATT	ATCO	AGA	CAG	TGT	GAAG	GG	CCG	ATT	CA	CCAT	CTC	CCG
101	א שייי	ידידי	ACCA	CT	ATC	GTG	GA	TAAT	AGO	TCT	GTC	ACA	CTTC	CC	GGC	TAA	GT	GGTA	.GAG	GGC
53		N		D	s	T	Y	Y	P	D	s	V	ĸ	G	R	F	T	I	S	R
20	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*							
						CDR	# :	2												
						CD .		-												
241	AGA	CAA	TGCC	AA	GAA	CAC	CC	TGT	ACCI	rgca	PAA	GAG	CAGT	CT	GAA	GTC	TG	AGGA	CAC	AGC
241	ייטיי	יה שבי	ACGG	արդեր	CTT	GTG	GG	ACA	rGGZ	CGT	TTF	CTC	GTCA	GA	CTT	CAG	AC	TCCI	'GTG	TCG
73		N	A	ĸ	N	T	L		L		M	S	S		K	S		D	${f T}$	A
	_					_	_			_										
301	CAT	'GTT	TTAC	TG	TGC	:AAG	AG	CCC.	rca?	TAG	TTC	GGC	TACT	TG	GTT	TGG	\mathbf{TT}	ACTO	GGG	CCA
	GTA	CAA	AATG	AC	ACG	TTC	TC	GGG	AGT	AATC	AAC	CCG	ATGA	AC	CAA	ACC	AA	TGAC	:CCC	GGT
93		F		С			Α	L	_	S	S	_A_	T	W	F	G	Y	W	G	Q
-							*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*			
										C	DR #	3								
361	AGG	GAC	TCTG	GT	CAC	TGI	CT	CTG	CAG	CCAA	AAC	CAAC	AGCC	CC	ATC	TGI	'CT			
	TCC	CTG	AGAC	CA	GTC	BACA	AGA	GAC	GTC(GGTT	TTC	TTE	TCGG	GG	TAG	ACA	GA			
113		T	L	V	\mathbf{T}	v	S	A			T	T	A	P	S		Y			
	_	_		•																
			ApaI	•																
411	Li	ATC	Apal CGGG	•																
411			-	•										=14	G.	1	7	1		

FIG. 18

VL.front	31-MER		
5' ACAA <u>ACGCGT</u> VL.rear 31-M	CACGCT <u>GATATC</u> GTCATGACAG ER	3'	
5' GCAGCATCAC	GCTC <u>TTCGAA</u> GCTCCAGCTTGG	3 '	
VH.front.SPE	21-MER		
5' CC <u>ACTAGT</u> AC	CGCAAGTTCACG	3 '	
VH.rear 33-M	ER		
	TITTE CONCERN COCTOCO A CACACA CA	'C	3

216

1	ATC	OAA; OTT:	AAG Yrt:	GA .	TATA ATAT	GCG1	'AA'	TČTT AGAA	IGAA	GCA CGT	AGA	TAC	AAG		AAAAA	rtci Aagi S	TAT ATA	TGCT ACGI	raca argi T	
-23	M	K	K	N	I	A	F	L	L	A	S	M	F	V	F	5	T	A	.1.	14
61	GCC	OATE STAC	GCT GCG/	rg AC	ATATA ATAT	GCAC	STA	CTGI	rgtc	AGA	GTT	"I"I"I	'AAC	rr 4	ACAG	GIG	ATC FAG S	ICH	AGGA ICCI G	CIG
_	A					V		T			Q		_	M	S	T	_	•		_
121	AGC	GTC	CAGO	CG GC	TCAC AGTG	CTG(CAA TTE	GGC	CAGT	GTC	TTA	CAC	CCF	ZI. A	GATT	MCM	ICG	GAC	CALL	1011
18	R				Т	С	K *	A *	<u>\$</u>	*	<u>N</u> *	V *	<u>G</u> *	<u>T</u>	<u>N</u>	V- *	A *	W	1	Q
181	CAC	SAA:	ACC.	AG	GGCA CCGT	ATC'	rcc Acc	TAAT	AGC <i>I</i> rcg1	CTG	ATT)ATT	CTC(SAG(ST CA	CATC GTAG	CTA GAT	CCG	GTA CAT	CAG! GTC!	rgga Acct
38	Q						P	ĸ	A	L	I	Y	<u>s</u> *	<u>s</u> *	*	Y *	*	¥	\$ *	G
241	GT	CCC'	ľGA'	TC	GCTT CGAA	CAC	AGG	CAG	TGG!	ATCT	GGG	GAC	AGA!	PT N	TCAC	TCT	CAC	CAT	CAG GTC	CCAT
ΕO	CA(TCC G		ACC'. G	raga S	G	T	D	F	AGIC T	L	T	I	S	Н
	-					_	_	_	_							~~~		maa	man	CACC
301	GT	GCA	GTC	TG	AAGA TTCI	CTT	GGC	AGA	CTA!	PTTC	TG:	CA(GCA. CCT'	AT TA	ATAP TPATT	CA'I CTÀ	CTA GAT	AGG	AGA	GTGC
70	CA V				TTCI			D	GA12 Y	F	C	Q	Q	<u> </u>	N_	I	Y	Р	Ŀ	_T
76	V	V	3			_		_	_			*	*	*	*			*	*	*
									_							CDF	t #3			
261	mm		m~~	·mc	GGAC	ממיי	CCT	GGA	CCT	stBI TCGA	AG	AGC	TGT	GG	CTG	CACC	ATC	TGT	CTT	CATC
201	AA	GCC	AGG	AC	CCTC	GTI	CGA	CCT	CGA	AGCT	TC'	TCG	ACA	CC	GACC	عاقا لا و	TAG	MC	<i>i</i> Gwa	GING
98	F					K	L	E	L	R	R	A	V	A	A	P	S	V	F	I
		~~~	~~~		OBOT	77 A 77		ת מים	-	מבאמידי	-cc	TTTC	ACG	AA	GAC	TACE	ソハハし	961	1000	GAAT
118	F	P	P	S	D	E	Q	$oldsymbol{L}$	K	S	G	T	A	S	V	V	C	ь	ם	14
	ma	V73.3	CAR	n 2 C	CCTC	പ്പാപ്പ	יירכים	വസി	<b>ሻግ</b> ግ	ጥርጥር	AC	CTT	CCA	CC	TAT"	TGC	الافافاذ		TIMO	GGGT CCCA
					R															
	~~	~~~	1000	1100	mcm/	~~~		ווייים ו	יירכיז	<b>ሃ</b> ርጥን	: ጥር	יכידים	rCC1	GT	CGT	GGA.	エピエィ	. نوي	WG T (	CAGC
158	N	S	Q	E	S	V	T	E	Q	D	S	K	D	S	T	Y	S	L	5	S
	-	.~~1		~~~	3 CM		TOTOC	י אוריני	የሚያ	<u>የር</u> ርጥ(	ויית י	TTC'	rG'I"	"TC	AGA	160	ハハシシ	. <b>.</b> .	TICE	CACC AGTGG
178	3 T	L	T	I	S	K	A	D	Y	E	K	H	K	V	Y	A	С	E	· V	T
	C	ראכי	TCC	CCC	TGA	CCA	CCCC	GC	AGTO	TTTE	TY	<b>GA</b>	AGT.	ľGT	CCC	CIC	TCA	<u>ن</u>		
198	B <i>H</i>	Q	G	1	S	S	P	V	T	K	S	F'	N	R	. (	, E				
71	1	цщ	AA										F							

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

1					TTTTTTCTAT AAAAAAGATA	
-23	M K K N	I A F	L L A	S M F V	FSI	ATN
61					TAGTGCCGCC ATCACGGCGG	
-3	A Y A E	V Q L	V E S	GGGL	V P P	G G S
121					GTTATGGCAT CAATACCGTA	
18	L K L S	C A A	S <u>G F</u>	I F S S	<u>Y</u> G M	S W V
				CDR #1		
181					TTAATAATAA	
2.0				V A T I	AATTATTATT N N N	
38	RQTP	G K S	L E L	V A T I	* * *	<u>G</u> D S
241					CCCGAGACAA	
E 0		D S V	CTTCCCGGCT K G R	AAGTGGTAGA F T I S	GGGCTCTGTT R D N	ACGGTTCTTG A K N
58	T Y Y P	* * *	*	r 1 1 5	K D N	AAA
	CDR #2	2				
301					CAGCCATGTT	
7.0				AGACTCCTGT S E D T	GTCGGTACAA A M F	AATGACACGT Y C A
78	TLLL	Q M S	S L K	5 E D 1	AMF	i C A
361	AGAGCCCTCA	TTAGTTCGGC	TACTTGGTTT	GGTTACTGGG	GCCAAGGGAC	TCTGGTCACT
	TCTCGGGAGT			CCAATGACCC	CGGTTCCCTG	
98	R A L I			<u>G</u> Y W G	QGT	L V T
	* * *	* * *	* * *	* *		
		CDR #3	ApaI			
421	GTCTCTGCAG	CCTCCACCAA	-	GTCTTCCCCC	TGGCACCCTC	CTCCAAGAGC
	CAGAGACGTC	GGAGGTGGTT	CCCGGGTAGC	CAGAAGGGGG	ACCGTGGGAG	GAGGTTCTCG
118	V S A A	S T K	G P S	V F P L	A P S	S K S
481					ACTACTTCCC TGATGAAGGG	
138					Y F P	
170			<b>1</b> 0 c			
541					ACACCTTCCC	
1 6 0					TGTGGAAGGG T F P	
TOR	T V S W	14 2 G	A L T	S G V H	1 F P	A V LI
601					TGCCCTCCAG ACGGGAGGTC	
178					P S S	
	± 5 5 0	5				

## FIG. 20A

- 661 ACCCAGACCT ACATCTGCAA CGTGAATCAC AAGCCCAGCA ACACCAAGGT GGACAAGAAA TGGGTCTGGA TGTAGACGTT GCACTTAGTG TTCGGGTCGT TGTGGTTCCA CCTGTTCTTT 198 T Q T Y I C N V N H K P S N T K V D K K
- 721 GTTGAGCCCA AATCTTGTGA CAAAACTCAC ACATGA CAACTCGGGT TTAGAACACT GTTTTGAGTG TGTACT 218 V E P K S C D K T H T O

**=10** 00**F** 

FIG. 20B

Light Cl	hain Primers:	
MKLC-1,	22mer	
5 '	CAGTCCAACTGTTCAGGACGCC 3'	
MKLC-2,	22mer	
5'	GTGCTGCTCATGCTGTAGGTGC 3'	
MKLC-3,	23mer	
5 '	GAAGTTGATGTCTTGTGAGTGGC	3 '
•	hain Primers: 1, 24mer	
5 '	GCATCCTAGAGTCACCGAGGAGCC	3 '
IGG2AC-	2, 22mer	
5 '	CACTGGCTCAGGGAAATAACCC 3'	
IGG2AC-	3, 22mer	
5 '	GGAGAGCTGGGAAGGTGTGCAC 3'	
	FIG. 21	

Light chain forward primer

6G4.light.Nsi 36-MER

5' CCAATGCATACGCT GAC ATC GTG ATG ACC CAG ACC CC 3'
T T T T
A A

Light chain reverse primer

6G4.light.Mun 35-MER

5' AGA TGT CAA TTG CTC ACT GGA TGG TGG GAA GAT GG 3'

FIG. 22

Heavy chain forward primer

6G4.heavy.Mlu 32-MER

5' CAAACGCGTACGCT GAG ATC CAG CTG CAG CAG 3'

T C

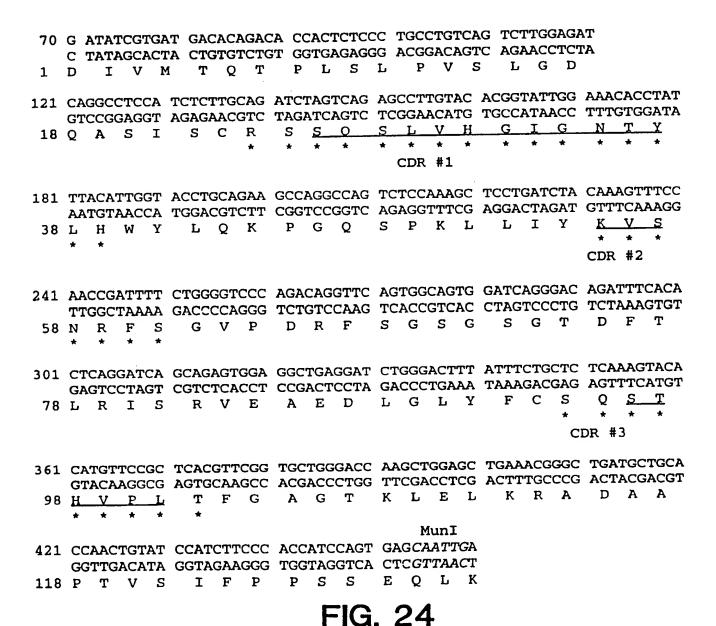
Heavy chain reverse primer

\$L002B 39-MER

5' CGATGGGCCCGG ATAGACCGATGGGGCTGTTGTTTTGGC 3'

T
A
G

FIG. 23



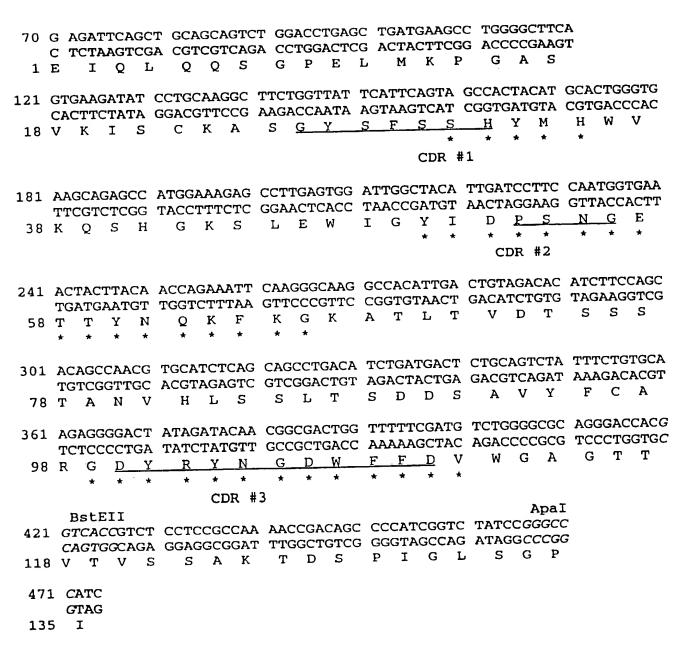


FIG. 25

5' CTTGGTGGAGGCGGAGACG 3'

Mutagenesis Primer for 6G425VL

DS/VF 38MER

5' GAAACGGGCTGTTGCTGCACCAACTGTATTCATCTTCC 3'

SYN.BstEII 31 MER

5' GTCACCGTCT CCTCCGCCTC CACCAAGGGC C 3'

SYN.Apa 22 MER

5' CTTGGTGGAGGCGGAGGACG 3'

FIG. 26

								3 (	, ,	130										
1	ATG	AAC	AAE	GA .	ATATO	CGCA	TT	TCTI	CTI	rgca	TCI	PTA	TTC	G 1	TTTT1	TCI	TA	TGCI	'ACA	AAT
	TAC	TTC	CTTC	$\mathtt{CT}$	TATAC	GCGI	'AA'	AGA	AGA	ACGT	AGA	ATAC	CAAC	SC .	<b>AAAA</b>	<b>AAG</b>	ATA	ACGA	TGT	TTA
					I						_				F		I	A	_	N
61	GCA CGT	ATA YTA'	CGC'	TG AC	TATATO	CGTG	TA	GACZ CTG	ACA( IGT(	GACA CTGT	CCI GGT	CTC CGAC	TCC AGC	CC SG	TGCC' ACGG	rgt( ACA(	CAG	TCT1	rgga ACCI	GAT CTA
-3	A					v			Q		P	L	S	L	P	V	S	L	G	D
1 2 1	C		7M/7/	~ 3	TCTC	ኮጥረረ	ימכי	a ጥር '	ኮልርና	דראה	AGO	ירים:	rgt <i>i</i>	AC.	ACGG'	rat:	rgg	AAAC	CACC	TAT
121	GTC	:CG(	JAG(	GT	AGAG	AACC	TC	TAG	ATC	AGTC	TC	3GA	CAT	ľG	TGCC	ATA	ACC	TTTC	STGC	ATA
18	Q				S		R	S	<u>s</u>	0	<u>s</u> _	L_	<u> </u>	<u>H</u>	G_	_I_	<u>G</u>	_N	<u>T</u>	<u> </u>
							*	*	*	*	*	*	* #1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
											(	CDR	# T							
181	TTA	CA'	rtg	GT	ACCT	GCAC	SAA	GCC.	AGG	CCAG	TC	rcc <i>i</i>	AAA	3C	TCCT	GAT	CTA	CAA	AGTT	TCC
	LAA!	rg <b>T</b> .	AAC	CA	TGGA	CGT	CTT	CGG'	TCC	GGTC	AG	AGG:	rtt	CG	AGGA	CTA	GAT	GTT'	rca.	AAGG
38	L	Н	W	Y	L	Q	K	P	G	Q	S	P	K	Ь	L	I	Y	*	<u>v</u>	<u>.5</u>
	*	*																CDR	#2	
241	AAC	CCG.	АТТ	ТT	CTGG	GGT	CCC	AGA	CAG	GTTC	AG	TGG	CAG'	rg	GATC	AGG	GAC	AGA'	TTTC	CACA
		_			GACC				GTC R		TC.	ACC( G	GTC	AC G	CTAG	TCC G	CTG T	TCT	AAA( F	TGT.
58	N *	R ⋆	F *	S *	G	V	Р	ט	R	r	3	G	3	G	3	•	•		•	•
301	CT	CAG	GAT	ĊA	GCAG CGTC	AGT	GGA	GGC	TGA	GGAT	CT	GGG.	ACT'	TT	ATTT	CTG	CTC	TCA.	AAG: TTC:	I'ACA ATGT
70	GA(					TCA( V		CCG	ACT	D	L	G	L	Y	F	C	S	Q	S	T
76	ם	А	1	3	K	v	_		_	_	_	_					*	*	*	*
																	C	DR #	3	
261			mac.		TCAC	·cmm	~~~	mc.c	ייייכר	יכאכר	ממ	ርርጥ	GGA	GC	ТСАА	ACG	GGC	TGT	TGC'	TGCA
361	CA'	TGT ACA	AGC DDA	.GC	AGTG	CAA	GCC	ACC	ACC	CTGG	TT	CGA	CCT	CG	ACTI	TGC	CCG	ACA	ACG	ACGT
98	H_	_	P	_L	T	F	G		G		K	L	E	L	K	R	A	V	A	A
	*	*	*	*	*															
					TCAT		000	200	3 N TO C	יים א פייני		CCN	אתית	מבוי	ል ልጥር	ነጥርር	אבר:	TGC	CTC	TGTT
	CC	ጥጥር	יסמי	<b>ፈጥ</b> ል	AGT	GAA	GGG	TGC	3TAC	GTCA	CI	CGT	'TAA	$^{\prime}$ CT	TTAC	BACC	TTG	ACC	GAG	ACAA
118	P	T	V	F	I	F	P	P	S	S	E	Q	L	K	S	G	T	A	S	v
481	GT	GTC	CC:	rgc	TGAZ ACT?	AAT! Turku	CTT. ממביי	CTY	ATC(	JCAGA PCTCT	י כיו	CCC	GTT	TC.	ATG	CAC	CTT	CCF	CCI	ATTG
138	CA V	CAC	J.GG2 L	ACG L	N	N	F	Y	P	R	E	A	K	v	Q	W	K	V	D	N
541	. GC	CC.	rcc	TAA	CGG	AATE	CTC	CC	AGG	AGAGI TOTO	r G1	LCA(	JAGA የጥርጣ	rcc rcc	AGG/	rca( rct(	SCAA CGTT	CCI	rgro	GTGG
159	CG	iGG≀ ⊺.	ŊĠĠ' ^	T.I.V	$G \subseteq G$	LAT'I N	GAG S	, GG. 0	E	S	V	T	E	Q	D	S	K	D	S	$oldsymbol{T}$
601	L TA	CA	GCC'	TCA	GCA	GCAC	CCT	GA	CGC'	TGAG	A	AAG(		ACT NC A	ACG.	AGA. mom	AAC <i>I</i> TUVZU	r CAI	ጓAGT የጥር ፤	CTAC
177	ra V	TOT	CGG.	AGI	CGT S	CGTC	3GG₽ r.	CT L	GCG.	ACTC(	יו כ א	TTC(	D.	.GA Y	E	K	H	K	v	AGATG Y
T \	I	3		-	, 3	-		_		~										

# FIG. 27A

CTCACAATT E C 0

218

721 GAGTGTTAA

661 GCCTGCGAAG TCACCCATCA GGGCCTGAGC TCGCCCGTCA CAAAGAGCTT CAACAGGGGAA GGGACGCTTC AGTGGGTAGT CCCGGACTCG AGCGGGCAGT GTTTCTCGAA GTTGTCCCCT 198 A C E V T H Q G L S S P V T K S F N R G

	TAC	TTT!	TTT'	CT	TATA	GCG	TAA	AGA	AGA/	ACGT	AGA	TAC	<b>:AAG</b>	C.	TTTT XAAAA	AAG	ATA	ACG	ATG:	AAAC ITTG 'N
-23							F						F	•	F	_			_	
61	GCC	OATE	CGC' GCG/	I'G AC	AGAT TCTA	TCA AGT	GCT CGA	CGT	CGT	CAGA	CCI	'GGA	CTC	:G	TGAT(	_1.I.C	فافات	ACC		MAGI
_			A		I	_			Q	_					M				A	
	CAC	CTTC	CTA'	AT TA	CCTG	GTT	CCG	AAG	ACC.	AATA	AGT	DAA	STCA	T	GCCA(	GAT	<i>3</i> TA	GCA CGT	CTG GAC W	CCAC
18	V	K	I	S	С	K	A	S	<u>G_</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>s_</u>	F	<u>S</u>	*	<u>H</u>	Y *	M *	*	*1	•
													CDF	<b>}</b>	1					
181	AAG	GCA(	GAG	CC	ATGG	AAA	GAG	CCT	TGA	GTGG	ATT	rgg(	CAT	CA.	TTGA	TCC'	TTC	CAA	TGG	TGAA
	TT	CGT	CTC	GG	TACC	TTT:	CTC	GGA	ACT	CACC	TAI	ACC(	SATO	T	AACT.	AGG.	AAG	GTT	ACC	ACTT
38	K	_	S	H		K	S	L	E	W	I	G	Y	I	D	<u>P</u>	_S	N_	<u>G</u>	E
													*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
															С	DR	#2			
241	AC'	TAC	ТТА	CA	ACC	GAZ	TTA	CAA	\GGG	CAAG	GC	CAC	YTTA	GΑ	CTGT	AGA	CAC	ATC	TTC	CAGC
	TG.	ATG	AAT	GT	TGG	CTI	AATT		CCC	GTTC	CG	GTG'	raac -	CT	GACA	TCT	GTG	TAG	AAG	GTCG
58	${f T}$	${f T}$	Y	N	Q	K	F	K	_	K	A	T	L	T	V	D	T	S	S	S
	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*											
301	AC.	AGC	CAA	.CG	TGC	ATC	rcag	CAC	CCI	GACA	TC	TGA'	TGA	СT	CTGC	AGT	CTA	TTI	CTC	TGCA
	TG	TCG	GTT	'GC	ACG'	rag <i>i</i>	AGTC	GTC	CGGA	CTGT	AG.	ACT.	ACT	GΑ	GACG	TCA	GAT	AAA	IGAC	CACGT
78	T	A	N	V	Н	L	S	S	L	T	S	D	D	S	A	V	Y	F	С	A
361	λG	AGG	CCA	רידי	ΑΤΑ	TAT	ACAA	CGC	GCG#	ACTGG	TT	TTT	CGA'	TG	TCTG	GGG	CGC	AGO	GAC	CACG
301	TC	TCC	CCI	'GA	TAT	CTA'	rgtt	GCC	CGCI	GACC	AA	AAA	GCT	AC	AGAC	CCC	:GCG	TCC	CTC	GTGC
98	R					Y		G	D	_W	F_	F	<u> D</u>	V		G	A	G	T	T
		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*						
						C	DR #	3												
421	GT	CAC	:CG1	rct	CCT	CCG	CCTC	CA	CCA	AGGGC	CC	ATC	GGT	СТ	TCCC	CCI	rGGC	AC	CT	CCTCC
	CA	GTG	GC	\GA	GGA	GGC	GGAG	GT	GGT.	rcccg	GG	TAG	CCA	GA	AGGC	3GG <i>P</i>	<b>YCC</b> G	TG	GA(	GGAGG
118	V	T	V	S	S	A	S	T	K	G	P	S	V	F	P	L	A	P	S	S
481	AA rr	GAG	CAC	CT	CTG	GGG	GCAC CGTG	AG	CGG(	CCTG	GG	CTG GAC	CCT CGA	GG .CC	TCA!	AGG <i>I</i>	ACTA [GAT	CT'	TCC(	CCGAA GGCTT
138	K	S	T	5	G	G	T	A	A	L	G	C	L	V	K	D	Y	F	P	E
541	CC	CGG	rga(	CGG	TGT	CGT	GGAA	CT	CAG	GCGCC	CI	GAC	CAG	CG	GCG!	rgc <i>i</i>	ACAC	CT	TCC	CGGCT
	GC	CC	ארידע	CCC	: ACA	GCA	CCTT	' GA	GTC	CGCGC	GA	CTC	GTC	:GC	CGC	ACG'	IGTO	GA	AGG	GCCGA
158	P	V	T	1	, s	N	N	S	G	A	L	T	S	G	V	H	T	F	P	A
601	L G	rcc:	rac	AG'	r cci	'CAG	GACT	CT	ACT	CCCT	C AC	CAC	GCG1	'GG	TGA	CCG'	TGCC	CT	CCA	GCAGC
	C	AGG	ATG'	TC	A GGA	GTC	CTGA	A GA	TGA	GGGAC	3 TC	GTC	CGCA	$^{\prime}CC$	: ACT	GGC/	<b>ACGC</b>	GA GA	GGT	CGTCG
178	3 V	L	Q	. 2	5 .5	5 G	L	¥	S	L	S	S	V	ı	T	V	P	S	S	S

## FIG. 28A

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

FIG. 28B

Z Ŋ AAGAAAGTTG AGCCCAAATC TTGTGACAAA ACTCACACAT GA TTCTTTCAAC TCGGGTTTAG AACACTGTTT TGAGTGTGTA CT H N H Ħ C N VCDK AAGAAAGTTG AGCCCAAATC T - Y - IД

ы

×

218

661 TTGGGCACCC AGACCTACAT CTGCAACGTG AATCACAAGC CCAGCAACAC CAAGGTGGAC

TCTGGATGTA

AACCCGTGGG

G

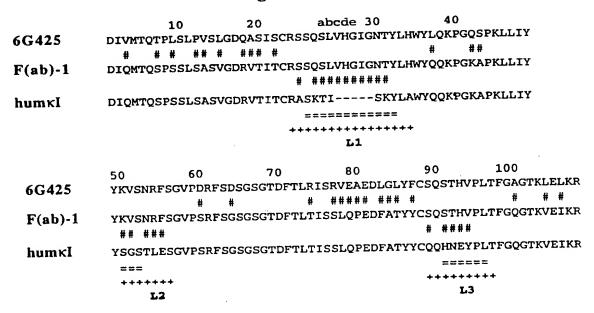
198

GACGITGCAC TIAGIGITCG GGICGITGIG GITCCACCIG

Q >

721

### Variable Light Chain Domain



### Variable Heavy Chain Domain

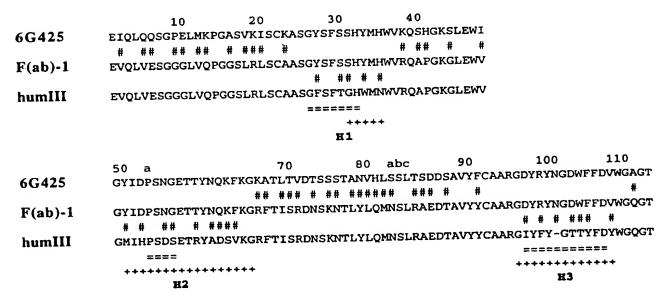
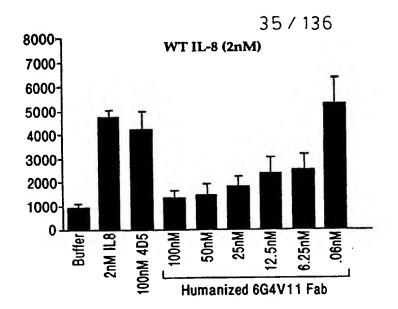


FIG. 29



**FIG. 30A** 

IC50~12nM

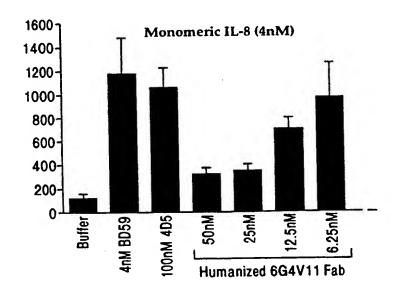


FIG. 30B

IC50~15nM

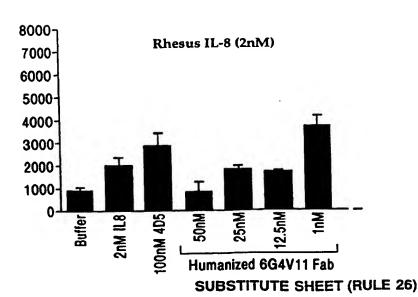


FIG. 30C

IC50~22nM

Amino Acid Sequence of the humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5V11 Light Chain

**AL**QSGNSQESVTEQDSKDSTYSLSSTLTLSKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNRG LHWYQQKPGKAPKLLIYKVSNRFSGVPSRFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSLQPEDFATYYCSQST HVPLTFGQGTKVEIKRTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLLNNFYPREAKVQWKVDN MKKNIAFLLASMFVFSIATNAYADIQMTQSPSSLSASVGDRVTITCRSSQSLVHGIGNTY

Amino Acid Sequence of the humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5V11 Heavy Chain

WVRQAPGKGLEWVGYIDPSNGETTYNQKFKGRFT**L**SRDNSKNT**A**YLQMNSLRAEDTAVYY CARGDYRYNGDWFFDVWGQGTLVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYF PEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTK MKKNIAFLLASMFVFSIATNAYAEVQLV $oldsymbol{Q}$ SGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGYSFSSHYMH VDKKVEPKSCDKTHT Amino Acid Sequence of the peptide linker and M13 Phage Coat (gene-III)

SGGGSGSGDFDYEKMANANKGAMTENADENALQSDAKGKLDSVATDYGAAIDGFIGDVS GLANGNGATGDFAGSSNSQMAQVGDGDNSPLMNNFRQYLPSLPQSVECRPFVFSAGKPY **EFSIDCDKINLFRGVFAFLLYVATFMYVFSTFANILRNKES** 

FIG. 31A

WO 98/37200 PCT/US98/0333

37 / 136

			TCTTCTTGCA			
	TACTTTTTCT		AGAAGAACGT			
-23	M K K N	IAF	LLA	S M F V	F S I	ATN
			GACCCAGTCC CTGGGTCAGG			
_	A Y A D		T Q S	P S S L	S A S	V G D
			GTCAAGTCAA CAGTTCAGTT			
	R V T I	T C R	S S Q	S L V H	G I G	N T Y
181			ACCAGGAAAA			
			TGGTCCTTTT			
	L H W Y			A P K L	LIY	K V S
241			TTCTCGCTTC			
	TTAGCTAAGA	GACCTCAGGG	AAGAGCGAAG	AGACCTAGGC	CAAGACCCTG	CCTAAAGTGA
58	N R F S	G V P	s R F	S G S G	SGT	D F T
301			GCCAGAAGAC CGGTCTTCTG			
70	L T I S			F A T Y		OST
		<b>-</b>				2
361			ACAGGGTACC			
			TGTCCCATGG			
	HVPL		~ '	K V E I		V A A
421			GCCATCTGAT			
	GGTAGACAGA	AGTAGAAGGG	CGGTAGACTA	CTCGTCAACT	TTAGACCTTG	ACGAAGACAA
118	P S V F	IFP	P S D	E Q L K	S G T	A S V
481			CTATCCCAGA GATAGGGTCT			
138	V C L I	·	Y P R	E A K V		V D N
541	GCCCTCCAAT	CGGGTAACTC	CCAGGAGAGT	GTCACAGAGC	AGGACAGCAA	GGACAGCACC
			GGTCCTCTCA			
158			Q E S			
130	и в б г		Q L D			
601			GACGCTGAGC			
	ATGTCGGAGT	CGTCGTGGGA	CTGCGACTCG	TTTCGTCTGA	TGCTCTTTGT	GTTTCAGATG
178	Y S L S	S S T L	T L S	K A D Y	E K H	K V Y
661						CAACAGGGGA GTTGTCCCCT
198			G L S			
721						ACTAGTCGTA TGATCAGCAT
210	E C O					
218	, E C O			040		

FIG. 31B

Amino Acid Sequence of the humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5V19 Light Chain

ALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKDSTYSLSSTLTLSKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNRG LHWYQQKPGKAPKLLIYKVSNRFSGVPSRFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSLQPEDFATYYCSQST HVPLTFGQGTKVEIKRTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLLNNFYPREAKVQWKVDN MKKNIAFLLASMFVFSIATNAYADIQMTQSPSSLSASVGDRVTITCRSSQSLVHGIGNTY

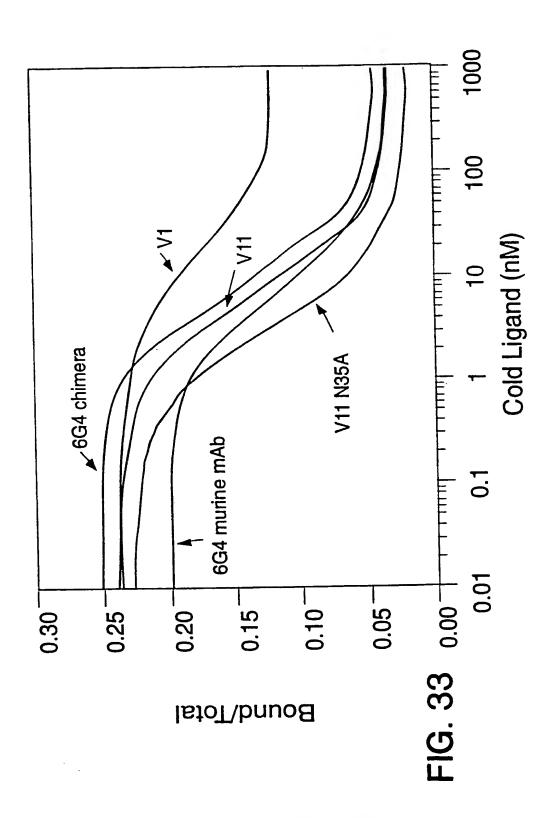
Amino Acid Sequence of the humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5V19 Heavy Chain

WVKQ**a**pgkglewvgyidpsngettynQkfkgrft**l**srdnsknt**a**ylQmnslraedtavyy CARGDYRYNGDWFFDVWGQGTLVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYF PEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTK MKKNIAFLLASMFVFSIATNAYAEVQLVESGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGYSFSSHYMH VDKKVEPKSCDKTHT

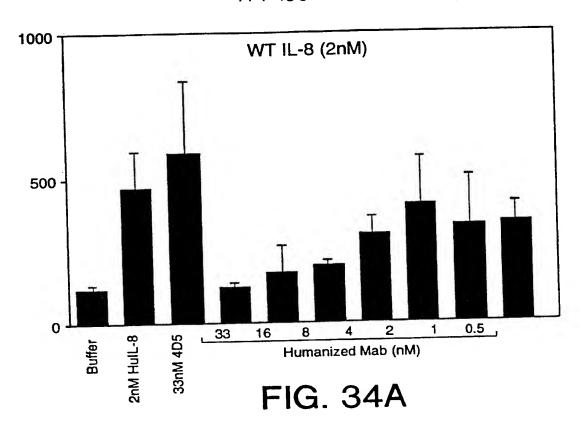
FIG. 31C



F16.32



SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)



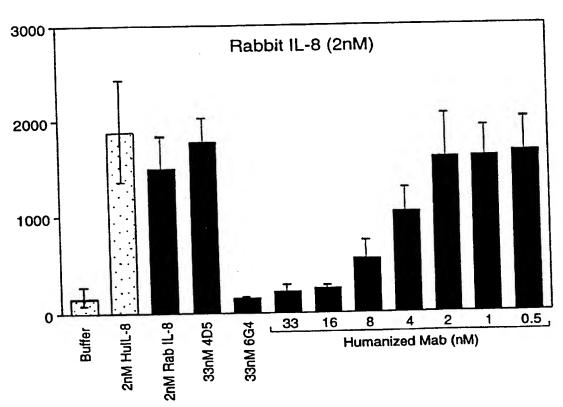
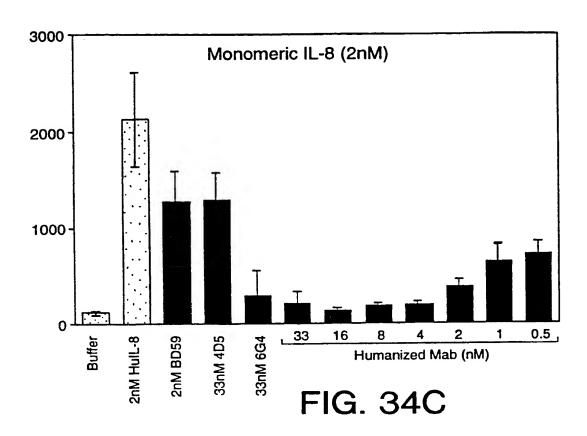
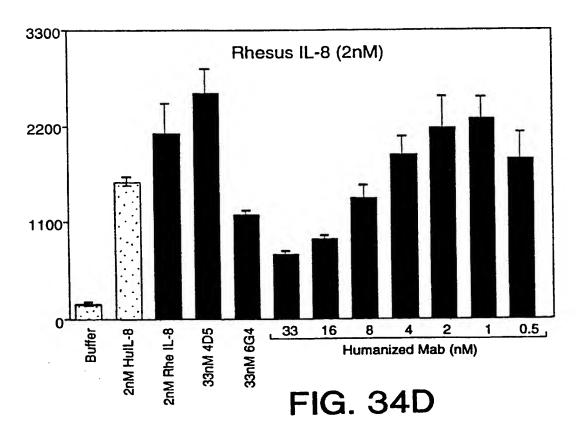


FIG. 34B

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)





SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

Amino Acid Sequence of the humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5V11N35A Light Chain

HVPLTFGQGTKVEIKRTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLLMNFYPREAKVQWKVDN ALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKDSTYSLSSTLTLSKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNRG MKKNIAFLLASMFVFSIATNAYADIQMTQSPSSLSASVGDRVTITCRSSQSLVHGIG**A**TY LHWYQQKPGKAPKLLIYKVSNRFSGVPSRFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSLQPEDFATYYCSQST

Amino Acid Sequence of the humanized anti-IL-8 6G4.2.5V11N35A Heavy Chain

CARGDYRYNGDWFFDVWGQGTLVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYF PEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTK WVRQAPGKGLEWVGYIDPSNGETTYNQKFKGRFTLSRDNSKNTAYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYY MKKNIAFLLASMFVFSIATNAYAEVQLVQSGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGYSFSSHYMH VDKKVEPKSCDKTHT Amino Acid Sequence of the putative Pepsin Cleavage Site and GCN4 Leucine Zipper

CPPCPAPE<u>LL</u>GGRMKQLEDKVEELLSKNYHLENEVARLKKLVGER

FIG. 35

1	ATGAAAAAGA	ATATCGCATT	TCTTCTTGCA	TCTATGTTCG	TTTTTTCTAT	TGCTACAAAC
	TACTTTTTCT	TATAGCGTAA	AGAAGAACGT	AGATACAAGC	AAAAAAGATA	ACGATGTTTG
		I A F				
61	GCATACGCTG	ATATCCAGAT TATAGGTCTA	GACCCAGTCC	CCGAGCTCCC	TGTCCGCCTC ACAGGCGGAG	TGTGGGCGAT ACACCCGCTA
-3	A Y A D	I Q M	T Q S	P S S L	S A S	V G D
121	AGGGTCACCA	TCACCTGCAG AGTGGACGTC	GTCAAGTCAA	AGCTTAGTAC	ATGGTATAGG	TGCTACGTAT ACGATGCATA
18	R V T I	T C R	S S O	S L V H	G I G	<u>A T Y</u>
181	TTACACTGGT	ATCAACAGAA TAGTTGTCTT	ACCAGGAAAA	GCTCCGAAAC	TACTGATTTA	CAAAGTATCC
38		Q Q K				
241	AATCGATTCT	CTGGAGTCCC GACCTCAGGG	TTCTCGCTTC	TCTGGATCCG	GTTCTGGGAC	GGATTTCACT
58	TTAGCTAAGA N R F S	GACCTCAGGG G V P	S R F	S G S G	S G T	D F T
301	CTGACCATCA	GCAGTCTGCA CGTCAGACGT	GCCAGAAGAC	TTCGCAACTT	ATTACTGTTC	ACAGAGTACT
78	L T I S	S L Q	P E D	F A T Y	Y C S	O S T
361	CATGTCCCGC	TCACGTTTGG AGTGCAAACC	ACAGGGTACC	AAGGTGGAGA	TCAAACGAAC	TGTGGCTGCA
98	H V P L	T F G	Q G T	K V E I	K R T	V A A
421	CCATCTGTCT	TCATCTTCCC	GCCATCTGAT	GAGCAGTTGA	AATCTGGAAC	TGCTTCTGTT
118	GGTAGACAGA PSVF	AGTAGAAGGG I F P	CGGTAGACTA P S D	E Q L K	S G T	A S V
481	GTGTGCCTGC	TGAATAACTT	CTATCCCAGA	GAGGCCAAAG	TACAGTGGAA	GGTGGATAAC
	CACACGGACG	ACTTATTGAA	GATAGGGTCT	CTCCGGTTTC	ATGTCACCTT	CCACCTATTG
		NNF				
	CGGGAGGTTA	CGGGTAACTC CGCCATTGAG	GGTCCTCTCA	CAGTGTCTCC	TCCTGTCGTT	CCTGTCGTGG
		G N S				
601	TACAGCCTC	A GCAGCACCCT	GACGCTGAGC	AAAGCAGACT	ACGAGAAACA TGCTCTTTGT	CAAAGTCTAC GTTTCAGATG
178	Y S L	S T L	T L S	K A D	E K H	K V Y
661	CCCACCCCTT	G TCACCCATCA	GGGCCTGAGC	TCGCCCGTC	A CAAAGAGCTT	CAACAGGGGA GTTGTCCCCT
198	BACE	V T H Q	G L S	S P V	r K S F	N R G
723	1 GAGTGTTAA	G CTGATCCTCI	ACGCCGGACG	CATCGTGGC	CTAGTACGCAGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGG	A ACTAGTCGTA T TGATCAGCAT
21	B E C O					

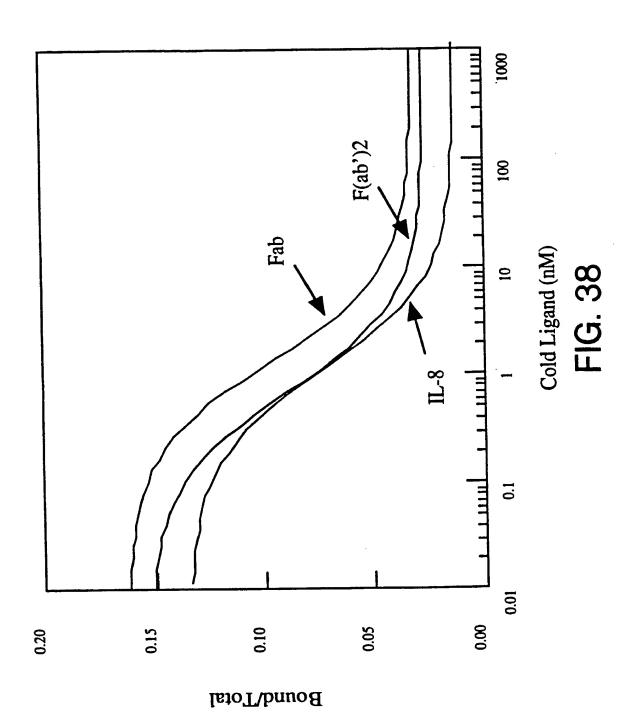
FIG. 36

								-	_	, 50											
781	AAA	AGG	GT	AT (	CTAG	AGG'	TTG AAC	AGG:	rga?	TTTT AAAA	ATC	AAE TTT	AAA OTTI	A A	TATA ATA1	GC2 GCG2	TT! AA1	TCT AGA	rct: Agai	rgc: Acg:	A r
-1											M	K	K	N	T	A	r	L	ц	A	
841	TCI	TATC	TTE	CG GC	TTTT AAAA	TTC AAG	TAT ATA	TGC'	rac: atg	AAAC TTTG	GCC	OATE VTAC	CGC1 GCG <i>I</i>	۲C.,	TCCA	ACT	CGA	ICA	CGI	-NG	T A
-11	S	M	F	V	F	S	I	A	T	N	A	Y	A	E	V	Q	11	V	Q	٦	
901	CCC	CCZ	ACC	GG	ACCA	CGT	CGG	TCC	CCC	CTCA GAGT	GA	GGC	AAA	JA	GGAC.	MCG	ICG	AAG	ncc.		C G
8	G	G	G	L	V	Q	P	G	G	S	L	R	L	S	С	A	A	5			
	ACC	2220	SAC	CT	CAGT	CAT	ATA	CGT	GAC	GGTC CCAG	GC.	AGT	CCG	GG	GCCC	AT.T.		GGA	CCT E	IAC	C
										v										••	·TP
	CA	*	ጥአባ	יחתי	AACT	PACC	DAAS	GTT	'ACC	TGAA ACTT	TG	ATG	CAT	AΤ	TAGT	LT.T.T.	CAA	GII	CCC	GGC	A
										E											:T
	AA	GTG	AAA	ATA	GAG	CGC	rgtt	GAG	GTI	AAAC TTTG N	TG	TCG	TAT	GG	ACGI	CIA	CIT	GIC	:GGA		Ä
	F																				G.
1141	CG	ACT	CC?	rgt	GAC	GGC.	AGAT	AA.	rgac	ETGCA CACGT A	' TC	TCC	CCI	'AA	TAGO	CM1	.Gli	AC	-22/- 3	·	C
88							Y	_		CCTC											3C
1201	TT .	CTI	CGA	ACG TCC	TCT	CCC	CAGT	TC	JAAN CTT(	GGAC	. C	GTC	GC.	AGA	GGA	3CC	GAG	91	J G I .		CG
	<u>F</u>	F	D	<u></u>	W	G	Q	G	T	L	V	T	V	S	5	A	3	1	10	G	
1261	GC	TA:	CGG CC	TCT AGA	AGG	:GGG	ACCG	TG	GGA	CCTC( GGAG(	3 T.	LCL	CGTC	3GW	GAC	٠٠٠	_616		CGG( CCC A		AC
	3 P	S	V	F	F	L	A	P	S	S	K	S	Т	S	G	G	1		Λ.	٠	
	C	763	CCC	ACC	י אכיי	יידיכיכ	TGAT	GA	AGG	CCGAI GGCT'	ГG	GCC.	ACT	GCC	ACA	GCA		. Gr	GIC	CGC A	<b>-</b>
	8 G	C	L	V	7 I		Y	F	P	E	P	V	Т	V	5	W	14	3		•	
				1000	7 00	<u> ገክ ሮር</u>	יייביייני	2 CD	ACC	CGGC'	AС	AGG	ATG	TCA	, GGA	GIL		7 GY	TON	000	210
	8 L	T	٤	•	3 1	J I	T	F	` P	A	V	L	Q	5	5	G	יו	_		_	,
	-				~ ~~	m~~/	~ > ~ ~ ~ (	~ ~;	CCT	GCAG CGTC	C A	ACC	CGT	GGC	111	GGM	1101	n Gr		100	
	8 S	S	1	,	<b>V</b>	T T	V P	S	5 5	S	L	, G	T	, ,	5 .7	. 1				, ,	
	_		m_	nma	~ ~~	mac.	$\mathbf{u}$	C C	アイアイ	TCGA CAGCT	'C '1	"l'C"	"I"I"C	:AA	100	د محد	LILA	<b>G</b> 74	70,70		
										) D											
	_					~~~	~~~~	~ ~	$\neg \neg m$	GCACC CGTGC A P	יודיב ל	211111	JACT	-ALI		بحاب	コーロエ	~ ~			
22	es I	·	1 '	T .	U	F	٠ ر	•		n F						_					

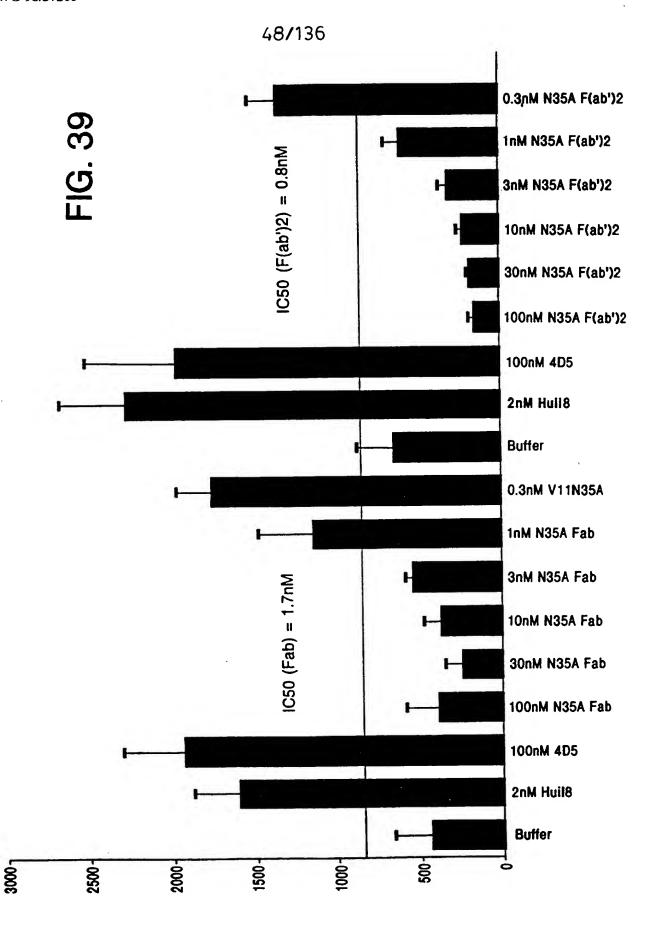
# FIG. 37A

- 1621 GAGGACAAGG TCGAAGAGCT ACTCTCCAAG AACTACCACC TAGAGAATGA AGTGGCAAGA CTCCTGTTCC AGCTTCTCGA TGAGAGGTTC TTGATGGTGG ATCTCTTACT TCACCGTTCT 248 E D K V E E L L S K N Y H L E N E V A R
- 1681 CTCAAAAAGC TTGTCGGGGA GCGCTAA
  GAGTTTTTCG AACAGCCCCT CGCGATT
  268 L K K L V G E R O

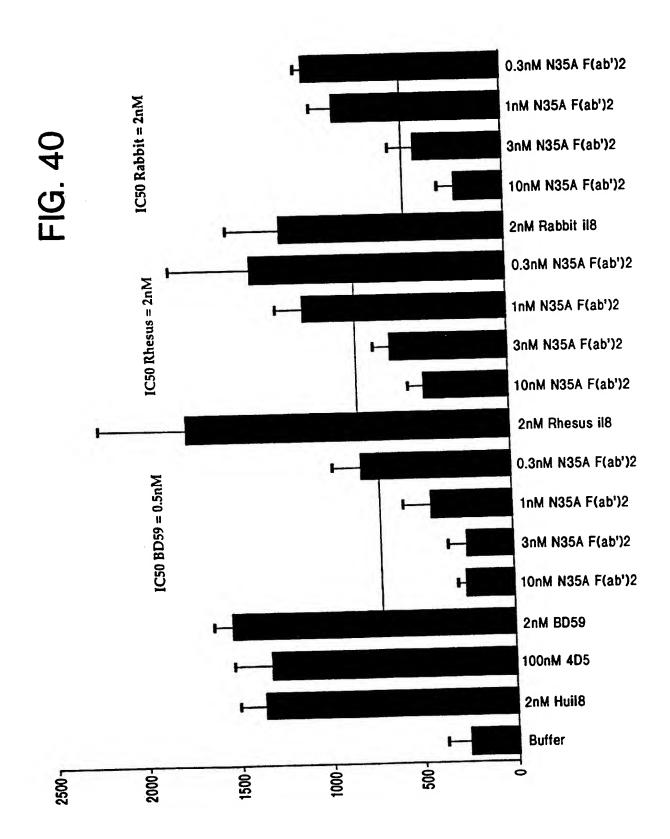
FIG. 37B



SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)



SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)



SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

pleI mboII taqI earI/ksp632I 3I mboII hinfI rGCCC AAAAGAAGA AGAGTCGAAT ACGGG TTTTTCTTCT TCTCAGCTTA	sau3AI mbol/ndeIl[dam-] dpn1[dam+] hinPI hhal/cfol acii dpnI[dam-] hhal/cfol nspBII bclI[dam-] mnlI GCGCAAAATG ACCAACAGCG GTTGATTGAT CAGGTAGAGG	mnli foki sfaNi sfaNi AAAGAAGTTA TTGAAGCATC CTCGTCAGTA aluI ssti saci hgiJII hgiAI/aspHI ecoRi bsp1286 rmal bsiHKAI maeI bmyI tru9I bfaI taqI mseI banII	IACAL AAACALIGAL CLIGAGGGGG
alui hindili ddel tru91 aatacagac atgaaaaatc tcattgctga gttgttattt aagcttgccc ttatgtctg tacttttag agtaacgact caacaataaa ttcgaacggg	hinpi hhai/cfoi T TCGCAATATG GCGCAAAATG ACCAA A AGCGTTATAC TGGTT	thal fnu4HI bsoFI bbvI maeII fnu4HI bstUI snaBI bsoFI bsh1236I bbvI hinPI bsaAI aluI hhal/cfoI GCACGATACG GAGTTACGT AAAGAAGTTA TTGAAGCATC GCTGCTATGC CTCGACGACG CGCTAATGCA TTCTTCAAT AACTTCGTAG  if /xmaIII/eclXI  fl/xmaIII/eclXI  if /xmaIII/eclXI  if /xmaIII/eclXI	TCAACAGIGC CGCCTCTGAA IATCAGCGAA ACAAAAATAA AAAATTACAI AAACATIGAI CIIAAACIGA
Æ H	alui hindili maelii bsrDi n AGCITIGGAG ATTATCGTCA CTGCAATGCT T TCGAAACCTC TAATAGCAGT GACGTTACGA AGCGTTATAC		CGACAGTAIT TCAACAGIGC CGGCTCTG
cori pfimi apoi bsli 1 gartcaact tctccatact ttggalaagg cttaagttga agaggtatga aacctattcc	bspMI hinPI hhal/cfoI mstI avill/fspI hindIII cTTGACACG CGCACGTAGA AGCTTTGGAG CTTGACACC CCGCCACCT TCGAAACCTC	mpli GGAGGTAAAG GCTCCATTTC al pvv pvv crttCAACA	TITICAAITA GAAAAGIIGI C
	ក	SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)	

BCLFI

```
ddeI nlaIII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               501 ATACGCTGAT ATCCAGATGA CCCAGTCCCC GAGCTCCCTG TCGCCCTCTG TGGGCGATAG GGTCACCATC ACCTGCAGGT CAAGTCAAAG CTTAGTACAT TATGCGATACT TAGGCTCTACT GGTCAGGGG CTCGAGGGAC AGGCGGAGAC ACCCGCTATC CCAGTGGTAG TGGACGTCCA GTTCAGTTTC GAATCATGTA TATGCGACTA TAGGTCATACT GGTCAGGGG CTCGAGGGAC AGGCGGAGAC ACCCGCTATC CCAGTGGTAG TGGACGTCCA GTTCAGTTTC GAATCATGTA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           AGCCATGGGC CCCTAGGAGA GCTCCAACTC CACTAAATA CTTTTCTTA TAGCGTAAAG AAGAACGTAG ATACAAGCAA AAAAGATAAC GATGTTTGCG
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           401 TCGGIACCCG GGGATCCTCT CGAGGTTGAG GTGATTTTAT GAAAAGAAT ATCGCATTTC TTCTTGCATC TATGTTCGTT TTTTCTATTG CTACAAACGC
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    hindIII csp6I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      rsaI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              a mutation was found that inactivated the mluI site. The penultimate nucleotide was changed fr G toT ^{\circ}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      aluI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      bspMI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       sse8387I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    IAFL LAS MFV
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    pstI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       scfI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        bstEII hphI bsgI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         bspMI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      mboli sfaNI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          maeIII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            X
X
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 mnll
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            hgiAI/aspHI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             ec1136II
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                bsp1286
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              bsinkal
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   S
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             hgiJII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  bsrI aval aluI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  bmyI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               sstI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               saci
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               hphI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   S
P
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   DSmFI
                                                                                                                                                                                              mbol/ndell[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     a
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               nlaIV paeR7I
                                                                                                                                                                               sau3AI taqI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                kpni cauli dpnii[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  bamHI aval
                                                                                                                                                 xhoI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                 dpnI[dam+]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   bstYI/xhoII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   bani bsaJi alwi[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     T T
                                                                                                                                                              molI
                                                                 xmaI/pspAI
                               hpaII
                                                 dsav
ncil
                nspl
                                                                                                SCIFI
                                                                                                                                                 cauli
                                                                                                                                                                  bsaJI
                                                                                smal
                                                                                                                  nctI
                                                                                                                                dsav
                                                                                                                                                                                    aval
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         -2 Y A D
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      asp718
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   hgiCI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                 csp6I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   nlaIV
                                                                                                                                                                                                    rsaI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        -23
```

# FIG. 41B

	327 130	
tfii hinfi bsmFI clal/bsp106 pleI bspDI[dam-] hinfi CTGATTTACA AGTATCCAA TCGATTCTT GGAGTCCCTT GACTAAATGT TTCATAGGTA AGCTAAGAGA CCTCAGGGAA L I Y K V S N R F S G V P S	rsai csp6i scai nlaIII CGCAACTTAT TACTGTTCAC AGAGTACTCA GCGTTGAATA ATGACAAGTG TCTCATGAGT A T Y Y C S Q S T H	acii mboli ATCTTCCCGC CATCTGATGA GCAGTTGAAA TAGAAGGGCG GTAGACTACT CGTCAACTTT I F P P S D E Q L K
TCCGAAACTA CTGATTTACA AAO AGGCTTGAT GACTAAATGT TT		
SCIFI mval ecoRII dsav bstNI alul apy1[dcm+] CAACAGAAAC CAGGAAAAGC GTTGTCTTTG GTCCTTTCG	ATTTCACTCT TAAAGTGAGA F T L	sau3AI mbol/ndeII dpnI[dam+] dpnII[dam+] GGTGGAGATC AAACG CCACCTCTAG TTTGC
bsri CTACGTATTT ACACTGGTAT GATGCATAAA TGTGACCATA T Y L H W Y	mspI hpall bsall bsawi sau3AI mbol/ndell[dam-] dpnI[dam+] dpnI[dam+] lalv bstYl/xholl bamHI alwl[dam-] nlalv bstYl/xholl bamHI sawisan of CTCGCTTCTC TGGATCCGGT GAGCGAAGA GCCTGCC GACCAAGA GCCTGCC GACCAAGA GCCTGCC	styl bsaJl bsaJl bsaJl rsaI csp6I cs
601 GGTATAGGTG CCATATCCAC	701 CTCGCTTCTC GAGCGAAGAG	bsrBI acil bsmFi 801 rGrccGGTC ACAGGGCGAG

	53/13	6
scrFI mvaI ecoRII dsaV bstNI bsaJI maeIII apyI[dcm+] GGTAACTCCC CCATTGAGG	acci cac8I AAGTCTACGC TTCAGATGCG V Y A	rmal maeI maeI hgaI sau96I hpaII sfaNI asuI GCCGGACGCA TCGTGGCCCT
mplI bslI ccrccaarcg ggaggrragc L Q S	fnu4HI  bsofi  bsofi  ddel  ddel  acci ca  1001 AGGAGAGTGT CAGGAGGAGGACAGG ACAGCACCTAC GAGAAACACA AAGTCTACGC  1001 AGGAGAGTGT CAGGCAGG ACAGCACCTA CAGCCTCAGC AGCACCCTGA CGCTGAGCAA AGCAGACTAC GAGAAACACA AAGTCTACGC  TCCTCTCACA GTGTCTCGTCGTTCC TGTCGTGGAT GTCGGGAGTCG TCGTGGGACT GCGACTCGTT TCGTCTGATG CTCTTTGTGT TTCAGATGCG  166 E S V T E Q D S K D S T Y S L S T L T L S K A D Y E K V Y A	mnli sau3Ai mboi/ndeli[dam-] dpni[dam+] hgai dpni[dam-] mspi alwi[dam-] hpali sfaNi GATCCTCTAC GCGGACGCA T
GG TGGATAP CC ACCTATI	PI 1102I A AGCAGAC T TCGTCTC	
SI CAGTGGAAGG TGGATAACGC GTCACCTTCC ACCTATTGCG Q W K V D N A	celli/espi blpi/bpull02i hgal ddel ca ccctgagcaa AGC cr gcgactcgrr TCG T L S K A	
haeIII/pallieI rsali cspéi cspéi cspéi cspéi cspéicsangan ccspéicsanganan ccspéirar	fnu4HI bsofi cell1/espl ddel acfi mnli bbvi hgal ddel acficangter cacagacag gacagcaccta caccetcagc agcaccctga cgctgagcaa agcagactac rccrcrcaca grgrcrcgrc crgrcgricc rgrcgragar grcggagrcg rcgrgggacr gcgacrcgrt rcgrcragarg	aluI AAGAGCTTCA ACAGGGGAGA TTCTCGAAGT TGTCCCTCT KSFNRG
hael muli arcccagaga GC Tagggrcrcr CC	fnu4 bsoF ddeI I mnlI bbvI CAGCCTCAGC A GTCGGAGTCG T S L S S	I aluI A AAGAGCTTC! T TTCTCGAAG'
xmnI asp700 cac8I asp700 TCTGGAACTG CITCTGTTGT GTGCCTGCTG AATAACTTCT AGACCTTGAC GAGACAACA CACGGACGAC TTATTGAAGA S G T A S V V C L L N N F Y	scfl ACAGCACCIA ( TGICGIGGAI ( S I Y	cac81 alu1 sst1 sac1 hgiJII sau136II bmyI bmyI bmyI bmyI bmyI bmyI asu1 ddeI asu1 ddeI asu1 ddeI asu1 ddeI asu1 ddeI asu1 ddeI crgcgaagrc Acccarcagg GccrgAGCTC GCGCCGCCACACACACACACACACACACACACACACAC
x cac81 as GTGCCTGCTG CACGGACGAC	GACAGCAAGG CTGTCGTTCC D S K D	cacBI aluI sstI sacI hgiJII hgiAI/aspBI ec1136II bsp1286 bsiHKAI bmyI bmyI haeIII/palI sau96I banII asu1 ddeI ec00109I/draII alwNI[dcm-] CAGG GCCTGAGCTC GCCC GTCC CGGACTCGAG CGGC
CITCTGTTGT GAGGACAACA S V V	SIII CACAGAGCAG GTGTCTCGTC T E Q	ha sau asu hphi ecoc maeili alwNi rGGC TGGGTAGTCC rCAC TGGGTAGTCC
xmnI asp700 TCTGGAACTG AGACCTTGAC S G T A	mae AGGAGAGTGT TCCTCTCACA E S V	
901	1001	11011

ecoRII

```
1301 CTACAAACGC GTACGCTGAG GTTCAGCTAG TGCAGTCTGG CGGTGGCCTG GTGCAGCCAG GGGGCTCACT CCGTTTGTCC TGTGCAGCTT CTGGCTACTC
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      GATGITIGCS CATGCGACTC CAAGTCGATC ACGTCAGACC GCCACCGGAC CACGTCGGTC CCCCGAGTGA GGCAAACAGG ACACGTCGAA GACCGAIGAG
                                      1201 AGTÄCGCAAČ TAGTCGTAAA AAGGGTATCT AGAGGTTGAG GTGATTTTAT GAAAAAGAAT ATCGCATTTC TTCTTGCATC TATGTTCGTT TTTTTATTG
                                                   TCAIGCGIIG AICAGCAITI IICCCAIAGA ICICCAACIC CACIAAAAIA CITITICIIA TAGCGIAAAG AAGAACGIAG AIACAAGCAA AAAAGAIAAC
                                                                                                                                                                                                       alwNI[dcm-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     fnu4HI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  bsoFI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                bbvI
                              mboli sfani
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         я
П
                                                                       A F L
                                                                                                                                                                                                          bsp1286
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   banII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      apy1[dcm+] bsaJI bmyI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    haelil/pall apyl[dcm+]
                                                                                                                                                                                              dsav bstNI hgiJII
                                                                                                                             ecoRII
                                                                                                   SCIFI
                                                                                                                                         dsav
                                                                                                               mvaI
                                                                         X
                                                                                                                                                                     fnu4HI
                                                                                                                                                                                                            bstNI bsoFI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   bbvI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        SCIFI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    mvaI
                                                                                                                                                                                  ecoRII
                                                                                                                                                         SCLFI
                                                                                                                                                                       mval
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            n
Li
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     acil hael
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     xmaI/pspAI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              U
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               hpall
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          caull
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              dsaV
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      bslI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     ncil
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   Idsm
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              SCIFI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     caull
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  smaI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        dsaV
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              ပ
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           ncil
                                     xbal mull muli
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               o
rmaI
           maeI
                         bfaI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             0 I V
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          bfaI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                 rmal
                                                                                                                                                                                                                              maeI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       aluI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               >
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            mluI csp6I mnlI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                YAE
                                                                                                                                                                           bsiWI/splI
                                                                                                                                                                                                     fnuDII/mvnI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             bsh1236I
                                                                                                                                                                rsal
 rmaI
              mael
                          bfaI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                    bstul
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   T N A
                            rsal
```

	55/13	6	LL.
		/palI	/draI:
maeII snaBI hphi bsaAI ATGGTGAAAC TACGTATAAT TACCACTTTG ATGCATATTA	cac81 mnl1 cac81 ddel drd1 GCCTGCGTGC TGAGGACACT GCGGTCTATT CGGACGCACG ACTCCTGTGA CGGCAGATAA L R A E D T A V I Y	sau961 haeIII/palI sau961 nlaIV hgiJII bsp1286 bsp120I	cyl dsav bseRI asul apal asul dsav bseRI apal apal apal saHI bstNI esp3I mnll bsaJI bsaJI bsaJI hphl bsmBI mnll bsaJI hphl bsmBI haeIII/pall ecol1091/draII rGGGGTCAAG GAACCCTGGT CACCGTCTCC TCGGCCTCCA CCAAGGGCCC ACCCAGTTC CTTGGGACA GTGGCAGGG AGCCGGAGGT GGTTCCCGGG AGCCCGGAGGT GGTTCCCGGG AGCCGAGT GGTTCCCGGG AGCCCGAGT GTTCCCGGG AGCCGGAGGT GGTTCCCGGG AGCCCAGTTC CTTGGGACCA GTGGCAGGG AGCCGGAGGT GGTTCCCGGG AGCCCGAGT GTTCCCGGG AGCCGGAGGT GGTTCCCGGG AGCCCAGTTCCCGGG AGCCCGAGT GGTTCCCGGG AGCCCGAGT GTTCCCGGG AGCCCGAGT GTTCCCGGG AGCCCGAGT GTTCCCGGG AGCCCGAGT GTTCCCGGG AGCCCGAGT GTTCCCGGG AGCCCGGAGGT GTTCCCGGG AGCCCGAGT GTTCCCGGG AGCCCAGT GTTCCCCGGG AGCCCGAGT GTTCCCGGG AGCCCAGT GTTCCCCGGG AGCCCGAGT GTTCCCGGG AGCCCAGT GTTCCCGGG AGCCCGAGT GTTCCCGGG AGCCCGAGT GTTCCCGGG AGCCCGAGT GTTCCCGGG AGCCCGAGT GTTCCCGGG AGCCCGGAGT GTTCCCGGC AGCCCGGGG AGCCCGGGG AGCCCGGGG AGCCCGGGG AGCCCGGGG AGCCCGGGGG AGCCCGGGG AGCCCGGG AGCCCGGGG AGCCCGGGG AGCCCGGG AGCCCGGGG AGCCCGGG AGCCCGGGG AGCCCGGGG AGCCCGGGG AGCCCGGG AGCGGG AGCCCGGG AGCCCGGG AGCCCGGG AGCCCGGG AGCCCGGG AGCCCGGG AGCCCGGG AGCCCGGG AGCCCGGG AGCCCCGGG AGCCCGGG AGCCCGGG AGCCCGGG AGCCCGGG AGCCCGGG AGCCCGGG AGCCCGGG AGCCGGG AGCCCGGG AGCCCGGG AGCCCGGG AGCCCGGG AGCCCGGG AGCCCGGG AGCCGGG AGCCGGG AGCCGGG AGCCGGG AGCC
	cac81 mnli cac81 ddel drdi GCCTGCGTGC TGAGGACACT CGGACGCACG ACTCCTGTGA		mnlI  mnlI  mnlI  AI haeIII/ rcc rcGcCcrcC AGG AGCCGAGG
bsli sau3Al mbol/ndell[dam-] dpnl[dam+] alw1[dam-] alw1[dam-] alw1[dam-] GRIATATT GATCCTTCCA ACCTATATA CTAGGAAGGT		maeIII bstEII	mval mnlI ecoRII bsaJI asul dsav bseRI apai bstNI esp3I mnlI bs nlaIV apyI{dcm+} bsmAI haeIII/pal: G GAACCTGGT CACCGTCTC TCGCCTCCA CG C T L V T V S S A S T seq right is from p6G425chim2.fab2
mbol/n dpnII( rGGATATATT A ACCTATATAA	scfi pstI bsgI bspMI AGCATACCTG CAGATGAACA TCGTATGGAC GTCTACTTGT A Y L Q M N S	E Description	cyl dsay bsaji cyl dsay bseRi saHi bstNi esp3i bsaji hphi bsmBi nlaIV apyl{dcm+} bsmAi TGGGGTCAAG GAACCCTGGT CACCGTCTCC ACCCCAGTTC CTTGGGACCA GTGGCAGAGG W G Q G T L V T V S seq right is from p6G4
dsaV bstNI bslI apyI[dcm+] sau96I asuI ecol1091/draII I haeIII/palI AGGGC TGGAATGGGT TCCCGG ACCTTACCCC	scfI pstI bsgi bspMI c AGCATACCTG (G TCGTATGGAC (A		
bsaJI dsaV avaI bstNI bsaJI bsl1 sau961 apyl[dcm+1] nlaIV sau961 haeIII/palI asuI eco01091/draII haeIII/palI AGGCCCCG GGTAAGGGC TGGAAT TCCGGGGC CCATTCCCGG ACCTTA	nI T CCAAAAACA( 3A GGTTTTTGT( S K N T		maell hinll/s ahall/l taql mboll aatll rr crrcGACGrC AA GAAGCTGCAG
bsaJI avaI bsaJI sau961 nlaIV haeIII/palI asuI eco01091/dra rCAGGCCCG GGT	thal fuuDII/mvnI bstUI bsh12361 nruI CT CGCGACAACT SA GCGCTGTTGA R D N S		maeIII hphi bsri n TG GTGACTGGT7 AC CACTGACCAA
sau961 avaII asuI nlaIV bsrI ACTGGGTCCG	palí r cactitatci a grgaaatagi t s		T CGCTACAAT A GCGATGTTA R Y N
pleI bsaJI dsaV  avaI bstNI bsaJI bslI  taqI avaII nlaIV asu96I  avaII nlaIV asu1  avaI asu1  avaI asu1  bsrI ecol109I/draII palII/palI  avaI maeIII/ palI  avaI maeIII/palI  avaI ecol109I/draII haeIII/palI  avaI asu1  col109I/draII  bsrI ecol109I/draII  col109I/draII  avaI haeIII/palI  avaI asu1  col109I/draII  avaI haeIII/palI  avaI ecol109I/draII  avaI haeIII/palI  avaI ecol109I/draII  bsrI ecol109I/draII  avaI haeIII/palI  avaI haeIII/palI  avaI haeIII/palI  avaI ecol109I/draII  bsrI ecol109I/draII  avaII haeIII/palI  avaII haeIII/palI	thai fuudii/mvni haeiii/palí bstúi sau96i bsh1236i asui nrui caaaagtrca aggccgtit cactitatci cgcgacaact ccaaaaacac giittcaagi icccggcaaa gigaaataga gcgctgtiga ggtittigig o k k G R F I L S R D N S K N T		maell hibll/a ahall/b maelli taqi hphi bsri mboli aatli TGACGCAAG AGGGATTAT CGCTACAATG GTGACTGGTT CTTCGACGTC TGACACGTTC TCCCCTAATA GCGATGTTAC CACTGACCAA GAAGCTGCAG C A R G D Y R Y N G D W F F D V
pleI hinfI taqI xhoI paeR7I avaI maeIII CTTCTCGAGT CAC GAAGAGCTCA GTG	CAAAAGIICA GIIIICAAGI	•	
1401	1501		1601

scrFI  mval  scrFI  mval  scrFI  mval  scrFI  mval  scrFI  mval  scrFI  sau961 dsav  ban1  scrFI  ban1  scrFI  dsav  hall  scrFI  mbol1  ban1  ban1  bul1  b	hinp!  hal/cfol hal/cfol hal/cfol hal/cfol hal/cfol hal/cfol hal kasI bsp1286 hinli/acyl cac8! hpal! hgicl fnu4HI haell bsoFl bmyl ban acil apaLi/snol dsav  ddel ahali/bsaHI nspBII alw441/snol cauli scfl bsu36i/mstli/saul mnli bbyl bsfEll bmyl bpml/gsul[dcm  ddel ahali/bsaHI nspBII alw441/snol cauli scfl bsu36i/mstli/saul mnli bbyl bsfEll bmyl bpml/gsul[dcm  AGACCTTGGAACT CAGGCGCCT GACGCACCT CCCGGCTGT CCTACAGTCT TCAGGACTCT ACTCCTCAG CAGCGTGGCT  AGACCTTGA GTCGCGGGA CTGGTGGCG CAGTGTGAG AGGCCGACA TGAGGACTCT GAGGACGCACACAT TGAGGACGCACACAT TA F P A V L Q S S G L Y S V Y T V P S	find#HI hgiCI  bsoFI ban1  bsvI bsp1286  bbvI bsp1286  bstXI bmyI  bstXI bmyI  bstXI bmyI  ccaccaccrcac acctacator accorded to n n h k p s n t k v d k k v e p k s c d k t actacator accorded to n v n h k p s n t k v d k k v e p k s c d k t
30031		

rmal maeI bfaI TCTCCAAGAA CTACCACCTA AGAGGTTCTT GATGGTGGAT	scrfi ncii mspi hpali dsav cauli acii fnu4Hi bsofi T GCCGCCGGC GTTTTTATT	hgici bani
sapi mboli mael mboli bfal tth1111/aspi alul mn11 taqi alui ACAGCTAGA GGACAAGGTC GAAGAGCTAC T :TGTCGATCT CCTGTTCCAG CTTCTCGATG A	I rmal 21 mael 21 bfal bsmFl sau961 ple1 haeIII/pal1 asuI hinfI GGACGGCCT AGATCCCTA ACGCTCGGT	tru9I h
fnu4HI bsoFI  haeIII/palI  mcII eagl/xmalII/eclXI eagl/xmalII/eclXI eagl/xmalII/eclXI eagl/xmalII/eclXI eagl/xmalII/eclXI eagl bsiEI nblII nspl nspl nspl nspl nspl nspl nspl nspl	sphi  ddeI nlaIII  cellI/cepi rmai  blpI/bpull021 mae!  hinPI nspli bfai bsmFI  cauli  hhal/cfol sau96i plei  hinfi hindIII ecc471II cac8i asuI hinfi  crctactc caragact Grcgcgagc Gctaagcat GcacGcCCT agaCccta accccctc Graaaataa  crctactc acccttcga TTTTCGAA CACCCCTCG CATTCGTAC GCTCCGGA TCTCAGGGAT TGCGAGCCCA CAAAAATAA  262 E N E V A R L V G E R 0	aluI taqi hindili clai/bspl06 tru9I
cac8I nlaIII bsp1286 nspI acil bmyI nspHI acil bmyI 2001 TCACATGC CGGCGGTGCC C AGTGTGTACG GGCGGCACGG G	plei hinf 2101 GAGAATGAAG TGGCAAGACT CTCTTACTTC ACCGTTCTGA	tru9I mseI hpaI nlaIII

CAAITGAGIA CAAACIGICG AAIAGIAGCI AIICGAAAII ACGCCAICAA AIAGIGICAA IIIAACGAII GCGICAGICC GIGGCACAIA CIIIAGAIIG

GITAACICAT GITIGACAGC ITAICAICGA TAAGCITIAA IGCGGIAGII IAICACAGII AAAIIGCIAA CGCAGICAGG CACCGIGIAI GAAAICIAAC

bspDI(dam-) msel acil clai/bsp106 tru91

2201

sfaNI scrFI mval ecoRII dsaV  nlaIV bstNI  hinpl bsaJI hhal/cfol fokl banI maeIII/palI  2301 AATGGGGTA AGCATCCGTA GACATCCGTA TAGGCCTAT TAGGGCTAT TTAGGGGTA AGCATAGGA AGCATCCTA TAGGGCTACAT TTAGGGGTA AGCATAGGA AGCATCCGTA TAGGGCTACAT  sau961 scrFI sc	2401	H 7 (11
•	SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)	

FIG. 41I

hpail bsaWI

bsrI aluI bslI

sfaNI

hgaI

pleI hinfI

ecoNI

fnu4HI bsoFI

Idsm

	59 / 136 H
rcal hinPI am-] hgiJII haeII bsp1286 eco47III bmyI bspHI hhaI/cfoI banII nlaIII CCACTTCGGG CTCATGAGCG	fnu4HI bsoFI hgiAI/aspHI acil bsp1286 fnu4HI bsiHKAI bsoFI bmyI bslI acil acil haeIII/palI ccrr GCGCGGCG TGCTCAACGG
hgiJII bsp1286 bmyI banII sau3AI cac8I mboI/ndeII[dam-] dpnI[dam-] mboII[dam-] GAIGGGGAAG ATCGGGCTCG CCA	ccttgcacgc accattcctt
hphI C CGACATCACC	hinPI hhal/cfol nlalV nari kasi hinli/acyi hgiCI haelI banI ahall/bsaHI rG GGCGCCATCT
hinPI hhal/cfoI nlaIV narI kasI hinlI/acyI hgiCI haeII banI aciI cac8I	SCIFI  BOTE  BOTE
hinp!   hal/cfo!     hal/cfo!	SCEFI  BOTI  BOTI

# 2801 CCTCAACCTA CTACTGGGCT GCTTCCTAAT GCAGGAGTCG CATAAGGGAG AGCGTCGTCC GATGCCCTTG AGAGCCTTCA ACCCAGTCAG CTCCTTCCGG GGAGTTGGAT GATGACCCGA CGAAGGATTA CGTCCTCAGC GTATTCCCTC TCGCAGCAGG CTACGGGAAC TCTCGGAAGT TGGGTCAGTC GAGGAAGGCC GAGGATGGAT GATGACCCGA CGAAGGATTA CGTCCTCAGC GTATTCCCTC TCGCAGCAGG CTACGGGAAC TCTCGGAAGT TGGGTCAGTC GAGGAAGGCC

nrul bsh12361 fokl haeIII/pall moli 2901 IGGGCGCGGG GCAIGACIAT CGICGCCGCA CIIAIGACIG ICTICIIIAI CAIGCAACIC GIAGGACAGG IGCCGGCAGC GCICIGGGIC AIIIICGGCG TEGETGGAGE GEGACGATGA TEGGECTGTE GETTGEGGTA TIEGGAATET TGEACGEEET CGETCAAGEE TIEGTEACTG GIEGGEEAE GITIGCAAAG CCGCICITCG TCCGGTAATA GCGGCCGTAC CGCCGGCTGC GCGACCCGAT GCAGAACGAC CGCAAGCGCT GCGCTCCGAC CTACCGGAAG accogogoco cgtactgata gcagoggogt gaatactgac agaagaaata gtacgtigag catcotgtoc acggoogtog cgagacocag taaaagooggo TCCTGGCGAA AGCGACCTCG CGCTGCTACT AGCCGGACAG CGAACGCCAT AAGCCTTAGA ACGTGCGGGA GCGAGTTCGG AAGCAGTGAC CAGGGCGGTG 3101 CAAACGITIC GGCGAGAAGC AGGCCAITAI CGCCGGCAIG GCGGCCGACG CGCIGGGCIA CGICTIGCIG GCGIICGCGA CGCGAGGCIG GAIGGCCIIC acil bsmFI sau96I nlaIV avall asul thai fnuDII/mvnI bsrI maeIII bsh1236I mnlI bani hpali hhal/cfol fnuDII/mvnI bstuI bstuI thaI cac8I eco47III Ignid Iqem cfr101/bsrFI hgaI nael haell fnu4HI bsoFI bbvI hgici nlaIV cac8I cac8I mnlI maell hinfI tfiI fauDII/mvaI hhaI/cfoI eag1/xmaIII/eclXI nlaIII **bsh12361** hinPI bglI nlaIII haeIII/palI bstul thaI acil hgal acil bsiEI fpu4HI bsoFI cac8I mcrI eaeI cfrI mboII cfr101/bsrFI bpuAI bbsI haeIII/pall mbol/ndeIl[dam-] bpmI/gsuI[dcm-] dpnII[dam-] haeIII/pall hpaII dpnI[dam+] cacel nael sau3AI fnu4HI fnuDII/mvnI acil **bsoFI** bsh1236I hha I/cfoI haeI bstul hinPI cacBI nlaIII bcgI EnuDII/mvoI bsh1236I hhaI/cfoI AGGACCGCTT bstul psp1406I hinPI acil thaI acil naeII sau96I avall asuI 3001

# FIG. 41K

	61/136	
alwl[dam-] G C		
tuI alwI ( SCTTCAAG SGAAGTTC	nlaIII GGTTGGCATG CCAACCGTAC	u4HI OFI iI mnlI nlaIV hgiCI /bsrFI banI CGGCACCTCG GCCGTGGAGC
bsmFI aluI a. CCATCAGGGA CAGCTTCAAG GGTAGTCCCT GTCGAAGTTC	I PARCG	fnu4HI bsoFI acil mspl m hpaII nlaIV naeI hgiCI cac8I banI TGGAAGCCGG CGGCAC
bspMI scrFI mvaI ecoRII dsaV bstNI apyI[dcm+] rCCAGGCAGG TAG	mnli bsaJI acil fnu4HI bsoFI bglI TTATGCCGC CTC	haeIII/palI sau961 scrFI nciI mspI hpaII dsav r asuI malI ccGGGCCACC TCG
I aeIII/palI nlaIII GCCATGCTG T	fnu4HI bsoFI acil thal thal fnuDII/mvnI bstUl sau3Al bstUl cac8! sau3Al bsh1236! mboI/ndeII[dam-] dpnI[dam+] dpnI[dam+] dpnI[dam+] dpnI[dam-] dp	/mvni sei nlaiv nlaili srgcarggag
thai fnubli/mvni bstul hae cac81 hae NI bsh12361 h caccccccs81 rgc ccgcgrrgcA G	sau961 avall sau3Al sau3Al asul mbol/ndell[ dpn[[dam+] nspBll maeIII dpnI[dam-] acil dpnI[dam+] i[dam-] acil dpnI[dam+] icam-] acil dpnI[dam+] icam-] acil dpnI[dam-] icancaccc rescent canced	thal thuDII funDII funDII funDII/mvnI bstUI bstUI bstUI ccic rrGCGTCGCC GCGCC AACGCAGCCC GCCC AACGCAGCCC GCCC AACGCAGCCC GCCCC GCCCC GCCCC GCCCC GCCCCC GCCCCC GCCCCC GCCCCC GCCCCCC
fnu4HI bsoFI acil cac mspI mslI sfaNI hpaII sfaNI fokI TTCCGCCGC ATCGGATGC	sau9 avaI bsrI sau3AI asuI mboI/ndeII[ dpnI[dam+] taqI[dam-] tr CGATCACTGG A	thal fnub bstu mall acil rg ccrcccccc
fnu4HI bsoFI acil mspl ms hpall sfa c TTCCGCCGC	C AGCCTAAC	AT ACCTIGIC
mboll tfil hinfi 3201 CCCATTATGA TTCTTCTCGC GGGTAATACT AAGAAGAGCG	fnu4HI bsoFI acil thai fnuDII/mvnI bstUI bstUI leII[dam-] lam-] rcGC GGCTCTTAC	fnu4HI bsoFI hinPi hal/cfoI nlalv narI kasI hinl1/acyI hgiCI banI aciI ahaII/bsaHI ahaII/bsaHI cTAACATCCG CGGCGGATA TGGAACAGAC
t: h: GGGTAATAG		1 1 01 GATTGTAG CTAACATC
320.	3301	<b>한</b>

hinPI  hphI  hphI  tfil pflMI  avill/fspl styl  bshl2361  bshl2361  styl  bshl2361  styl  bshl2361  styl  bshl2361  styl  bshl2361  styl  bshl2361  styl  styl  bshl2361  styl  styl  styl  styl  bshl2361  styl  styl	haell mscI/bali hael scrFI mival dsal mival dsal mival dsal mival dsal mival dsal mival dsal dsav batul thal hippl bscFI that hippl avail bscFI that that bscFI that hippl bscFI that hippl bscFI that hippl bscFI that hippl avail bscFI that that bscFI that hippl bscFI that hippl avail bscFI that bscFI that hippl bscFI that hippl avail bscFI that bscFI that hippl bscFI that hippl avail bscFI that bscFI that hippl bscFI that hippl avail bscFI that bscFI that hippl bscFI that hippl avail bscFI that bscFI that hippl bscFI that hippl avail bscFI that bscFI that hippl avail bscFI that bscFI that hippl avail that bscFI that hippl avail that bscFI that hippl avail that bscFI that that bscFI that hippl avail that bscFI	cac8I bsoFI thaI thaI thaI thaI bbvI tfil bstUI bstUI bstUI bstIII bstIII ddeI nlaIII 3701 CGGGGTTGCC TTACTGGTTA GCAGATGATGA TCACCGATAC GCAGCGAAC GTGAAGCGAC TGCTGCTGC GACCTGAGCA ACATCATGA GCCCCAACG AATGACCAT TGTTACTT AGTGGTTAC CGCTCGCTTG CACATCGTGT TGTTGTACTT GCCCCAACGG AATGACCAAT CGTCTTACTT AGTGGTTAC CACATCGCTG CACATCGCTG TGTTGTACTT
------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

FIG. 41M

```
3901 CIGIGGAACA CCIACAICIG TAITAACGAA GCGCIGGCAI IGACCCIGAG IGAITITICI CIGGICCCGC CGCAICCAIA CCGCCAGIIG TITACCCICA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 GACACCITGI GGAIGIAGAC ATAATIGCII CGCGACCGIA ACIGGGACIC ACIAAAAGA GACCAGGGCG GCGIAGGIAI GGCGGICAAC AAAIGGGAGI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                   ACCAGAAGCC AAAGGCACAA AGCATITCAG ACCITIGCGC CITCAGICGC GGGACGIGGI AAIACAAGGC CIAGACGIAG CGICCIACGA CGACCGAIGG
                                                                                                                                                                                                       TTATGTTCCG GATCTGCATC GCAGGATGCT GCTGGCTACC
                                                                                                                                                                                           cac8I
                                                                                                                               fnu4BI
                                                                                                                                              bsoFI
                                                                                                                                                              bbvI
                                                                                                                                                                            sfani
                                                                                                                                                                                            fokI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            bsrI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          acii
          mbol/ndell[dam-]
                                                                                                                                 mrof bsaBI[dam-]
                                                         dpnII[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                               sfaNI
                          mam[[dam-]
                                        dpnI[dam+]
                                                                       bstYI/xhoII
                                                                                       alwI[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                            accIII[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  fokī
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 sfani
                                                                                                                                                                bspEI[dam-]
sau3AI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            avaII fnu4BI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              nlaIV acil
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             DSOFI
                                                                                                                    hpall
                                                                                                                                                 bspMII
                                                                                                                                                                               bsaWI
                                                                                                        Idsm
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      acil
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    bsmFI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 sau96I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              asuI
                                                                                                                                                                                                               3801 IGGICIICGG IIICCGIGII ICGIAAAGIC IGGAAACGCG GAAGICAGCG CCCIGCACCA
                                                                                                                                                                                                   mslI
                                                                                                                                                                                      hhaI/cfoI
                                                                                                                                                                     fauDII/mval hiaPI
                                                                                                                                                                                                     haeII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  ddeI
                                                                                                                                                                                                     bsh1236I
                                                                                                                                                                                      bstul
                                                                                                                                           aciı
                                                                                                                                                           thaI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       hha1/cfoI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           cac81
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  eco47III
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        hinPI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       haeII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        tru91
                                                                                                                                                                                 IIoqu
                                                                                                                                                                                               bpuAI
```

bslI CAACGIICCA GIAACCGGGC AIGIICAICA ICAGIAACCC GIAICGIGAG CAICCICICI CGIIICAICG GIAICAIIAC CCCCAIGAAC AGAAAIICCC GITGCAAGGI CAITGGCCCG TACAAGTAGI AGICAITGGG CAIAGCACIC GIAGGAGAGA GCAAAGTAGC CAIAGIAAIG GGGGTACTIG ICTITAAGGG nlaIII mnll fokI sfani maeIII dsav nlaIII hpali cauli Idsm berl bslI maeII 4001

Iden

BCIFI

ncil

=1G. 41N

GCCCCTCAG CGGGTGTTGG

GAGCIGGACG CGGAIGAACA GGCAGACAIC IGIGAAICGC IICACGACCA CGCIGAIGAG CIITACCGCA GCIGCCICGC GCGIIICGGI GAIGACGGIG CTCGACCIGC GCCIACIIGI CCGICIGIAG ACACITAGCG AAGIGCIGGI GCGACIACIC GAAAIGGCGI CGACGGAGCG CGCAAAGCCA CIACIGCCAC 4101 CCTIACACGG AGGCATCAAG TGACCAAACA GGAAAAAACC GCCCTTAACA TGGCCCGCTT TATCAGAAGC CAGACATTAA CGCTTCTGGA GAAACTCAAC ggaatgigce tecgtagtie actggttigt cetttitigg egggaatigt acegggegaa atagteticg gtetgtaatt gegaagaeet ettigagtig bpmI/gsuI[dcm-] Invm/IIdun: bstUI acil hinPI napBII hphI bsh1236I hhaI/cfoI fauDII/mvaI hgaI fauDII/mval thaI mall bsh1236I hhaI/cfoI acil bbvI bsh1236I bstul hinPI thaI bstUI thaI tru9I msel fpu4HI **bsoFI** nspBII IInad aluI fnu4BI **bsoFI** bcgI bbvI drdI aluI hpall caulI haeIII/palI BCLFI ncil Idsm foki dsav sfanī acii bsli nlalii acii cacBI Bau96I asuī acil msll tru9I msel aluI asp700 maeIII hinfi tfiI Xmn I esp3I bamAI bsmBI hpall Idem SCIFI caull dsaV ncil nspHI aluI bslI maeIII fnu4HI **bsoFI** bbvI nlaIII fnuDII/mvnI sfaNI napl **bsh1236I** aluI hgaI fokI mplI acil bstul thal

TITIGGAGAC IGIGIACGIC GAGGGCCICI GCCAGIGICG AACAGACAII CGCCIACGGC CCICGICIGI ICGGGCAGIC CCGCGCAGIC GCCCACAACC

4301 AAAACCICIG ACACAIGCAG CICCCGGAGA CGGICACAGC IIGICIGIAA GCGGAIGCCG GGAGCAGACA AGCCCGICAG

moli

hgal drd1 taqI

hgiAI/aspHI bsp1286 bsiHKAI bmyI ndeI apaLI/snoI alw44I/snoI AGAGTGCACC	fol mcrI baiEI ccGTCGTTCG GCCAGCAAGC	bsli cac81 haeIII/pall haeI AGGCCAGCAA TCCGGTCGTT
hgiAI/asba1286 bsp1286 bsp1286 ti ti ti ti thu4HI thu4HI thu4HI thu9I bsoFI csp6I alw44I/si pl ACGTAGCGAT TCGCTCACATTAGCGG CATCAGAGCA TGTCACAA TGTCACGAA TGTCACGAA TGTCACGAA TGTCACGCAA TGTCACGAA TGTCACGCGAA TGTCACGCGAA TGTCACGCGAA TGCCTCACAA TGTCACGCTCAA TGTCACGCTCACGTCAA TGTCACGCTCACAA TGTCACGCTCACAA TGTCACGCTCAA TGTCACGCTCAA TGTCACGCTCACAA TGTCACGCTCACAA TGTCACGCTCACAA TGTCACGCTCACAA TGTCACGTCAC	mboli earl/ksp6321 hhal/cfol sapl fnu4HI hinPl hinPl pleI bsoFI mcrl acil haell acil mnll hinfi bbvi bsiEl TAAGGAGAAA ATACCGCATC AGGCGCTTCCTC GCTCACTGAC TCGCTGCGCT CGGTCGTTCG	nlaili bsli cac81 tfil haelil/pa acil hinfi GGCGGTAATA CGGTTATCCA CAGAATCAGG GGATAACGCA GGAAAGAACA TGTGAGCAAA AGGCCAGCAA CCGCCATTAT GCCAATAGGT GTCTTAGTCC CCTATTGCGT CCTTTCTTGT ACACTCGTTT TCCGGTCGTT
sfaNI fnu4HI 19I bsoFI eI acil AACTATGCGG CATCA TTGATACGCC GTAGT	mboll apl apl pl I/cfol ir acil mnll crcrr cccrrccrc ccrc?	GGATAACGCA GGAN:
bst11071 tru9I acci bsri msei AGTGT ATACTGGCTT AA	mboli earl/k: sapi hinPi sfaNi hhal/cfoi acii haeli cccCATC AGGCGCTCTT	tfil hinfi ATCCA CAGAATCAGG
naell II AAI acil ACGTAGCGAT AGGGG	ac TAAGGAGAAA ATACC ATTCCTCTTT TATGG	acii GGCGGTAATA CGGTI CCGCCATTAT GCCAA
fou4HI bsoFI maeIII hinPI plaIII bsrI bsaA hhal/cfoI tth1111/aspI GCGCAGCCA TGACCCAGTC AC		
fou4BI bsoFI bbvI hinPI blaIII bsrI bsa hhal/cfoI tthll11/asp q401 CGGGTGTCGG GGCGCAGCCA TGACCCAGTC A	acil sfani 4501 ATATGCGGTG TGAAATACCG CACAGATGCG TATACGCCAC ACTTTATGGC GTGTCTACGC	fnu4HI bsoFI acil fnu4HI acil bsoFI bsrBI bbvI cac8I aluI cGACGCCGCT CGCCATAGTC GAGTGAGTTT
4401 C	4501	4601

sfaNI nlaIV

acil

cac8I

fnu4BI bsoFI

acil

bstNI bslI

apyl[dcm+] haeIII/palI haeI nlaIV

bstUI bsh1236I

ecoRII

mval

dsav

fnuDII/mvnI

thaI

SCIFI

hhal/cfol

rmaI maeI bfaI

			bslI	acil mspl	fnu4HI hpaII	l bsoFI bsaWI acil	4801 GAAACCCGAC AGGACTATAA AGATACCAGG CGTTTCCCCC TGGAAGCTCC CTCGTGCGCT CTCCTGTTCC GACCCTGCCG CTTACCGGAT ACCTGTCGC Ammunicae moomedama membanicae cobbbacche benefice along the cobbbacche cacabase checabase gaarggcor magalagge	SOUCHING CIGGOCGGC GUITGOCGU TOGOCGG	hgiAI/aspHI	bsp1286	bsiekai	Imd	apaLI/snol	SGCTG T	AGTATCGAGT GCGACATCCA TAGAGTCAAG CCACATCCAG CAAGCGAGGT TCGACCCGAC ACACGTGCTT	alwNI[dcm-]	fnu4HI	bsoFI	fnu4HI	bsoFI	bbvi maeili	oi hpaii bsri bari cauli cauli Arceganaci bori bsri Arcegananci Ar	TAGCAGAACT CAGGTTGGGC CATTCTGTGC TGAATAGCGG TGACCGTCGT CGGTGACCAT
SCIFI	mvaI	ecoRII	dsaV	bstNI hinPI	apy1[dcm+] bssSI	<pre> cm+] bsaJI aluI mnlI hhaI/cfoI</pre>	CGTTTCCCCC TGGAAGCTCC CTCGTGCGCT CTC	GCAAAGGGGG ACCIICGAGG GAGCACGCGA GAG					# :: e :	alul TCATAGCTCA CGCTGTAGGT ATCTCAGTTC GGT	AGIATCGAGT GCGACATCCA TAGAGTCAAG CCA		Idsm	IpaII	maelii	mspI	bsawi plei dsav	hpall caull tecestasce the cault tecestasce are tecestasce are tecestasces.	AGGCCATTGA TAGCAGAACT CAGGTTGGGC CAT
	SCIFI	mvaI	ecoRII	dsaV	bstNI	apyI[dcm+]	4801 GAAACCCGAC AGGACTATAA AGATACCAGG	CITIGGCIG ICCIGAIAIT ICIAIGGICC				hinPI	hhal/cfol	naeli 1901 - THEFFER TORGRANGES TORGESTETE	GAAAGAGGA AGCCTTCGC ACCGCGAAAG		fnu4HI	bsoFI	IIBqsa	acii hinPi	mcrI bbvI	hhaI/cf GCGCCTT	GGGGGGCAAG TCGGGCTGGC GACGCGGAAT AGGCCATTGA

5101 ACAGGATTAG CAGAGCGAGG TATGTAGGCG GTGCTACAGA GTTCTTGAAG TGGTGGCCTA ACTACGGCTA CACTAGAAGG ACAGTATTTG GTATCTGGCGC TGTCCTGCGCC TGTCATAAAC CATAGACGCG haeIII/palI haeI

scfi

acil

moli

```
nlaIII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        bapHI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      rcal
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           ACTCTAATAG TITITCCTAG AAGTGGATCT AGGAAATIT AATTTTACT TCAAAATTTA GTTAGATTIC ATATATACTC ATTTGAACCA GACTGTCAAT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          5401 IGAGATTAIC AAAAAGGAIC IICACCIAGA ICCITIIAAA ITAAAAAIGA AGIIIIAAAI CAAICIAAAG IAIAIAIGAG IAAACIIGGI CIGACAGITA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       5301 ATTACGCGCA GAAAAAAGG ATCTCAAGAA GATCCTTTGA TCTTTTCTAC GGGGTCTGAC GCTCAGTGGA ACGAAAACTC ACGTTAAGGG ATTTTGGTCA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        TAATGCGCGT CTITITICC TAGAGITCIT CTAGGAAACT AGAAAGAIG CCCCAGACIG CGAGICACCI TGCTITIGAG IGCAAIICCC TAAAACCAGI
                                                                                                          5201 ICIGCIGAAG CCAGITACCI ICGGAAAAAG AGIIGGIAGC ICITGAICCG GCAAACAAAC CACCGCIGGI AGCGGIGGII IIITIGIIIG CAAGCAGCAG
                                                                                                                         AGACGACTIC GGICAAIGGA AGCCITITIC ICAACCAICG AGAACTAGGC CGIITGIIIG GIGGCGACCA ICGCCACCAA AAAAACAAAC GIICGICGIC
                                        fnu4HI
                                                         DROFI
                                                                           bbvI
                                                                                             cac8I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        tru9I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            msel
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            maell
                                                                                                aciı
                                                                                 nspBII
                                                                                                   acil
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               hgal ddel
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     ahaIII/draI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  tru9I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    msel
                                               mbol/ndell[dam-]
                                                                                   dpnII[dam-]
                                                                                                     alwI[dam-]
                                                                   dpnI[dam+]
                                                                                                                                                                                          mpol/ndell[dam-]
                hpall
Idsm
                                  sau3AI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                           mboll[dam-] dpnl[dam+] [[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    tru9I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      ahaIII/draI
                                                                                                                                                                                                             mbol/ndell[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       msel
                                                                                                                                                                           sau3AI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             mbol/ndell[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 dpnII[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 tru9I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               dpnI[dam+]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    mseI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    alwI[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    alwI[dam-] bstYI/xhoII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 dpnII[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      alwI[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        bstYI/xhoII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               dpn1[dam+]
                                                                                                                                                                                             sau3AI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  mbol/ndeII[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 sau3AI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    mbol/ndell[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         alwI[dam-] bfaI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    maeI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   rmaI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      dpnII[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        bstYl/xhoII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    mpoll[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     dpnI[dam+]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          dpnII[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   hphI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          bstYI/xhoII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        dpnI[dam+]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     sau3AI
                                                                                              maeIII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          fouDII/mvnI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       hhaI/cfoI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         hinPI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            bstUI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          thaI
```

GGTTACGAAT TAGTCACTCC GTGGATAGAG TCGCTAGACA GATAAAGCAA GTAGGTAICA ACGGACTGAG GGGCAGCACA TCTATTGATG CTATGCCCTC

5501 CCAATGCTTA ATCAGTGAGG CACCTATCTC AGGGATCTGT CTATTTCGTT CATCCATAGT TGCCTGACTC CCCGTCGTGT AGATAACTAC GATACGGGAG

fokI

dpnII[dam-]

dpnI[dam+]

mbol/ndell[dam-]

hgici nlaIV

banI

tru9I

sau3AI

ahdI/eam1105I

hinfI

	68 /	136	
haeIII/palI sau961 hinPI asuI hhaI/cfoI AGGGCGAGC	maell hinPl hhal/cfol mstl psp14061 avill/fspl rGCGCAACGT	<pre>II[dam-] +] n-] laiii -]</pre>	fnu4HI bsofi bbvi
mspl hpall bgli cac8l caATAAACCA GCCAGCGGA	tru9I bsrI mseI TAGTTCGCCA GTTAATAGTT ATCAAGCGGT CAATTATCAA	sau3AI mbol/ndel abol/ndel dpn1[dam+ dpn1[dam+] dpn1[dam+ dpn1[dam-] maeIII nl CAACGATCAA GGCGAGTTAC AYGATCCCCC GTTGCTAGTT CCGCTCAATG TACTAGGGGG	fnu4E nlaIII bsoFI
bpmI/gsul[dcm-] mspI hpaII cfr101/bsrFI hphI nlaIV rC ACCGCTCCA GATTTATCAG	scrfi ncii mspi hpali rmal hpali rmal tru9l dsav mael msel cauli bfal bsrl msel avill/fspl asel/asnl/vspl alul tattaatigt fgccgggaag ctagagtaag tagttcgcc gttaatagt fgcgcgaacg	nlaIV mspi bsaWI aluI hpaII CTTCATTCAG CTCCGGTTCC	acii fnu4HI bsoFI haeIII/palI eaeI cfrI
bsmAI bsaI thaI fnuDII/mvnI bstUI aciI ATACGGGAG ACCCACGCTC TATGGCGCTC TGGGTGCGAG	sci nc: ns; hp; tru91 ds; [ bsrI mseI ca! fokI aseI/asnI/vspI CCATCCAGTC TATTAAITGT TGCC GGTAGGTCAG ATAAITAACA ACGG	III ACGCTCGTCG TTTGGTATGG TGCGAGCAGC AAACCATACC	sau3AI mbol/ndeII[dam-] dpnI[dam+] mnlI dpnII[dam-] sau96I pvul/bspCI avaII mcrI asuI bsiEI
beri thai brail/paul[dcm-]  bari thai mspl sau961 fnu4HI fnuDII/mvnI mspl nlaIV bsoFI bstUI hpail bsh12361 cfr10I/bsrFI asuI bbvI acil hphi nlaIV cccacccac rgcrccaca rgcrccacac rgcrccacac rgcrccacacacacacacacacacacacacacacacacac	sau961 mnl1 bsrI avaII aciI fokI 5701 GCAGAAGTGG TCCTGCAACT TTATCCGCCT CCATCCAGTC	cac81 scf1 pst1 fnu4HI bscri bbvI msl1 bsrDl bsg1 sfaNI maeIII sentCalgaca TGGTGGTGT TTGGTATGG CTTCATTCAG CTCCGGTTCC acada Cacacacaca TGCCAAGG TGCCAAGG	Interior

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

5901 AIGTIGIGCA AAAAAGCGGI TAGCICCTIC GGICCTCCGA ICGTIGICAG AAGTAAGTIG GCCGCAGIGI TAICACICAI GGITAIGGCA GCACIGCATA IACAACACGI IIIIICGCCA AICGAGGAAG CCAGGAGGCI AGCAACAGIC IICAIICAAC CGGCGICACA AIAGIGAGIA CCAAIACCGI CGIGACGIAI

aluI

acil

avall asuI

bsiEI MCII

begi fnu4Hi bsoFi acii ATGCGGCGACTTGCTC TACGCCGCTG GCTCAACGAG
ddel CATTCTG AGAATAGTGT GTAAGAC TCTTATCACA
begi foki bsri scal bsri scal nlaili sfani maeili hphi csp6i ddei acii 6001 ATTCTCTTAC TGTCATGCCA TCCGTAAGAT GCTTTTCTGT GACTGGTGAG TACTCAACCA AGTCATTCTG AGAATAGTGT ATGCGGCGGAC CGAGTTGCTC TAAGAGAATG ACAGTACGGT AGGCATTCTA CGAAAAGACA CTGACCACTC ATGAGTTGGT TCAGTAAGAC TCTTATCACA TACGCCGCTG GCTCAACGAG
foki i CA TCCGTAAGAT GCTTTTCTGT GT AGGCATTCTA CGAAAAGACA
f nlaIII 6001 ATTCTCTTAC TGTCATGCC TAAGAGAATG ACAGTACGG

sau3AI mboI/ndeII[dam-dpnI[dam+] dpnI[dam+] bstYI/xhoII alwI[dam-] cAAGGATC GTTCCTAG
oii trogg ggcgaaaact ct aagcc ccgcttttga ga
spHI maeII psp14061 xmnI asp700 mboII \transgaaaa cGTTCTTCG
hgial/aspHI bsp1286 tru9I bsiHKAI mseI bmyI ahaIII/draI AGAACTTTAA AAGTGCTCAT CA
hinPI hhal/cfoI thal fuuDII/mvnI bstUI bsh1236I acil raaracccc GCCACATAGC
hgal hinli/acyl ahall/bsaHI hhal/cfol mspI hpail hpail hpail scrFI bstUl dsaV caull hincli/hindli acil caull hincli/hindli acil sACGGCCGC AGTTGTGCC TGATATATGGCG CGGTGTATC TTTGAAATT TTCACGAGATA GTAACTTTGA GAGTTCCTAG AACGGCCGC AGTTGTGCC TATTATGGCG CGGTGTATC TTTGAAATT TTCACGAGTA GTAACTTTGA GAGTTCCTAG AACGGCCGC AGTTGTGCC TATTATGGCG CGGTGTATCG TCTTGAAATT TTCACGAGTA GTAACTTTT GCAAGAAGCC CCGCTTTTGA GAGTTCCTAG AACGGCCCGC AGTTGTGCCC TATTATGGCG CGGTGTATCG TCTTGAAATT TTCACGAGTA GTAACTTTT GCAAGAAGCC CCGCTTTTGA GAGTTCCTAG AACGGCCCGC AGTTGTGCCC TATTATGGCG CGGTGTATCG TCTTGAAATT TTCACGAGTA GTAACCTTTT GCAAGAAGCC CCGCTTTTGA GAGTTCCTAG AACGGCCCGC AGTTGTGCCC TATTATGGCG CGGTGTATCG TCTTGAAATT TTCACGAGTA GTAACCTTTT GCAAGAAGCC CCGCTTTTGA GAGTTCCTAG

69/136

TGAGAICCAG IICGAIGIAA CCCACICGIG CACCCAACIG AICTICAGCA ICIIIIACII ICACCAGCGI IICIGGGIGA GCAAAAACAG AATGGCGACA ACTCTAGGTC AAGCTACATT GGGTGAGCAC GTGGGTTGAC TAGAAGTCGT AGAAAATGAA AGTGGTCGCA AAGACCCACT CGTTTTGTC hphI hphI mbol/ndell[dam-] sau3AI sfaNI mpoII[dam-] dpnII[dam-] eco571 dpn1[dam+] alw44I/snol apaLI/snol **bsp1286** bsiHKAI bmyI mbol/ndell[dam-] taqI dpnII[dam-] alwi[dam-] dpn[dam+] sau3AI 6201 TTACCGCTGT nspBII acii

hgiAI/aspHI

bsrI

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

ear1/ksp6321 mbolI fnu4HI acil

mslI

sspī

6301 GAAGGCAAAA IGCCGCAAAA AAGGGAATAA GGGCGACACG GAAAIGIIGA AIACICAIAC ICIICCIIII ICAAIAITAI IGAAGCAIII AICAGGGIIA CITCCGIIII ACGGCGIIII IICCCIIAII CCCGCIGIGC CIIIACAACI IAIGAGIAIG AGAAGGAAAA AGIIAIAAIA ACIICGIAAA IAGICCCAAI

ahali/bsaHi aatii ddei hinl1/acy1 maeII fnuDII/mvnI **bsh1236I** hinPI bstul thal acil nlaIII rcal

6501 ACCATTATTA TCATGACATT AACCTATAAA AATAGGCGTA TCACGAGGCC CTTTCGTCTT CAA TGGTAATAAT AGTACTGTAA TTGGATATTT TTATCCGCAT AGTGCTCCGG GAAAGCAGAA GTT bpuAI bbsI eco01091/drall mnlI bssSI

tru9I mseI

1Bq8d rcal

nlaIII

II oqu

asuI

haeIII/palI

sau96I

FIG. 411

FIG. 41V

```
1119 1195 1425 1434 1446 1512 1695 1696 1752 2155 2375 2727 3002 3090 3339 3463
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   2218 2233 2889 3292 4202 4259 4270 4319 4338 4619 4845 4935 4981 5238 5759 5859
                                                                                                                                        2628 2781 2784 2787 2906 2926 3005 3045 3094 3141 3226 3241 3309 3342 3367 3412
                                                                                                                                                               3544 3597 3613 3619 3700 3838 3967 3970 3981 4139 4155 4210 4266
                                                                                                                                                                                    4351 4390 4400 4442 4467 4505 4518 4544 4561 4604 4611 4632 4723 4751 4878 4897
5018 5128 5263 5272 5634 5725 5916 5962 6083 6127 6204 6313 6412 6459
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       412 413 712 713 1171 1471 2578 2579 3300 3870 5245 5319 5331 5416 5429 5893
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            72 121 252 320 398 532 589 648 1126 1144 1167 1325 1386 1906 2054 2075 2126
                                                                                                                    178 542 805 877 1340 1750 1826 2011 2039 2043 2182 2242 2384 2492 2501 2504
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 640 999 1347 1357 1449 1665 1713 1755 1764 2333 3262 3645 4705 4826 4839
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 1645 1813 2616 2637 2751 3408 6107 6489
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              1831 4494 4992 6238
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               1831 4494 4992 6238
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  905 930 4234 6166
                                                                                                                                                                              3436 3448 3490
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             5435 5454 6146
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   1117 1385 5089
                                                                                    1093 1963 4449
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    ahdi/eam11051(GACNNNNNGTC): 346 5566
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     see tthlllI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     1 391 4093
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  see hgiAI
                                                                                                            1867[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              6196 6214
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           1307 4678
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   see hinlI
                                          1645 6489
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              see aseI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         403 823
                                                                403 823
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      5742
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         5922
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     alwni [dcm-] (CAGNNNCTG):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       aseI/asnI/vspI(ATTAAT):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   alw44I/snoI(GTGCAC):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ahaII/bsaHI(GRCGYC):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  ahaIII/draI(TTTAAA):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    apall/snoI (GTGCAC):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    asp700(GAANNNTIC):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                apyI[dcm+](CCWGG):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        alwI[dam-](GGATC):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               asp718 (GGTACC):
                                                                                                               accIII(TCCGGA):
                                                                   acc651(GGTACC):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              afliii(ACRYGT):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            apol(RAATTY):
                                            aatII(GACGTC):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               apaI (GGGCCC):
                                                                                          accI(GTMKAC):
>length: 6563
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       agel(ACCGGT):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 asuI (GGNCC):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   aluI(AGCT):
                                                                                                                                        scil(CCGC):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         aspHI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               acyl
```

Stop Template Primer

5' CAT GGT ATA GGT TAA ACT TAT TTA CAC 3' SL.97.2

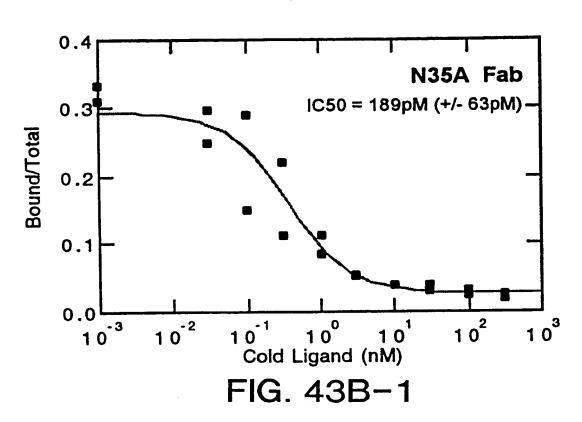
NNS Randomization Primer

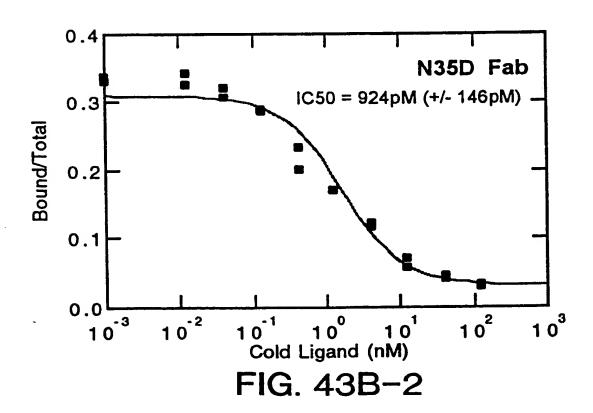
5' CAT GGT ATA GGT NNS ACT TAT TTA CAC 3' SL.97.3

FIG. 42

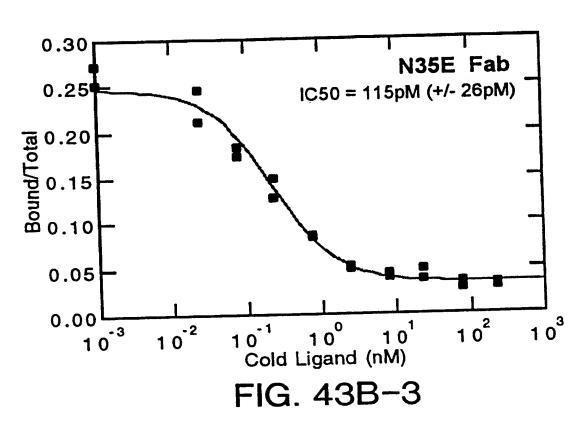
Randomization of Position N35 of Variable Light Chain CDR-1 Amino Acid Frequency

FIG. 43A

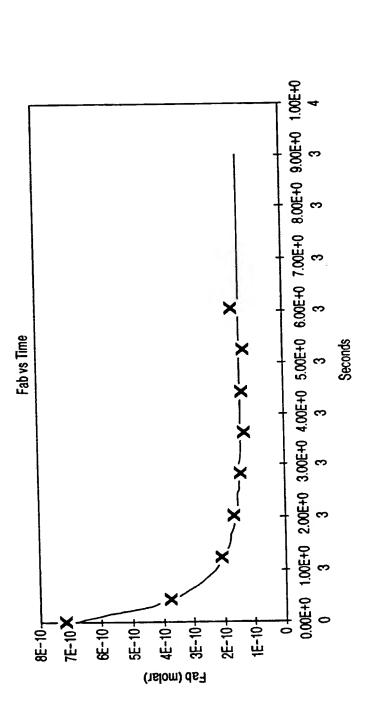




SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)



SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)



Representative Conc versus Time Plot. Shown is the kinetic data for 6G4V11N35A.F(ab')2.

SAMPLE	ka	kd	Kd
6G4V11N35A-Fab	QN	R	114pM
6G4V11N35A-F(ab') ₂	$2.0x10^6$	2.1x10 ⁻⁴	109pM
  6G4V11N35E-Fab	4.7×10 ⁶	2.6×10 ⁻⁴	54pM
		( i	

FIG. 4

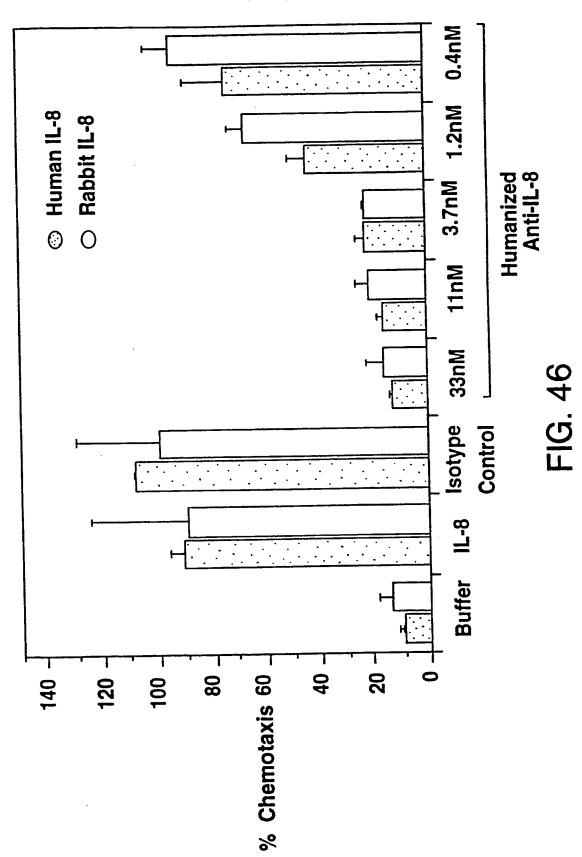
_ . j

## 77 / 136

1					TTTTTTCTAT	
					AAAAAGATA	
-23	M K K N	IAF	L L A	SMFV	F S I	АТИ
61					TGTCCGCCTC ACAGGCGGAG	
-3					S A S	
121	AGGGTCACCA	TCACCTGCAG	GTCAAGTCAA	AGCTTAGTAC	ATGGTATAGG	TGAGACGTAT
					TACCATATCC	
18	R V T I	T C R	s s o	SLVH	GIG	ETY
181					TACTGATTTA	
					ATGACTAAAT	
38	L H W Y	QQK	PGK	A P K L	L I Y	K_V_S
241					GTTCTGGGAC	
	TTAGCTAAGA	GACCTCAGGG	AAGAGCGAAG	AGACCTAGGC	CAAGACCCTG	CCTAAAGTGA
58	N R F S	G V P	S R F	S G S G	S G T	D F T
301					ATTACTGTTC TAATGACAAG	
78					Y C S	
361	CATGTCCCGC	TCACGTTTGG	ACAGGGTACC	AAGGTGGAGA	TCAAACGAAC	TGTGGCTGCA
					AGTTTGCTTG	
98					KRT	
421	CCATCTGTCT	TCATCTTCCC	GCCATCTGAT	GAGCAGTTGA	AATCTGGAAC	TGCTTCTGTT
	GGTAGACAGA				TTAGACCTTG	ACGAAGACAA
118	P S V F	I F P	P S D	E Q L K	S G T	A S V
481					TACAGTGGAA	
	and the second s				ATGTCACCTT	
138	V C L L	N N F	YPR	EAKV	Q W K	V D N
541	GCCCTCCAAT	CGGGTAACTC	CCAGGAGAGT	GTCACAGAGC	AGGACAGCAA	GGACAGCACC
					TCCTGTCGTT	
158		G N S				D S T
601	TACAGCCTCA	GCAGCACCCT	GACGCTGAGC	AAAGCAGACT	ACGAGAAACA	CAAAGTCTAC
	ATGTCGGAGT	CGTCGTGGGA	CTGCGACTCG	TTTCGTCTGA	TGCTCTTTGT	GTTTCAGATG
178	Y S L S	S T L	T L S	K A D Y	E K H	K V Y
661	CCCTCCCAAA	mcacccames	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	maaaaaamas	C222C2CC	C22C2CCC2
001					CAAAGAGCTT GTTTCTCGAA	
100	A C E V				K S F	
130	A C E V	ı n Q	оцъ	S F V T	r s r	N N G
721	GAGTGTTAAG	CTGATCCTCT	ACGCCGGACG	CATCGTGGCC	CTAGTACGCA	ACTAGTCGTA
					GATCATGCGT	
218	E C O					

## FIG. 45





SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

5'-CTAGTGCAGTCTGGCGGTGGCCTGGTGCAGCCAGGGGGCTCACTCCGTTTGTCCTGTGCAGCTTCTGGCTACTCCTTC-3' N35AH1upr

N35AH1lwr

5'-TCGAGAAGGAGTAGCCAGAAGCTGCACAGGACAAACGGAGTGAGCCCCCCTGGCTGCACCAGGCCACCGCCAGGCTGCACT

AG-3'

Bold indicates nucleotide change destroying Pvull site.

1 TICGAGCICG CCCGACATIG ATTATIGACT AGAGICGAIC GACAGCIGIG GAAIGIGIGI CAGITAGGGI GIGGAAAGIC CCCAGGCICC CCAGCAGGCA AAGCTCGAGC GGGCTGTAAC TAATAACTGA TCTCAGCTAG CTGTCGACAC CTTACACACA GTCAATCCCA CACCTTTCAG GGGTCCGAGG GGTCGTCGT cac8I apyI[dcm+] nsil/avallI nlaIV ecoRII sfani scrFl Ppu10I bstNI mvaI dsav bsaJI sphī **bsmFI** nlallI >This has the pSVI backbone with the pRK7 cloning linker (pSVI7) and the intron DHFR(ID) >made from pSvI.WTSD.D by adding a linearization linker(LL) into the Hpal site apy1 [dcm+] ecoRII SCIFI bstNI dsav mval mbol/ndell[dam-] pvull sau3AI aluI hinfi taq1[dam-] plei dpnii[dam-] dpnI (dam+) pvul/bspCI taqI[dam-] ecoRII betEI > /hom /ruby/vc/lmmblo/afan/ss.p6G425v11.N35A.choSD SCLFI betNI mval dsav MCLI bfal maeī rmal nsil/avallI BfaNI ppu10I nlaIII Wed May 7 18:27:36 1997 > length: 8120 (circular) sphī nspl hq1AI/aspHI ecl136II cac81 **bsp1286 DETHKAI** hgiJII aluI banII setI SacI bmyI > sites: std tagi

101 GAAGTATGCA AAGCATGCAT CTCAATTAGT CAGCAACCAG GTGTGGAAAG TCCCCAGGCT CCCCAGCAGG CAGAAGTATG CAAAGCATGC ATCTCAATTA CTTCATACGT TICGTACGTA GAGTTAATCA GICGTIGGIC CACACCTTIC AGGGGICCGA GGGGICGICC GICITCATAC GITICGIACG TAGAGITAAT cacBI cac8I bsmFI nlaIV sexAI caceI

bsaJI

apyI[dcm+]

nspHI

nlaIII

styl

nspHI

nspI

201 GTCAGCAACC ATAGTCCCGC CCCTAACTCC GCCCATCCCG CCCCTAACTC CGCCCAGTTC CGCCCATTCT CCGCCCCATG GCTGACTAAT TTTTTTATT CAGTCGTTGG TATCAGGGCG GGGATTGAGG CGGGTAGGGC GGGGATTGAG GCGGGTCAAG GCGGGTAAGA GGCGGGGTAC CGACTGATTA AAAAAAATAA acil beaJI ncol bell deal acil barl acil aclI acil fokl actI DEMFI

	81/136	
haeIII/palI mcri eagl/xmaIII/eclXI eaeI cfrI bsiEI ispl iGG		ប្ ខ
II ESCTTATO	u4HI oFI vi II nlaIII TG CCATCATGGT AC GGTAGTACCA	rsal csp61 scal CAAGTACTTC
	fnu4HI bsoFI bbvI nspBII nlaIII achGCTTT ATCCCGCTG CCATCATGGT TCTCCTAAAA TAGGGCCGAC GGTAGTACCA	xmnI asp700 ggaacgagtT cctTgCTCAA
fnu4HI bsoFI bsoFI bsoFI bgli sfli baelII/palI mnli mnli alui mnli bsaJi acii haelII/pali		haeIII/palI haeI corFI mval_bsrBI ecoRII dsav bslI bslI bsmAI apyl{dcm+} taqI sfaNI bsmFI taqI sfaNI bsmFI taqI sfaNI ddeI actCGCCCTCCCCTCGG CCTCCCCTCAAAGGGAACGGAGA CCTACCCTGG CCTCCGCTCAACGGTAAC TTGACGTAGC AGAGGGAGCCGGGCCGAGT
rmal maei styl styl bsaJi blni avrii haeii/haei mnli bfaI TTTGGAGGC TA	acil sal maell rsal maell csp61 scf1 scf1 scf1 scf2 scf2 scf2 scf2 scf2 scf2 scf2 scf2	hae. scrf! mval. ecoRil dsav bstNI apyl[d sajl[d ccraccrcc
fnu4HI baoFI sfli sfli haeIII/palI ddeI mnli mnli aluI mnli baaJI mnli baeIII/palI saJI acil haeIII/palI bacagaccc crcgccrcr gagcrarrcc agaagtrafaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa	scil rsal csp61 scf1 GTACCGCCTA CATGGCGGAT	pflMI bslI sfaNI bemFI AACTGCATCG TCGCCGTGTC CCAAATATG GGGATTGGCA AGAACGGAGA
m bb AGAAGTAGTG TCTTCATCAC	maell maell AGTGACGTAA TCACTGCATT	GGGATTGGC?
aluI aluI cagctatTCC	tfil hinfl acil thai fnuDil/mvnl bstUl bshl2361 cccccaagcccaag	pflMI bsli EI : CCAAAATATG
fnu4HI baoFI ball sfl1 haell1/pall ddel haelII/pall baJl l bsaJl acil haelII/pall GG CCGAGGCCGC CTCGGCCTCT GAG	tfii hinfi acii thai fnuDii/mvni bstUi bsh1236i GGGGATTCC GCGCTAAGG	p1 bs bsmFI TCGCCGTGTC CC
fnu4HI baoFI ball sfli haeIII/palI mnli mnli tIII/pal acil h	scrFI nctI mspI hpaII dsaV caulI ccGGGAACGG TGCATTGGAA	sfaNI AACTGCATCG
hae mnli TATGCAGAGG	scrfi ncii mspi hpaii dsav cauii ccggGAACGG	
301	401	501

FIG. 48B

```
ahalll/dral
                                                              tru9I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     701 AGGACAGAAT TAATATAGTI CICAGTAGAG AACTCAAAGA ACCACCACGA GGAGCICATI TICITGCCAA AAGTITGGAT GATGCCTTAA GACTTATGA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      TCCTGTCTTA ATTATATCAA GAGTCATCTC TTGAGTTTCT TGGTGGTGCT CCTCGAGTAA AAGAACGGTT TTCAAACCTA CTACGGAATT CTGAATAACT
                                                                              nseI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    TGITGGCCIT AACCGIICAI IICAICIGIA CCAAACCIAI CAGCCICCGI CAAGACAAAI GGICCIICGG IACIIAGIIG GICCGGIGGA AICIGAGAAA
                                                                                                              601 CAAAGAATGA CCACAACCTC TTCAGTGGAA GGTAAACAGA ATCTGGTGAT TATGGGTAGG AAAACCTGGT TCTCCATTCC TGAGAAGAAT CGACCTTAA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    801 ACAACCGGAA TIGGCAAGTA AAGTAGACAT GGTTIGGATA GICGGAGGCA GTICIGITIA CCAGGAAGCC AIGAAICAAC CAGGCCACCI TAGACICITI
                                                                                                                              GITICITACI GGIGITGGAG AAGICACCIT CCAITIGICI TAGACCACIA ATACCCAICC ITITGGACCA AGAGGIAAGG ACICITCITA GCIGGAAAIT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     hinfi
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    ddel plel
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         aflii/bfri
                                                                                                ddel mboll taql
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               haeIII/palI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         tru9I
                                                                                 hinfi
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           foki sfaNi msel
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   apyI[dcm+]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   betni
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     MVaI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   ecoRII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   SCLFI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     dsav
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    apy1[dcm+] hinfl
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    nlaIII
                                                                                   apyI[dcm+]
sexAI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     tfil
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             bstXI
                                 ecoRII
                                                                  batni
BCLFI
                                                   dsav
                mval
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      bstNI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ecoRII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    scrFI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         dsav
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       nval
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       hgiAI/aspHI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          ec1136II
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         bsp1286
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           DEIHKAI
                                                                                                                                                                                                        hgiJII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             mull aluI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              bssSI banII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                bmyI
                                                                                                                                                                        sstI
                                                                                                                                                                                        Baci
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             ball bseRI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            mplI
                                                                                       hinfl hphI
                                                                                                        alwni [dcm-
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               accI nlaIII
                                                                                          ear1/ksp6321
                                                        eco571
                                                                          Ilodm
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      tru9I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       mseI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  hpall
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  beawi
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   Idem
```

FIG. 48C

sau96I avali asul

```
mnlI
                                                                                                                                                           bsll ddel
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 AIGCAITITI AIAAGACCAT GGGACTITIG CIGGCITIAG AICCCCIIGG CITCGIIAGA ACGCAGCIAC AAIIAAIACA IAACCIIAIG IAICAIAAAC
YACGIAAAAA TAIICIGGIA CCCIGAAAAC GACGGAAAIC IAGGGGAACC GAAGCAAICI IGCGICGAIG ITAAIIAIGI AITGGAAIAC AIAGIAIGIG
                                                                                                                                                                           GIGACAAGGA TCATGCAGGA ATTTGAAAGT GACACGTTTT TCCCAGAAAT TGATTTGGGG AAATATAAAC CTCTCCCAGA ATACCCAGGC GTCCTCTG
                                                                                                                                                                                             CACTGIICCI AGTACGICCI TAAACIIICA CIGIGCAAAA AGGGICIIIA ACTAAACCCC IITAIAITIG GAGAGGGICI TAIGGGICCG CAGGAGAGAC
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               AGGICCAGGA GGAAAAAGGC AICAAGIAIA AGIITGAAGI CIACGAGAAG AAAGACIAAC AGGAAGAIGC IITCAAGIIC ICIGCICCCC ICCIAAAGCI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                TCCAGGICCT CCIIITICCG TAGTICATAT ICAAACTICA GATGCTCTIC ITTCTGAITG ICCTICTACG AAAGTICAAG AGACGAGGGG AGGATTTCGA
                                                                                                                           ecoNI
                                 ahall/bsaHI
                                                                     mn]I
                hinl1/acy1
                                                                                                                                           apyI[dcm+]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 mnlI
hgaI
                                                                                         ecoRII
                                                                                                                           betNI
                                                      scrFI
                                                                    HVAI
                                                                                                         dsav
                                                                                                                                                                bsaJI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   asel/asnl/vspl
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  tru91
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    msel
                                                                                                                                                                 mnlI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  fnu4HI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   bsoFI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     mbol1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       pbvI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        *END DHFR
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   sfaNI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                mbol/ndell[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      mbol I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             bsaJI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    dpnII[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             styl
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    dpnI[dam+]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       alwI[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       bstYI/xhoII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 sau3AI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         accI
                                                                                                                                                    aflllI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          cacel
                                                                                                                                                                       maeIII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         dsal bsmFI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     nlalII
                                                                                                                 mbol/ndeII[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          sfaNI
                                                                                                                                                                     maeIII alwi[dam-] apol
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           bsaJI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       styl
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ncol
                                                                                                                                                      dpnII(dam-)
                                                                              nlalII
                                                                                                                                  dpnI [dam+]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      apyI[dcm+]
                                                                                                 sau3AI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           mn]I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           nsil/avallI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   ecoRII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    bstNI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                SCIFI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    dsav
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  mval
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         sau96I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ppu10I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            avalI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            asuI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            1001
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                1101
                                                                                                                                                                                           901
```

-1G. 48D

ecoRII

mval

scrFI

```
mval fnu4HI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     eccol1091/dral1
                                                                                                                                                                bstNI bsoFI
                                                                                                                                                                                apyI[dcm+]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           GCCÁGGGGC TCACTCCGIT IGICCIGIGC AGCITCIGGC TACTCCTICI CGAGICACIA TAIGCACIGG GICCGICAGG CCCCGGGIAA GGGCCTGGAA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          ATGAGGAAGA GCTCAGTGAT ATACGTGACC CAGGCAGTCC GGGGCCCATT CCCGGACCTT
                                                               TATGCTAAAT CCACTGTGAT ATCTATTGTA GGTGAAACGG AAAGAGAGGT GTCCACAGGT GAGGGTCCAG GTTGACGTGG AGCCAAGATA GCTAACTTAA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      TICTAGIAGC AACTGCAACT GGAGTACATT CAGAAGTICA GCTAGTGCAG ICTGGCGGTG GCCTGGTGCA
                                                  GGIGACACIA IAGAIAACAI CCACIIIGCC IIICICICCA CAGGIGICCA CICCCAGGIC CAACIGCACC ICGGIICIAI CGAIIGAAII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     getgetaccc taccagtaca tagtaggaaa aagatcatcg ttgacgitga ccicatgiaa gicticaagi cgaicacgic agaccgccac cggaccacgi
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                ecoRII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    0
                                                                                                                                                                                                          acil haelll/pall
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         SCIFI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                dsav
                        clai/bsp106
                                      bspDI [dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       mvaľ
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             bslI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          apyI[dcm+]
                                                                                                                                       ecoRII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     haeIII/pall sau96I
                                                                                                            SCIFI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         haellI/pall
                                                                                                                                                     dsav
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 eccol091/drall asul
           tagi
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                bstNI
                                                                                                                                                                                               haeI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               xmaI/pspAI
                                                                             seq from pRK6G425VH: Cla-AvrII^
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               BCIFI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         hpall
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     Caull
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   asul bell
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       dsav
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              ncil
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              BCIFI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            nspl
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        cauli
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   bsaJl
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 BMBI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          ncil
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        dsav
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     ball
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              bsaJI
                                        bsaJI
                           mnlI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  aval
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            sau961
                                                                                                                                                                   rmaI
                                                                                                                                                                                 mael
                                                                                                                                                                                                bfal
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        asuI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     nlaIV
                                                                                                                                                                                                             aluI
                         apy1[dcm+]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    berI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            Bau96I
            betNI
dsav
                                          bsaJI
                                                                                                                                                                                                bpmI/gsul[dcm-]
                                          bell
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    aval maelii
                                                                                                                                                                                                               csp6I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               pleI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     paeR71
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          xhol
                                                                                                                                                                                                                berI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              hinfi
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             tagI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             SESTCCCCC AGTEAGGCAA ACAGGACACG TCGAAGACCG
                                                                                                                                                                                                                bfal
                                                                                                                                                                                       rmaI
                                                                                                                                                                                                    mael
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             alwNI[dcm-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            fou4HI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         bsoFI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       bbvI
                                             fokI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               1301 CCACCATGGG ATGGTCATGT ATCATCCTTT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                   nlalli fokl
                                               scfI
                                   maeIII
                                               hphI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                S
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            hgiJII
bsp1286
                                                                                                                                                                                                      ball fokl
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  mval banll
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         apyI[dcm+]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         bmyI
                                                             1201 ATACGATTTA
                                                                                                                                   nlalII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 <u>ပ</u>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                    bsaJI
                                                                                                                                                             pfIMI
                                                                                                                                                 styI
                                                                                                                                                                            ncol
                                                                                                                                                                                         dsal
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    ecoRII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            betNI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       BCLFI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            beaJI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 deav
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  م
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        1401
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  7
```

```
bmyI nspBII apyI[dcm+]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    ecoRII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               bsp1286 acil bsaJI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                bstNI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        SCLFI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 dsav
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       MVal
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          haeIII/pall
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         1701 TCAAGGAACC CTGGTCACCG TCTCCTCGGC CTCCACCAAG GGCCCATCGG TCTTCCCCCCT GGCACCCTCC TCCAAGAGCA CCTCTGGGGG CACAGGGGCC
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       AGTICCIIGG GACCAGIGGC AGAGGAGCCG GAGGIGGIIC CCGGGIAGCC AGAAGGGGGA CCGIGGGAGG AGGIICICGI GGAGACCCCC GIGICGCGG
                                                                                                                                                                                             1601 ACCIGCAGAI GAACAGCCIG CGIGCIGAGG ACACIGCCGI CIAITACIGI GCAAGAGGGG AITAICGCIA CAATGGIGAC IGGIICIICG ACGICIGGGG
                                                                                                                                                                                                            TGGACGICIA CITGICGGAC GCACGACICC IGIGACGGCA GATAAIGACA CGIICICCCC TAAIAGCGAI GIIACCACIG ACCAAGAAGC IGCAGACCCC
                                                              1501 TGGGTTGGAT ATATTGATCC TTCCAATGGT GAAACTACGT ATAATCAAAA GTTCAAGGGC CGTTTCACTT TATCTCGCGA CAACTCCAAA AACACAGCAT
                                                                             acccaacta tataactagg aaggtacca citigatgca tattagttit caagticccg gcaaagtgaa atagagcgct gttgaggttt ttgtgtcgta
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   bsoFI
                                                                                                                                       ahaII/bsaHI
                                                                                                                           hinli/acyl
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               bsaJI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             sau96I
                                                                                                                                                                                   maeII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      fnu4HI
                                                                                                                                                        aatII
                                                                                                                                                                        tagi
                                                                                                                                                                                    Iloqm
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  bmyI mnlI
             fnuDII/mvnI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    bsp1286
                                        bsh1236I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   DS1HKAI
                                                                                                                                                                        maeIII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        hgiAI/aspHI
                           bstuI
                                                                                                                                                                                     hphI
  thaI
                                                         nruI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    apy1[dcm+] mull
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        bseRI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     mnlI
                              haeIII/palI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     hgici
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         nlaIV
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        bstNI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 SCIFI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     bsaJI
                                             sau96I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            deav
                                                             asuI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     banl
                                                                                                                                                                                          mnll
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                ecoRII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                mval
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            bpuAI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       bbsI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     haell1/pall eco01091/drall
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          styl haeIII/pall
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 mbo I I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       U
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 sau96I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        bsaJI asuI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       ×
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 <u>م</u>
2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         bsp1286
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          hgiJII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               Bau96I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            apaI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               nlaIV
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     bmyI
                                    maell
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      bsp1201
                                                  GnaBI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       TAV
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     banII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  asul
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           mnll
                                                                                                                                                                                  mnll
                       mbol/ndell[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               bsaJI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              bseRI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   mnll
                                                     dpnII[dam-]
                                        dpnI[dam+]
                                                                                                                                                                                    cac8I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             esp31
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          bsmBI
belI
              sau3AI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               bsaJI maelil
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  betNI hphI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 apyI[dcm+]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       ecoRII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               scrFI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        dsav
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            mval
                                                                                                                                                                       pstI
                                                                                                                                                                                      bed
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           114
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                8
```

hinp!  nar!  bsp1286  kas!  hinli/acy!  bmy!  msp!  hgic!  fnu4H!  ban!  ban!  ban!  ban!  dde! hha!/cfo! nspB!! alw44!/sno! cau!!  GAACTCAGGC GCCCTGACA GCGCGTGCA CACCTTCCCG GCTGTCTAC  crrcAGTCCC CGGCACGT GTGGAAGGC CGACAGGATG  recorded of a bance of a b	uffi hgici bani alui bsp1286 vi bmyi vz bmyi rccarccca carancara agaccagaa rccaraccar agacara rccaraccar agaratara ragacara	ahdi/eamil051 sau961 avali avali scrFI mval asul ecoRII dsav nspl bspl286 bsaJI bsmFI bpuAl atcttgtgac Aaactcac ctgcccacc ctgcccacc ctgcactc tgggggac ctctact ragaacact tttgagtgt gtacgggg cacgggtgt ggacttgag accccctgc cactcacac s c d k t h t c p p c p b b t L G G P S V F
BCTFI  mval  ecoNI  ecoNI  bstNI  bstNI  apyl[dcm+]  fnu4RI  bbvI  1801 CTGGGCTGCC TGGTCAAGGA CTACTTCCC GAACCGGTGA CGGCCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCAC	fnutHI bsoFI nlaly  mnlI hinfI bsoFI maeIII bfaI aluI bsp1286 ec 811 hinfI bbvI maeIII bfaI aluI bsp1286 bsu361/mstII/sauI ddeI hphI bmyI mnlI bbvI bmyI  1901 AGTCCTCAGG ACTCTACTCC CTCAGCAGGC TGGTGATCT GCCTCTAGC AGCCCAGACTT  TCAGGAGTCC TGAGATCG CACCACTGACA CGGAGATCG TGGAACCCGT GGGTCTTGGCTT GCGTTGGTT TGGGTGTTTGTT	hgiJii nlalli bapl286 bsaJi bmyl maelli nspli nspli mall caccaaggig grochad attigaggig grochad attigaggig grochad grochad attigagig grochad grochad at a c p p

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

```
DBOFI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        bbvI
                                                                                                                                          bbsI bsu36I/mstII/sauI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 CCIGCACCÃG GACIGGCIGA AIGGCAAGGA GIACAAGIGC AAGGICICCA ACAAAGCCCI CCCAGCCCC AICGAGAAAA CCAICICCAA AGCCAAAGGG
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  2201 TCAACTGGTA CGTGGACGGC GTGGAGGTGC ATAATGCCAA GACAAAGCCG CGGGAGGAGC AGTÁCAACAG CACGTACCGT GTGGTCAGČG TCCTCACCGT
                                                                                                                                                   CICTICCCC CAAAACCCAA GGACACCCTC ATGATCTCCC GGACCCCTGA GGTCACATGC GTGGTGGTGG ACGTGAGCCA CGAAGACCCT GAGGTCAAGT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              fnu4HI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              hphI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        hgal mull
                                                                                                                               bpual eco811
                                                                                                                   mboll ddel
                                                                                                                                                                                   EDP
                                                                                                                                                                     GAGAAGGGGG GITITGGGIT CCIGIGGGAG TACTACAGGG CCIGGGGACT CCAGIGIACG CACCACCACC IGCACTCGGI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   csp6I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        rsal
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 maelI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            taqI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             beal
                                                                                                                                                maeII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    TICCAGAGGI TGITICGGGA GGGICGGGGG
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      CTGTTTCGGC GCCCTCCTCG TCATGTTGTC
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  'S Z X
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 d
K
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              csp61
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  rsal
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              Mnll
                                                                                                                                                 msli bspHI[dam-] asuI bsu361/mstII/sauI
                                                                                     nlaIII
                                                                                                             nspHI
                                                                                                  nspI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                bBeRI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  fuuDII/mvnI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 fnu4HI mnll
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         sacII/sstII
                                                                                                                                      eco811 maeIII
                                                                                                                           mell
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           beh12361
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   nspBII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                          aclI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                betuI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           beaJI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      thal
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                bsoFI
                                                                                                                mnll
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   kspI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       acil
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               dsaI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   K V S N
                                                                                                                            ddeI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  bsmAI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       T X P
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 beal
                                                                                                  mpol/ndell[dam-]
Bau96I
              nlaIV
                                                                                       sau3AI avaII
                                     hpall
                                                                                                                                         dpnII[dam-]
                           Idsm
                                                                                                                          rcal dpn1[dam+]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         GGACGIGGIC CIGACCGACI IACCGIICCI CAIGIICACG
                                                                                                                 caulI
                                                   BCLFI
                                                                             dsav
                                                                                                                                                                                           MISR
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          AGITGACCAI GCACCIGCCG CACCICCACG IATIACGGII
                                                                ncil
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       U
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      rsal
                                                                                                                   nlali
                                                                                                                                             mnll
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           VEVE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           N 1 % O
                                                                                                                                                styl
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       ecoNI batNI barI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    maell
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          csp6I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 ecoRII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     BCLFI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               rsal
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             dsav
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   mval
                                                                                                                                                                                                  T P P
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            H
                                                                                                                                                 Mboli
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               314
                                                                                                                                                                            2101
```

ecrFI ecoRII dsav bstNI apyl[dcm+] bspMI TGACCTGCCT GGTCAAAGGC TTCTATCCCA ACTGGACGA CCAGTTTCCG AAGATAGGGT T C L V K G F Y P S	plei hinfi nlaIV mboli scfi cac8i ggacrccaac ggcrccrrcr rccrcracac ccrgaggcrg ccgaggaaga aggagargrc D S D G S F F L Y S	Bapi mboli mnli eari/ksp6321 ctgcacaaccaca GaagagccTc gacgtgttgg tgatgtgcgt cttctcggag L H N H T Q K 9 L
scrFI ncii mspi hpali dsav cauli xmal/pspAl smal smal smal smal scrFi ncii dsav cauli bsli bsaJi mboli bsli bsaJi mboli bsli aarl/ksp6321 sexAl cccArcc GGGAAGAGAT GACCAAGAC GGGTAGG CCCTTCTTG GTCCAGTCGG	I muli A Gaacaactac aagaccacgc ctcccgtgct T cttgttgatg ttctggtgcg gagggcacga : n n i k i i p p v L	mboli nlalli bpual ppul01 maeli ppul01 maeli mati asp700 nlalli sfaNi mullistaAC GTCTTCTCAT GCTCCGTGAT GCATGAGGCTT CCATGCAGGCTA CGTACTCGA N Y F S C S V M H E A
real csp61 bsp14071/bsrG1 cgag aaccacagg gracacccg c cccc TrgcrGrCcA CATGTGGGAC G	mapli hpali fuu4Hi bali bali basi bsoFi  mali basi basi bavi  2501 GCGACATCGC CGTGGACTGC GGAGCAAAGA AGGAGATGTC CGCTGTAGACCACGC CTTGTTGTTG TTTTTTTTTTTTT	mboli hpuli haali bpuni bpuni hpuloi thudhi maeli ppuloi hphi hasi maeli maeli ppuloi hphi hphi bsofi xmni bbsi nlaili sfani mnli eari/ksp63: cangracaca gragacata gragagana gragagagana gragagana g
2401 CAGCCC 347 Q P	2501 GCG 2501 GCG 381 D	a 2601 CAA GTT 414 K

FIG. 481

```
nlalli alwi[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                CTAGCTAGCC CITAATTAAG CCGCGTCGTG GTACCGGACT TTATTGGAGA CTTTCTCCTT GAACCAATCC ATGGAAGACT CCGCCTTTCT TGGTAGACAC
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   GATCGATOGG GAATTAATTO GGCGCAGCAC CATGGCCTGA AATAACCTCT GAAAGAGGAA CTTGGTTAGG TACCTTCTGA GGCGGAAAGA ACCATCTGTG
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  2801 AATAAAGCAA TAGCATCACA AATTTCACAA ATAAAGCAIT ITITICACIG CAITCIAGIT GIGGIIIGIC CAAACICAIC AAIGIAICII AICAIGICIG
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 TIAITICGIT ATCGTAGTGT TIAAAGTGTT TATITCGTAA AAAAAGTGAC GTAAGATCAA CACCAAACAG GTTTGAGTAG TTACATAGAA TAGTACAGAC
                                                                                                                            2701 TCCCTGTCTC CGGGTAAATG AGTGCGACGG CCCTAGAGTC GACCTGCAGA AGCTTGGCCG CCATGGCCCA ACTTGTTAT TGCAGCTTAT AATGGTTACA
                                                                                                                                          AGGGACAGAG GCCCATTTAC TCACGCTGCC GGGATCTCAG CTGGACGTCT TCGAACCGGC GGTACCGGGT TGAACAAATA ACGTCGAATA TTACCAATGT
                                                                                                               maeIII
                                                                                  fnu4HI
                                                                     aluI
                                                                                                  bsoFI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       ddel acil
                                                                                                                 bbvI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            mnll
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          acc651
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  csp6I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            asp718
            haeIII/pall
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             hgici
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   rsal
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 nlaIV
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                kpnI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            banI
Bau96I
                            asul
                                          bsoFI nlaIII
                                                                                                       aluI haeIII/palI
                                                                                                                       hindili bgll bsaJI
                                                                          ncol
                                                                                         dsal
                                                            sfil styl
                            fpu4HI
               acil
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              mull
                                                                                          cfrI
                                                                                                                                                                                                   rmal
                                                                                                                                                                                                                maeI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 bfal
                                                                            eael
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 Demi
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               mnll
                                                                              mael hincil/hindil
                                                                                             pstI
                                                                                                            bagi
                                                                                                                           asul bfal acci bspMI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    dsal haeIII/palI
                                    taqI
                                                               rmal sall
                                                                                              sau961 hinfl
                                                    pleI
                                                                                                             haeIII/palI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   hhal/cfol nlallI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          hael
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       bsofI styI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        bbvI ncoI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          fnu4HI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     hinpi
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   mb 1/nde11[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            tagl[dam-] tru9I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            bspDI(dam-) mseI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            clal/bsp106[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        dpn1[dam+] asp700
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        mbol/ndell[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            IUMX
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    dpnII[dam-]
                                                                                      hpall
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    dpnI[dam+]
                                           BCLFI
                                                                                                     dsav
                                                                       Idam
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  pvul/bspCI
                                                         ncil
                                                                                                                                                                               L S P
                                                                                                                        bsmAI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         sau3AI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  baiEI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   BCLI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          2901
```

FIG. 48J

b BmFI	=	mplI bserI C
bei bei ccente	acii ctaactc Gatigag	mbli bser: AGTAGTG
BCTFI dBaV bBtNI apyI[dcm+] sexAI cCAG GTGTG	actI ccc ccc	CC AGA
BOLF] BOLII GRAV BRAN BRAN BRAN CAGCAACCAG	acii foki cc scccarco	il aluI eali GAGCTATT
TAGT C.	acii crcc G	li ddel I mnli alu haeiii/pali cgccrcr gagg
CTCAAT	CCCTAA	thi Fi II/pali muli baali 11 hae GC CTCGGC
sfaNI ppul01 psil/avaIII laIII sphI sphI nspII cac8I :A AAGCATGCAT	acil bsmFi GTCCCGC	fnu4HI bgori sfli sfli mali mali haeIII/pali baaJi muli muli baaJi acii haeIII/F GAGG CCGAGGCGG CTCGGCCCTTCC GGCTCCGGGGGGGGGG
sfani psil/ava nlaii sphi sphi nspl caci	ACC ATA	m haelii nli bsa AGG CCG
SAAGTAT	GTCAGCA	m TATGCAG ATACGTC
cac81 AGCAGGCA (	II CAATTA (	TTTATT AAATAA
+ 1 C CCAGG	sfaNI nsil/avalII pli pHI celi argc arcrca	A TITI
scrfi mval ecomil dsav bstni epyi[dcm+] bsaji i nlaiv cccaggcrcc	ppul01  neil/availi  sph nepl nepl nepl acii acii acii acii acii accendende executante e	CTGACTA
B G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G	ppu nlaj sphi TATG CA	nlalii styl ncol dsal bsaji
GTGGAA	CAGAAG	nl ety nco bell dee acil bee cccccco
TAGGGT	CACBI TAGCAGG	CCATTCT
GT CAGI	nlalv efi ni sri sri tv tl[dcm+] fl[dcm+]	Boil Boil
### BOTFI  ### BOTFI  ###################################	nlaly scrfl mval mval ecoRII dsav bstNI spyl[dcm+] bsaJI cac8I cac8I cac8I cac8I cac8I bsaJI cac8I cac8I cac8I AGGGTCCGA GGGTCGTCC GTCTTCATTA GTCAGCAACC GGGATTGAG CGGGTAGGC GGGGATTGAG	fnu4HI bs0FI bs0FI bs1I styl ncol bs1I dss1 bs1I dss1 moll bs3I moll sluI moll bs3I moll sluI bs1 cccccafg cccactar trititat tatcacage cccacgect gagectt gagetatec
900 E	3101 T	3201 G
	SUBSTITUTE SHEET (	RULE 26)

SecFI	sequ3AI mbol/ndeII[dam-] dpnI[dam-] dpnI[dam-] dpnI[dam-] alwI[dam-] alwI[dam-] acil bstXI thal scil scil pleI haelII/palI bstUI mseI cspi scil hini asul bsaJI bsh1236I aseI/asnI/vspI alwI[dam-] cspi shait asul bsaJI bsh1236I aseI/asnI/vspI alwI[dam-] cspi shini asul bsaJI cTTGGCTC CTTGGCTC GTAGAACC GGTACAATT AATACATAAC GATCCACAA TCCGGTGGG GGAACCGAAG CAATCTTGG CCGATGTTA TTATGTATTG GAAAACCTAG CTGGATGTA  'removed ATG
rmal mael styl styl blul avril[dam-] haelil/pall stul mnll bfal scaggcc TAGCTTTTG CP	bstXI scfI sau961 styI eI haeIII/palI nfI asuI bsaJI sTCTAT AGGCCACCC CCTTGG
rmal mael styl bsaJI blul avIII{dam-} mael haelII/palI nhel stul malI bfal malI bfal malI bfal cac81 cac81 stul cac81 stul palI alul cac81 stul pstul stul stul stul bael bael bael bael cac81 cac81 cac81	acil plei real plei cepéi scfi hinfi 3401 GTACCGCCTA TAGAGTC

lariat consensus^ IgG vH natural lariat restored^

FIG. 48L

```
ball fokl
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        3701 ATAGGETCAC CATCACCTGC AGGTCAAGTC AAAGCTTAGT ACATGGTATA GGTGCTACGT ATTTACACTG GTATCAACAG AAACCAGGAA AAGCTCCGAA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      3601 TGGTCATGIA TCATCCTITI TCTAGTAGCA ACTGCAACTG GAGTACATTC AGATACCAG ATGACCCAGT CCCCGAGCTC CCTGTCCGCC TCTGTGGGCG
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     ACCAGTACAT AGTAGGAAAA AGATCATCGT TGACGTTGAC CTCATGTAAG TCTATAGGTC TACTGGGTCA GGGGCTCGAG GGACAGGCGG AGACACCGGC
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       TATCCCAGTG GTAGTGGACG TCCAGTTCAG TITCGAATCA TGTACCATAT CCACGATGCA TAAATGTGAC CATAGTTGTC TITGGTCCTT TTCGAGGCTT
                                                                                                                    ball baall bead! bead! bead! bead! bead! alu! by by bepd! dam-) bead! bead! cactifite fifteer caccaggic caccaggic cactifices arctifice fifteer caccateges.
                                                                                                                                              GETGAAAAAG AAAAAGAGGT GTCCACAGGT GAGGGTCCAG GTTGACGTGG AGCCAAGCGC TTCGATCGAA CCCGACGTAG CTAACTTAAG GTGGTACCCT
                                                styl
                                                                                            dsaI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  aluī
                                  nlaIII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            apyI [dcm+]
                                                               pflMI
                                                                              ncol
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            acil
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     ecoRII
                                                                                           ecoRI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 bstNI
                                                                                                          apol
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          scrFI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   daav
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       mval
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      hgial/aspHI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       ecl136II
                                                                 clai/bsp106
                                                                                                           bsoff tagi
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    bsp1286
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   BBIHKAI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            hgiJII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             tth1111/aspI banII
                                                                                                                                                                                                aluI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   DmyI
                                                                                                                                                                                                               BBtI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                              Bacl
                                                                                            fnu4HI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                aval
                                                                                 sfaNI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  bemFI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           SOLE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  berI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           æ
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 bsrI
                                                                                                           beh1236I aluI
                         rmal
                                                     bfaI
                                                                                                cacel
                                                                                                                                                                     Acloning linker
                                         mael
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      maeII
                                                                                               batul
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  bsaAI
                                                                     nheI
                                                                                 fnuDII/mvnI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       BnaBI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            O I Q
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 ecoRV
                                                                                                                mnlI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   ppmI/gsuI[dcm-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                H G I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 cap6I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    nlaIII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       alul csp6I
                                                                                                              apyI[dcm+]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            rsal
sau96I
                 avall
                              asuI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 SLV
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    hindili
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          ddel
                                                                        ecoRII
                                                                                                   bstNI
                                            BCLFI
                                                          nval
                                                                                       daav
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 ø
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  တ
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           rmal
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        mael
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    တ
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              88e8387I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               bagi
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                pstI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             bspMI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            maeIII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               hphI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      ۲
۲
```

FIG. 48M

```
haeIII/palI
                                                                             fnu4HI
                                                                                           bsoFI
                                                                                                          bbvI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 mbol/ndeIl[dam-] fnu4HI
                                                                                                                        BcfI
                                                                                                                                    pstI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                DBOFI
                                                                                                                                                     bagI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      GICGGICTIC TGAAGCGIIG AATAAIGACA AGIGICICAT GAGTACAGGG CGAGIGCAAA CCIGICCCAI GGIICCACCI CTAGIIIGGI IGACACCGAC
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           4001 CACCATCTGT CITCATCITC CCGCCAICTG AIGAGCAGIT GAAAICTGGA ACTGCITCTG ITGIGIGCCI GCIGAATAAC TICIAICCCA GAGAGGCCAA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          GIGGIAGACA GAAGIAGAAG GGCGGIAGAC IACICGICAA CITTAGACCI IGACGAAGAC AACACGGA CGACITAIIG AAGAIAGGGI CICICCGGII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         3901 CAGCCAGAAG ACTTCGCAAC TTATTACTGT TCACAGAGTA CTCATGTCCC GCTCACGTTT GGACAGGGTA CCAAGGTGGA GATCAAACGA ACTGTGGCTG
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              bbvI
                                                                                                                                                                3801 ACTACTGATT TACAAAGTAT CCAATCGATT CTCTGGAGTC CCTTCTCGCT TCTCTGGATC CGGTTCTGG ACGGATTTCA CTCTGACCAT CAGCAGTCTG
                                                                                                                                                                             TGATGACTAA ATGITICATA GGITAGCTAA GAGACCICAG GGAAGAGCGA AGAGACCIAG GCCAAGACCC TGCCTAAAGI GAGACTGGTA GTCGTCAGAC
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    hael
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 mnlI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               dpnII[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 dpnI[dam+]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       sau3AI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    asp700
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       XmnI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    bani bsaJi
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          kpnI styI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    asp718
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               csp6I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  acc651
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     cac81
                                                                                                                                                         alwI[dam-] bsmFI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        hgici
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              nlaIV
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   rsal
                                                       mbol/ndell[dam-]
                                                                                    dpnII[dam-]
                                                                                                                               bstYI/xhoII
                                                                                                    alwI[dam-]
                                                                       dpnI[dam+]
hpall
                ball
                               beawi
                                           sau3AI
                                                                                                                   nlaIV
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     maell
                                                                                                                                                 bamHI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                LTF
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        a.gp700
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               berBI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            XmnI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            acti
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          DSmFI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 ч у н
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        nlaIII
                                                                                                                                   ppmI/gsuI[dcm-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          cep61
                                                                                                                       DSMFI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  SQST
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        ы
О
                                                                                                                                                 pleI
                                                                                                                                                                                                           SGV
                                                                                                                                                    clal/bsp106
                                                                                                                          hinfI
                                                                                                            tf1I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     Y Y
                                                                                                                                        tagi
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       IIoqu
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    bpuAI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          QPED
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 bpuAI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     Ilodm
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               P S V
                                                                                                                                                                                                                   r
r
```

```
GCAGGACAGC AAGGACAGCA CCTACAGCCT CAGCAGCACC
                                                                                                           TCATGTCACC ITCCACCIAT IGCGGGAGGT IAGCCCATIG AGGSTCCICT CACAGIGICT CGTCCIGICG IICCIGICGI GGAIGICGGA GICGICGIAG
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             CTGÁCGCTGA GCAAAGCAGA CTACGAGAAA CACAAAGTCT ACGCCTGCGA AGTCACCCAT CAGGGCTGA GCTCGCCCGT CACAAAGAGC TTCAACAGGG
GACTGCGACT CGTTTCGTCT GATGCTCTTT GTGTTTCAGA TGCGGACGCT TCAGTGGGTA GTCCCGGACT CGAGCGGGCA GTGTTTCTCG AAGTTGTCCC
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              4301 GAGAGIGITA AGCITGGCCG CCAIGGCCCA ACITGITIAI IGCAGCITAI AAIGGITACA AATAAAGCAA IAGCAICACA AAITICACAA AIAAAGCAIT
CICICACAAI ICGAACCGGC GGIACCGGGI IGAACAAAIA ACGICGAAIA ITACCAAIGI ITATIICGII AICGIAGIGI ITAAAGIGII TAITIGGIAA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 z
z
                                               fnu4HI
                                                           ddel bsoFI
                                                                             scfI mnll bbvI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 aluī
                                                                                                                              S
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                maeIII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    sfani apol
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               ک
۵
                                                                                                                                                                                                              hgial/aspHI
                                                                                                                            Ω
M
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                eċ113611
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 ddeI cac8I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             bsp1286
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              eco01091/drall
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  DB1HKAI
                                                                                                                                                                                               hgiJII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 haeIII/pall
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 Bau96I aluI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  asul banll
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 DmyI
                                                                                                                                                                               BacI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                alwil[dcm-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               G 1. S
                                                                                                                              Д
                                                                                                                            o
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               a
                                                                                            4101 AGTACAGTGG AAGGTGGATA ACGCCCTCCA ATCGGGTAAC TCCCAGGAGA GTGTCACAGA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               CTGACGCTGA GCAAAGCAGA CTACGAGAAA CACAAAGTCT ACGCCTGCGA AGTCACCCAT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 maeIII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               VTH
                                                                                maeIII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                maeIII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              hphI
                                                                                                                              >
                                                            apyI[dcm+]
                                                                                                                            ы
О
             ecoRII
                                              batni
                              dsav
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                cacel
                                                                             maelll bsaJI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               O
A
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                fnu4HI
mval
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                bsoFI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 bbvi
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 accI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 ۸
۸
                                                                                                                               z
0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               ×
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                haeIII/pall
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 Œ
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 Bau96I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               E
                                                               molI
                                                                              ball
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  asul
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  bsofi nlaili
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            aluI haeIII/palI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  bsaJI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  deal
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                sfil styl
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                hindili bgli ncol
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  fnudHI
                                                                                                                              N O A
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               K A D
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 cfrl
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  eael
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              blp1/bpul1021
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               cell1/esp1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 tru9I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 mseI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  LTLS
                                                                                                                                3
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                บ
                                                                                cep6I
                                                                                                                               0
>
                                                                rsal
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                ы
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                218
```

```
dsal haelll/pall
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         nsil/avalli
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  apy1 [dcm+]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            4601 CCAGCAGGCA GAAGTATGCA AAGCATGCAT CTCAATTAGT CAGCAACCAG GTGTGGAAAG TCCCCAGGCT CCCCAGCAGG CAGAAGTATG CAAAGCATGC
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            GGTCGTCCGT CTTCATACGT TTCGTACGTA GAGTTAATCA GTCGTTGGTC CACACCTTTC AGGGGTCCGA GGGGTCGTCC GTCTTCATAC GTTTCGTACG
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            4501 AATAACCICT GAAAGAGGAA CITGGITAGG TACCTICTGA GGCGGAAAGA ACCAĞCIGIG GAATGIGIGI CAGTIAGGGI GIGGAAAGIC CCCAGGCICC
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           TTATTGGAGA CITICICCIT GAACCAAICC AIGGAAGACI CCGCCITICI IGGICGACAC CITACACACA GICAAICCCA CACCITICAG GGGICCGAGG
                                                                                                                                                                                                              4401 TITICACIG CAITCIAGIT GIGGITIGIC CAAACICAIC AAIGIAICII AICAIGICIG GAICGAICGG GAATTAAITC GGCGCAGCAC CAIGGCCIGA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                            AAAAAGTGAC GTAAGATCAA CACCAAACAG GTTTGAGTAG TTACATAGAA TAGTACAGAC CTAGCTAGCC CTTAATTAAG CCGCGTCGTG GTACCGGACT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 nspHI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  cac8I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 bsmFI nlaIV
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     Idsu
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              sfani
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ppu10I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           ecoRII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             scrFI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       betNI
                                                                                                                                                                                                    hhal/cfol nlaill
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   beaJI
                                                                                                                            hael
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         dsav
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          mval
                                                                                                                                                                                     bsaJI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       sphI
                                                                                                                                                         ncol
                                                                                                                                         bsoFI styI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         nlallI
                                                                                                                          fnu4HI
                                                                                                                                                          bbvI
                                                                                                                                                                        hinPI
                                                                                                                                                                                      dpnII[dam-] asel/asnI/vspI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     cacel
          mbol/ndell[dam-]
                                                                                                                             bspDI[dam-] tru9I
                                                                                                                                              mseI
                                                                                                                                                                                                      nlaili alwi[dam-] asp700
                                                                                                                cla1/bsp106[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                          mbol/ndell[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                         dpnI[dam+] xmnI
                                         dpnII[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        apy1[dcm+]
                           dpnI [dam+]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     bsmFI nlaIV
                                                       pvuI/bspCI
                                                                                                   tadi[dam-]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             ecoRII
sau3AI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                scrFI
                                                                                     bsiEI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          bsaJl
                                                                      BCLI
                                                                                                                                                sau3AI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             bstNI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 mval
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             dsav
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        nspBII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            aluI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          IInvd
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            apyI[dcm+]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               ecoRII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    SCLFI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             batNI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             dsav
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  mval
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           sexAI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          ddel acil
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             mnlI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   nsil/avalli
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               asp718
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         csp6I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      nlaIV
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  hgici
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           rsal
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     kpnI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 banI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       sfani
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      ppu10I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     nlaIII
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              nspHI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               Idsu
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   sphī
                                                                                                                                                                                        mai
                                                                                                                                                                                                      mael
```

nlaIII

	Ħ
GCTGACTAAT CGACTGATTA	maeIII aluI CAAAAAGCTG GTTTTTCGAC
styl ncol ncol scil fokl cccraacrcc gcccraacrc gccccagtrc gcgcgcraacrc gccccarg gcrgactaar	rmal mael styl bsajl blul haelil/pali haelil/pali haelil/pali bseRi crcgccrcr GAGTAGTAGTG AGGAGCTTT TTTGGAGGC TAGGCTTTTG CAAAAAGCTG GAGCCGAGA CTCGATAAG TCCTCCGAAA AAACCTCCGG ATCCGAAAAA GTTTTCGAGG TCTGAAAAACTGACGAAAAA GAACCTCCGAAAAAAACTGACGAAAAAAAAAA
I acil GTTC CGCCCAT'	stul bae astul baei mull j crtt triggaggg
acil bsri acil CTAACTC CGCCCAGITC CG GATTGAG GCGGGTCAAG GC	mnli mali beeri AGTAGIG AGGAGG
acil fokl cc gcccArccc CC	aluI 11 SAGCTATTCC AGA
	fnu4HI bsoFI bglI sfiI haeIII/palI haeIII/palI adeI nlI baJI acii haeIII/palI AGG CCGAGGCCGC CTCGGCCTT GAGCTI TCC GGCTCCGGCG GAGCCGAGA CTCGA
acil bsmFI 4701 ATCTCAATTA GTCAGCAACC ATAGTCCCGC TAGAGTTAAT CAGTCGTTGG TATCAGGGCG	fnu4HI bsoFI bgli sfil haelII/ mnl mn haelII/pall bs mnl triff acit mn triff targenange ccangecee
ATCTCAATTA GTCAGCAACC TAGAGTTAAT CAGTCGTTGG	mn IATT TATGCAGA ATAA ATACGTCT
4701 ATCTCA TAGAGTJ	4801 TTTTT

apyl[dcm+] bsaJl ecoRII bstNI BCLFI dsav mval 4901 TTACCTCGAG CGGCGCTTA ATTAAGGCGC GCCATTTAAA TCCTGCAGGT AACAGCTTGG CACTGGCCGT CGTTTTACAA CGTCGTGACT GGGAAAACCC AATGGAGCTC GCCGGCGAAT TAATTCCGCG CGGTAAATTT AGGACGTCCA TTGTCGAACC GTGACCGGCA GCAAAATGTT GCAGCACTGA CCTTTTGGG barI maell maelil haeIII/pall eael cfrl berI aluI bagi maelii sse83871 bspMI pstI ahalll/dral Alinearization linker inserted into Hpal site tru91 msel tru91 bsh12361 msel msel bssHII swal fnuDII/mvnI hhal/cfol hhal/cfol hinPI bstul cacel hinPI eagl/xmall1/eclXI thal ascī tru91 haeIII/palI paci fnu4HI mnll acil acil barBI bsoFI paeR7I bsiEI taq1 cfr1 eael xhol fnu4HI aval bsoFI notI

fnuDII/mvnI rsal hhal/cfol bstUI scfI GGITACGCGC AGCGIGACCG CIACACIIGC CAGCGCCCIA GCGCCCGCIC CITICGCITI CIICCCIICC 5101 AGCCTGAATG GCGAATGGCG CCTGATGCGG TATTTTCTCC TTACGCATCT GTGCGGTATT TCACACGCA TACGTCAAAG CAACCATAGT ACGCGCCTG TOGGACTIAC CGCTTACCGC GGACTACGCC ATAAAAGAGG AATGCGTAGA CACGCCATAA AGTGTGGCGT ATGCAGTTTC GTTGGTATCA TGCGGGGAC accecates stigaattas cesaacetes tetasesess aascestesa ecscattate setteteess sesteseetas essaasset tsteaacsea 5001 TGGCGTTACC CAACTTAATC GCCTTGCAGC ACATCCCCCC TTCGCCAGCT GGCGTAATAG CGAAGAGGCC CGCACCGATC GCCCTTCCCA ACAGTTGCGT csp6I bslI **bsh1236I** hinPI thal Iloqu mpol/ndell[dam-] dpnII[dam-] dpnI[dam+] pvuI/bspCI sau3AI **bs1EI** mcrI hhaI/cfoI berBI acil cacel maell haeIII/palI hinPI hinpi haeli mnll acil ear1/ksp6321 bfal rmal sau96I mboll cac81 hhal/cfol haell mael asuI acil cac8I acti cac8I acil nspBII aluI IInad maelii bbvi maelii sfani cacel fnuDII/mvnI hhal/cfol fnu4HI **bsh1236I b**BOFI hinPI bstul thaI 5201 TAGCGGCGCA TTAAGCGCGG CGGGTGTGGT fnu4HI acil bsoFI bbvI sfaNI fnuDII/mvnI hhal/cfol hinl1/acy1 msel bah1236I acil hha I/cfol fnu4HI hinPI haeII bsoFI nlaIV hgici bstUI tru91 acil kasī banI thaI hhal/cfol hinPl narI tru9I hinPI fnu4HI bsoFI acil

cauli acil ncil dsav fokl

nspBII bsh1236I bstul

acil hgal

acii

nlall hhal/cfol

maeli bari

bsaAI tthllll/aspI bbvI

hgill hgill hgill hgill hgill hgill hgill hgill hgill hall  chaccrotha Arcededer cecttrace trecartra grectrace cerecteded cecttrace greccede gegaratee angestaat cacearie cerecarde griccacat treccede gegaratee angestaat cacearie cerecarde griccacat treccede gegaratee angestaat cacearie cerecarde  III/pall  Griccacat Treccede angestaat cacearie cerecarde Griccacat Treccede angestaat cacearie cerecarde Graccege angestaat treccede angestaat cacearie cacearie  Categer Tricatitat Angestit Greater Cacearie Cacearie  Graccege angestaat angestaat cacearie cacearie  II  Raell hall/pall  maell hall/shol sall hall/shol sall hall/shol sall hall/shol sall hall/col h			H	ac11 CC GG	
	CCCAAAAAC GGGTTTTTG	pleI hinfI GACTCTTGTT CTGAGAACAA	tru9I luI mseI GCTGATTTAA CGACTAAATT	9I I AGCCAACTCC TCGGTTGAGG	
	LalV jici taqi nni mnli GCACCTCGAC	tru9I mseI TTTAATAGTG AAATTATCAC	ru9I BeI TAAAAATGA ATTTTTACT	cii u4Hi oFi tru mse CGCATAGTTA GCGTATCAAT	sfani mspi hpali scrfi ncii
	n] hg be GTGCTTTACG CACGAAATGC	i ifi maeli Grccacgirc Caggigcaag	t: m: neIII/pall GCCTATTGGT CGGATAACCA	fn fn bs. sfaNI GCTCTGATGC	
	IV TTCCGATTTA AAGGCTAAAT	maell ple drdl hin TGACGTIGGA ACTGCAACCT	he GCCGATTTCG CGCCTAAAGC	real csp61 agtacaatct tcatgttaga	nPI AI/cfol I OII/mvnI JI
maell cacll  5301 TTTCTCGCCA CGTTCGCGG CTTTCCCGT CAAGCTCTAA ATGGGGGCT  AAAGAGCGGT GCAAGCGGC GAAGGGGCA GTTCGAGTT TAGCCCCGA  AAAGACCGT GCAAGCGGC GAAGGGGCA GTTCGAGTT TAGCCCCCGA  AAAGACCGT GCAAGCGGC GAAGGGGCA GTTCGAGTT TAGCCCCCGA  AACTAAACC GCAACCGC GAAGGGGC TATCGCCAA  AACTAAACC ACTACCTAA GCATCACCCG TAGCGGTT  AACTAAACC ACTACCTAA CCCTATCTC GGGCTATTTTTTTTTT	6 nla cccrttaagg gggaaatccc	TTTCGCCCTT	AAGGGATTTT TTCCCTAAAA		hinPI hhal/cf thal fnuDII/m bstUI
mspl hpsll nael cfr101/bsrF1 alul saeli cacdl AAGGGGT CCAGGCGC CTTCCCCGT CAGCTCTAA AAGAGCGGT CCAGCGCC GAAGGGGCA GTTCGGGT maell haell1/pall dralli sau961 hphl bsaAl asul bsaAl asul bsaLl bsaAl asul cCAAACTGG TGATGGTTCA CGTAGTGGC CATCGCCTG bsll bsaLl bsll aval cGTTTGACTTGG ACCTACTGG GTAGGGGRC thal tru91 apol tru91 pspl4061 msel bstUl msel tru91 bsll361 sspl msel spol CAAAATTAA ACCGAATT TAACAAAATA TTAACGTTAA GTTTTAAAT TGCGCTTAAA ATTGTTAAT AATTGCAAAT flu4HI maelli bs0FI	nlalv hgiJII bep128 bmyI banII ATCGGGGCT TAGCCCCCGA	ATAGACGGTT TATCTGCCAA	TTTGATTTAT AAACTAAATA	CAATTTTATG	
maell cac81 cfr101/bsrF1 maell cac81 cfr101/bsrF1 maell cac81 s301 TTTCTCGCCA CGTTCGCGG CTTTCCCGT AAAGAGCGGT GCAAGCGGCC GAAGGGGCA hphl bsall asu9 hphl bsall asu1 bsrI bsall ava1 sACTAAACCC ACTACCCAGT GCATCACCG AACTAAACCC ACTACTCAGG cGTTTGACT TGTGTGAGT TGGGATAGAG 5501 CCAAACTGGA ACAACACTCA ACCCTATCTC GGTTTGACT TGTTGTGAGT TGGGATAGAG fhuDII/mvnI tru91 apol tru91 msel bstUI msel msel bstUI msel spol cAAAAATTAACAAAATA GTTTTTAAAT TGGGTTAAA ATTGTTTTAT fhudH maeIII bsoFI	alul Caagctctaa Gticgagatt	II/pall il carcgcccrg gragcggac	GGGCTATTCT CCCGATAAGA		npI I
mspI hpaII naeI cfr101 maeII cac81 cfr101 aAAGAGGGT GCAGGGGC AAAGAGGGT GCAGGGGCC AAAGAGGGT GCAGGGGCC AAAATTA AGGGGAT GTTTTAAAT TGGGTTAAA maeIII naeIII hpaI hphI bsrI cfr1GTGAC fr1GTGAG fr1GTGA	/bsrF1 cttccccgt gaaggggca	nell hael illi sau96 iAl asul cGTAGTGGGC GCATCACCG	bsli aval ACCCTATCTC TGGGATAGAG	ni ru91 sel sspl TAACAAAATA	hti fnu4H bsoFI
5301 TTTCTCGCCA AAAGAGCGGT hph 5401 TTGATTTGGG AACTAAACCC GGTTTGACCT msel apol apol GTTTTAAAT GTTTTAAAT	mspl hpall nael cfr101 ell cac81 cGTTCGCGG	ma dra LI DSSETTCA ACTACCAAGT	ACAACACTCA TGTTGTGAGT	thal fnuDII/mvr II apol ti bbtll me ACGCGAATTI	BREIII
5401	ma TTTCTCGCCA AAAGAGGGGT	hph TTGATTTGGG AACTAAACCC	ber I CCAAACTGGA GGTTTGACCT	tru9 mseI apoI CAAAATTA	
	5301	5401	5501	5601	

FIG. 48S

5701 GCTATCGCTA CGTGACTGGG TCATGGCTGC GCCCCGACAC CCGCCAACAC CCGCTGÁCGC GCCCTGACGG GCTTGTCTGC TCCCGGCATC GGCTTACAGA CGATAGCGAT GCACTGACC AGTACCGACG CGGGATGTCT GCGACTGCC CGAACAGACG AGGGCCGTAG GCGAATGTCT

thal fnuDII/mvnI bstUI bsh1236I hinPI hhal/cfoI thal mnlI fnuDII/mvnI bstUI ccccccacc AGTATTO gccccccc TCATAAG	nlaIV acil thaI thaI thaI hinlI/acyI bstUI bstUI aatII hinPI ddeI maeII hhal/cfoI cTTAGACG TCAGGTGGCA CTTTTCGGGG AATGTGCGC GGACCCCTA TTGTTTATT CAATCTGC AGTCCACCGT GAAAAGCCCC TTTACACGCG CCTTGGGGAT AAACAATAA	mboli bsmAl bsmAl bsmAl nlaili aspl earl/ksp6321 msli carGAGAGTAT TCAACATTTC CATGAGACAA TAACCTTCA ATAATATTGA AAAAGGAAGA GTATCACAT AGTTGTAAAG CATGAGACAA TAACCCTGAT TATATAACT TTTCCTTCT CATACTCATA AGTTGTAAAG GTACTCTGTT ATTGGGACTA TTTACGAAGT TATTATAACT TTTTCCTTCT CATACTCATA AGTTGTAAAG GTACTCTGTT ATTGGGACTA TTTACGAAGT TATTATAACT TTTTCCTTCT CATACTCATA AGTTGTAAAG GTACTCTGTT ATTGGGACTA TTTACGAAGT TATTATAACT TTTTCCTTCT CATACTCATA AGTTGTAAAG BSD1286 BS
scrFI nc11 mspI hpall nspI dsav nspHI esp31 fnu4HI bsmBI bborI  aluI bslI cauli aluI nlaiII mnlI hphI hphI gttcgAcGCC CTCGACGTAC ACACTCTCT AAAGTGGCAG TAGTGGCTTTT gttcacACCTTTTCACACCTCTCTTTTCACACCTCTTTTCACACACTCTTTTCACACACTCTCTTTTCACACACACACACACACACACACACACACACACACACACA	hinli/acyl nlaili ahali/bsaHi tru91 rcai msel bspHi ddel maeli 5901 TACGCCTAIT TITATAGGTT AATGTCATGT TAATAATGGT TCTTAGACG TCAGGTGGCA ATGCGGATAA AAATATCCAA TTACAGTACT ATTATTACCA AAGAATCTGC AGTCCACGT	rcal bspHI bsrBI bsmAI acii nlaili aais cattcaata tgtatccct catgagaca taacc

eco571 apall/snol
bphi sfani mboli[dem-] alw441/snol
corgresce tratrecet tittgeggea tittgecite cigitities teacecagaa acciging aagtaaaaga teetgaagai cagtiggegg
geacageggg aataagggaag gacaaaaaacg agtgegeti tgegaceact teatitiet acgaciteta gicaaccac dpnII[dam-] eco57I

	100/1	36
hgial/aspHI bsp1286 tru91 bsiHKAI mseI bmyI ahaIII/draI gagcactT TTAAAGTTCT CTCGTGAA AATTTCAAGA	rsal csp61 bsr1 scal hphl maeIII AGTA CTCACCAGTC TCAT GAGTGGTCAG	ol/ndell[dam-] nl[dam+] nll[dam-] l/bspCl l El
maell psp14061 hgial/aspHI mni bsp1286 tru91 isp700 bsiHKAI msel in bmyl ahalll/ isacg ttttccaatg atgagcactt ttaaa	real csp6I scal hi ct cagaatgact tggttgagta ct Ga gtcttactga accaactcat ga	haeIII/palI eaeI cfrI fnu4HI bsoFI aciI IA ACACTGCGG CAACTTACTT
Bau3Al nspBII sau3Al mbol/ndeIl[dam-] mbol/ndeIl[dam-] mbol/ndeIl[dam-] hgiAl/aspHI psp1406I hgiAl/aspHI dpnI[dam+] dpnI[dam+] xmnl bstYl/xhoII dpnII[dam-] asp700 bs. Inticam-] asp700 bs. Inticam-] acil bstYl/xhoII mboII bolII bstYl/xhoII mboII taqI alwI[dam-] acil bstYl/xhoII mboII mboII bmyI ahaIII/draI cacGaGTGGG TTACATCGAA CTGGATCTCA ACAGCGGTAA GATCCTTGAG AGTTTTCGC CCGAAGAACG TTACAATG ATGAGCACTT TTAAAGTTCT GTCGCCATT CTAGGAACTC TCAAAAGCG GGCTTCTTGC AAAGGTTAC TACTCGTGAA AATTTCAAGA	acii ncii thai thai fuuDii/mvni mspi bstui dsav acii bsh1236i hinli/acyi mcri fnu4Hi hinpi hai/cfoi ahali/bsaHi bcgi bsiEi bsoFi ddei scal hphi mae: cgatacacc cgccataata gggcaccgt ctcgttgagc cagcgcgta tetataaga gtcttactg accaccata gagtgctcac	haeIII/pall mb eaeI cfrI cfrI dpi dpi fnu4HI bboti mslI nlaIII bsoFI bbt mslI nlaIII bst frogrammer arcttacege tecenteaca grangagari tatecaetec tecentaacc ateactaata acattecteacege caactifacte tegenaceaeca
sau3Al nspBII s mbol/ndell[dam-] m dpnI[dam+] d bstYI/xholl d bsrI dpnII[dam-] acil bst a crgcarcrca AcAgcgGTAA G T GACCTAGAGT TGTCGCCATT C	scrFI ncii mspi hpali dsav hinll/acyi hgal cauli ahall/bsaHi cccGTGATGA GGGGCCCGTT C	foki nlaiii GGA TGGCATGACA GTAAGAGAAT T CCT ACCGTACTGT CATTCTCTTA A
bssi maeili taqi 6201 cacgagiggg TIACATCGAA GIGCICACCC AATGIAGCTT	acil thai fnuDil/mvni bstOi bsh1236i hinPi hhal/cfOi hAal/cfOi GATACACG CGCCATAATA	sfani fok 6401 acagaaaagc atcttacga tgtctttcg tagaatgcct

FIG. 48U

6501 TCGGAGGACC GAAGGAGCTA ACCGCTTTTT TGCACAACAT GGGGATCAT GTAACTCGCC TTGATCGTTG GGAACCGGAG CTGAATGAAG CCATACCAAA AGGTGTTGTA CCCCTAGTA CATTGAGCGG AACTAGCAAC CCTTGGCCTC GACTTACTTC GGTATGGTTT

nlaIII alwI[dam-]

acil

aluI

sau961 avall asul mnll

mbol/ndell[dam-] alul dpnl[dam+] hpall dpnl[dam-] bsaWl

sau3AI nlaIV

sau3AI maeIII mboI/ndeII[dam-]

nlaIII

dpnI[dam+] dpnII[dam-]

		101 / 136		7
tru91 mse1 ase1/asn1/vsp1 ACAATTAATA	bsrFI bsmAI i-] bsaI GAGCGIGGT CTCGCACCCA	AACGAAATAG TTGCTTTATC	tru9I aI mseI TCATTTTTAA AGTAAAATT	sau3AI mboI/ndeII[dam-] dpnI[dam+] dpnII[dam-] GTAGAAAAGA
hpall alul scrFl rmal ncil tru91 mael dsav msel bfal caull asel/asi CTTACTCTAG CTTCCGGCA ACAATTAATA	mspl hpali cfr101/bsrFl nlalv hphi bpm1/gsu1[dcm-] bsa rccltatrg ctgataarc rggagccgr gagcgrgggr accaaataac gactatrtag accrcggcca crcgcacca	ple! hinf! ahdI/eam1105! fok! ACACGACGGG GAGTCAGGCA ACTATGGATG AACGAAATAG TGTGCTGCCC CTCAGTCCGT TGATACCTAC TTGCTTTATC	tru91 msel ahaIII/draI msel CTTTAGATTG ATTTAAACT TCATTTTTAA GAAATCTAAC TAAATTT	sai tru91 hgal dpi mse1 cccTraacg gagtrtrcg tcactgagc gtagaaaga gggaattgca ctcaaaagca aggtgactcg cagtctgggg catcttrtct
1 TGGCGAACTA ACCGCTTGAT	TGGTTTATTG CTGAT ACCAAATAAC GACTA		CTCATATATA CTTTA GAGTATATAT GAAAT	I GAGTTTTCGT TCCAC
hinPI hhal/cfol mstI avil1/fspl bsrl I msel fcl rgcgca AACTATTAAC P	bgli cac81 sau961 cac81 hae111/pal1 asul mspl ol hpal1 igcccr rccGcrGGC	ATC GTAGTTATCT TAG CATCAATAGA	CAG ACCAAGTITA GTC IGGIICAANI	maell tru91 mael mael mael mael mael mael mael cortrance mat critance mat cortrance mat appression mael mat appression mael mael mael mael mael mael mael mael
mael psp140 rggcaaca acgi	bgli cac81 sau961 cac81 pall haeIII/pall bsrl acil avall hinPl asul mspl bsrl mnll cACTGGGGTAAAATC TGGAGCCGGT GACGTGGCTGCT CCGCTATAAATC TGGAGCCGGT GACCTCGCTGCTCCCACACCCACCCACCCACCCACCCACC	fnu4HI haeIII/palI nlasu961 bbvI nlaIV bsrDI bsrI asul cATTGCAGCA TTGGTAAGCC CTCCCGTATC GTAACGTCGT GACCCACTAGGC ATGGTAAGCC GAGGGCATAGGTAAGC	ddel nlalv mbol/ndell(dam-) dpnl(dam+) hglci tru9! dpnl(dam+) banl mnll msel maelli dpnll(dam-) banl mnll msel maelli tgrcraggcr gagaragg ccrcacrgar raagcarrgg raacrgrcag accaagtrra crcaratara rgrcragcga crctarccac ggaggacta arrcgraacc arrgacagrc rggrrcaar gagraratar	[dam-] nlaIII rcal bspHI GATAATCTCA TGACCAAAAT CTATTAGAGT ACTGGTTTTA
fnu4HI bsoFI cac8I bsrDI sfaNI bbvI ca TGCCAGCAGC AA	sau96I avaII asuI A AGTIGCAGGA CC	H haeIII/palI sau961 nlaIV nlaIV bsrI asuI	ddel nlalv mbol/ndell[dam-] dpnl[dam+] hgiCl tru9l dpnl[dam-] banl mnll msel acagarcgcr gacaracgrc ccrcacrcar raacc	rmal mael sau3Al mael sau3Al sau3Al hphi mbol/ndell[dam-] dpnl[dam+] dpnl[dam+] dpnl[dam-] dpnl[dam-] tru9I bstYl/xhoII alwl[dam-] msel alwl[dam-] bstYl/xhoII ahalll/dral bfal mboll[dam-] TTTAAAAGGA TCTAGGTGAA GATCCTTTTT GATAAAAAAAAAA
msli maelii s GT GACACCACG	acil mnli GG AGGGGATA	fnu4HI /mvnI bsoFI bbvI 16I bsrDI b 1AT CATTGCAGCA	ddel nlabau3Al nlabol/ndell[dam-] dpnl[dam+] hg. dpnl[dam-] bargarcgr gagaragg;	rmal mael sa mael sa sau3Al hphl mb mbol/ndeIl[dam-] dpnI[dam+] dp dpnII[dam+] dp tru9I bstYl/xhoII al msel alwI[dam-] bstY ahaIII/dral bfaI mboII[ ahaIII/dral bfaI mboII[ ahaIII/dral bfaI mboII[
1 CGACGAGC		acil thal fnuDII/mvnI bstUI bsh12361 bs	dc sau3ai mbol/nd dpni[da dpni[c] 1 acagarcec7	tru9I   msel   ahalil/
099	6701	6801	)69	70

nI mbol/ndell[dam-] dpnI[dam+] dpnI[dam+] fnu4HI acil nspBII hpaII aluI crgcrgcrrg caaacaaaa aaccacccr accaccac cracacaac cracacaca caaacaaa	haelli/pali bsli hael ragccgragt taggccacca crtcaagaac arcggcatca arccggrgg gaagtrcffg	fnu4HI bBoFI  bbvI  fnu4HI  fnu4HI  alwNI [dcm-]  bsrI bsoFI  caull hinfI  caull hinfI  agacarcar coccaracar corocasac corocasacar  agacarcar coccaracar agar argercac acacacar coccaracar agrical	acil nspBil hgiAl/aspHI fnu4HI bsp1286 bsoFI bboI mcrI bhinPI bsiEI alw441/snoI bhal/cfoI bacccagc Treatgear CaacccagcT TGGAGCGAAC GACCTACACC
acii AACCACGCT A	rmal mael bfal bfal caaatactgt ccttctagtg tagccgtagt gtttatgaca ggaagatcac atcggcatca	I GGCGATAAGT (	I TGGAGCGAAC
ni cac8i fnu4Hi bsoFi bbvi crgcrgctrg caaacaaaa AaccaccgcT	C CAAATACTG1	fnu4HI bsoFI bbvI fnu4HI I{dcm-} bsoFI bbvI bcC TGCTGCCAGCCCCC	hgial/aspHI bsp1286 bsiHKAI bmyI apaLI/snoI alw44I/snoI
	hinpi hhal/cfol h gcgcagatac	fn bs fnu4HI alwNI {dcm-} bsrI bsoFI maeIII bbvI GT TACCAGTGGC TGC	hgial/aspHI bsp1286 bsiHKAI bmyI apaLI/snoI alw441/snoI
m-] thal fnuDII/mvnI bstUI bsh1236I h1nPI hhal/cfoI c TGCGCGTAAT CT	eco57I iG CTTCAGCAGA	n rg ctaatcct	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S
### ##################################	bsrl maelili GCTACCAACT CTTTTTCCGA AGGTAACTGG CGATGGTTGA GAAAAAGGCT TCCATTGACC	mnll TA CCTCGCTC1 AT GGAGCGAG?	acil nspBil fnu4Hi bsoFi bbvi mcri hinPi bsiEi hhal/cfoi
sau3AI mboII[dam-] sau3AI mboI/ndeII[dam-] dpnI[dam+] dpnI[dam+] bstYI/xhoII alwI[dam-] alwI[dam-] bstYI/xhoII cGATC TTCTTGAGAT CCTTTT	T CTTTTCCG	acii Ac cGcCTACA'	
sau3AI mboII[dam-] sau3AI mboI/ndeII[dam-] dpnI[dam+] dpnI[dam+] dpnII[dam-] bstYI/xhoII alwI[dam-] alwI[dam-] bstXI/xhoII alwI[dam-] AGTITCCTAG AAGAACTCTA GGAAAAAAAG	bsrl maelili 7201 GCTACCAACT CTTTTTCCGA AGGTAACTGG CGATGGTTGA GAAAAAGGCT TCCATTGACC	scfI 1 TCTGTAGG? AGACATCGT	mapi hpali bsawi maelli
71(	721	73	ì

## FIG. 48W

maeIII hhal/cfoI
7401 AGTHACCGGA TAAGGCGCAG CGGTCGGGCT GAACGGGGGG TTCGTGCACA CAGCCCAGCT TGGAGCGAAC GACCTACACC GAACTGAGAT ACCTACAGGG
TCAATGGCCT ATTCCGCGTC GCCAGCCCGA CTTGCCCCCC AAGCACGTGT GTCGGGTCGA ACCTCGCTTG CTGGATGTGG CTTGACTCTA TGGATGTCGC

(+ E			
scrFI mval ecoRII dsav bssSI bstNI hinPI mnlI bsaJI hhal/cfoI aluI apyI[dcm+] ccttGrccrc rcgcTGCTC CCTCGAAGGT	nlaIV acii GATGCTCGTC AGGGGGGGGG AGCCTATGGA CTACGAGCAG TCCCCCGCC TCGGATACCT	tfii hinfi cctgattctg tggataaccg ggactaagac acctattggc	sapi hinpi mboli hhal/cfol eari/ksp6321 i haeli ig hagagggggg targggaaa
bsssI hinPI mul hhal/cfoI G AGCGCACGAG	ic Agggg	tfii hinfi cc cctgath gg ggactaa	sapi hinpi mboli hhal/c eari/ksp6321 acii haeli AGGG AAGAGGGCC
GGAACAGGA	sfani Gatgeteg Ctacgage	TGCGTTATCC	mnll GAGGA CTCCT
mspl hpall fnu4Hl bsll bsoFl bsaWl acil ATCCGCTAAG CGGCAGGGTC TAGGCCATTC GCCGTCCCAG	taqi i ir cgattttgt ia gctaaaaga	nlalli /pall nspl nspHI hinfi aflili rtrgcrcaca rgrrcrtrcc rgcgrrarcc ccrgarrcrg	fnu4HI bsoFI bbvI pleI hinPI hinfI hal/cfol GCGCAGCGA GCCAGCGA
mspi hpali fn bsli bs bsawi ac ATCCGGTAAG	te di hgai ACTTGAGCGT TGAACTCGCA	nlalli haelil/pali nspli ael aflili 81 GGCCT TTGCTCACA TG	fnu4HI bBoFI bbvI pl hInPI hil hhal/cfoI AGCGCAGCGA TCGCGTCGCT
mspl hpall fnu4HI bsll bsoFI acil bsaWI acil GCGGACAGGT ATCCGGTAAG CGGCAGGGTC	mnll drdl sccaccrcrs AC	haelll haell cac81 TTGCTGGCCT	mcrI bsiEI cGAACGACG GCTTGCTGGC
AGGGAGAAAG C	taqi mnli drdi hgai GTCGGGTTTC GCCACCTCTG ACTTGAGCGT CGATTTTTGT CAGCCCAAAG CGGTGGAGAC TGAACTCGCA GCTAAAAACA	haeIII/palI scrFI mval bslI ecoRII dsav bstNI apyl[dcm+] nlaIV haeI cscc AGGACCGGAA AACC	fnu4HI bsoFI bbvI cac8I ac1I rBI fnu4HI 1I bsoFI GC TCGCCGCAGC
	TTATAGTCCT (	L/palI I vnI nlaI TTTTACGGT AAAAATGCCA	cace bsrBI il acil crgaraccc 1 cacaraccc 2
hinpi hhai/cfoi haeli gaaaggggga gggaagggt	scrFI mval ecoRII dsaV bstNI apyl[dcm+] ccTGGTATCT TTATAGTCCT GGACCATAGA AATATCAGGA	haeIII/pall haeIII/pall fnu4HI scrFI bsoFI mvaI bslI acil dsav haeIII/pall nspl fnuDII/mvnI apyl[dcm+] haeI nspHI bstUI nlaIV haeI cac8I aflIII cAACGCGGC TTTTTACGGT TCTGGCCTT TTGCTCACA TGTTCTTTCC GTTGCCCGG AAAATGCCA AGGACCGGAA AACGACGGA AAACGAGGT ACCAGAAAAGG	fnu4HI bscFI cac8I aciI bbvI cac8I aciI bsrBI fnu4HI aluI aciI bsoFI TTTGAGTGAG CTGATACGG TGGCGCAGG
hinpi hhai/cfoi haeli 7501 TGAGCATTGA GAAAGGGGCTACGCGA ACTCGTAACT CTTTCGCGGT GCGAAGGGCT	7601 GGGGAAACG CCCCTTTGC C	cac81 7701 AAAACGCCAG TTTTGCGGTC	acii Tattaccec
7501 1	7601	7701	7801

maeIII accicactoa traggeacec caggetitac actitatget te^cggetegt atgitgigig gaatigigag eggataacaa titcacacag gaaacageta Iggagigagt aatcegiggg steegaaatg igaaatacga aggeegagga tacaacacac ettaacacte gectatigit aaagigigic cittgiegat 7901 CCGCCTCTCC CCGCGCGTTG GCCGATTCAT TAATCCAGCT GGCACGACAG GTTTCCCGAC TGGAAAGCGG GCAGTGAGCG CAACGCAATT AATGTGAGTT GGCGGAGAGG GGCGCCCAAC CGGCTAAGTA ATTAGGTCGA CCGTGCTGTC CAAAGGGCTG ACCTTTCGCC CGTCACTCGC GTTGCGTTAA TTACACTCAA asel/asnl/vspl tru9I mseI hhal/cfol acil bsrBI cacel acil berI hpall Idsm cac8I eael tfil asel/asnl/vspl tru9I pvuII fnuDII/mvnI bstUI haeIII/palI hgici apyi[dcm+] ecoRII SCLFI nlaIV bstNI dsav fnuDII/mvnI HVAI hhai/cfol beh1236I bsh1236I bstul hinPI thaI bslI mnlI 8001

-1G. 48Y

```
3562 3566 3676 3733 3792 4270 4288 4311 4344 4554 4842 4896 4954 5047 5333 5590
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 5275 5680 5699 5741 5751 5790 5979 6026 6125 6234 6311 6355 6476 6522 6713 6804 7166 7175 7310 7420 7541 7560 7687 7715 7806 7827 7834 7877 7901 7911 7967 8070
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           5153 5166 5203 5217 5220 5248
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    3167 3179 3188 3200 3210 3221 3267 3372 3404 3449 3686 3949 4021 4318 4542 4727
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   823 1039 2738 4237
217 229 238 250 260 271 317 422 454 485 574 1385 1795 1871 2248 2250 2758 2982
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         5 44 332 386 390 753 1097 1165 1370 1431 1951 2603 2751 2784 3282 3336 3340
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       5803 5822 6516 6579 6679 7200 7457 7593 7819 7937 8096
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  5127
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                4739 4748 4760 4770 4781 4827 4910 4914 5070
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           988 1690 1858 5117 5947 6329
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    696 4935 6290 6982 7001
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     1876 5651 6198 7444
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          2969 3967 4529
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           ahdI/eam11051(GACNNNNNGTC): 2087 6865
                                                asel/asnl/vspl
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  see hinll
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                932 7758
tru9I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         1833
                          msel
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       786
                                                                                                                     8101 TGACCATGAT TACGAATTAA
                                                                                                                                           ACTEGIACTA ATECTIAAIT
                                                                                              asp700
                                                                          Iumx
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                ahall/bsaHI (GRCGYC):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            alw441/snol(GTGCAC):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           ahalli/dral(TTTAAA):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            aflii/bfri(CTTAAG):
                                                                                                 nlallI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     aflil(ACRYGT):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 acc651 (GGTACC):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           aatII(GACGTC):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        accI (GTMKAC):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              agel (ACCGGT):
                                                                                                                                                                                           >length: 8120
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        alui (AGCT):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    ac11(CCGC):
```

FIG. 48Z

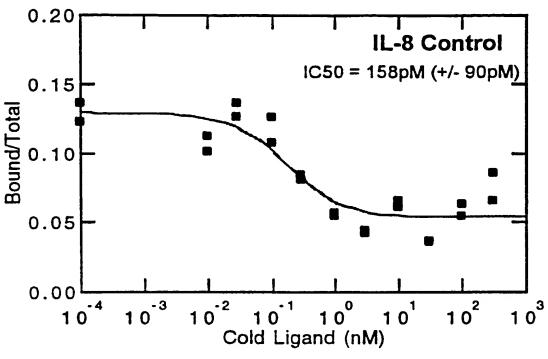


FIG. 49A

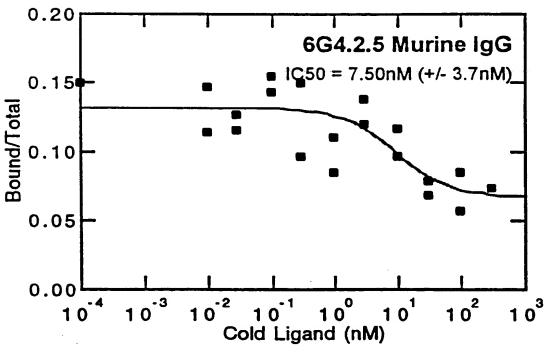


FIG. 49B

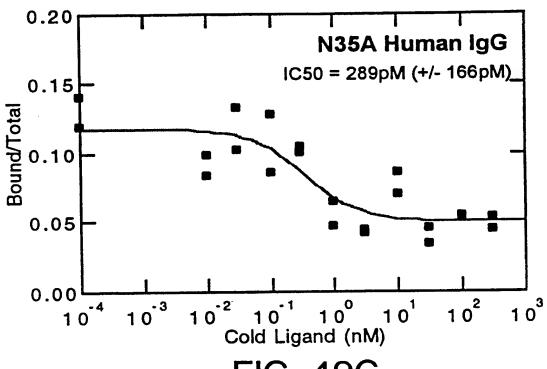


FIG. 49C

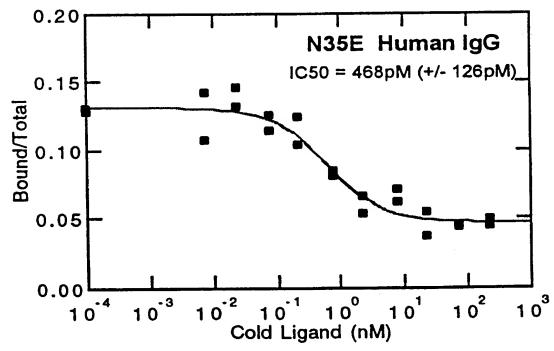
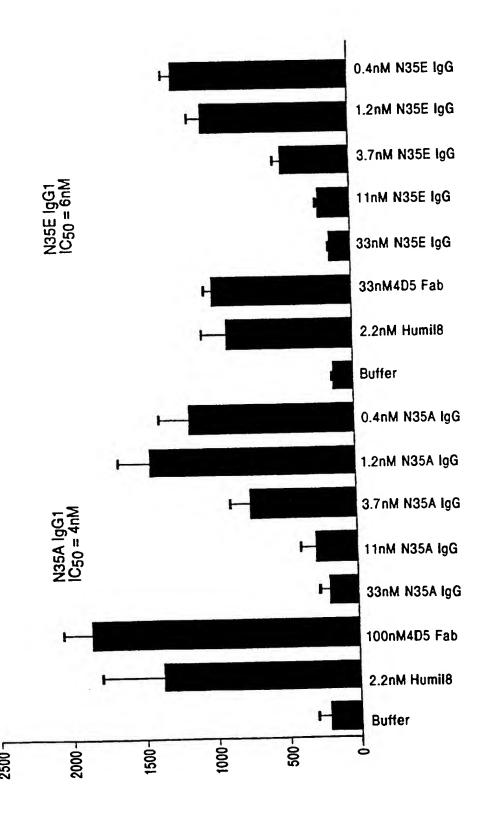
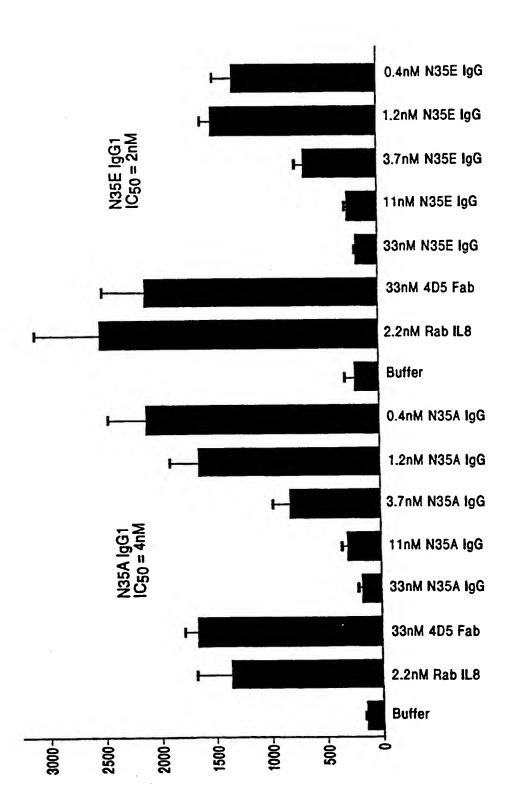
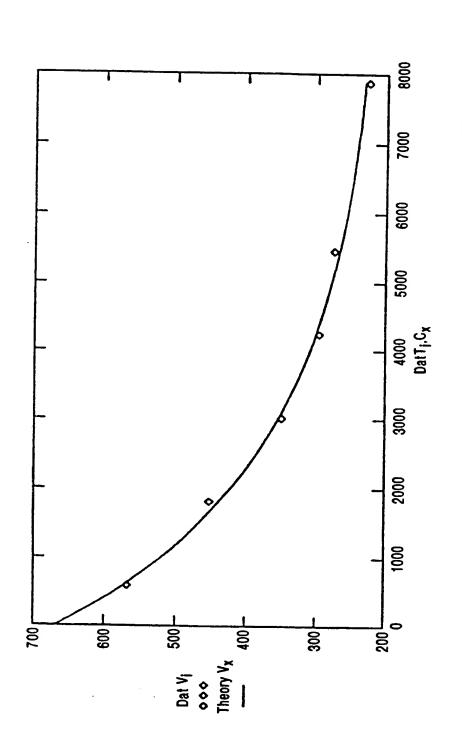


FIG. 49D



SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

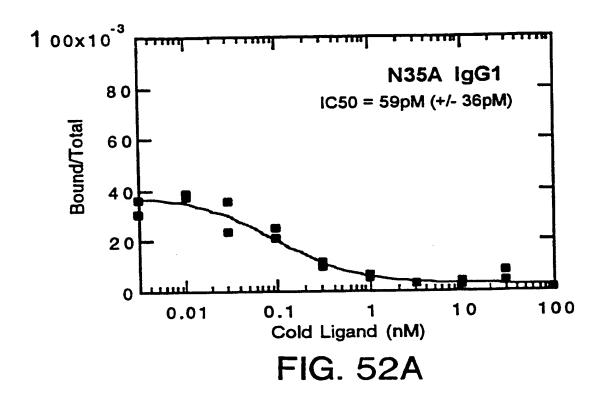


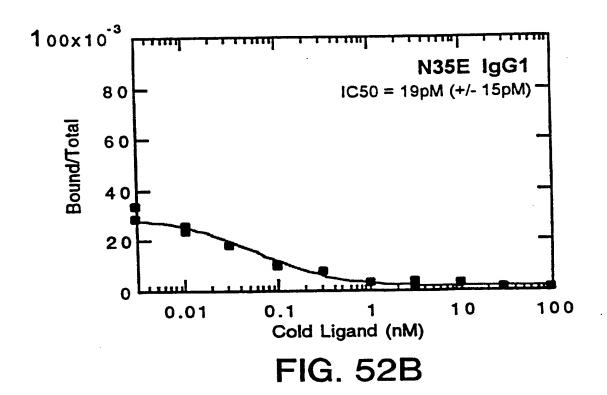


Representative Conc versus Time Plot. Shown is the kinetic data for 6G4V11N35A.IgG1

			FIG. 51
Kd	350pM	88pM	49pM
kd	2.9x10-4	$7.7x10^{-5}$	$1.4x10^{-4}$
ka	8.3x105	$8.7x10^{5}$	$3.0 \times 10^6$
SAMPLE	Murine 6G4.2.5 IgG2a	6G4V11N35A-IgG1	6G4V11N35E-IgG1

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)



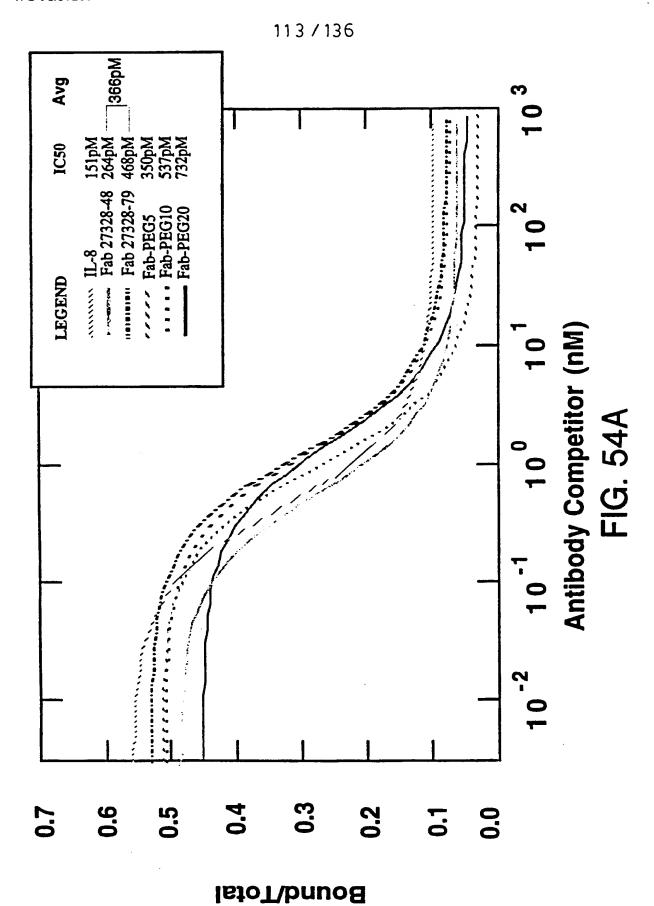


SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

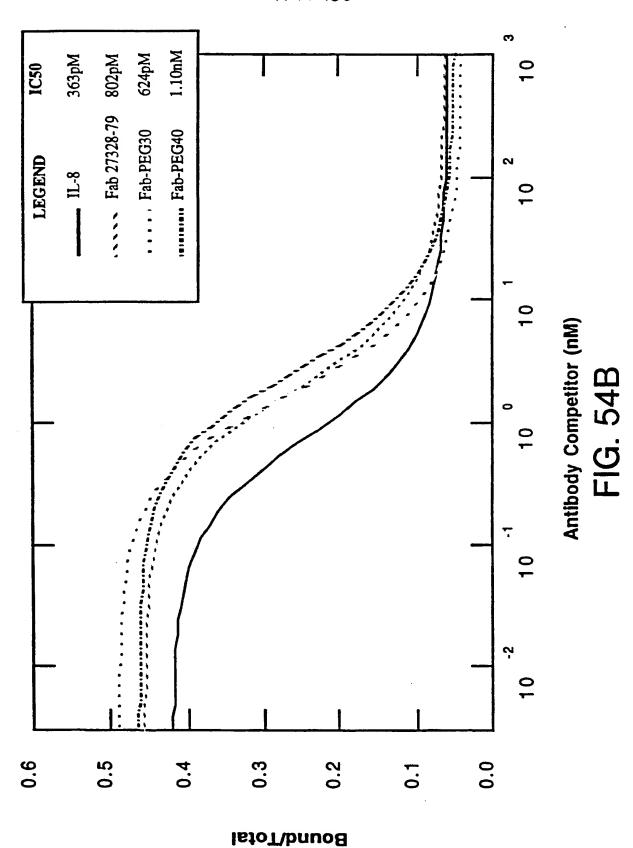
## 112 / 136

										AAAA	TA	CTT	TTC	T	TATA ATAT I	GCG	TAA	AGA	AGA	CGT
	AGA	TAC	:AAC	C	AAAA	AAG	ATA	ACG	ATG'	TTTG	CG	CATY	GCGA	C	AGGT TCCA V	AGT	CGA	TCA	CGTC	CAGA
901	GGC CCG	GG1 CC2	GGC	C G	TGGT ACCA	GCAC CGTC	GCC CGG	AGG(	GGG(	CTCA GAGT	CT GA	CCG!	rrrc AAAC	T :A	CCTG GGAC. C	TGC. ACG	AGC TCG	TTC:	rgg(	TAC SATG
	TCC	TTC	TCC	SA	GTCA	- CTAT	TAT	GCA	CTG	GGTC	CG'	TCAG	GCC	:C	CGGG'	TAA	GGG	CCT	GAJ	\TGG
28															G					
1021															ATCA TAGT					
48	V	G	<u>Y</u>	I	D	Р	s_	N_	G	E	T	T	Υ	N		_K_	F	K	G	R
1081 68	AAG	TG	LAA	CA	GAGC	GCT	<b>TT</b>	GAG	GTT	TTTG	TG	TCG'	TATO	G;	TGCA ACGT Q	CTA	CTT	GTC	GAC	CGCA
1141															ATCG TAGC					
88	A	E	D	T	A	V	Y	Y	С	Α	R	<u>G</u>	D	Y	R	Y	N	G_	D	M
1201	AAG	AAC	CTY	GC	AGAC	CCC	AGT	TCC	TTG	GGAC	CA	GTG	GCAG	A	GGAG	CCG	GAG	GTG	GTT	CCCG
108_	F	F	D		W	G	Õ	G	Т	Ъ	٧	T	V	S	S	A	5	1	Λ.	G
1261	GGI	'AG	CAC	GA	AGGG	GGA	CCG	TGG	GAG	GAGG	TT	CTC	GTG	SA	GACC	CCC	GTG	TCG	CCG	GAC
128	P	S	<b>V</b>	F	P	L	A	₽	S	s	K	S	T	S	G	G	T	A	A	L
1321	CCG	AC	<b>GA</b> (	CC	AGTT	CCI	GAT	GAA	GGG	GCTT	GG	CCA	CTG	C	ACAG	CAC	CTT	GAG'	rcc	CCC
															S					
1381	GAC	TG	GTC	GC	CGC	CGT	GTG	GAA	.GGG	CCGA	CA	GGA	TGTY	CA	CCTC GGAG S	TCC	TGA	GAT	GAG	GAG
1441	_	_	_				_		_				_							
188															TCTG T					
	TT	AGT	GTT	CG	GGTY	GTT	GTG	GTI	CCA	GCTG	TI	CTT	TCA	AC	AGCC	GTI	TAG	AAC	ACT	GTTT
208	N	H	K	P	S	N	T	K	V	D	K	K	v	E	P	K	S	С	D	K
1561					GCCC			-												
228	T	H	T	С	P	P	0		1		<u> </u>	F	2							

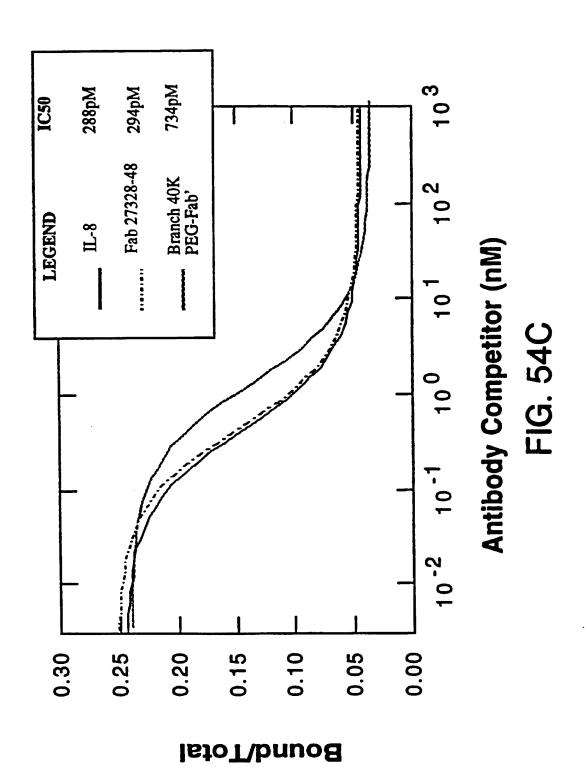
FIG. 53



SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)



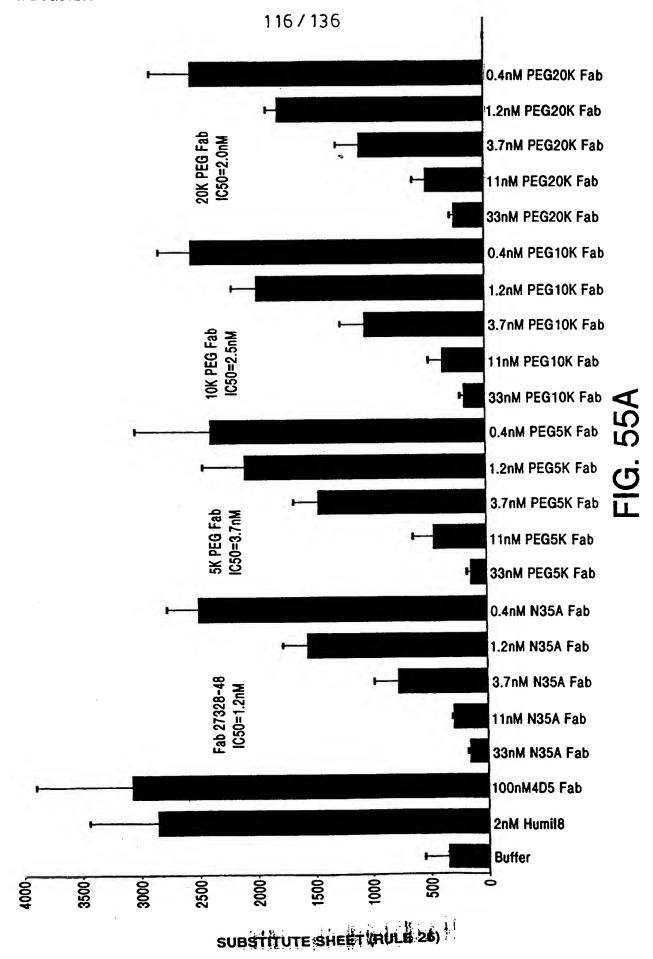
SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

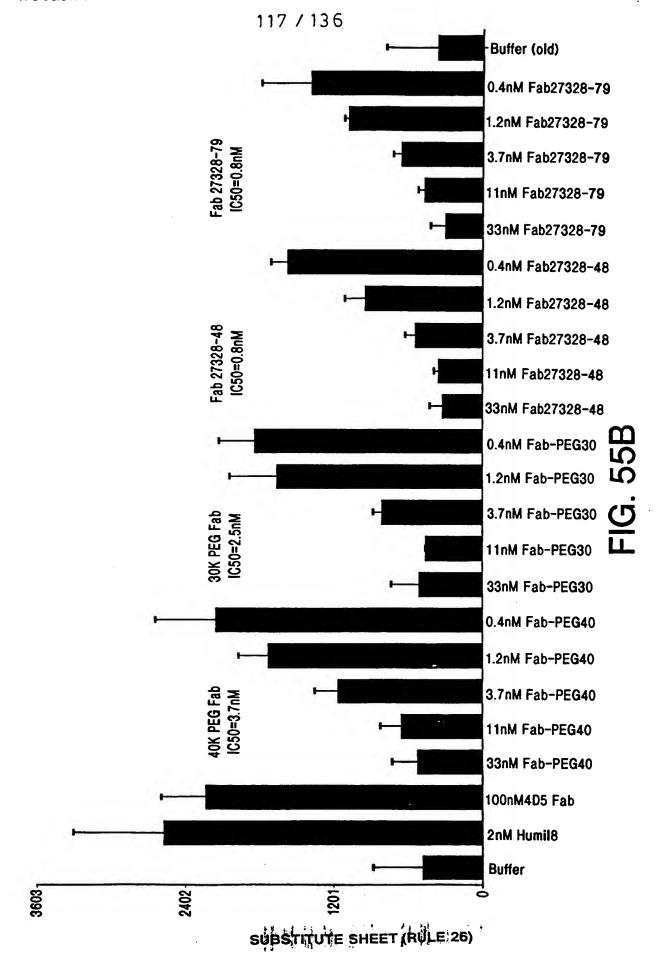


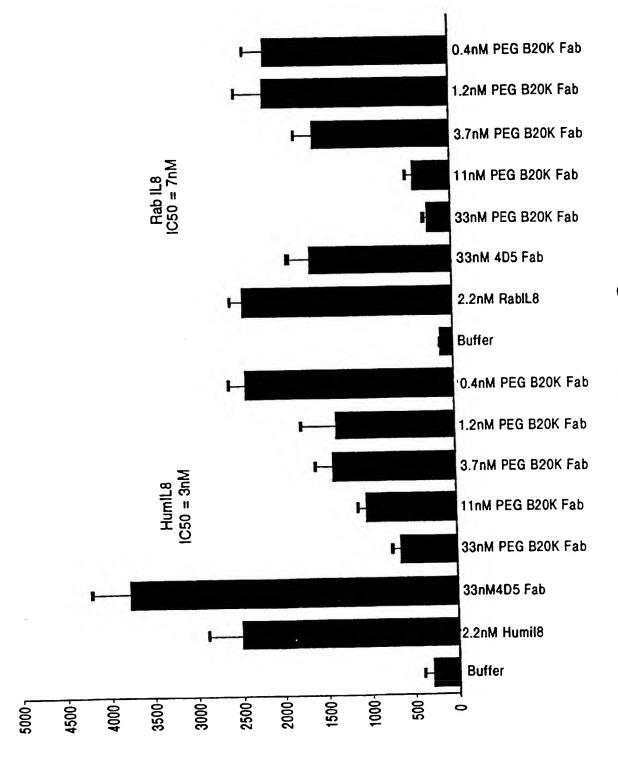
SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

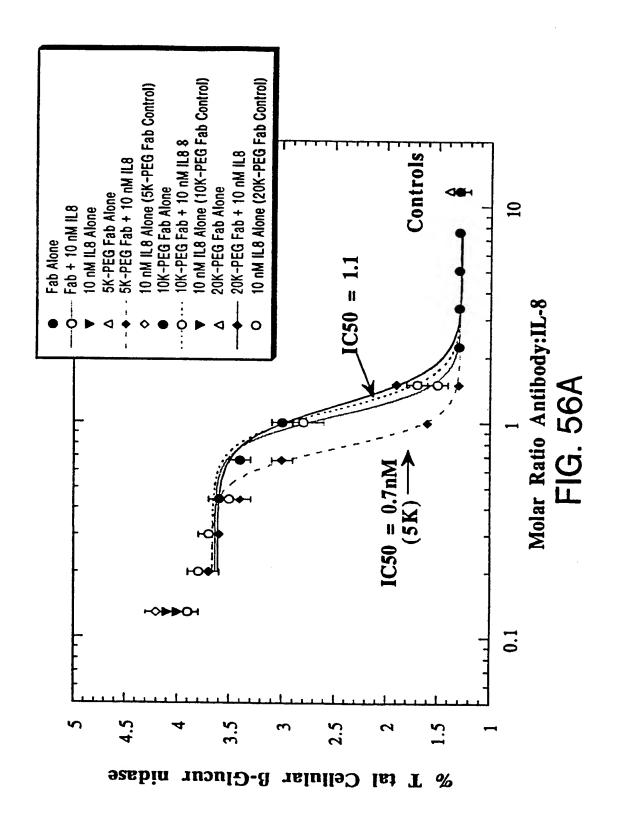


PCT/US98/03337

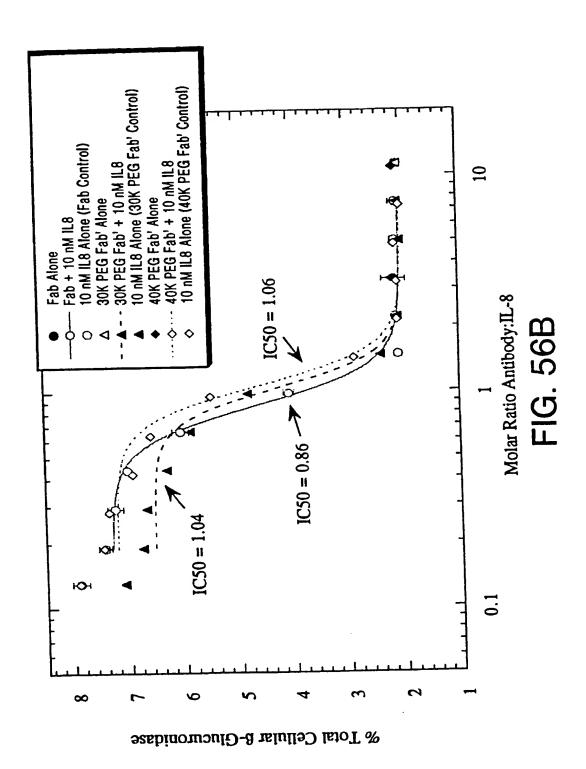




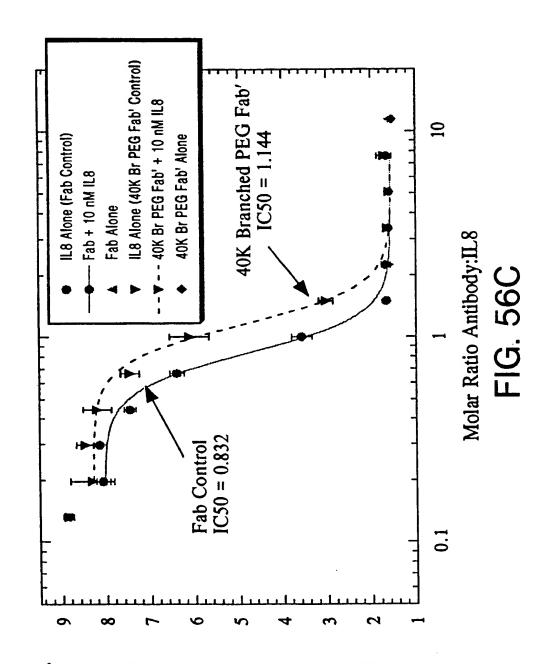




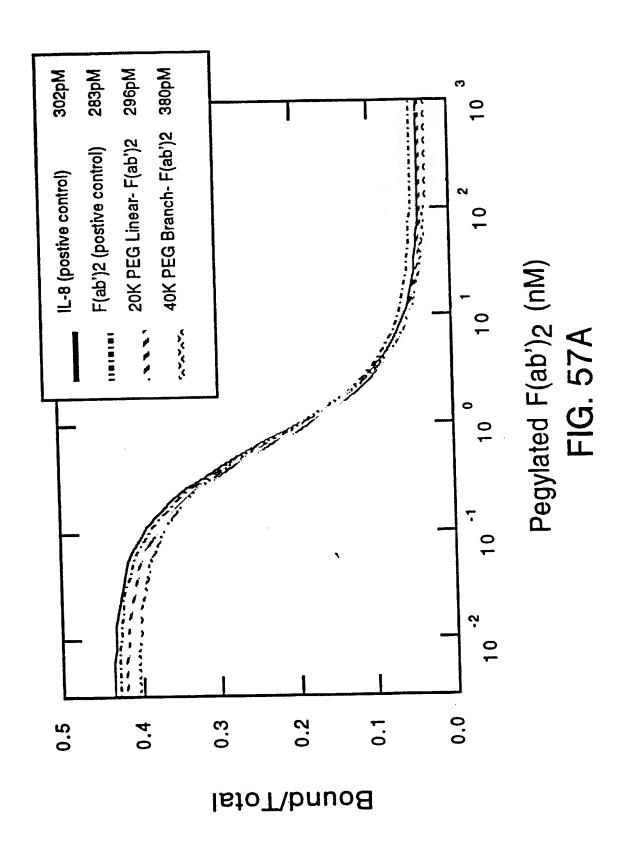
SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)



SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

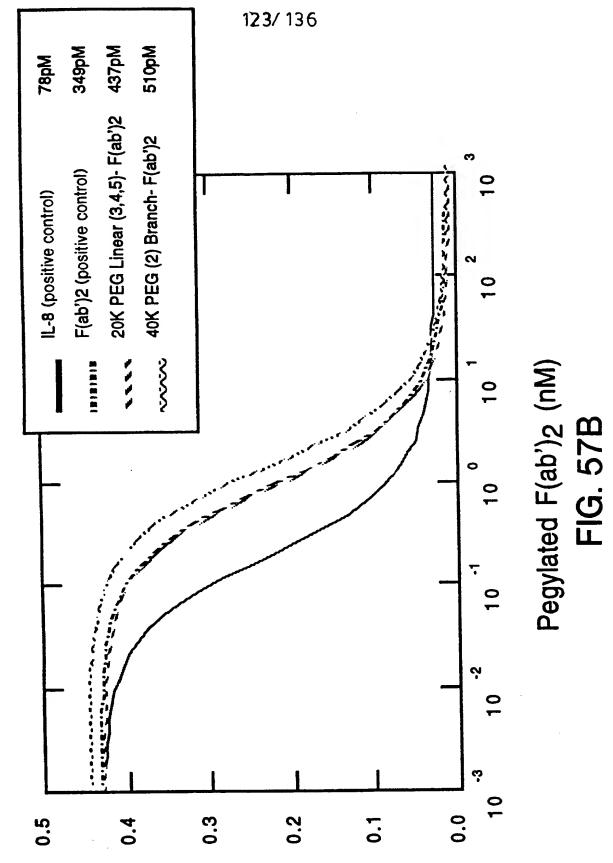


% Total Cellular B-Glucuronidase Activity

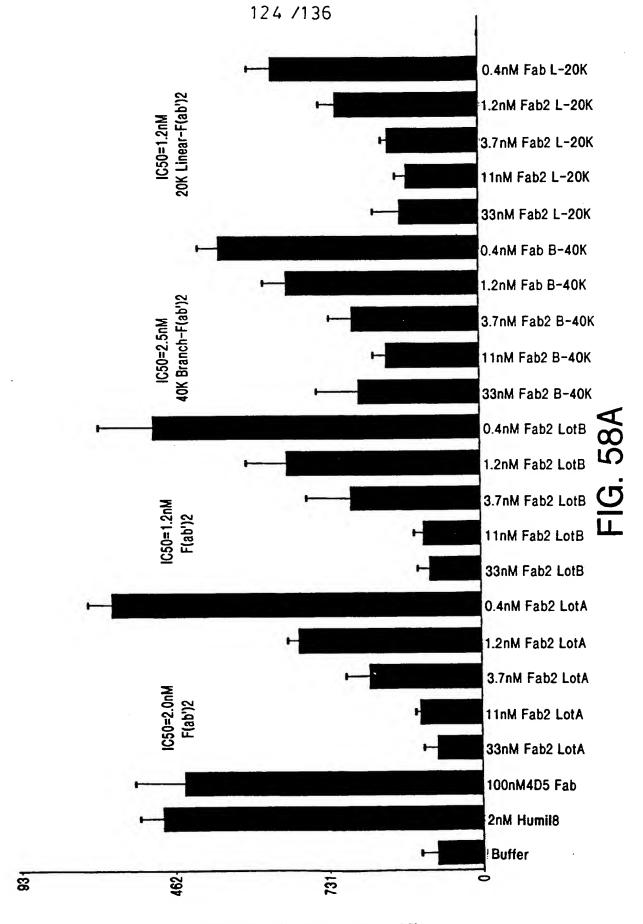


SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

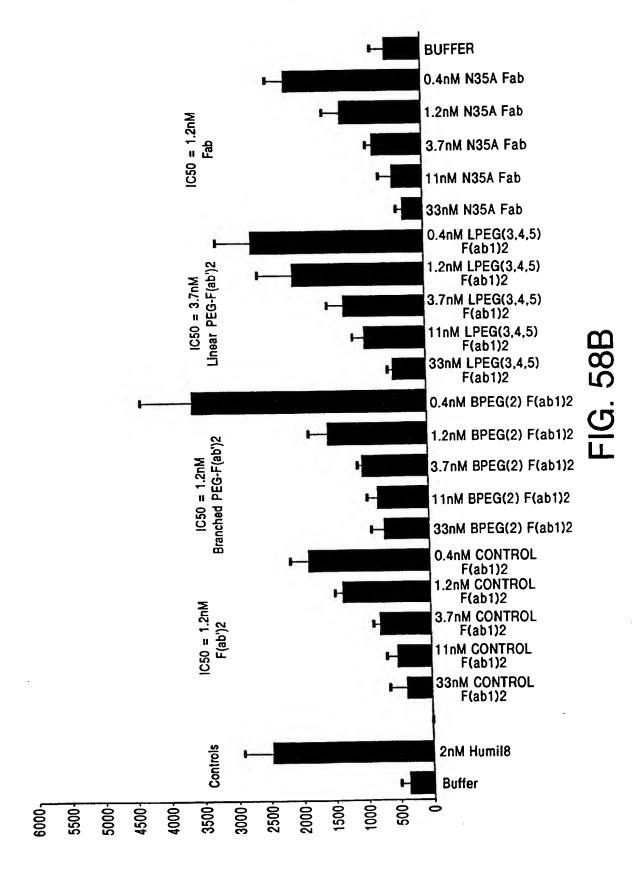




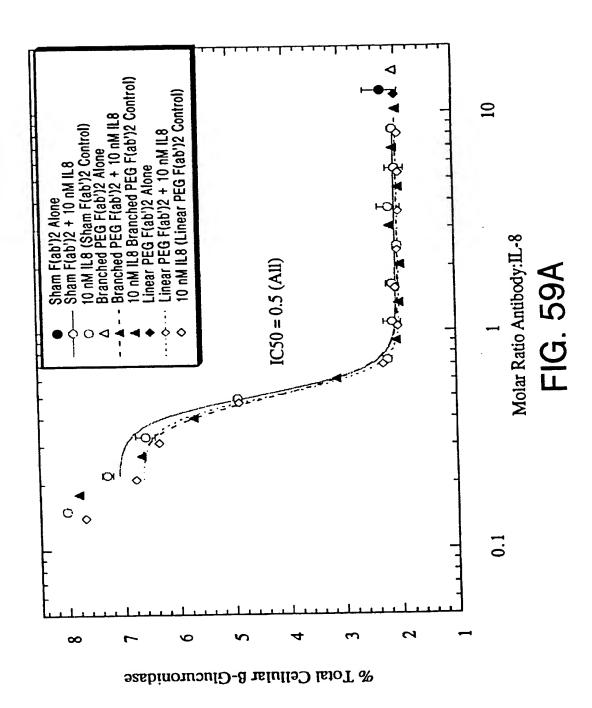
**Bound/Total** 



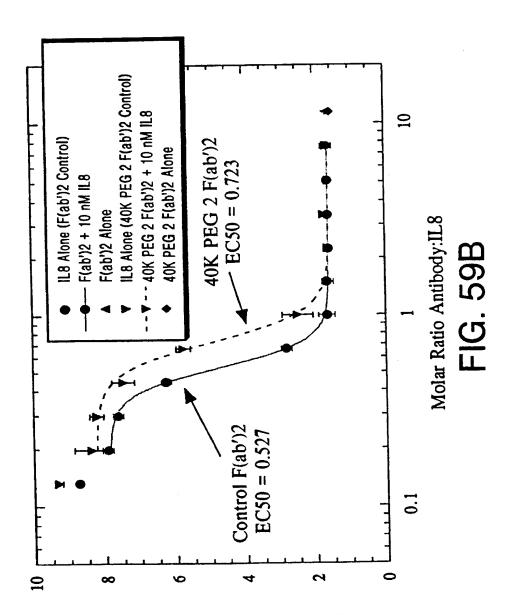
SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)



SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

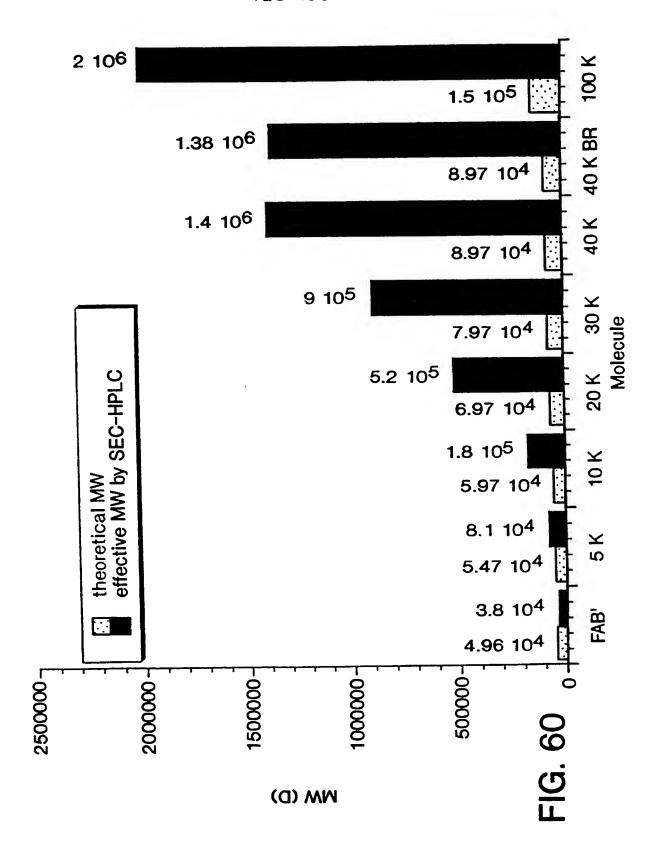


SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)



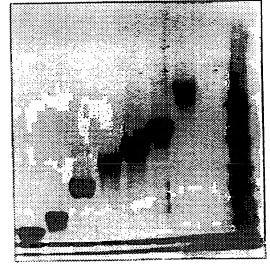
% Total Cellular B-Glucuronidase Activity

128/136



-5K -10K -20K -30K -40K -40K -100K -Fab

Reduced



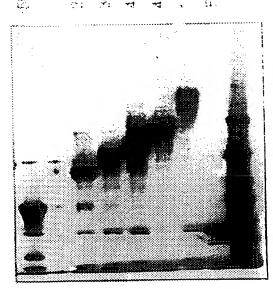
-220 C

-130 -100 -70 -60

-40 -30

FIG. 61A

Non-Reduced



-220

-130

-100 -70 -60

-40 -30

-30 -20

FIG. 61B

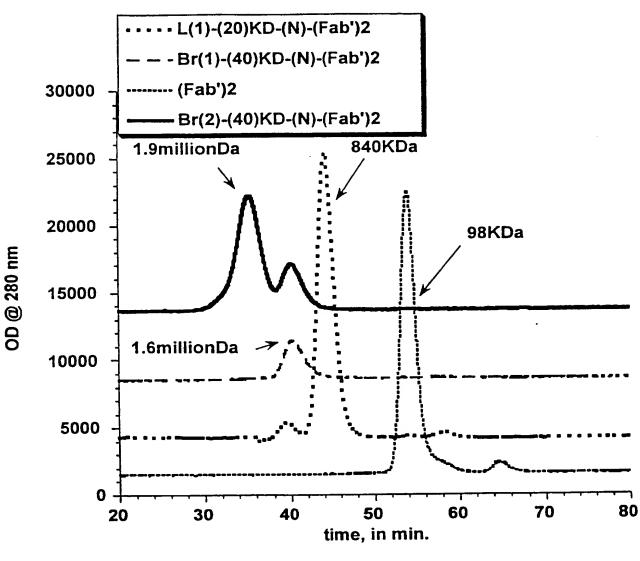


FIG. 62

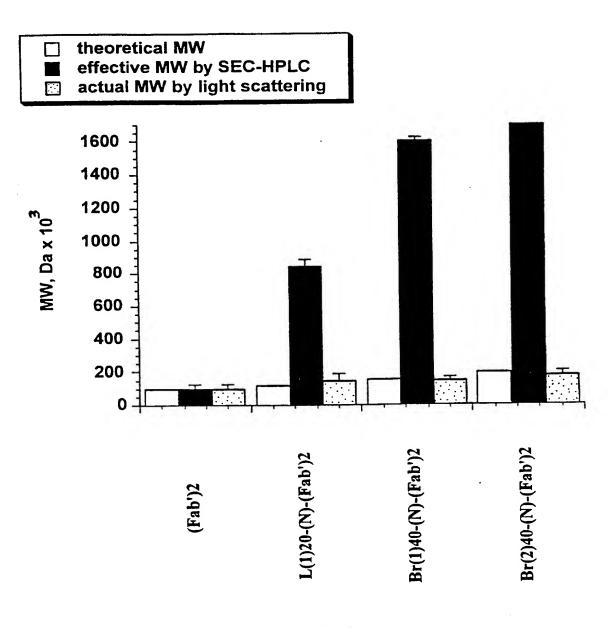


FIG. 63

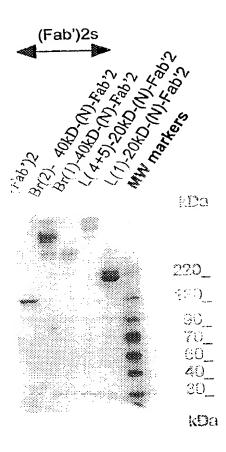
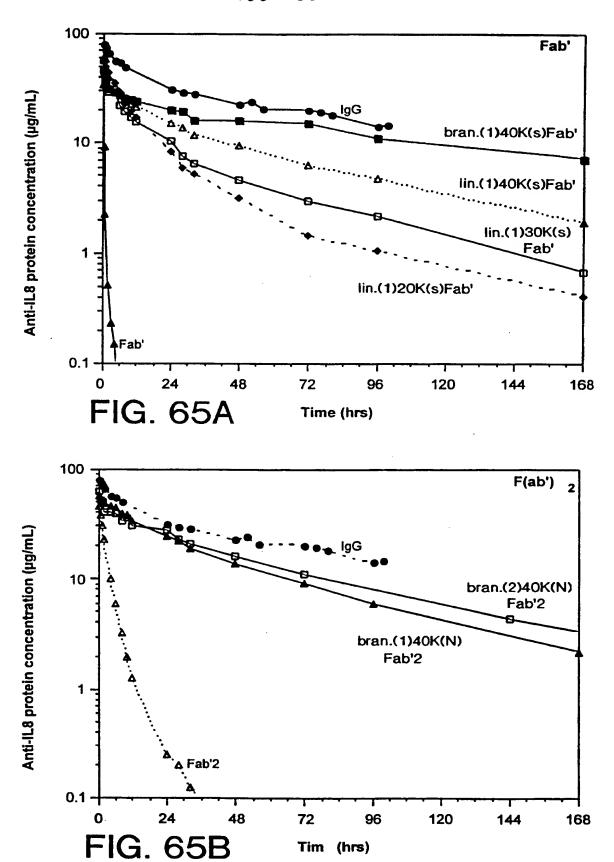


FIG. 64

133 / 136



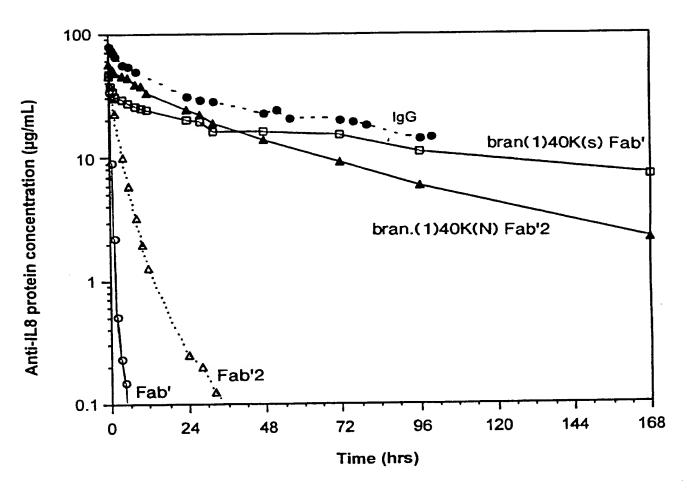
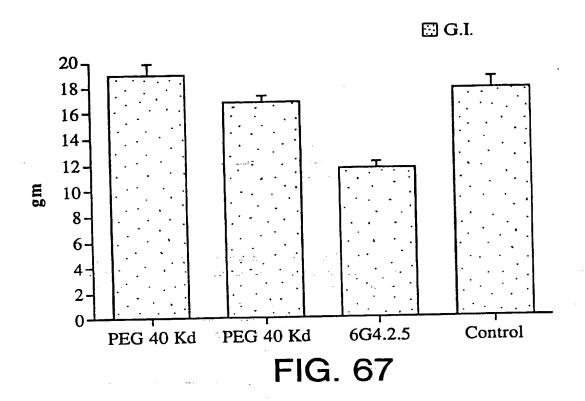
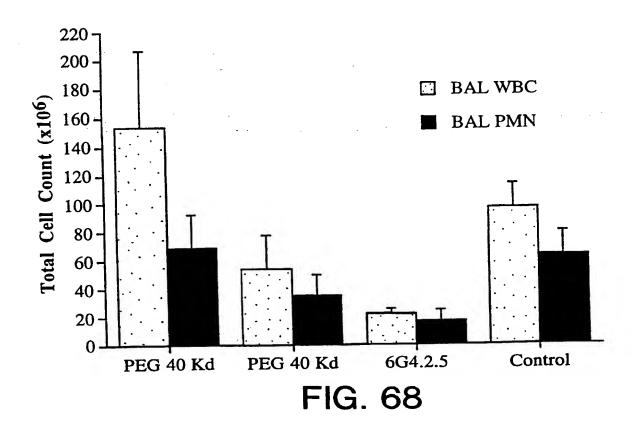


FIG. 66





SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

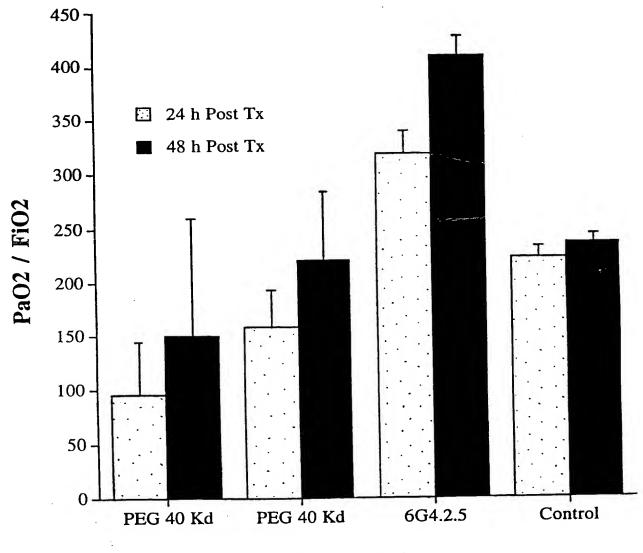


FIG. 69